## **SIEMENS**





Albatros<sup>2</sup>
Heat pump controller

Series F **RVS61.843** 

**User Manual** 

AVS75.370 AVS75.39x

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Siemens Heat pump controller CE1U2355en\_055
Smart Infrastructure 2020-02-03

### Legal notes

#### Warning concept

The instructions contained in this User Manual must be observed to ensure your personal safety and to prevent damage to equipment or property. Instructions relating to your personal safety are highlighted by a warning triangle. Instructions relating solely to equipment or property damage are without a warning triangle. The warning notes are presented in descending order as follows, depending on the hazard level:

<b>MARNING</b>
----------------

Means that death or **severe** personal injury can occur if the respective precautionary measures are not taken.



With warning triangle – means that **minor** personal injury can occur if the respective precautionary measures are not taken.

**CAUTION** 

Without warning triangle – means that property damage can occur if the respective precautionary measures are not taken.

NOTE

Means that an undesired result can be produced or an undesired state can occur if the respective note is not observed.

### **Qualified personnel**

Only qualified personnel are allowed to perform the tasks on the device/system covered by this document. Qualified personnel in the context of the safety-related notes contained in this document are persons who – owing to their education and experience – are able to identify and avoid risks that might occur in connection with the device/system.

#### Correct use

The device/system may only be used in building services plant and applications as described in this document.

Transport, storage, mounting, installation and commissioning as intended as well as careful operation are prerequisites to ensure safe and trouble-free operation of the products.

The permissible environmental conditions must be observed. The information given in chapter "Technical data" and the notes relating to the respective pieces of documentation must be observed.

Fuses, switches, wiring and earthing must comply with local safety regulations for electrical installations. Local and currently valid legislation must be observed.

#### **Disclaimer**

The content of this document has been checked to ensure it accords with the described hardware and firmware. Nevertheless, discrepancies cannot be excluded so that full accordance cannot be guaranteed. The information given in this document is checked at regular intervals; any corrections necessary will be included in subsequent versions.

### Software used

The device software includes code generated by MATLAB (© 1987-2010 The MathWorks, Inc.).

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8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.6.1 8.6.2 8.6.3	Basic unit RVS61.843  Extension module AVS75.370  Extension module AVS75.390  Modbus clip-in OCI350.01/101  Modbus clip-in OCI351.01/101  Sensor characteristics  NTC 1k  NTC 5k  NTC 10k	507 510 512 514 515 516 516 517
8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.6.1 8.6.2 8.6.3 8.6.4	Basic unit RVS61.843  Extension module AVS75.370  Extension module AVS75.390  Modbus clip-in OCI350.01/101  Modbus clip-in OCI351.01/101  Sensor characteristics  NTC 1k  NTC 5k  NTC 10k  Pt1000	507 510 512 514 515 516 516 517 517
8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.6.1 8.6.2 8.6.3 8.6.4 8.6.5	Basic unit RVS61.843  Extension module AVS75.370  Extension module AVS75.390  Modbus clip-in OCI350.01/101  Modbus clip-in OCI351.01/101  Sensor characteristics  NTC 1k  NTC 5k  NTC 10k  Pt1000  Room setpoint readjustment	507 510 512 514 515 516 516 517 517 518
8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.6.1 8.6.2 8.6.3 8.6.4	Basic unit RVS61.843  Extension module AVS75.370  Extension module AVS75.390  Modbus clip-in OCI350.01/101  Modbus clip-in OCI351.01/101  Sensor characteristics  NTC 1k  NTC 5k  NTC 10k  Pt1000	507 510 512 514 515 516 516 517 517 518

### 1 Summary

RVS61.843

This User Manual gives a detailed description of the Albatros2 heat pump controller RVS61.843, the compatible extension modules AVS75.370 and AVS75.39x, and the Modbus clip-in OCl351.01.

Product no. (ASN)	Description
RVS61.843	Basic unit for heat pump
AVS75.370	Extension module with connection facility for stepper motor
AVS75.39x	Extension module
OCI350.01	Modbus clip-in
OCI351.01	Modbus clip-in

The User Manual contains settings and configurations for the access levels enduser, heating engineer, and OEM.

Albatros2 range

Heat pump controller RVS61.843 is part of the Albatros2 range, which has been developed for all control tasks in the heating field. The Albatros2 range comprises the following pieces of equipment and devices:

- Service tool (for commissioning), web server (visualization and operation via browser and HomeControl app for mobile phones and tablets) plus other central communication units
- Room units and operating units (HMI), wired or wireless (RF)
- BSB RF gateways for connection to the controller, can be freely positioned on the BSB, used to amplify the wireless signal (repeater)
- Various connecting cables for the connection of extension modules and operating units (HMI)
- Sensors for temperature, pressure, flow, humidity, and indoor air quality
- Housing and covers for wall mounting

Demo case

Demo case KF8921.1 is used to simulate a heat pump plant. In addition to the heat pump controller RVS61.843, the demo case contains a room unit QAA75, the RF module AVS71.390, and a number of potentiometers.

### Product documentation

Product no. (ASN) Description

The following products are compatible with the RVS61.843 heat pump controller and covered by separate pieces of documentation:

Document \*

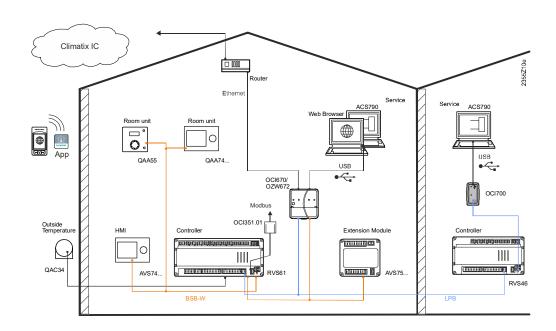
Room and ope	rating units (HMI)	
QAA55.110	Room unit "Basic"	U2358
QAA58.110	Room unit "Basic", wireless	U2358
AVS37.390	Operating unit "Basic"	U2358
AVS37.x9x	Operating unit with text display	U2358
QAA74.xxx	UI400 room and operator units	U2348
AVS74.xxx		
Commissioning	g and visualization	
OZW672	Web server for LPB/BSB	N5712, C5712
OCI670	Gateway for LPB/BSB plants	A6V101022127, A6V101022140
OCI700.1	Service interface (including ACS790)	N5655
Gateways and	connecting cables	
AVS71.390	RF module (from controller to BSB wireless)	U2358
AVS71.393	RF module BSB (from BSB wire to BSB wireless)	U2358
AVS82.490	Ribbon cable (400 mm) to HMI and extension modules	S2359
AVS82.491	Ribbon cable (1,000 mm) to HMI and extension modules	S2359
AVS82.490	Adapter cable to HMI and extension modules	S2359
AVS82.491	Service cable between room unit and operating unit	S2359
Sensors		
Temperature		
AVS13.399	Wireless outside sensor	U2358
QAC34	Outside sensor NTC 1k	Q1811
QAD36	Strap-on temperature sensor NTC 10k	Q1801
QAZ36	Immersion temperature sensor NTC 10k	Q1843
QAK36	Threaded immersion temperature sensor NTC 10k	Q1845
QAR36	Strap-on temperature sensor NTC 10k	Q1806
Pressure		
QBE620-P	Pressure sensor for liquids, gases and refrigerants	Q1909
Flow	,	
QVE2000	Flow sensor	N1592
Humidity	T	
QFA100	Room hygrostat	N1514
QFA2000	Room sensor for relative humidity	N1850
QFA2060	Room sensor for relative humidity and temperature	N1850
QXA2000	Condensation monitor	N1542
Indoor air qualit		
QPA	Air quality sensor for rooms	N1901
QAM22	Air quality sensor for air ducts	N1901
Housing, cover	rs, and demo cases	
AGS7A.100	Housing for wall mounting	S2359
AVS38.291	Dummy cover (96 x 144 mm)	S2359
KF8921.1	Demo case for RVS61.843	S2359

Control technology in buildings	
Siemens Brochure on control technology in buildings	BT_0098

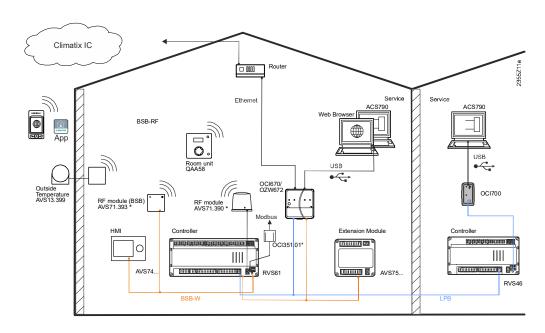
### 1.1 Type summary

### 1.1.1 Topology, "building side"

#### Wired room units



### Wireless room units



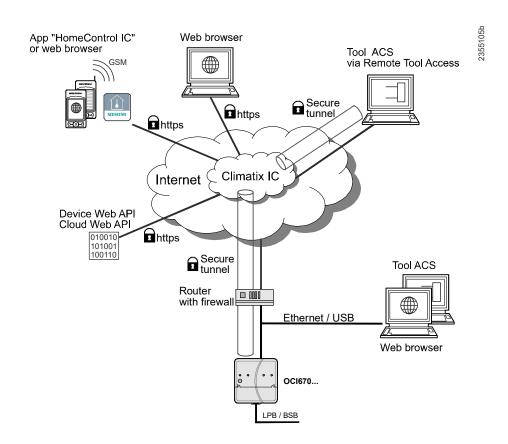
- \* RF module and RF module BSB only alternatively
- \* RF Module and OCI351.01 only alternatively

Key

BSB-W Boiler System Bus, wired
BSB-W Boiler System Bus, wireless

LPB Local Process Bus

### 1.1.2 Topology, "cloud side"



### 2 Safety notes RVS61.843

#### **Basic concept**

- The controller is designed for mounting in a heat pump, a control panel or in a housing fitted to the wall
- The connections for mains and low voltage are physically separated

#### **WARNING**

#### **Electrical installation:**

- Prior to installation, power supply to the controller must be turned off
- For wiring and setup, the requirements of safety class II must be satisfied
- When wiring the system, strictly segregate the AC 230 V section from the AC 24 V safety extra-low voltage (SELV) section to ensure protection against electric shock
- Power to the controller may be supplied only when completely installed. If this
  is not observed, there is a risk of electric shock hazard near the terminals and
  through the cooling slots

### ⚠

### **WARNING**

### Safety provided by the equipment:

The hardware and firmware (class A) of the RVSxxx heat pump controllers and extension modules (e.g. AVS75.370) are not designed and not able to provide safety-related functions.

The safety requirements stipulated by the relevant standards must be ensured by appropriately tested components and facilities, such as a limiting function for shutdown in the event of excessive compressor pressure.

#### **CAUTION**

- Air circulation around the controller must be ensured, thus making certain that the heat produced by it is emitted
- A clearance of at least 10 mm must be provided for the controller's cooling slots at the top and bottom of the device
- This space should not be accessible and no objects should be placed there.
- If the controller is enclosed in another (insulating) casing, a clearance of up to 100 mm must be observed around the cooling slots
- Permissible ambient temperature when mounted and when ready to operate: -20...50 °C
- The controller must not be exposed to dripping water

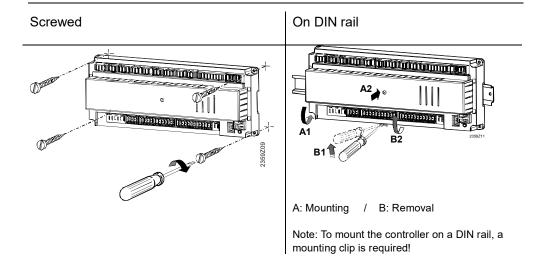
#### **NOTE**

- Power cables must be clearly separated from low-voltage cables (sensors) observing a distance of at least 100 mm
- The same sensor must not be connected to several inputs

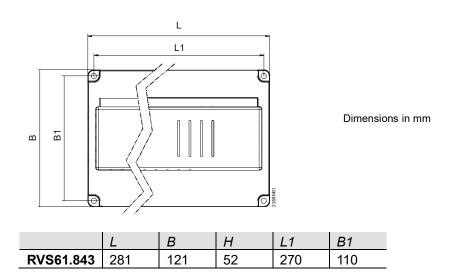
### 3 Mounting and installation

### 3.1 Heat pump controller RVS61.843

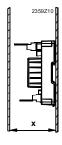
### Mounting



## Dimensions and drilling plan



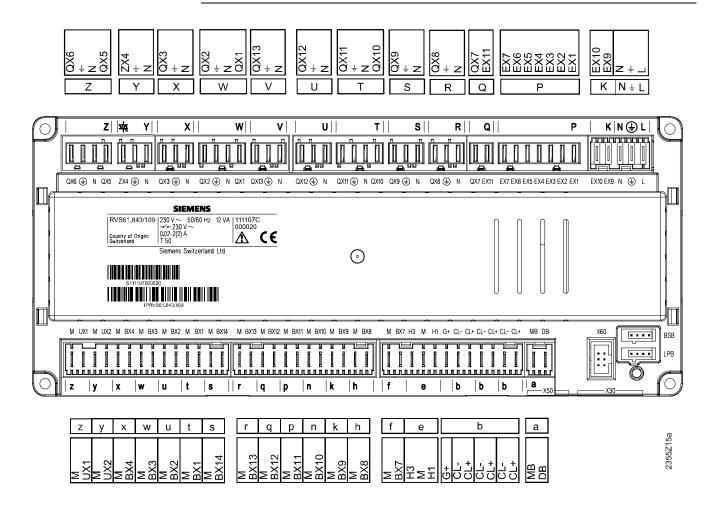
### Total height required



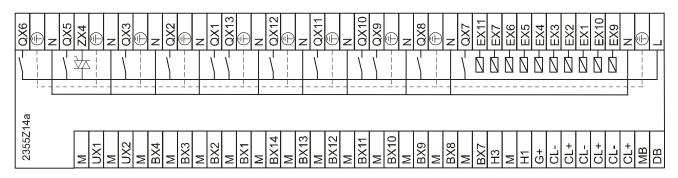
#### X:

- Connectors with tongues: Min. 70 mm
- Connectors without tongues: Min. 60 mm

### 3.1.1 Connection terminals RVS61.843



### Connection diagram



## Terminal markings RVS61.843

Mains voltage

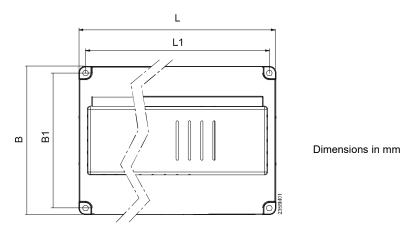
	Use	Socket	Connector type	
L	Mains connection, live conductor AC 230 V	L		
Ť	Mains connection, protective earth	ns connection, protective earth		
N	Mains connection, neutral conductor	N		
EX9	Multifunctional input EX9	17	A O D 4 O 0 0 1/4 0 O	
EX10	Multifunctional input EX10	K	AGP4S.02J/109	
Alterna	tive to AGP4S.03E/109 and AGP4S.02J/109:		AGP4S.05A/109	
EX1	Multifunctional input EX1			
EX2	Multifunctional input EX2			
EX3	Multifunctional input EX3			
EX4	Multifunctional input EX4	В	AGP8S.07A/109	
EX5	Multifunctional input EX5			
EX6	Multifunctional input EX6			
EX7	Multifunctional input EX7			
EX11	Multifunctional input EX11	•	A O D O O O E // O O	
QX7	Multifunctional output QX7	Q	AGP8S.02E/109	
N	Neutral conductor			
Ť	Protective earth	R	AGP8S.03A/109	
QX	Multifunctional output QX8	1		
N	Neutral conductor			
Ť	Protective earth	S	AGP8S.03B/109	
QX9	Multifunctional output QX9			
QX10	Multifunctional output QX10			
N	Neutral conductor	]_	A C D O C O A D / 4 O O	
÷	Protective earth	T	AGP8S.04B/109	
QX11	Multifunctional output QX11			
N	Neutral conductor			
Ť	Protective earth	U	AGP8S.03C/109	
QX12	Multifunctional output QX12			
N	Neutral conductor			
Ť	Protective earth	V	AGP8S.03D/109	
QX13	Multifunctional output QX13			
QX1	Multifunctional output QX1			
N	Neutral conductor	W	AGP8S.04E/109	
Ť	Protective earth		AGP03.04E/109	
QX2	Multifunctional output QX2			
N	Neutral conductor			
Ť	Protective earth	X	AGP8S.03E/109	
QX3	Multifunctional output QX3			
N	Neutral conductor	_		
Ť	Protective earth	Υ	AGP8S.03G/109	
ZX4	Triac output ZX4			
QX5	Multifunctional output QX5			
N	Neutral conductor	z	ACD06 040/400	
Ť	Protective earth		AGP8S.04C/109	
QX6	Multifunctional output QX6			

	Use	Socket	Connector type
	Connection service tool (OCI700) LPB	LPB	- Connector type
	(all controllers visible/operable)		_
	Connection service tool (OCI700) BSB	BSB	_
	(1 controller visible/operable)		
	RF module AVS71.390 or	X60	-
	Modbus clip-in OCI350.01/OCI351.01		
	Extension modules AVS75.xxx or	X50	AVS82.490/109
	operating unit (HMI) AVS37.xxx	.,,,	AVS82.491/109
	Extension modules AVS75.xxx or	X30	AVS82.490/109
	operating unit (HMI) AVS37.xxx		AVS82.491/109
DB	LPB data bus	а	AGP4S.02H/109
MB	LPB ground bus		
CL+	BSB data bus	b	AGP4S.02A/109
CL-	BSB ground bus		
CL+	Data bus room unit 2	b	AGP4S.02 A /109
CL-	Ground bus room unit 2		
CL+	Data bus room unit 1		
CL-	Ground bus room unit 1	b	AGP4S.03D/109
G+	Power supply optional lighting		
H1	Digital/DC 010 V input H1		AGP4S.03G/109
M	Ground	е	7101 40.000/100
H3	Digital/DC 010 V input H3		
BX7	Sensor input BX7	f	AGP4S.02B/109
M	Ground	•	7(01 40.025/100
BX8	Sensor input BX8	h	AGP4S.02C/109
M	Ground		7101101010
BX9	Sensor input BX9	k	AGP4S.02D/109
М	Ground		7101 10:025/100
BX10	Sensor input BX10	n	AGP4S.02F/109
M	Ground		7101 1010217100
BX11	Sensor input BX11	р	AGP4S.02G/109
M	Ground	P	7101 10:020/100
BX12	Sensor input BX12	q	AGP4S.02K/109
M	Ground	4	7101 10.0211100
BX13	Sensor input BX13	r	AGP4S.02L/109
M	Ground	•	7(01 40:021/100
BX14	Sensor input BX14	S	AGP4S.02S/109
M	Ground	•	7101 10:020/100
BX1	Sensor input BX1	t	AGP4S.02M/109
M	Ground	•	7101 10.02111/100
BX2	Sensor input BX2	u	AGP4S.02N/109
M	Ground	4	7101 40.0214/100
BX3	Sensor input BX3	w	AGP4S.02P/109
M	Ground	-	7101 10:0217100
BX4	Sensor input BX4	x	AGP4S.02R/109
М	Ground	^	7.01 40.0210100
UX2	Output UX2 (DC 010 V/PWM output)	Υ	AGP4S.02T/109
М	Ground	•	7.01 40.021/100
UX1	Output UX1 (DC 010 V/PWM output)	z	AGP4S.02U/109
M	Ground		, (0. 10.020/100

### 3.2 Extension module AVS75.370

For engineering, mounting location and mounting method, the information given for the basic unit applies.

## Dimensions and drilling plan



	L	В	Н	L1	B1
AVS75.370	108.7	120.9	51.7	98	110

## Electrical connections

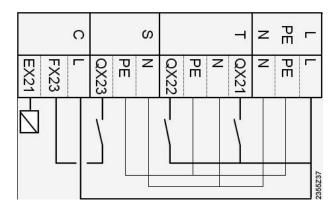
Use connecting cable AVS82.490/109 or AVS82.491/109 to connect the AVS75.370 extension module (normal usage; see note below) via socket X50 to socket X50 or X30 of the basic unit. The connectors are coded.

Additional modules are connected from socket X50 of the first module to socket X50 of the next module.

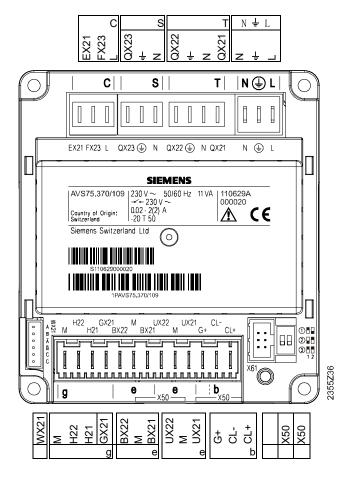
A maximum of 3 extension modules can be connected to the basic unit.

- i
- When observing the maximum number of extension modules, compatible extension modules can be freely combined
- Extension module AVS75.370 can also be connected to the controller's BSB terminals

Mains voltage connections Diagram of AVS75.370



Terminal markings AVS75.370



Module address with DIP switches

When using several extension modules, the modules' unambiguous address must be set with the DIP switch. Per default, the modules are set to "Address 1". If a second or third module is connected, their addresses must be changed according to the following assignment:

Address 1: Module 1
Address 2: Module 2
Address 3: Module 3

The assignment table is also shown on the extension module. Black means: Switch position.

### **Terminal markings** AVS75.370

Mains voltage

	Use	Socket	Connector type
L	Mains connection, live conductor AC 230 V	L	AGP4S.03E/109
Ť	Mains connection, protective earth	Ţ	
N	Mains connection, neutral conductor	N	
QX21	Multifunctional output QX21	Т	AGP8S.04B/109
N	Neutral conductor		
Ţ	Protective earth		
QX22	Multifunctional output QX22		
N	Neutral conductor	S	AGP8S.03B/109
Ť	Protective earth		
QX23	Multifunctional output QX23		
L	Live conductor AC 230 V	С	AGP8S.03K/109
FX23	Power supply QX23		
EX21	Multifunctional input EX21		

Low-voltage

	Use	Socket	Connector type
	Connection to basic unit or extension	X50	AVS82.490/109
	module		AVS82.491/109
	Connection to basic unit or extension	X50	AVS82.490/109
	module		AVS82.491/109
CL+	BSB data bus		AGP4S.02A/109
CL-	BSB ground bus	b	AGP4S.03D/109
G+	Power supply 12 V (optional lighting)		
UX21	Output UX21 (DC 010 V/PWM output)	е	AGP4S.03G/109
М	Ground		
UX22	Output UX22 (DC 010 V/PWM output)		
BX21	Sensor input BX21	е	AGP4S.03G/109
М	Ground		
BX22	Sensor input BX22		
GX21	Power supply 5 V/12 V for active sensors	g	AGP4S.04D/109
H21	Digital/DC 010 V input H21		
H22	Digital/DC 010 V input H22		
М	Ground		
	Connection facility for stepper motor	WX21	
	(expansion valve)		
Α	Coil A		
В	Coil B		
Ā	Coil A		
B	Coil B		
С	DC 12 V		
С	DC 12 V		

### **Assignment of** terminals

### Parameters ...

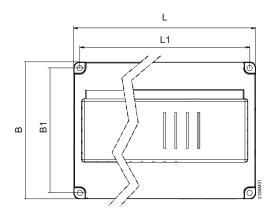
- "Function extension module 1" (line 7300)
- "Function extension module 2" (line 7375)
- "Function extension module 3" (line 7450)

are used to define usage of the respective module.

### 3.3 Extension modules AVS75.39x

For engineering, mounting location and mounting method, the information given for the basic units applies.

## Dimensions and drilling plan



Dimensions in mm

	L	В	Н	L1	B1
AVS75.39x	109	121	52	98	110

## Electrical connections

Use connecting cable AVS82.490/109 or AVS82.491/109 to connect the AVS75.390 extension module via socket X50 to socket X50 or X30 of the basic unit. The connectors are coded.

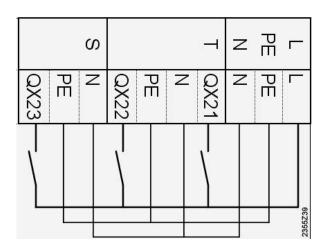
Additional modules are connected from socket X50 of the first module to socket X50 of the next module.

A maximum of 3 extension modules can be connected to a basic unit.

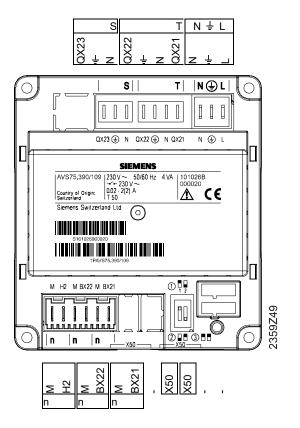
i

• When observing the maximum number of extension modules, compatible extension modules can be freely combined

Mains voltage connections Diagram of AVS75.390



Terminal markings AVS75.390



Module address with DIP switches

When using several extension modules, the modules' unambiguous address must be set with the DIP switch. Per default, the modules are set to "Address 1". If a second or third module is connected, their addresses must be changed according to the following assignment:

Address 1: Module 1

Address 2: Module 2

③ ☐ ☐ Address 3: Module 3

The assignment table is also shown on the extension module. Black means: Switch position.

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## Terminal markings AVS75.390

### Mains voltage

	Use	Socket	Connector type
L	Mains connection, live conductor AC 230 V	L	AGP4S.03E/109
<del>「</del>	Mains connection, protective earth	Ţ	
N	Mains connection, neutral conductor	N	
QX21	Multifunctional output QX21	Т	AGP8S.04B/109
N	Neutral conductor		
후	Protective earth		
QX22	Multifunctional output QX22		
N	Neutral conductor	S	AGP8S.03B/109
Ţ	Protective earth		
QX23	Multifunctional output QX23		

### Low-voltage

	Use	Socket	Connector type
	Connection to basic unit or extension	X50	AVS82.490/109
	module		AVS82.491/109
	Connection to basic unit or extension	X50	AVS82.490/109
	module		AVS82.491/109
BX21	Sensor input BX21		AGP4S.02F/109
М	Ground	n	
BX22	Sensor input BX22		AGP4S.02F/109
М	Ground	n	
H2	Digital/DC 010 V input		AGP4S.02F/109
М	Ground	n	

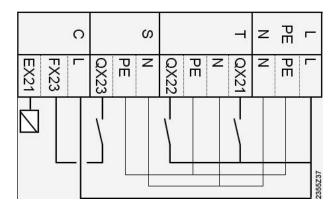
## Assignment of terminals

### Parameters ...

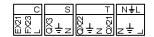
- "Function extension module 1" (line 7300)
- "Function extension module 2" (line 7375)
- "Function extension module 3" (line 7450)

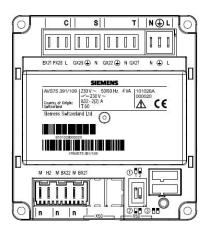
are used to define usage of the respective module.

Mains voltage connections Diagram of AVS75.391



Terminal markings AVS75.391







Module address with DIP switches

When using several extension modules, the modules' unambiguous address must be set with the DIP switch. Per default, the modules are set to "Address 1". If a second or third module is connected, their addresses must be changed according to the following assignment:

Address 1: Module 1

Address 2: Module 2

Address 3: Module 3

The assignment table is also shown on the extension module. Black means: Switch position.

22 / 530

## Terminal markings AVS75.391

Mains voltage

	Use	Socket	Connector type
L	Mains connection, live conductor AC	L	AGP4S.03E/109
	230 V	<b>」</b> ≟	
Ť	Mains connection, protective earth	N	
N	Mains connection, neutral conductor		
QX21	Multifunctional output QX21	_ T	AGP8S.04B/109
N	Neutral conductor		
Ť	Protective earth		
QX22	Multifunctional output QX22		
N	Neutral conductor	S	AGP8S.03B/109
Ť	Protective earth		
QX23	Multifunctional output QX23		
L	Live conductor AC 230 V	С	AGP8S.03K/109
FX23	Power supply QX23		
EX21	Multifunctional input EX21		

Low-voltage

	Use	Socket	Connector type
	Connection to extension module	X30	AVS82.490/109
			AVS82.491/109
	Connection to basic unit or extension	X50	AVS82.490/109
	module		AVS82.491/109
BX21	Sensor input BX21		AGP4S.02F/109
М	Ground	n	
BX22	Sensor input BX22		AGP4S.02F/109
М	Ground	n	
H2	Digital/DC 010 V input		AGP4S.02F/109
М	Ground	n	

## Assignment of terminals

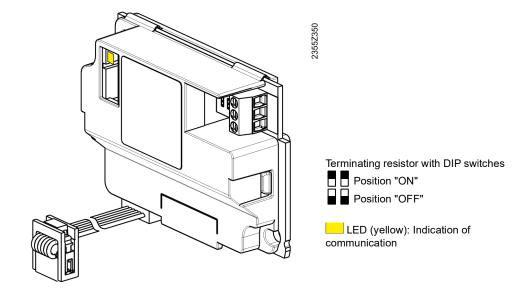
### Parameters ...

- "Function extension module 1" (line 7300)
- "Function extension module 2" (line 7375)
- "Function extension module 3" (line 7450)

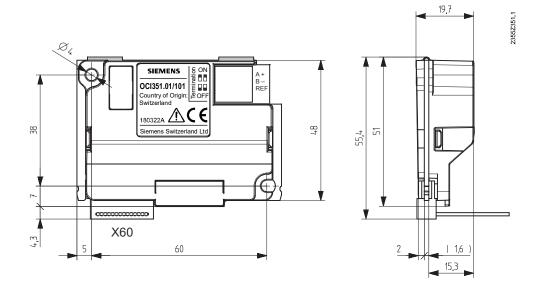
are used to define usage of the respective module.

### 3.4 Modbus clip-in OCI351.01/101

### Front view



## Dimensions and drilling plan



### **Assignment of terminals**

Low-voltage

·	Use	Connector type
X60	Connecting cable to RVS	Direct LP connector
A+	TxD+/RxD+ (noninverting pin)	Connection Madhue
B-	TxD-/RxD- (inverting pin)	Connection Modbus:  3-pole screw terminal
RFF	Reference pin	3-pole screw terminal

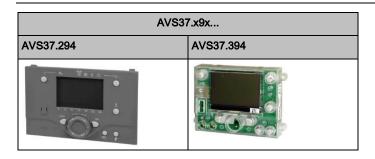
### 4 Commissioning

#### Prerequisites

Mounting and electrical installation, especially that of the sensors, are completed. All wireless connections, if required, are made.

# 4.1 Commissioning with operator units AVS37.x9x

Units



Start

The controller is to be set up in connection with the operating unit (HMI). The operating unit (HMI) is to be installed by the source (producer).

The operating unit shows the basic display. The basic display can always be retrieved by pressing the ESC button once or several times.

i

The operating unit's function and the operating buttons are intended for practical usage. Commissioning, by contrast, takes place in programming mode at the user level "Commissioning".

Calling up "Commissioning"

- Press the OK button on the operating unit.
   The device changes to programming mode.
- 2. Press the INFO button for 3 seconds. The user level menu appears.
- 3. Use the knob to select user level "Commissioning" and confirm by pressing the OK button.

Configuring the basic settings

Basic settings are made on operating page "Configuration", for example:

- The configuration of inputs and outputs.
- The selection of the plant diagram (line 5700).
- 1. Call up user level "Commissioning" as described above.
- 2. Use the knob to select operating page "Configuration" and confirm by pressing the OK button.

## Resetting the attenuated outside temperature

The controller operates with the attenuated outside temperature. The previous data of the attenuated outside temperature are undefined at the time of commissioning and must be reset.

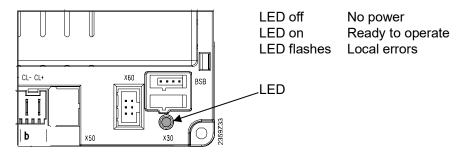
- 1. Call up user level "Commissioning" as described above.
- 2. Use the knob to select operating page "Diagnostics consumers" and confirm by pressing the OK button.
  - The operating lines of the operating page are displayed.
- 3. Use the knob to select operating line 8703 "Outside temperature attenuated" "Reset?".
- 4. Press the OK button.
  - "Yes" flashes.
- Confirm by pressing the OK button.
   The attenuated outside temperature is reset.
- Press the ESC button to exit the menus as required.

#### Commissioning

- Check the controller's inputs and outputs (hardware): Call up operating page "Input/output test" and give consideration to the respective chapters of this User Manual.
- Analyze errors and evaluate messages: Call up operating pages "Diagnostics heat generation" and "Diagnostics consumers" and give consideration to the respective chapters in this User Manual.
- Check controller's current operating state and adjust it: Call up operating page "State" and give consideration to the respective chapters in this User Manual.

**LEDs** 

Controller and extension modules are equipped with an LED.



In the case of local errors, refer to operating pages "Diagnostics heat generation" and "Diagnostics consumers" and the respective chapters in this User Manual.

## Plant-specific configuration/settings

After commissioning, plant-specific settings are made, for example:

- · Settings relating to DHW on operating page "DHW".
- Settings of the source (heat pump) on operating page "Heat pump".

For overview of all settings, refer to chapter 5; the technical explanations of the settings are described in chapter 6.

### 4.2 Commissioning with operating unit UI400

Units

QAA74.xxx\* AVS74.xxx

QAA 74.xxx does not have a commissioning wizard for the plant.



#### Procedure

The operating units UI400 offer additional possibilities, including producer lock or forced switch on.

A commissioning wizard is available for commissioning; it automatically starts at power up. It guides you through the necessary setting steps.

During commissioning, the present operating states are supplemented on the status display with the wrench symbol .

Detailed information on commissioning the room and operating units UI400 is available in the technical guide for these units (CE1U2348en).

#### **Overview of settings** 5

The following table gives an overview of the controller's menus and parameters.

The availability of menus and parameters on a specific controller depends on the following factors:

- Controller version
- Access level (end-user, commissioning engineer, heating engineer)
- Configurations

- Active plant diagrams (e.g. buffer storage tank or solar)
- Type of heat pump (brine, water, air)
- Presence and type of extension module and/or I/O module

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Δ	n	n	rev	/12	t۱	$\sim$	ne
$\overline{}$	v	v		ıa	L	v	เเอ

Abbre	eviations	E End-user Iine Operating line	F Heating er ACS With ACS		Commissioning e		inction with ene ving potential	rgy
	T T				1	T		
Operating line	Op. level Function			Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
	program cooling 1			T				<b>b</b>
470	E Preselection			Mo - Su				
174		- Su¦Mo¦Tu¦We¦Th	¦Fr¦Sa¦Su	00.00	00.00	04-00	la la cua una	+
471	E 1 <sup>st</sup> phase on			06:00 22:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	+
472	E 1 <sup>st</sup> phase off				00:00	24:00	hh:mm	+
473	E 2 <sup>nd</sup> phase on E 2 <sup>nd</sup> phase off			24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	+
474				24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	+
475	E 3 <sup>rd</sup> phase on			24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	+
476	E 3 <sup>rd</sup> phase off			24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	+
479	E Default values			No				
Time	program cooling 2							<b>b</b> _
480	E Preselection	- Su¦Mo¦Tu¦We¦Th	Fr	Mo - Su				$\prod$
481	E 1st phase on			06:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
482	E 1st phase off			22:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
483	E 2 <sup>nd</sup> phase on			24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
484	E 2 <sup>nd</sup> phase off			24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
485	E 3 <sup>rd</sup> phase on			24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
486	E 3 <sup>rd</sup> phase off			24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
489	E Default values			No				
Time	program cooling 3					1		<b>b</b> _
490	E Preselection Mo - Su   Mo - Fr   Sa	- Su¦Mo¦Tu¦We¦Th	¦Fr¦Sa¦Su	Mo - Su				
491	E 1st phase on			06:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
492	E 1st phase off			22:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
493	E 2 <sup>nd</sup> phase on			24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
494	E 2 <sup>nd</sup> phase off			24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
495	E 3 <sup>rd</sup> phase on			24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
496	E 3 <sup>rd</sup> phase off			24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
499	E Default values No ¦ Yes			No				

						1	-
ס			Default value				af
atin	evel	tion	<del> </del>				n e
Operating line	Op. level	Function	)efa	Mir.	Max.	Chit	Green leaf
		heating circuit 1					+
500	E	Preselection	Mo - Su				
		Mo - Su   Mo - Fr   Sa - Su   Mo   Tu   We   Th   Fr   Sa  Su					
501	Ε	1 <sup>st</sup> phase on	06:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
502	Е	1 <sup>st</sup> phase off	22:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
503	Е	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
504	Е	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
505	Ε	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
506	Ε	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
516	Е	Default values	No				
		No ¦ Yes					
		g heating circuit 2	14 0				6
520	Е	Preselection Mo - Su   Mo - Fr   Sa - Su   Mo   Tu   We   Th   Fr   Sa   Su	Mo - Su				
521	Е	1st phase on	06:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
522	E	1st phase off	22:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
523	E	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
524	E	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
525	E	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
526	E	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
536	E	Default values	No	100.00	24.00	1111.111111	
330	_	No ¦ Yes	INO				
Time	prog	gram 3					6
540	Е	Preselection	Mo - Su				
	_	Mo - Su   Mo - Fr   Sa - Su   Mo   Tu   We   Th   Fr   Sa   Su		1	2122		
541	E	1st phase on	06:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
542	E	1 <sup>st</sup> phase off	22:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
543	E	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
544	E	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
545	E	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
546	E	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
556	Е	Default values No   Yes	No				
Time	prod	gram 4/DHW					•
560	E	Preselection	Mo - Su				
		Mo - Su ¦ Mo - Fr ¦ Sa - Su ¦ Mo ¦ Tu ¦ We ¦ Th ¦ Fr ¦ Sa ¦Su					
561	Ε	1st phase on	00:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
562	Ε	1st phase off	05:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
563	Ε	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
564	Е	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
565	Ε	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
566	Ε	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
576	Ε	Default values	No				
Ti		No   Yes					
		gram ventilation 1	Ma O				<b>b</b> _
580	Ε	Preselection Mo - Su   Mo - Fr   Sa - Su   Mo   Tu   Mi   Do   Fr   Sa   Su	Mo - Su				
581	Е	1 <sup>st</sup> phase on	00:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
582	E	1st phase off	05:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	1
583	E	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	$\dashv$
584	E	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	$\top$
	E	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	

	1						$\neg$
			Ine				_
ting	<u>e</u>	u c	t va				lea
Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	۔	×	. <del>.</del>	Green leaf
g Fi	do	lu -	De	Min.	Мах	Unit	Gre
586	Е	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
589	Е	Default values	No				
-		No   Yes					
	_	gram ventilation 2					0
590	E	Preselection	Mo - Su				
591	E	Mo - Su   Mo - Fr   Sa - Su   Mo   Tu   Mi   Do   Fr   Sa  Su 1 <sup>st</sup> phase on	00:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	+
592	E	1 <sup>st</sup> phase off	05:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	+
593	E	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00		+
	E					hh:mm	+
594	_	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	-
595	E	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	_
596	E	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	_
599	Е	Default values No   Yes	No				
Time	pro	gram 5					<b>b</b> .
600	E	Preselection	Mo - Su				
000		Mo - Su   Mo - Fr   Sa - Su   Mo   Tu   We   Th   Fr   Sa  Su	IVIO - Ou				
601	Е	1st phase on	06:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
602	Е	1 <sup>st</sup> phase off	22:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
603	Е	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
604	E	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	+
605	E	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	+
606	E	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
616	E	Default values	No	100.00	24.00	1111.111111	_
010	-	No   Yes	INO				
Time	pro	gram ventilation 3					<b>b</b>
620	Е	Preselection	Mo - Su				
		Mo - Su   Mo - Fr   Sa - Su   Mo   Tu   Mi   Do   Fr   Sa  Su					
621	E	1 <sup>st</sup> phase on	00:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
622	Е	1 <sup>st</sup> phase off	05:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
623	Е	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
624	Ε	2 <sup>nd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
625	Ε	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase on	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
626	Е	3 <sup>rd</sup> phase off	24:00	00:00	24:00	hh:mm	
629	Е	Default values	No	•			
		No   Yes					
		zone 1					<b>b</b>
641	E	Preselection		1	8		
0.40	+	Period 18		04.04	04.40	DD 1	_
642	E	Start		01.01	31.12	DD.MM	-
643	E	End	,	01.01	31.12	DD.MM	_
648	E	Operating level	Protection	on			
Holid	21/6	Protection   Reduced zone 2					
651	E E	Preselection		1	8		
001		Period 18					
652	E	Start		01.01	31.12	DD.MM	$\top$
653	E	End		01.01	31.12	DD.MM	+
658	E	Operating level	Protection		J 12	22.141141	+
	-	Protection   Reduced	i rotectii	J. 1			
Holid	ays	zone 3					<b>P</b>
661	E	Preselection		1	8		
		Period 18					

			<u> </u>	1	1	1	
_			Default value				af.
ating	vel	noi	lt vs				les
Operating line	Op. level	Function	efau	Min.	Max.	Unit	Green leaf
			٥	_		-	Ō
662	E	Start		01.01	31.12	DD.MM	
663	E	End		01.01	31.12	DD.MM	
668	E	Operating level Protection   Reduced	Protectio	n			
Heati	na a	circuit 1					
		Operating mode					
700	Ε	Operating mode	Automati	C			6
		Protection   Automatic   Reduced   Comfort					
		Setpoints	<u>,                                      </u>	1	1		
710	Е	Comfort setpoint	20.0	Line 712	Line 716	°C	•
712	Е	Reduced setpoint	19	Line 714	Line 710	°C	6
714	Е	Protection setpoint	10.0	4	Line 712	°C	
716	F	Comfort setpoint max	35.0	Line 710	35	°C	6
		Heating curve		1	1		
720	Е	Heating curve slope	0.8	0.10	4.00		•
721	F	Heating curve displacement	0.0	-4.5	4.5	°C	
726	F	Heating curve adaption	Off				
		Off   On					
	_	"Eco" functions	T	T	1	T	
730	E	Summer/winter heating limit	18	/ 8	30	°C	•
732	F	24-hour heating limit	-3	/ -10	10	°C	•
733	0	Ext'n 24-hour heating limit No   Yes	Yes				6
	1	Limitations of flow temperature setpoint					
740	Ī	Flow temp setpoint min	8	8	Line 741	°C	
741	Ė	Flow temp setpoint max	50	Line 740	95	°C	
742	E	Flow temp setpoint room stat		/ line 740		°C	
744	0	Swi-on ratio room stat		/1	99	%	
		Room influence	I		100		
750	F	Room influence	20	/ 1	100	%	•
	1-	Room temperature limitation	1=-	1 , , ,	1.00		
760	F	Room temp limitation	1	/0	4	°C	•
		Boost heating/quick setback		, ,	1 -		
761	0	Heating limit room controller	6	0	100	%	
762	0	Prop band Xp room contr	3	0.5	32	°C	
763	0	Int act time Tn room contr	4800	10	24000	s	
764	0	Der act time Tv room contr	480	10	2400	s	
766	0	SD room temp limitation	25	0	100	%	
		Boost heating/quick setback		-			
770	F	Boost heating		/ 0	20	°C	
780	F	Quick setback	To Reduc	ed setpoint			0
		Off   To Reduced setpoint   To Protection setpoint		•			
		Optimum start/stop control	<b>,</b>		1		
790	F	Optimum start control max	0:00:00	00:00:00	00:06:00	hh:mm:ss	
791	F	Optimum stop control max	0:00:00	00:00:00	00:06:00	hh:mm:ss	6
794	F	Heat up gradient	60	0	600	min/K	
		Increase of "Reduced" setpoint					
800	F	Reduced setp increase start		/ line 801	10	°C	
801	F	Reduced setp increase end	-15	-30	Line 800	°C	

	1		ı		1		
			<u>l</u> ne				_
Operating line	le/	uo	Default value				Green leaf
era	Op. level	Function	faul	ر ز	×	. <del>.</del> .	een
Q Ii	d	<u> </u>	De	Min	Мах	Unit	Gre
		Heating circuit pump					
810	F	Frost prot plant HC pump	On				
		Off ¦ On					
813	0	Frost prot room model	On				
		Off¦On					
		Overtemperature protection					
820	F	Overtemp prot pump circuit	Off				
		Off   On					_
000	-	Control of mixing valve	10		150	loo.	+
830	F	Mixing valve boost	0	0	50	°C	-
832	F	Actuator type	3-position	ו			
833	F	2-position   3-position Switching differential 2-pos	2	0	20	°C	+
	+		120	-			+
834	F	Actuator running time		30	650	S	-
835	0	Mixing valve Xp	24	1	100	°C	+
836	О	Mixing valve Tn	90	10	650	S	_
	1.	"Floor curing" function	0.55				_
850	I	Floor curing function	Off				
		Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually					
851	1	Floor curing setp manually	25	0	95	°C	+
856	i	Floor curing day current	0	0	32		+
857	i.	Floor curing days completed	0	0	32		+
007	<u>''</u>	Forced&Lock			02		+
861	F	Excess heat draw	Always				+
001	ľ	Off   Heating mode   Always	niwayo				
863	F	Minimum flow function	Off				
		Off¦On					
		Buffer storage tank/primary controller	•		•		
870	F	With buffer	Yes				
		No ¦Yes					
872	F	With prim contr/system pump	Yes				
		No ¦ Yes					_
	1	Speed-controlled pump	1			1	_
880	F	Pump speed reduction	Characte	eristic			
881		Operating level   Characteristic	80	10	100	%	+
882	O F	Starting speed	40	0		%	+
	_	Pump speed min		_	Line 883	%	+
883	F	Pump speed max	100	Line 882	100		-
885	0	Pump speed min OEM	40	0	Line 883	%	+
886	0	Pump speed max OEM	100	Line 882	100	%	+
888	0	Curve readj at 50% speed	33	0	100	%	_
890	О	Flow setp readj speed ctrl	No				
882	F	No ¦ Yes Pump speed min	40	0	Line 883	%	+
883	F	· ·	100	Line 882	100	%	+
003	JΓ	Pump speed max  Remote control	1100	LINE OOZ	1100	/0	+
000	F		Droto eti -	<u> </u>			+
900	Г	Optg mode changeover  None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	Protection	П			
L	1	1.15.15   1 Totobilon   1.000000   Connott   Automatic	l .			1	

_			Default value				<u></u>
ating	vel	noi	lt vs				lea
Operating line	Op. level	Function	efau	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
	_		Ğ	Σ	Ž	j	Ō
Cooli	ng c	Operating mode					
901	Ε	Operating mode	Automa	atio			
901	=	Operating mode Protection   Automatic   Reduced   Comfort	Automa	IIIC			•
		Setpoints					
902	Ε	Comfort setpoint	24	Line 905	Line 903	°C	•
903	E	Reduced setpoint	26	Line 902	Line 904	°C	•
904	Е	Protection setpoint	35	Line 903	40	°C	
905	F	Comfort setpoint min	5	5	Line 902	°C	•
-	1-	Release			1=		
907	ı	Release	Time pi	rogram HC			
		Time program HC ¦ Time program CC	<b>"</b>				
		Cooling curve					
908	I	Flow temp setp at OT 25°C	20	6	35	°C	•
909	I	Flow temp setp at OT 35°C	16	6	35	°C	•
		"Eco" functions					
912	I	Cooling limit at OT	20	/ 8	35	°C	•
913	F	Lock time at end heat/cool	24	/ 8	100	h	•
914	F	24-hour cooling limit	3	/ -10	10	°C	•
915	0	Ext'n 24-hour cooling limit No   Yes	Yes				•
		Summer compensation					
918	F	Summer comp start at OT	26	20	Line 919	°C	•
919	F	Summer comp end at OT	35	Line 918	50	°C	•
920	F	Summer comp setp increase	4	/ 1	10	°C	•
		Limitations of flow temperature setpoint		T.			
923	F	Flow temp setp min OT 25°C	18	6	35	°C	
924	F	Flow temp setp min OT 35°C	18	6	35	°C	
		Room influence	<u> </u>	•		1	
928	F	Room influence	80	/ 1	100	%	•
929	0	Prop band Xp room contr	1.5	0.5	32	°C	
930	0	Int act time Tn room contr	5400	10	24000	S	
931	0	Der act time Tv room contr	10	10	2400	S	
	1	Room temperature limitation					
932	F	Room temp limitation	0.5	/ 0	4	°C	6
	1	Optimizations					
935	F	Quick increase	To Red	uced setpoint			•
		Off   To Reduced setpoint   To Protection setpoint					
937	F	Frost protection	Off				
931	r	Frost prot plant CC pump  Off   On	Oii				
		Control of mixing valve					
938	F	Mixing valve decrease	0	0	20	°C	
939	F	Actuator type 2-position   3-position	3-positi	on			
940	F	Switching differential 2-pos	2	0	20	°C	
941	F	Actuator running time	120	30	650	s	
942	0	Mixing valve Xp	12	1	100	°C	
943	0	Mixing valve Tn	90	10	650	s	
945	F	Mixing valve in heating mode Control   Open	Open				

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ے ا	Мах.	ŧ	Green leaf	
Q≔	Õ		۵	Min	Ž	Unit	Ō	
	-	Dewpoint monitoring						
946	F	Lock time dewpoint monitor	60	/ 10	600	min		
947	F	Flow temp setp incr hygro	10	/ 1	20	°C		
948	F	Flow setp incr start at r.h.	60	0	100	%		
950	F	Flow temp diff dewpoint	2	/ 0	5	°C		
		Buffer storage tank/primary controller						
962	F	With buffer	No					
063	F	No   Yes	NI.					
963		With prim contr/system pump No   Yes	No					
		Remote control						
969	F	Optg mode changeover	Protectio	n				
		None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	Totodion					
Venti	latio	n 1			·			
		Operating mode						
970	Е	Operating mode	Automati	С			6	
		Off   Automatic   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3						
	_	Air quality	1,000	1-	10. 0			
974	F	Air quality Comfort	1000	0	OL 975	ppm	•	
975	F	Air quality Reduced	1600	OL 974	2000	ppm	6	
ACS	0	P-band (Xp) indoor air quality	400	0	2000	ppm	6	
_		Boost ventilation			1			
977	Е	Boost ventilation						
978	F	Boost ventilation  Duration boost ventilation	30	0	240	min		
979	F	Stage boost ventilation	Stage 3	Į0	240	1111111	_	
919		Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	Stage 3					
		Night cooling					•	
981	I	Forward shift night cooling	0	0	1440	min		
983	F	Stage night cooling	Stage 1					
		Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	3					
ACS	0	Min duration night cooling	30	0	720	min		
ACS	I	Outside temp limit night cooling	12	0	50	°C		
ACS	I	Min temp diff room/outside for night cooling	5	0	20	°C		
		Room humidity limit						
985	F	Room humidity limit	85	1	100	%		
987	F	Stage room humidity limit	Off					
		Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3		1				
ACS	0	Room humidity limitation, switching differential	5	0	20	%		
ACS	0	Room humidity limitation, on time	30	0	720	min		
ACS	0	Room humidity limitation, off time	60	0	720	min		
	1	Operating modes and stages			1			
989	F	Stage Comfort	Stage 2					
991	F	Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3 Stage Reduced	Stage 1					
991		Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	Stage 1					
992	F	Stage Protection	Stage 1					
		Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	- Claye 1					
995	I	Optg mode changeover	Off					
		None   Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3					$-\!$	
	1_	Ventilation switch	1-	T.			$-\!$	
996	F	Duration ventilation switch	0	0	240	min		

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			Default value				af
ating	svel	oi	×   <b>±</b>				les
Operating line	Op. level	Function	efau	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
o <u>≒</u> 997	o F			Σ	Σ		9
997	Г	Stage ventilation switch Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	Stage 1				
		Holiday mode ventilation			l		
ACS	I	Holiday mode, switch-on time ventilation	10:00	00:00	23:50	hh:mm	
ACS	I	Holiday mode, on time ventilation	30	0	360	min	
	•	Air cooling 1				•	
ACS	I	Operating mode	Automatic				
		Protection   Automatic   Reduced   Comfort					_
ACS	l	Comfort setpoint	24	5	Red. SW	°C	+
ACS	<u> </u>	Reduced setpoint	26	Comf. SW	40	°C	+
ACS	<u> </u>	Start of summer compensation at outside temp	26	20	End SK	°C	+
ACS		End of summer compensation at outside temp	35	Begin SK	35	°C	+
ACS	<u> </u>	Summer compensation, setpoint increase	4	1	10	°C	+
ACS	I	Release 24h/day   Time program heating circuit   Time program 5   Time	Time program heating circuit				
		program ventilation	Circuit				$\perp$
		ircuit 2			T	T	
1000	Е	Operating mode	Automation				•
		Protection   Automatic   Reduced   Comfort					+
4040	_	Setpoints Operators and a single	00.0	l : 4040	l : 4040	00	
	E	Comfort setpoint	20.0	Line 1012	Line 1016	°C	•
		Reduced setpoint	19	Line 1014	Line 1010	°C	6
1014 1016	F	Protection setpoint	10.0 35.0	4 Line 1010	Line 1012 35	°C	
1010	Г	Comfort setpoint max	35.0	Line 1010	33	C	6
1020	Ε	Heating curve Heating curve slope	0.8	0.10	4.00		•
		Heating curve slope Heating curve displacement	0.0	-4.5	4.5	°C	
		Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption	Off	-4.5	4.0		+
1020		Off   On	Oii				
		"Eco" functions					
1030	Е	Summer/winter heating limit	18	/ 8	30	°C	6
1032	F	24-hour heating limit	-3	/ -10	10	°C	6
1033	0	Ext'n 24-hour heating limit	Yes				9
		No   Yes					+
1010		Limitations of flow temperature setpoint	I <sub>0</sub>	10	1044	100	+
1040		Flow temp setpoint min	8	8	Line 1041	°C	+
1041	_	Flow temp setpoint max	50	Line 1040	95	°C	_
1042		Flow temp setpoint room stat		/line1040		°C	+
1044		Swi-on ratio room stat		/ 1	99	%	-
4050		Room influence	00	1.4	400	%	
1050		Room influence	20	/ 1	100	%	•
1000		Room temperature limitation	14	1.0	14	00	
		Room temp limitation	6	/ O O	100	°C %	•
	0	Heating limit room controller	3	0.5	32	°C	+
	0	Prop band Xp room contr	4800	10	24000		+
	0	Int act time Tn room contr  Der act time Tv room contr	4800	10	24000	s	+
	0		25	0	100	s %	-
1066	O	SD room temp limitation	20	Įυ	100	70	L_

_			Default value				<u>-</u>	
ıting	vel	uo	i va				lea	
Operating line	Op. level	Function	afau	ے ا	Мах.	#	Green leaf	
ο≅	ŏ		۵	Min	ž	Unit	ত	
		Boost heating/quick setback			1			
	F	Boost heating		/ 0	20	°C		
1080	F	Quick setback	To Reduc	ced setpoint			•	
		Off   To Reduced setpoint   To Protection setpoint						
4000		Optimum start/stop control	0.00.00	00.00.00	00.00.00	1. 1		
	F	Optimum start control max	0:00:00	00:00:00	00:06:00	hh:mm:ss		
	F	Optimum stop control max	0:00:00	00:00:00	00:06:00	hh:mm:ss	6	
1094	F	Heat up gradient	60	0	600	min/K		
4400	Τ_	Increase of "Reduced" setpoint						
	F	Reduced setp increase start		/line 1101		°C		
1101	F	Reduced setp increase end	-15	-30	Line 1100	°C		
		Heating circuit pump						
		Frost prot plant HC pump Off ¦ On	On					
1113	0	Frost prot room model Off   On	On					
		Overtemperature protection						
1120	F	Overtemp prot pump circuit Off   On	Off					
		Control of mixing valve	1		1	•		
1130	F	Mixing valve boost	0	0	50	°C		
1132	F	Actuator type 2-position   3-position	3-position					
1133	F	Switching differential 2-pos	2	0	20	°C		
	F	Actuator running time	120	30	650	s		
1135	1	Mixing valve Xp	24	1	100	°C		
		Mixing valve Tn	90	10	650	s		
		"Floor curing" function	12.2	1	1000	_1-		
1150	ı	Floor curing function	Off			-		
		Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually						
1151	I	Floor curing setp manually	25	0	95	°C		
1156	I	Floor curing day current		0	32	°C		
1157	I	Floor curing days completed	0	0	32	-		
	•	Forced&Lock						
1161	F	Excess heat draw Off   Heating mode   Always	Always					
1163	F	Minimum flow function Off   On	Off					
	1	Buffer storage tank/primary controller			L			
1170	F	With buffer	Yes					
4470	_	No   Yes	Yes					
1172	F	With prim contr/system pump No   Yes						
	1_	Speed-controlled pump						
1180 F		Pump speed reduction	Characte	eristic				
1101		Operating level   Characteristic	00 0		100	%	+	
1181	0	Starting speed	80	0	100	%	-	
1182	F	Pump speed min	40		Line 1183	%		
1183	F	Pump speed max	100	Line 1182	100	%	-	
1185	0	Pump speed min OEM	40	0	Line 883			
1186	О	Pump speed max OEM	100	Line 882	100	%		

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Operating line	<u>e</u>	ио	Default value				Green leaf
e e	Op. level	Function	faul	ے ا	×	#	een
Ω≅	Q	П	Ď	Min	Max	Chi	يَ
1188	0	Curve readj at 50% speed	33	0	100	%	
1190	0	Flow setp readj speed ctrl	No				
		No ¦ Yes		T.			
		Pump speed min	40	0	Line 1183	%	
1183	F	Pump speed max	100	Line 1182	100	%	
	1_	Remote control	<u> </u>				
1200		Optg mode changeover None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	Protecti	on			
Coolin	•	ircuit 2					
COOIII	ig c	Operating mode					
1201	Е	Operating mode  Operating mode	Automa	tic			•
1201	<b> </b>	Protection   Automatic   Reduced   Comfort	Automa	lio			
		Setpoints			<u>'</u>	- I	
1202	Е	Comfort setpoint	24	Line 1205	Line 1203	°C	•
	1	Reduced setpoint	26	Line 1202	Line 1204	°C	•
1204	_	Protection setpoint	35	Line 1203	40	°C	
1205	F	Comfort setpoint min	5	5	Line 1202	°C	•
		Release	•	•		•	
1207	I	Release	Time pro	ogram HC			
		Time program HC   Time program CC					
		Cooling curve				,	
1208	I	Flow temp setp at OT 25°C	20	6	35	°C	•
1209	I	Flow temp setp at OT 35°C	16	6	35	°C	•
		"Eco" functions					
1212	I	Cooling limit at OT	20	/ 8	35	°C	•
1213	F	Lock time at end of heating	24	/ 8	100	h	•
1214	F	24-hour cooling limit	3	/ -10	10	°C	•
1215	0	Ext'n 24-hour cooling limit	Yes				•
		No ¦ Yes					
	1	Summer compensation		1			
1218	-	Summer comp start at OT	26	20	Line 1219	°C	<b>b</b>
1219		Summer comp end at OT	35	Line 1218	50	°C	6
1220	F	Summer comp setp increase	4	/ 1	10	°C	6
	1	Limitations of flow temperature setpoint	1	T.	T_	1	
1223	_	Flow temp setp min OT 25°C	18	6	35	°C	
1224	F	Flow temp setp min OT 35°C	18	6	35	°C	
1000		Room influence	100		Trans	To.	
1228		Room influence	80	/ 1	100	%	6
	0	Prop band Xp room contr	1.5	0.5	32	°C	
	0	Int act time Tn room contr	5400	10	24000	S	
1231	0	Der act time Tv room contr	10	10	2400	S	
	1	Room temperature limitation	1.	T	Τ.	1	
1232	F	Room temp limitation	0.5	/ 0	4	°C	•
15-	1	Optimizations	<b>I</b>				
1235	F	Quick increase	To Redu	uced setpoint			•
	<u> </u>	Off   To Reduced setpoint   To Protection setpoint					
1237	F	Frost protection	Off				
1231	-	Frost prot plant CC pump  Off   On	Oii				
		Control of mixing valve	ı		ı	1	
		Control of Illixing Valve					

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ting	ve	uo	t va				lea
Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ےٰ	Мах.	≢	Green leaf
	<u> </u>			Σ E	ž	Unit	ō
1239	F	Actuator type 2-position   3-position	3-positi	on			
1240	F	Switching differential 2-pos	2	0	20	°C	
1241	F	Actuator running time	120	30	650	s	
1242	0	Mixing valve Xp	12	1	100	°C	
1243		Mixing valve Tn	90	10	650	s	
1245	F	Mixing valve in heating mode Control   Open	Open	<u> </u>			
	1	Dewpoint monitoring					
1246	F	Lock time dewpoint monitor	60	/ 10	600	min	
	+	Flow temp setp incr hygro	10	/1	20	°C	
1248	i	Flow setp incr start at r.h.	60	0	100	%	
1250	i	Flow temp diff dewpoint	2	/ 0	5	°C	
1200		Buffer storage tank/primary controller		,,,,			
1262	F	With buffer	No				
4000	_	No   Yes	NI.				-+
1263	F	With prim contr/system pump No   Yes	No				
		Remote control					
1269	F	Optg mode changeover None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	Protect	ion			
Ventil	atic						
		Operating mode					
1270	Е	Operating mode	Automa	atic			•
		Off   Automatic   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3					
	1	Air quality				1	
	F	Air quality Comfort	1000	0	OL 1275	ppm	•
	F	Air quality Reduced	1600	OL 1274	2000	ppm	•
ACS	0	P-band (Xp) indoor air quality	400	0	2000	ppm	•
4077	_	Boost ventilation					
1277	E	Boost ventilation   Boost ventilation	•••				
1278	F	Duration boost ventilation	30	0	240	min	
1279	F	Stage boost ventilation	Stage 3	3			
		Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3					
		Night cooling				1	•
1281	l_	Forward shift night cooling	0	0	1440	min	
1283	F	Stage night cooling Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	Stage 1				
ACS	0	Min duration night cooling	30	0	720	min	
ACS	ī	Outside temp limit night cooling	12	0	50	°C	
ACS	i	Min temp diff room/outside for night cooling	5	0	20	°C	
	15	Room humidity limit			1		
1285	F	Room humidity limit	85	1	100	%	
	F	Stage room humidity limit	Off				
		Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3					
ACS	0	Room humidity limitation, switching differential	5	0	20	%	
ACS	0	Room humidity limitation, on time	30	0	720	min	
ACS	0	Room humidity limitation, off time	60	0	720	min	
165=	T-	Operating modes and stages	c -		1	1	
1289	F	Stage Comfort Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	Stage 2	<u>'</u>			
	-		•		•		

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Operating line	<u>e</u>	uc	Default value				Green leaf
erat	Op. level	Function	gan	نے ا	×	.=	en
Q line	g	J.	De	Min	Max	Unit	Ď
1291	F	Stage Reduced	Stage 1				
		Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3					
1292	F	Stage protection	Stage 1				
1205	<u> </u>	Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	Off				
1295	l	Optg mode changeover None   Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	Oll				
	I .	Ventilation switch	1				
1296	F	Duration ventilation switch	0	0	240	min	
	F	Stage ventilation switch	Stage 1				
1201	ľ	Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	olago i				
		Holiday mode ventilation					
ACS	I	Holiday mode, switch-on time ventilation	10:00	00:00	23:50	hh:mm	
ACS	I	Holiday mode, on time ventilation	30	0	360	min	
		Air cooling 2					
ACS	I	Operating mode	Automati	С			
		Protection   Automatic   Reduced   Comfort		1			
ACS	I	Comfort setpoint	24	5	Red. SW	°C	
ACS	I	Reduced setpoint	26	Comf. SW	40	°C	
ACS	I	Start of summer compensation at outside temp	26	20	End SK	°C	
ACS	I	End of summer compensation at outside temp	35	Begin SK	35	°C	
ACS	I	Summer compensation, setpoint increase	4	1	10	°C	
ACS	I	Release		gram heating			
		24h/day   Time program heating circuit   Time program 5   Time program ventilation	circuit				
Heatir	na c	sircuit 3					
1300		Operating mode	Automati	<u></u>			•
		Protection   Automatic   Reduced   Comfort	, 10,101110.11				
		Setpoints					
1310	Е	Comfort setpoint	20.0	Line 1312	Line 1316	°C	•
1312	⊏		19	Line 1314	Line 1310	°C	
4044							
1314		Protection setpoint	10.0	4	Line 1312	°C	
1314 1316	Ε	Protection setpoint Comfort setpoint max		4 Line 1310	Line 1312 35		<b>b</b>
	Ε	-	10.0			°C	
	E F	Comfort setpoint max	10.0			°C	
1316	E F E	Comfort setpoint max Heating curve	10.0 35.0	Line 1310	35	°C	•
1316 1320 1321	E F E	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption	10.0 35.0 0.8	Line 1310 0.10	35 4.00	°C °C	•
1316 1320 1321	E F E	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption  Off   On	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0	Line 1310 0.10	35 4.00	°C °C	•
1316 1320 1321 1326	E F F	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption  Off   On  "Eco" functions	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off	0.10 -4.5	35 4.00 4.5	°C °C - °C	•
1316 1320 1321 1326 1330	E F F	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption  Off   On  "Eco" functions  Summer/winter heating limit	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off	0.10 -4.5	35 4.00 4.5	°C °C °C °C	
1316 1320 1321 1326 1330 1332	E F F	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption  Off   On  "Eco" functions  Summer/winter heating limit  24-hour heating limit	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off	0.10 -4.5	35 4.00 4.5	°C °C - °C	
1316 1320 1321 1326 1330 1332	E F F	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption  Off   On  "Eco" functions  Summer/winter heating limit  24-hour heating limit  Ext'n 24-hour heating limit	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off	0.10 -4.5	35 4.00 4.5	°C °C °C °C	
1316 1320 1321 1326 1330 1332	E F F	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption  Off   On  "Eco" functions  Summer/winter heating limit  24-hour heating limit  Ext'n 24-hour heating limit  No   Yes	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off	0.10 -4.5	35 4.00 4.5	°C °C °C °C	
1316 1320 1321 1326 1330 1332 1333	E F F F O	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption  Off   On  "Eco" functions  Summer/winter heating limit  24-hour heating limit  Ext'n 24-hour heating limit  No   Yes  Limitations of flow temperature setpoint	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off 18 -3 Yes	0.10 -4.5 / 8 /-10	35 4.00 4.5 30 10	°C °C °C	
1316 1320 1321 1326 1330 1332 1333	E F F F O	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption  Off   On  "Eco" functions  Summer/winter heating limit  24-hour heating limit  Ext'n 24-hour heating limit  No   Yes  Limitations of flow temperature setpoint  Flow temp setpoint min	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off 18 -3 Yes	0.10 -4.5 /8 /-10	35 4.00 4.5 30 10	°C	
1316 1320 1321 1326 1330 1332 1333 1340 1341	E	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption  Off   On  "Eco" functions  Summer/winter heating limit  24-hour heating limit  Ext'n 24-hour heating limit  No   Yes  Limitations of flow temperature setpoint  Flow temp setpoint min  Flow temp setpoint max	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off 18 -3 Yes	0.10 -4.5 / 8 / -10	35 4.00 4.5 30 10 Line 1341 95	°C	
1316 1320 1321 1326 1330 1332 1333 1340 1341 1342	E	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption  Off   On  "Eco" functions  Summer/winter heating limit  24-hour heating limit  Ext'n 24-hour heating limit  No   Yes  Limitations of flow temperature setpoint  Flow temp setpoint max  Flow temp setpoint room stat	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off 18 -3 Yes	0.10 -4.5 / 8 /-10 8 Line 1340 /line1340	35 4.00 4.5 30 10 Line 1341 95 Line 1341	°C °C °C °C °C °C °C	
1316 1320 1321 1326 1330 1332 1333 1340 1341 1342	E	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption  Off   On  "Eco" functions  Summer/winter heating limit  24-hour heating limit  Ext'n 24-hour heating limit  No   Yes  Limitations of flow temperature setpoint  Flow temp setpoint min  Flow temp setpoint room stat  Swi-on ratio room stat	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off 18 -3 Yes	0.10 -4.5 / 8 / -10	35 4.00 4.5 30 10 Line 1341 95	°C	
1316 1320 1321 1326 1330 1332 1333 1340 1341 1342 1344	E	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption Off   On  "Eco" functions  Summer/winter heating limit  24-hour heating limit  Ext'n 24-hour heating limit No   Yes  Limitations of flow temperature setpoint  Flow temp setpoint min  Flow temp setpoint room stat  Swi-on ratio room stat  Room influence	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off 18 -3 Yes	0.10 -4.5 /8 /-10 8 Line 1340 /line1340 /1	35 4.00 4.5 30 10 Line 1341 95 Line 1341	°C	
1316 1320 1321 1326 1330 1332 1333 1340 1341 1342	E	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption Off   On  "Eco" functions  Summer/winter heating limit 24-hour heating limit Ext'n 24-hour heating limit No   Yes  Limitations of flow temperature setpoint  Flow temp setpoint min  Flow temp setpoint max  Flow temp setpoint room stat  Swi-on ratio room stat  Room influence  Room influence	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off 18 -3 Yes	0.10 -4.5 / 8 /-10 8 Line 1340 /line1340	35 4.00 4.5 30 10 Line 1341 95 Line 1341	°C °C °C °C °C °C °C	
1316 1320 1321 1326 1330 1332 1333 1340 1341 1342 1344 1350	E	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption Off   On  "Eco" functions  Summer/winter heating limit 24-hour heating limit  Ext'n 24-hour heating limit No   Yes  Limitations of flow temperature setpoint  Flow temp setpoint min  Flow temp setpoint max  Flow temp setpoint room stat  Swi-on ratio room stat  Room influence  Room temperature limitation	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off 18 -3 Yes	Line 1310	35 4.00 4.5 30 10 Line 1341 95 Line 1341 99	°C	
1316 1320 1321 1326 1330 1332 1333 1340 1341 1342 1344 1350	E	Comfort setpoint max  Heating curve  Heating curve slope  Heating curve displacement  Heating curve adaption Off   On  "Eco" functions  Summer/winter heating limit 24-hour heating limit Ext'n 24-hour heating limit No   Yes  Limitations of flow temperature setpoint  Flow temp setpoint min  Flow temp setpoint max  Flow temp setpoint room stat  Swi-on ratio room stat  Room influence  Room influence	10.0 35.0 0.8 0.0 Off 18 -3 Yes	0.10 -4.5 /8 /-10 8 Line 1340 /line1340 /1	35 4.00 4.5 30 10 Line 1341 95 Line 1341	°C	

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fing	<u>e</u>	uo	t va				lea
Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ا خ	×	<del>,</del> =	Green leaf
Q line	g	P	De	Min	Мах	Unit	Gre
1362	0	Prop band Xp room contr	3	0.5	32	°C	
1363	0	Int act time Tn room contr	4800	10	24000	S	
1364	0	Der act time Tv room contr	480	10	2400	s	
1366	0	SD room temp limitation	25	0	100	%	
		Boost heating/quick setback					
1370	F	Boost heating		/ 0	20	°C	
1380	F	Quick setback	To Reduc	ced setpoint			•
		Off   To Reduced setpoint   To Protection setpoint		·			
		Optimum start/stop control			_		
1390	F	Optimum start control max	0:00:00	00:00:00	00:06:00	hh:mm:ss	
1391	F	Optimum stop control max	0:00:00	00:00:00	00:06:00	hh:mm:ss	•
1394	F	Heat up gradient	60	0	600	min/K	
		Increase of "Reduced" setpoint					
1400	F	Reduced setp increase start		/line1401	10	°C	
1401	F	Reduced setp increase end	-15	-30	Line 1400	°C	
		Heating circuit pump	•				
1410	F	Frost prot plant HC pump	On				
1413	0	Frost prot room model Off   On	On				
		Overtemperature protection					
1420	F	Overtemp prot pump circuit	Off				
1420	Г	Off ¦ On	Oli				
	,	Control of mixing valve		1			
	F	Mixing valve boost	0	0	50	°C	
1432	F	Actuator type	3-position	า			
4400	_	2-position   3-position		10	20	°C	-
	F	Switching differential 2-pos	2	0	20	°C	
1434	+	Actuator running time	120	30	650	S	
1435		Mixing valve Xn		1	100	°C	
	_	Mixing valve Xp	24	1.0	050		
1436	0	Mixing valve Tn	90	10	650	s	
1436	_	Mixing valve Tn "Floor curing" function	90	10	650	s	
	_	Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing		10	650	s	
1436 1450	_	Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually	90 Off				
1436 1450 1451	_	Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually  Floor curing setp manually	90 Off 25	0	95	°C	
1436 1450 1451 1456	_	Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually  Floor curing setp manually  Floor curing day current	90 Off 25 0	0	95 32		
1436 1450 1451	_	Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually  Floor curing setp manually  Floor curing day current  Floor curing days completed	90 Off 25	0	95		
1436 1450 1451 1456 1457	I	Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually  Floor curing setp manually  Floor curing day current  Floor curing days completed  Forced&Lock	90 Off 25 0	0	95 32		
1436 1450 1451 1456 1457	_	Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually  Floor curing setp manually  Floor curing day current  Floor curing days completed  Forced&Lock  Excess heat draw	90 Off 25 0	0	95 32		
1436 1450 1451 1456 1457 1461	I	Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually  Floor curing setp manually  Floor curing day current  Floor curing days completed  Forced&Lock	90 Off 25 0	0	95 32		
1436 1450 1451 1456 1457 1461	I	Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually  Floor curing setp manually  Floor curing day current  Floor curing days completed  Forced&Lock  Excess heat draw  Off   Heating mode   Always  Minimum flow function  Off   On	90 Off 25 0 0	0	95 32		
1436 1450 1451 1456 1457 1461 1463		Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually  Floor curing setp manually  Floor curing day current  Floor curing days completed  Forced&Lock  Excess heat draw  Off   Heating mode   Always  Minimum flow function  Off   On  Buffer storage tank/primary controller	90 Off 25 0 0 Always Off	0	95 32		
1436 1450 1451 1456 1457 1461 1463		Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually  Floor curing setp manually  Floor curing day current  Floor curing days completed  Forced&Lock  Excess heat draw  Off   Heating mode   Always  Minimum flow function  Off   On	90 Off 25 0 0	0	95 32		
1436 1450 1451 1456 1457 1461 1463		Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually  Floor curing setp manually  Floor curing day current  Floor curing days completed  Forced&Lock  Excess heat draw  Off   Heating mode   Always  Minimum flow function Off   On  Buffer storage tank/primary controller  With buffer	90 Off 25 0 0 Always Off	0	95 32		
1436 1450 1451 1456 1457 1461 1463		Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually  Floor curing setp manually  Floor curing day current  Floor curing days completed  Forced&Lock  Excess heat draw  Off   Heating mode   Always  Minimum flow function  Off   On  Buffer storage tank/primary controller  With buffer  No   Yes  With prim contr/system pump	90 Off 25 0 0 Always Off	0	95 32		
1436 1450 1451 1456 1457 1461 1463 1470		Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually  Floor curing setp manually  Floor curing day current  Floor curing days completed  Forced&Lock  Excess heat draw  Off   Heating mode   Always  Minimum flow function  Off   On  Buffer storage tank/primary controller  With buffer  No   Yes  With prim contr/system pump  No   Yes  Speed-controlled pump  Pump speed reduction	90 Off 25 0 0 Always Off	0 0 0	95 32		
1436 1450 1451 1456 1457 1461 1463 1470	I	Mixing valve Tn  "Floor curing" function  Floor curing function  Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually  Floor curing setp manually  Floor curing day current  Floor curing days completed  Forced&Lock  Excess heat draw  Off   Heating mode   Always  Minimum flow function  Off   On  Buffer storage tank/primary controller  With buffer  No   Yes  With prim contr/system pump  No   Yes  Speed-controlled pump	90 Off 25 0 0 Always Off Yes Yes	0 0 0	95 32		

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			alue				<u>_</u>
ıting	vel	uoj	lt va				lea
Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
							Ō
1482	F	Pump speed min	40	0	Line 1483	%	
1483	F	Pump speed max	100	Line 1482	100	%	
1485	0	Pump speed min OEM	40	0	Line 883	%	
1486	0	Pump speed max OEM	100	Line 882	100	%	
1488	0	Curve readj at 50% speed	33	0	100	%	
1490	0	Flow setp readj speed ctrl No ¦Yes	No				
1482	F	Pump speed min	40	0	Line 1483	%	
	F	Pump speed max	100	Line 1482	100	%	
1100		Remote control	1.00	120	1.00	1,0	
1500	F	Optg mode changeover	Protect	ion			
	ľ	None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic					
Coolin	ng c	ircuit 3					
		Operating mode					
1501	Е	Operating mode	Automa	atic			•
4500	_	Protection   Automatic   Reduced   Comfort	0.4	01.4005	01.4000	0.0	
		Comfort setpoint	24	OL 1205	OL 1203	°C	•
		Reduced setpoint	26	OL 1202	OL 1204	°C	•
	_	Protection setpoint	35	OL 1203	40	°C	
1505	F	Comfort setpoint min	5	5	OL 1202	°C	6
4507		Release	T:				-+
1507	I	Release Time program HC   Time program CC	l ime pi	rogram HC			
		Cooling curve					
1508	ı	Flow temp setp at OT 25°C	20	6	35	°C	•
1509	i	Flow temp setp at OT 35°C	16	6	35	°C	•
1000	<u>'</u>	Eco functions				1 -	
1512	ı	Cooling limit at OT	20	/ 8	35	°C	•
	F	Lock time at end of heating	24	/8	100	h	•
1514		24-hour cooling limit	3	/ -10	10	°C	•
	_	Ext'n 24-hour cooling limit	Yes				•
		No ¦Yes					
		Summer compensation		<b>.</b>	_		
1518	_	Summer comp start at OT	26	20	OL 1219	°C	•
1519	_	Summer comp end at OT	35	OL 1218	50	°C	6
1520	F	Summer comp setp increase	4	/ 1	10	°C	6
		Flow temperature setpoint limitations	1				-
1523		Flow temp setp min OT 25°C	18	6	35	°C	
1524	F	Flow temp setp min OT 35°C	18	6	35	°C	
		Room influence	1		T	Ta.	
		Room influence	80	/ 1	100	%	•
	0	Prop band Xp room contr	1.5	0.5	32	°C	
	0	Int act time Tn room contr	5400	10	24000	S	
1531	0	Der act time Tv room contr	10	10	2400	S	-
1500	1_	Room temperature limitation	10 =	1 40	1.	To 0	
1532	F	Room temp limitation	0.5	/ 0	4	°C	•
4505	_	Optimizations	T. D. '			1	
1535	F	Quick increase Off   To Reduced setpoint   To Protection setpoint	lo Red	uced setpoint			•
	<u> </u>	Frost protection				1	
1537		Frost protection Frost prot plant CC pump	Off				
.507	l <b>"</b>	. 100. prot plant 00 pamp	1011				

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l en				
Operating line Op. level Function Default value				Green leaf
Operatin line Op. level Function	ے ا	×		en
	Min	Max	Unit	يَّق
Off   On				
Mixing control	1			
1538 F Mixing valve decrease 0	0	20	°C	
	osition			
2-position   3-position	10	00	°O	
1540 F Switching differential 2-pos 2	0	20	°C	
1541 F Actuator running time 120		650	s	
1542 O Mixing valve Xp	1	100	°C	
1543 O Mixing valve Tn 90	10	650	S	
1545 F Mixing valve in heating mode Op	en			
Dewpoint monitoring				
1546 F Lock time dewpoint monitor 60	/	10 600	min	
1547 F Flow temp setp incr hygro 10	/		°C	
1548 I Flow setp incr start at r.h. 60	0	100	%	
1550 I Flow temp diff dewpoint 2	/		°C	
Buffer storage tank/precontroller	/	<u> </u>		
1562 F With buffer No No Yes				
1563 F With prim contr/system pump No				
No   Yes				
Remote control				
	otection			
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	otection			
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	otection			
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic				
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic			
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic  Ventilation 3  Operating mode  1570 E Operating mode Off   Automatic   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3				
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic	OL 18	575 nnm	•
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic	OL 18		
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00 0 00 OL 1	574 2000	ppm	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00 0 00 OL 1			
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00 0 00 OL 1	574 2000	ppm	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00 0 00 OL 1	574 2000	ppm	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic 00 0 00 OL 19	574 2000 2000	ppm ppm	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00 0 00 OL 18 0 0	574 2000	ppm	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic 00 0 00 OL 19	574 2000 2000	ppm ppm	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00 0 00 OL 18 0 0	574 2000 2000	ppm ppm	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00 0 00 OL 18 0 0	574 2000 2000	ppm ppm	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00	2000 2000 240	ppm ppm	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00 0 00 OL 18 0 0 age 3	240 240 240	ppm ppm	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00	240 240 240 720	min min	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00	240 240 240 240 50	min min min cC	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00	240 240 240 720	min min	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00	240 240 240 240 50	min min  min °C °C	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	00 0 0 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	240 240 240 240 50	min min min cC	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00	240 240 240 720 50 20	min min  min °C °C	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00	240 240 240 240 240 1440 50 20	min  min  c c c c w	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00	240 240 240 240 240 240 20 20	min min c c c %	
None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic	tomatic  00	240 240 240 240 240 1440 50 20	min  min  c c c c c w	

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
	1	Operating modes and stages	l	1			
1589	F	Stage Comfort Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	Stage 2				
1591	F	Stage Reduced Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	Stage 1				
1592	F	Stage protection Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	Stage 1				
1595	I	Optg mode changeover None   Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	Off				
		Ventilation switch					
1596	F	Duration ventilation switch	0	0	240	min	
1597	F	Stage ventilation switch Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	Stage 1	•			
		Holiday mode ventilation				<u>I</u>	
ACS	ı	Holiday mode, switch-on time ventilation	10:00	00:00	23:50	hh:mm	
ACS	ı	Holiday mode, on time ventilation	30	0	360	min	
		Air cooling 3	1	1-		- I	
ACS	I	Operating mode	Automatio	<del></del>			
	ļ	Protection   Automatic   Reduced   Comfort					
ACS	<u>                                     </u>	Comfort setpoint	24	5	Red. SW	°C	
ACS	I	Reduced setpoint	26	Comf. SW	40	°C	
ACS	I	Start of summer compensation at outside temp	26	20	End SK	°C	
ACS	I	End of summer compensation at outside temp	35	Begin SK	35	°C	
ACS	I	Summer compensation, setpoint increase	4	1	10	°C	
ACS	I	Release 24h/day   Time program heating circuit   Time program 5   Time program ventilation	Time prog	gram heating			
Dome	estic	s hot water					
1600	1	Operating mode Off   On   Eco	On				•
1601	0	Optg mode selection Eco None   DHW storage tank	None				6
1610	Ε	Nominal setpoint	50	Line 1612	Line 1614	°C	
1612	F	Reduced setpoint	40	8	Line 1610	°C	
1614	0	Nominal setpoint max	65	Line 1610	80	°C	
1620	I	Release 24h/day   All time programs HC/CC   Time program 4/DHW   Low-tariff   T'prog 4/DHW or low-tariff	Time prog	gram 4/DHW			•
1630	I	Charging priority Absolute   Shifting   None   MC shifting, PC absolute	Absolute				
1631	0	Temp request selection  Max limitation   Max selection	Max limita	ation			
1640	F	Legionella function Off   Periodically   Fixed weekday	Off				
	F	Legionella funct periodically	3	1	7	Days	
1642	F	Legionella funct weekday Monday   Tuesday   Wednesday   Thursday   Friday   Saturday   Sunday	Monday				

1909   Flow temp setp cons request   30   8   120 °C     1910   Forst prot plant VK pump   On     1924   O DHW charging priority   Yes     1925   F Excess heat draw   On     1928   F With buffer   Yes     1930   F With prim contr/system pump   Yes     1930   F With prim contr/system pump   Yes     1952   F Release source heating   24h/day     1952   F Request opt energy   Off     1954   F Request opt energy   Off     1959   Flow temp setpoint   30   8   120 °C     1960   F Frost prot plant pool pump   Off     1973   F Last priority to charge   No     1974   O DHW charging priority   Yes     1975   F Excess heat draw   On     1975   F Excess heat draw   On     1976   On   Incomplete   Incomplete   Incomplete     1976   Incomplete   Incomplete   Incomplete     1977   Incomplete   Incomplete   Incomplete     1978   Incomplete   Incomplete   Incomplete     1979   Incomplete   Incomplete   Incomplete     1979   Incomplete   Incomplete   Incomplete     1979   Incomplete   Incomplete   Incomplete     1979   Incomplete   Incomplete     1970   Incomplete     1971   Incomplete   Incomplete     1971   Incomplete   Incomplete     1972   Incomplete   Incomplete     1973   Incomplete   Incomplete     1974   Incomplete   Incomplete     1975   Incomplete   Incomplete     1976   Incomplete   Incomplete     1977   Incomplete   Incomplete     1978   Incomplete   Incomplete     1978   Incomplete   Incomplete     1978   Incomplete   Incomplete     1979   Incomplete   Incomplete     1970   Incomplete   Incomplete     1970   Incomplete   Incomplete     1970   Incomplete   Incomplete     1970   Incomplete   Incomplete						<u> </u>		1 1
1644   F   Legionella funct time	perating ne	p. level	unction	efault value	<u>:</u>	ax.	nit	reen leaf
1645   F   Legionella funct setpoint					<del> </del>		+	G
1646   F   Legionella funct duration		_						_
1647   F   Legionella funct circ pump	-		-	1			+ -	_
Cell   Cell					/2	360	min	_
1660   F			Off ¦ On	On				
Time program HCICC 3   DHW release   Time program 4/DHW						20	°C	
Off   On   On   Off   On   Off   On   Off   On   Off   On   On			Time program HC/CC 3   DHW release   Time program 4/DHW   Time program 5	·	gram HC/CC 3			
1680   F   Optg mode changeover   Off   None   Off   On   Eco	1661	F		On				•
None   Off   On   Eco	1663	F	Circulation setpoint	45	8	80	°C	
Consumer circuit 1	1680	F		Off				
Note	Consu	ıme						
1859   Flow temp setp cons request   30   8   120   °C     1860   F   Frost prot plant VK pump   On     1874   O   DHW charging priority   Yes     1875   F   Excess heat draw   On     1878   F   With buffer   Yes   No.; Yes     1880   F   With prim contr/system pump   Yes     1880   F   With prim contr/system pump   Yes     1890   F   Request opt energy   Off   On     1909   I   Flow temp setp cons request   30   8   120   °C     1910   F   Frost prot plant VK pump   On     1924   O   DHW charging priority   Yes     1925   F   Excess heat draw   On     1928   F   With buffer   Yes     1930   F   With prim contr/system pump   Yes     1930   F   With prim contr/system pump   Yes     1930   F   Release source heating   No.; Yes     1930   F   Release source heating   None; 24h/day; Time program 5     1954   F   Request opt energy   Off   Off     1959   Forst prot plant pool pump   Off; On     1976   F   Frost prot plant pool pump   Off; Off; On     1977   F   Last priority to charge   No   No; Yes     1977   F   Excess heat draw   On     1975   F   Excess heat draw   On     1977   F   Excess heat draw   On     1977   F   Excess heat draw   On	1854	F		Off				•
1860   F   Frost prot plant VK pump	1859	ı	·	30	8	120	°C	
1874   O DHW charging priority   No   Yes   No   Yes     1875   Excess heat draw   On     1878   F With buffer   Yes   No   Yes     1880   F With prim contr/system pump   Yes     1880   F With prim contr/system pump   Yes     1880   F With prim contr/system pump   Yes     1880   F Request opt energy   Off     1904   F Request opt energy   Off     1905   F Isow temp setp cons request   30   8   120   °C     1910   F Frost prot plant VK pump   On     1910   F Frost prot plant VK pump   On     1924   O DHW charging priority   Yes     1925   F Excess heat draw   On     1928   F With buffer   Yes     1930   F With buffer   Yes     1930   F With prim contr/system pump   Yes     1930   F Release source heating   No   Yes     1954   F Request opt energy   Off     1959   F Isow temp setpoint   30   8   120   °C     1960   F Frost prot plant pool pump   Off     1973   F Last priority to charge   No   Yes     1975   F Excess heat draw   On     1976   F Excess heat draw   On     1977   F Excess heat draw   On     1978   F Excess heat draw   On     1977   F Excess heat draw   On     1978   F Excess heat draw   On     1977   F Excess heat draw   On		F	Frost prot plant VK pump		<u> </u>	.20		
Off   On   No   Yes   Yes   No   Yes	1874	0	DHW charging priority	Yes				
1878   F   With buffer   No   Yes	1875	F		On				
1880   F   With prim contr/system pump   Yes	1878	F	With buffer	Yes				
Consumer circuit 2	1880	F	With prim contr/system pump	Yes				
1909   1   Flow temp setp cons request   30   8   120   °C     1910   F   Frost prot plant VK pump   On   Off   On     1924   O   DHW charging priority   Yes     1925   F   Excess heat draw   On   Off   On     1928   F   With buffer   Yes   Ves     1930   F   With prim contr/system pump   Yes   Ves     1930   F   With prim contr/system pump   Yes   Ves     1952   F   Release source heating   24h/day   None   24h/day   Time program 5     1954   F   Request opt energy   Off   Off   Off   On     1959   I   Flow temp setpoint   30   8   120   °C     1960   F   Frost prot plant pool pump   Off   Off	Consu	ıme	er circuit 2					
1910   F   Frost prot plant VK pump   On     1924   O   DHW charging priority   Yes     1925   F   Excess heat draw   On     1928   F   With buffer   Yes     1930   F   With prim contr/system pump   Yes     1930   F   With prim contr/system pump   Yes     1930   F   Release source heating   24h/day     1952   F   Release source heating   24h/day     1954   F   Request opt energy   Off     1959   I   Flow temp setpoint   30   8   120   °C     1960   F   Frost prot plant pool pump   Off     1973   F   Last priority to charge   No     1974   O   DHW charging priority   Yes     1975   F   Excess heat draw   On	1904	F		Off				•
Off   On	1909	I	Flow temp setp cons request	30	8	120	°C	•
1924 O DHW charging priority No   Yes  1925 F Excess heat draw Off   On  1928 F With buffer No   Yes  1930 F With prim contr/system pump No   Yes  Swimming pool circuit  1952 F Release source heating None   24h/day   Time program 5  1954 F Request opt energy Off   On  1959 I Flow temp setpoint  1960 F Frost prot plant pool pump Off   On  1973 F Last priority to charge No   Yes  1974 O DHW charging priority No   Yes  1975 F Excess heat draw  On	1910	F		On				
1925   F   Excess heat draw   On	1924	0	DHW charging priority	Yes				
No   Yes   No   Yes	1925	F	Excess heat draw	On				
1930   F   With prim contr/system pump   Yes   Swimming pool circuit	1928	F		Yes				
Swimming pool circuit  1952 F Release source heating	1930	F	With prim contr/system pump	Yes				
None   24h/day   Time program 5  1954 F Request opt energy Off   On  1959 I Flow temp setpoint  1960 F Frost prot plant pool pump Off   On  1973 F Last priority to charge No   Yes  1974 O DHW charging priority No   Yes  1975 F Excess heat draw  Off Off Off Off Off Off Off Off Off O		_						
1954 F Request opt energy Off Off On Off   1959 I Flow temp setpoint 30 8 120 °C   1960 F Frost prot plant pool pump Off On Off   1973 F Last priority to charge No Yes   1974 O DHW charging priority No Yes   1975 F Excess heat draw On	1952	F		24h/day				•
1959 I Flow temp setpoint  1960 F Frost prot plant pool pump Off ↓ On  1973 F Last priority to charge No │ Yes  1974 O DHW charging priority No │ Yes  1975 F Excess heat draw  30 8 120 °C  No  Yes  Off Off  Off  Yes  On	1954	F	Request opt energy	Off				•
Off ¦ On  1973 F Last priority to charge No  1974 O DHW charging priority Yes  1975 F Excess heat draw On	1959	l		30	8	120	°C	•
1973 F Last priority to charge No   No   1974 O DHW charging priority No   Yes   1975 F Excess heat draw On	1960	F		Off				
1974 O DHW charging priority No   Yes  1975 F Excess heat draw On	1973	F	Last priority to charge	No				
1975 F Excess heat draw On	1974	0	DHW charging priority	Yes				
	1975	F	·	On				$\Box$

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Operating line	<u>e</u>	uc	Default value				Green leaf
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1978	F	With buffer No   Yes	Yes	·			
1980	F	With prim contr/system pump	Yes				+
		No ¦ Yes					
		g pool					
2055	_	Setpoint solar heating	26	8	Line 2070	°C	
2056	_	Setpoint source heating	22	8	Line 2070	°C	•
	F	Swi diff source heating	0.5	0.5	3	°C	•
2065	F	Charging priority solar Priority 1   Priority 2   Priority 3	Priority	3			•
2066	F	Charging prio photovoltaics None   Priority 1   Priority 2   Priority 3	Priority	3			
2070	0	Swimming pool temp max	32	Line 2055	95	°C	
	F	With solar integration	Yes	, , , , , ,			•
		No ¦ Yes					
	T .	contr/system pump					
	О	Flow temp setpoint min	8	8	Line 2111	°C	
2111	0	Flow temp setpoint max	80	Line 2110	95	°C	
2112	0	Flow temp setp cooling min	8	8	20	°C	
		System pump					
2120	F	Frost prot plant syst pump Off¦On	On				
		Control of mixing valve	•			•	
2130	0	Mixing valve boost	0	0	50	°C	
2131	0	Mixing valve decrease	0	0	20	°C	
2132	0	Actuator type 2-position   3-position	3-positi	ion			
2133	0	Switching differential 2-pos	2	0	20	°C	
	Ō	Actuator running time	120	30	650	s	
2135	+	Mixing valve Xp	24	1	100	°C	
2136	_		90	10	650	s	
		Forced&Lock	100	1.79			
2145	0	DHW charging priority No   Yes	Yes				
		Plant hydraulics					+
2150	I	Primary contr/system pump	After b	uffer			
Dringe	n	Before buffer   After buffer					
	_	ontr/syst pump 2	0:-				
2160	F	Frost prot plant syst pump Off   On	On				
Heat	pun						
		Condenser					
2776	I	Pump speed min with DHW		0	OL 2777	%	
2777	_	Pump speed max with DHW		OL 2776	100	%	
2778	ı	Pump speed min cool mode		0	OL 2779	%	
2779	ı	Pump speed max cool mode		OL 2778	100	%	
	0	Max condensation temp	65	8	100	°C	
	0	Max condensation temp SD	8	1	20	°C	$\top$
2787	0	Max condensation temp red	2	0	20	°C	$\top$
		Condenser pump Q9		l	1	•	$\top$
2788	I	Modulation cond pump DHW   None   HP setpoint   Compressor output   Temp diff	HP set	point			1
		condenser					

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value		×	<u></u>	Green leaf
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2789	I	Condenser pump with DHW Off   On	On				
2790	F	Modulation condenser pump  None   HP setpoint   Compressor output   Temp diff condenser	HP setpo	oint			•
ACS	0	Modulation condens pump DHW					
,		None   Heat pump setpoint   Compressor output   Temp diff condensor					
ACS	0	Modulation condens pump cooling					
		None   Heat pump setpoint   Compressor output   Temp diff condensor					
2792	F	Pump speed min	40	0	Line 2793	%	
2793	F	Pump speed max	100	Line 2792	100	%	
2794	0	Speed Xp	24	1	100	°C	
2795	0	Speed Tn	40	1	650	s	
2796	0	Speed Tv	0	0	60	s	
2799	0	Pump setpoint reduction	3	0	20	°C	
2800	F	Frost prot plant cond pump	Off				
2000		Off   On					
2801	I	Control cond pump Automatically   Temp request   Parallel compr operation	Automat	ically			
2802	ı	Prerun time cond pump	5	0	600	s	
2803	I	Overrun time cond pump	5	0	600	s	
		Condenser				·	
2804	0	Max temp diff condenser	15	/ line	30	°C	
				2805			
2805	F	Req temp diff condenser	7	/ 1	Line 2804	°C	
ACS	0	Req temp diff condens DHW		/ 1	15	°C	
2806	0	Max dev temp diff cond		/ 1	10	°C	
2807	0	Min temp diff cond DHW		/ 1	10	°C	
2808	F	Req temp diff condens DHW		/ 1	15	°C	
2809	0	Temp frost alarm		/ 0	10	°C	
2810		Condenser frost protection	5	/ -15	8	°C	
2811	0	Overrun cond frost protect	300	0	600	s	
		Evaporator	•	<u> </u>			
2812	0	Operation limit OT min air		/ -50	20	°C	
2813	0	Operation limit OT max air		/ 0	50	°C	
2814	0	Source temp max		/ 10	60	°C	
2815	F	Source temp min water	3	/ -20	30	°C	
2816	F	Source temp min brine	-5	/ -30	50	°C	
2817	F	Switching diff source prot	3	1	10	°C	
ACS	0	Source protection with substitute sensor	0	0	1	-	
2818	F	Incr source temp min fl cur	2	0	10	°C	
ACS	0	Increase source temp min	1	0	10	°C	
2819	I	Prerun time source	15	0	240	s	
2820	I	Overrun time source	5	0	240	s	
2821	F	Source startup time max	5	1	10	min	
2822	F	T'limit source temp min brine	4	1	24	h	
	0	Req temp diff evaporator	3.5	1	20	°C	
ACS	0	Required temp diff evaporator cooling mode		/ 1	20	°C	
2824	0	Max dev temp diff evap		/ 1	10	°C	
2825	0	Min evaporation temp		/ -50	50	°C	
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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Max.	Unit	Green leaf
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	0	Min evaporation temp switching diff	8	0 / -50	30 50	°C	_
	0	Min evaporation temp cooling mode	3	0	20	°C	-
	0	Min evaporation temp increase	-2		50	°C	
	0	Min evaporation temp water		/ -50		°C	-
	0	Max evaporation temp		/0	50		-
	0	Max evaporation temp delay	5	0 / 50	120	s °O	-
_	0	Max evaporation temp cooling mode		/ -50	50	°C	
	0	Max evaporation temp reduction	2	0	20	°C	
	F	Time limit source temp	15	1	360	min	
	0	Ext range min evap temp		/ -0.5	-20	°C	
2830	Ο	Max dur ext min evap temp	2000	10	10000	h	
		Compressor	1	1	_	1	
	0	Setpoint crankcase heater	10	/ -30	50	°C	
	0	Restart lock compressor	10	10	1800	S	
	0	Start swi-off temp red	2	-30	20	°C	
	0	Swi-off temp max reduced		/ 8	100	°C	
	0	Settl'time process reversal	45	0	300	S	
2839	F	Settl'time ch'over DHW/HC	120	/ 15	600	s	
2840	I	Switching diff return temp	4	1	20	°C	
2841	F	Keep compr run time min No¦Yes	No				
2842	I	Compressor run time min	20	0	120	min	
2843	I	Compressor off time min	20	0	120	min	
	F	Switch-off temp max	55	8	100	°C	
	F	Red switch-off temp max	2	-20	20	°C	
	0	Hot-gas temp max	125	20	180	°C	
2847	_	Swi diff hot-gas temp max	10	1	40	°C	
2848	_	Reduction hot-gas temp max	10	0	20	°C	
		Setpoint hot-gas temp	100	20	180	°C	
	0	SD setp hot-gas temp	5	1	40	°C	
	0	Cont'type setp hot-gas temp	NO				
2052	_	NC   NO	5	10	120	0	
2852		LP delay during appretion	2	0	120	S	-
	0	LP delay during operation		1-	120	S	-
2854	0	LP supervision Always   Without defrosting	vvitriout	defrosting			
ACS	О	Supervision soft starter	Always				
	_	Always   With compr operation	1.4.0.0				
ACS	0	Supervision low-pressure Always   With compr operation	With con	npr operation			
ACS	0	Supervision high-pressure Always   With compr operation	With con	npr operation			
ACS	0	Supervision overload compressor Always   With compr operation	With com	npr operation			
ACS	0	Supervision 3-phase current/mains Always   With compr operation	With con	npr operation			
ACS	0	Supervision overload source Always   With source operation	With sou	rce operation			
ACS	0	Supervision pressure switch source Always   With source operation   According to heat source	Accordin	g to heat sourc	e		
ACS	0	Supervision pressure switch source intermed circ Always   With source operation	Always				

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erat	Op. level	Function	Default value	<u>.</u>	×		Green leaf
Operating line	Op.	Lin	Def	Min	Мах	Unit	Gre
ACS	0	Supervision external superheat controller	Always				
		Always   With compr operation	,				
ACS	0	Pressure diff min process reversal		/ 0.1	5	bar	
ACS	0	Min compr run time prior to process reversal	3	/0	30	s	
ACS	0	Delay pressure diff error process reversal	30	5	120	s	
ACS	0	Basic position process reversing valve Last request   Heating   Cooling   None	Last requ	est			
ACS	0	Compressor modulation on process reversal		/0	100	%	
2855	I	Switch-off temp max HC		/8	100	°C	
		Compressor 2		1	1	•	
2860	F	Lock stage 2 with DHW	Off				
		Off   On					
2861	F	Release stage 2 below OT	5	/ -30	30	°C	
		Compressor modulation					
2862	0	Locking time stage2/mod	10	0	40	min	
2863	0	Release integral stage2/mod	250	0	500	°C*min	
2864	0	Reset integral stage2/mod	10	0	500	°C*min	
2865	F	Compr sequence changeover	100	/ 10	1000	h	
		Output data					
2867	0	Output optimum		/1	100	%	6
2868	0	Output nominal	20	0	1000	kW	
2869	0	Output basic stage	5	0	1000	kW	
ACS	0	Source temp 1 for COP	-7	-25	35	°C	
ACS	0	Source temp 2 for COP	7	-25	35	°C	
ACS	0	Flow temp 1 for COP	35	25	65	°C	
ACS	0	Flow temp 2 for COP	55	25	65	°C	
ACS	0	COP at source temp 1 and flow temp 1		/ 1	10	-	
ACS	O	COP at source temp 1 and flow temp 2		/1	10	_	+
ACS	Ō	COP at source temp 2 and flow temp 1		/1	10	_	+
	0	COP at source temp 2 and flow temp 2		/1	10	_	+
	0	El compr. power at source temp 1 and flow temp 1	100	0	600		
	0	El compr. power at source temp 1 and flow temp 2	110	0	600		+
	0	El compr. power at source temp 2 and flow temp 1	72	0	600		+
ACS	0	El compr. power at source temp 2 and flow temp 2	80	0	600		
ACS	0	OT limit compressor power	-7	-25	35	°C	
	0	Minimum compressor power below OT limit	33	0	100	%	
ACS	0	Minimum compressor power over OT limit	16	0	100	%	
7.00		Compressor modulation	110	10	1100	170	+
2870	0	Compressor modulation max	100	Line 2871	100	%	$\forall \exists$
	0	Compressor modulation min	15	0	Line 2870	%	$\forall \exists$
	0	Compressor modulation min	60	0	600	S	+
	0	Compressor mod Xp	32	1	200	°C	+
	0	Compressor mod Tn	120	1	650	s	$\dagger$
	0	PWM period digital scroll		/5	30	S	$\dagger \exists$
	0	Compr mod run time closing		/0	600	S	+
	0	Compressor kick release		/0	100	%	+
ACS	0	,		0	100	%	+
	-	Compressor kick modulation	30				+
ACS	0	Compressor kick duration		10	600	min	+
ACS	0	Compressor kick duration	20	10	120	S	

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	efau	Min.	Мах.	Chit	Green leaf
0 ≔	O	Electric immersion heaters in the flow		2	2	د ا	
2880	ı	Use electric flow	Complem	operation HC			•
2000	'	Substitute   Complem operation HC   Complem operation DHW	Complem	Operation no			
		¦ Complem operation HC+DHW					
0004		Emergency operation   Legionella function		To	0==		
2881	<u> </u>	Locking time electric flow	30	0	255	min	
2882	<u> </u>	Release integr electric flow	250	0	500	°C*min	
2883	<u> </u>	Reset integr electric flow	10	0	500	°C*min	
2884		Release el flow below OT		/ -30	30	°C	
2885	0	Electric on below flow temp		/ 5	20	°C	
		General parameters	T_		1		
2886	F	Compensation heat deficit	On				
2000	$\overline{}$	Off   On   Only with floor curing fct	24	1	40	h	
	O F	Duration error repetition  Number DHW charg attempts	4	-	10	h	
	F	<u> </u>	3	/ 1	40	-	
	_	Delay mains fault		0	10	S	
	F	Delay flow switch	0	U	10	S	
2896	0	Flow switch source active Always   Heating mode only	Always				
2898	ı	Min flow switch source		1	12000	l/h	
2899	i	Min flow switch consumers		1	12000	l/h	
	0	Refrigerant	None	1.	12000	1711	
2000		None   R134A   R236FA   R290   R404A   R407A   R407B	140110				
		R407C   R410A   R410B   R413A   R417A   R422A   R422D					
		R427A   R507A   R600   R600A   R744   R1270   R32   R448A   R449A   R450A   R1234yf   R12354ze   R452B   R454B					
		R454C   R455A   R513A					
2903	I	Release strategy	COP				
		COP   Energy price   COP and energy price   COP or energy					
2904		price Release of COP		/1	10		
		OT limit with DHW charging		/	10	-	
2900	Г	Ignore   Note	Note				
2909	F	Release below outside temp		/ -50	50	°C	
2910	F	Release above outside temp		/ -30	30	°C	
2911	F	For forced buffer charging	Released				
		Locked ¦ Released					
2912	F	Full charging buffer	On				
0000	_	Off   On	0 - 1 - 1				
2922	0	Condenser overtemp prot Off   Cooling down   Switch-on lock + cool down	Cooling d	lown			
2923	0	Condens prot buffer sensor	With B4				
2020		None   With B4   With B41   With B42	With D4				
	•	External process reversal				•	
2941	F	Use of diverting valve Y28	Passive of	cooling			
		Passive cooling   Active and passive cooling					
	1_	Defrosting		T	1	1	_
2951		Defrost release below OT	7	5	20	°C	
2952		Swi diff defrost	3.5	0	15	°C	
	0	Temp diff defrost max	20	5	50	°C	_
	0	Evapor temp defrost end	15	2	40	°C	
2955	0	Compressor during defrost	On				
2956	0	Off¦On dT cooling down end evapor	0	-10	10	°C	+
2000	<u> </u>	Tat cooling down ond evapor	10	1.10	110		

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	<u>c</u> i	Мах.	ξ	Green leaf
	ŏ			Min		Unit	Ō
2958	I	Max num defrost repetitions	3	0	10	-	
2959	0	Defrost settling time	9	1	20	min	
2960	0	Duration dT start defrost		/5	300	S	
2962	I	Duration defrost lock	30	0	100	min	
2963	I	Time up to forced defrost	120	/ 60	600	min	
2964	I	Defrost time max	10	1	42	min	
2965	l	Dripping time evapor	2	0	10	min	
2966	0	Cooling down time evapor	5	/ 0	240	S	
2967	0	Temp thresh drip tray heat	2	-5	10	°C	
2968	0	Max compr output defrost	100	1	100	%	
ACS	0	Position expansion valve when defrost		/ 0	100	%	
2969	F	Defrost with DHW charging Automatically   DHW   Heating circuit   HC, defrost delayed	Automation	cally			
2970	0	Switch-off temp min	8	1	40	°C	
2971	0	Defrost fan above	4	1	Line 2951	°C	
2972	0	Defrost time fan min	2	1	Line 2973	min	
2973	0	Defrost time fan max	10	Line 2972	42	min	
2974	0	dT end defrost fan	1	0.5 /	10	°C	
2975	0	Speed Q9 by defrost		0	100	%	
ACS	0	Defrost with fan above outside temp at 100% r.h.	2	1	Line 2971	°C	
ACS	F	Defrost with electrical utility lock No   Yes	Yes				
ACS	0	Delay forced defrost after power up	60	0	240	s	
		Cooling	1	1	•	<b>-</b>	
3000	I	Switch-off temp max cooling	40	20 /	60	°C	
3002	F	Source temp min cool mode	2	-20 /	30	°C	
3004	F	SD ch'over cooling pas/act	5	1	10	°C	
3007	F	In passive cooling mode	Condense	er pump off			
		Condenser pump off   Condenser pump on		Γ_		1	
3008	F	Temp diff cond cooling mode	5	0	20	°C	
	1_	Output control source	<u> </u>			1	_
3009	0	Modulation fan/source pump None   Compressor output   Temp diff evaporator	Temp diff	evaporator	_		•
ACS	Ο	Modulation fan/source pump cooling mode   None   Refrig temp liquid   Compressor output   Temp diff evaporator					
3010	0	Speed max fan/source pump	100	Line 3011	100	%	
3011	0	Speed min fan/source pump	30	0	Line 3010	%	
3012	0	Source off below temp B83		/ 10	Line 3015	°C	
3014	0	Switching diff source off	5	1	10	°C	
3015	0	Start speed control B83	30	Line 3012	Line 3016	°C	
3016	0	End speed control B83	50	Line 3015	60	°C	
3017	0	Locking time speed control		/0	250	s	
3019	0	Start speed fan/sce pump		/0	100	%	
3021	0	Speed fan/source pump Xp	24	1	100	°C	
3022	0	Speed fan/source pump Tn	40	1	650	s	
3023	0	Speed fan/source pump Tv	0	0	60	s	
ACS	0	Max deviation suction gas temp	1	/ 0.5	10	°C	
ACS	0	Outp limit with mod source	Off				
3025		Off   Heating mode   Cooling mode   Heating and cooling mode		1.0	400	0/	+
	П	Silent mode speed max		/ 0	100	%	1

			1		1		
Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Max.	Unit	Green leaf
	0						
3026		Silent mode on	22:00	00:00	23:50	hh:mm	
3027	ı	Silent mode off	06:00	00:00	23:50	hh:mm	
	F	Silent mode speed incr start		/ -50	50	°C	
3029	F	Silent mode speed incr end	-10	-50	50	°C	
		Sensor calibration	1				
3030	ı	Auto readj HP cond sensor	Off				
3031		Off   Now   After pump prerun  Readj HP flow sensor	0	-20	20	°C	-
3032		Readj HP return sensor	0	-20	20	°C	_
3032	1	Readj status			20		-
3033	I	Not readjusted   Manually readjusted   Automatically readjusted   Readjustment running	Not read	ijusteu			
3035	F	Readj source inlet sensor	0	-20	20	°C	
3036	F	Readj source outlet sens	0	-20	20	°C	
3038	F	Readj source int circ flow	0	-20	20	°C	
3039	F	Readj source int circ return	0	-20	20	°C	
		Superheat controller		•	•	<u>.</u>	
3042	0	Superheat setpoint	8	0 /	15	°C	
3043	0	Superheat controller Xp	10	1	200	°C	
3044		Superheat controller Tn	30	4	650	s	
3045		Superheat controller Tv	0	0	60	s	
	0	Expansion valve run time	5	1	1000	s	
3047	0	Min superheat	3	/ 0.5	5	°C	
		Superheat setp cooling mode	8	/0	25	°C	
3050		Superheat incr silent mode	0	0	10	°C	
	0	SHC setp source 20	8	0 /	25	°C	
		SHC setp source 15	8	0 /	25	°C	
		SHC setp source 7	8	0 /	25	°C	
		SHC setp source 2	8	0 /	25	°C	
		SHC setp source -7	8	0 /	25	°C	
	_	SHC setp source -15	8	0 /	25	°C	
	0	SHC setp source -25	8	0 /	25	°C	
		Delay compressor start	0	0	120	s	
		Pos expansion valve start	0	0	100	%	
	О	Delay superheat controller	0	0	240	s	
	0	Superheat setp adaption Off   Heating mode   Cooling mode   Heating and cooling mode	Off				•
ACS	0	Adaption lock upon compressor start	10	0	30	min	
ACS	0	Adaption lock upon change of superheat setp	90	0	600	s	
ACS	0	Wait time up to red superheat setp adapt	210	0	600	s	
ACS	0	Adaption lock upon increase of superheat setp	10	0	30	min	
ACS	0	Min deviation superheat setp adapt	0.39	0.1	5	°C	
ACS	0	Max deviation superheat setp adapt	0.80	0.1	5	°C	
ACS	0	Critical deviation superheat setp adapt	1.2	0.1	5	°C	
ACS	0	Adaption step superheat setp	0.2	0.1	5	°C	
ACS	0	Max increase superheat setpoint adapt	0	0	10	°C	
ACS	0	Output limitation with SHC Off   Heating mode   Cooling mode   Heating and cooling mode	Off				
3056	0	Output control with SHC Off   Heating mode   Cooling mode   Heating and cooling mode	Off				
ACS	0	Output control with SHC Xp	20	1	200	°C	

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ا خ	×	.=	Green leaf
g <u>ï</u>	g	<u>ة</u>	De	Ā	Max	Unit	ؿٙ
ACS	О	Output control with SHC Tn	60	1	650	s	
ACS	0	Max deviation superheat	2	/ 0.5	10	°C	
ACS	О	Delay expansion valve evaporator error	20	/ 0	255	s	
3058	О	Pump off function	Off				
	<u> </u>	Off   Automatic		1			_
3059	Ο	Pump off funct press limit		/ 0	100	bar	_
	Ι_	Vapor injection (EVI)	1_	1.	T	To <b>a</b>	-
3062	0	Superheat setpoint EVI	6	1	15	°C	+
	0	EVI controller Xp	10	1	200	°C	_
3064	0	EVI controller Tn	30	4	650	s	
3065	0	EVI controller Tv	0	0	60	s	
3066	0	Expansion valve EVI run time	5	1	1000	s	
3071	0	Threshold hot-gas temp EVI		/ 20	180	°C	
3072	0	SD hot-gas temp EVI	10	1	20	°C	
3073	О	Threshold source temp EVI		/ -50	50	°C	
3074	0	SD source temp EVI	5	1	20	°C	
3077	0	Swi-off temp sat vapor op		/ 8	100	°C	
3078	0	Thresh hot-gas temp satur		/ 20	180	°C	
3080	0	Thresh source temp satur		/ -50	50	°C	
Energ	y m	neter					
		Heat delivered					
3090	ı	Pulse count heat	None				
		None   With input H1   With input H21 module 1   With input H21					
		module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1					
		With input H22 module 2   With input H22 module 3   With input H3					
3092	l	Pulse unit heat	None				+
0002	ľ	None   kWh   Liter	110110				
3093	I	Pulse value heat numer	1	1	1000	-	
3094	I	Pulse value heat denom	1	1	1000		
3095	I	Flow measurement heat	None	•			
		None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2					
		module 2   With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 1					
		With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module 2   With input H22					
		module 3   With input H3					
3097	F	Flow heating		10	60000	l/h	
3098	F	Flow DHW		10	60000	l/h	
		Energy input (electricity/gas)					
3100	F	Pulse count energy	None				
		Ditto 3090					
3102	I	Pulse unit energy	None				
	<u> </u>	None   kWh   m3		1.			_
3103	<u>  </u>	Pulse value energy numer	1	1	1000		
3104		Pulse value energy denom	1	1	1000		$\perp$
3106	F	Mean gas energy content	11.5	1	100	kWh/m3	$\perp$
3108	1	Electrical source output		/ 0.01	10	kW	$\perp$
3109		Int count el imm heater flow	None				
	1	None   Heat delivered   Energy brought in   Both					+
0445	I_	Energy meter/performance factor	1	10	000000		+
	F	Heat delivered	-	0	9999999	kWh	
	F	Heat drawn by source	-	0	3500000	kWh	
3113	F	Energy brought in	-	0	3500000	kWh	

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ے ا	×	. <del></del>	Green leaf
op Jine	Ор	D. C.	De	Min	Max	Light	ğ
3116	F	Performance factor	-	0	10		
		Due day				_	
3119	I	Fixed day yearly perf fact	30.6.	1.01	31.12	DD.MM	
		Fixed day storage					
3120	Е	Yearly perf factor 1	-	0	10		
3120	Ε	Fixed day 1	-	1.9.2004	31.12.2099	DD.MM. YYYY	
3121	Е	Heat delivered heating 1	-	0	9999999	kWh	
3122		Heat delivered DHW 1	-	0	9999999	kWh	
3123	Е	Cooling energy delivered 1	-	0	9999999	kWh	
		Energy brought in heating 1	-	0	3500000	kWh	
		Energy brought in DHW 1	-	0	3500000	kWh	
		Energy brought in cooling 1	-	0	3500000	kWh	
		Yearly perf factor 2	-	/ 0	10		
		Fixed day 2	_	1.9.2004	31.12.2099	DD.MM.	
		<b>,</b> _				YYYY	
3128	Е	Heat delivered heating 2	-	0	9999999	kWh	
		Heat delivered DHW 2	-	0	9999999	kWh	
		Cooling energy delivered 2	-	0	9999999	kWh	
		Energy brought in heating 2	-	0	3500000	kWh	
		Energy brought in DHW 2	_	0	3500000	kWh	
		Energy brought in cooling 2	_	0	3500000	kWh	
		Yearly perf factor 3	_	/0	10		
		Fixed day 3	_	1.9.2004	31.12.2099	DD.MM.	+
		. Med day c				YYYY	
3135	Е	Heat delivered heating 3	-	0	9999999	kWh	
		Heat delivered DHW 3	-	0	9999999	kWh	
		Cooling energy delivered 3	-	0	9999999	kWh	
		Energy brought in heating 3	_	0	3500000	kWh	
3139		Energy brought in DHW 3	_	0	3500000	kWh	
		Energy brought in cooling 3	-	0	3500000	kWh	
		Yearly perf factor 4	-	/ 0	10		
		Fixed day 4	-	1.9.2004	31.12.2099	DD.MM. YYYY	
3142	Е	Heat delivered heating 4	-	0	9999999	kWh	
3143		Heat delivered DHW 4	-	0	9999999	kWh	+
3144		Cooling energy delivered 4	_	0	9999999	kWh	
3145		Energy brought in heating 4	_	0	3500000	kWh	
3146		Energy brought in DHW 4	_	0	3500000	kWh	+
3147		Energy brought in cooling 4	-	0	3500000	kWh	$\dashv$
		Yearly perf factor 5	_	/0	10		
		Fixed day 5	-	1.9.2004	31.12.2099	DD.MM. YYYY	
3149	F	Heat delivered heating 5	_	0	9999999	kWh	$\dashv$
3150		Heat delivered DHW 5	_	0	9999999	kWh	$\top$
3151		Cooling energy delivered 5	_	0	9999999	kWh	+
3152		Energy brought in heating 5	_	0	3500000	kWh	+
3153		Energy brought in DHW 5	_	0	3500000	kWh	+
J . UU		Energy brought in cooling 5		0	3500000	kWh	+

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Operating line	vel	uo	Default value				Green leaf
oera e	Op. level	Function	efau	<u>.</u> :	Мах.	Ħ	een
			ă	Min		Unit	Ģ
		Yearly perf factor 6	-	/0	10		
3155	Е	Fixed day 6	-	1.9.2004	31.12.2099	DD.MM.	
						YYYY	
		Heat delivered heating 6	-	0	9999999	kWh	
		Heat delivered DHW 6	-	0	9999999	kWh	
		Cooling energy delivered 6	-	0	9999999	kWh	
		Energy brought in heating 6	-	0	3500000	kWh	
		Energy brought in DHW 6	-	0	3500000	kWh	
		Energy brought in cooling 6	-	0	3500000	kWh	
		Yearly perf factor 7	-	/0	10		
3162	E	Fixed day 7	-	1.9.2004	31.12.2099	DD.MM. YYYY	
3163	Е	Heat delivered heating 7	-	0	9999999	kWh	
3164	Е	Heat delivered DHW 7	-	0	9999999	kWh	
3165	Е	Cooling energy delivered 7	-	0	9999999	kWh	
3166	Е	Energy brought in heating 7	-	0	3500000	kWh	
		Energy brought in DHW 7	-	0	3500000	kWh	
3168	Е	Energy brought in cooling 7	-	0	3500000	kWh	
3169	Е	Yearly perf factor 8	-	/ 0	10		
3169	Ε	Fixed day 8	-	1.9.2004	31.12.2099	DD.MM.	
3170	_	Heat delivered heating 8		0	9999999	YYYY kWh	
	_	Heat delivered DHW 8	-	0	9999999	kWh	
		Cooling energy delivered 8	-	0	9999999	kWh	
		Energy brought in heating 8	<del>-</del>	0	3500000	kWh	
		Energy brought in DHW 8	<del> </del>	0	3500000	kWh	
		Energy brought in cooling 8	<u> </u>	0	3500000	kWh	
		Yearly perf factor 9		/0	10	KVVII	
		Fixed day 9	-	1.9.2004	31.12.2099	DD MM	
0170	_	Tined day 5		1.3.2004	31.12.2033	YYYY	
3177	Е	Heat delivered heating 9	-	0	9999999	kWh	
3178	Е	Heat delivered DHW 9	-	0	9999999	kWh	
	Е	Cooling energy delivered 9	-	0	9999999	kWh	
		Energy brought in heating 9	-	0	3500000	kWh	
	-	Energy brought in DHW 9	-	0	3500000	kWh	
	E	Energy brought in cooling 9	-	0	3500000	kWh	
3183	_	Yearly perf factor 10	-	/0	10		
3183	Е	Fixed day 10	-	1.9.2004	31.12.2099	DD.MM. YYYY	
3184	Ε	Heat delivered heating 10	-	0	9999999	kWh	
3185		Heat delivered DHW 10	<u> </u> -	0	9999999	kWh	
3186	Е	Cooling energy delivered 10	-	0	9999999	kWh	
3187	Ε	Energy brought in heat 10	-	0	3500000	kWh	
3188	Ε	Energy brought in DHW 10	-	0	3500000	kWh	
3189	Ε	Energy brought in cooling 10	-	0	3500000	kWh	
3190	F	Reset fixed day storage	No				
		No   Yes					
2102		Extended energy metering Int count el imm heater DHW	None				
3192	ľ	None   Heat delivered   Energy brought in   Both	ivone				

ting	vel	и	Default value				leaf
Operating line	Op. level	Function	Defau	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
3193	I	Int count el imm heat buffer None   Heat delivered   Energy brought in   Both	None	•			
3195	I	Electric pump power heating		/ 0.01	10	kW	
3196	ī	Electric pump power DHW		/ 0.01	10	kW	
	F	Electric power compressor	1	0.1	60	kW	
		Heat input (source)					
3250	I	Pulse count source None   With input H1   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module 2   With input H22 module 3   With input H3	None				
3252	I	Pulse unit source None   kWh   Liter	None				
3253	I	Pulse value source numer	1	1	1000		
3254	ı	Pulse value source denom	1	1	1000		
3255	I	Flow measurement source  None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 module 2   With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module 2   With input H22 module 3   With input H3	None				
3257	I	Flow source		/ 10	60000	l/h	
3260	l	Antifreeze source None   Ethylene glycol   Propylene glycol   Ethyl and propyl glycol	None				
3261	I	Antifreeze concentr source	30	1	100	%	
		Energy prices		<u> </u>			
3264	+	E'gy price high-tariff		/ 1	1000	-	
3265	1	E'gy price low/sm grid wish		/ 1	1000	-	
3266	_	E'gy price sm grid imposed		/ 1	1000	-	
3267		E'gy price altern source		/1	1000	<u> -</u>	
Casca	1	Lead state or	l	- 1			
3510	0						
		Lead strategy Late on, early off ¦ Late on, late off ¦ Early on, late off ¦ According to buffer temp	Late on, I	ate on			
3511		Late on, early off ¦ Late on, late off ¦ Early on, late off ¦ According	Late on, I	0	Line 3512	%	
3511 3512	0	Late on, early off ¦ Late on, late off ¦ Early on, late off ¦ According to buffer temp			Line 3512 100	%	
	0	Late on, early off ¦ Late on, late off ¦ Early on, late off ¦ According to buffer temp  Output band min	0	0			
3512	0 0 F	Late on, early off   Late on, late off   Early on, late off   According to buffer temp  Output band min  Output band max  Stage sequence  Serial, release all 2nd stage   Serial, release last stage   Parallel, release last stage  Max sources forced charg	0 100 Serial, rel	0 Line 3511	100	%	
3512 3514	0 0 F	Late on, early off   Late on, late off   Early on, late off   According to buffer temp  Output band min  Output band max  Stage sequence  Serial, release all 2nd stage   Serial, release last stage   Parallel, release last stage	0 100 Serial, rel stage	0 Line 3511 ease last	100	% °C	
3512 3514 3516 3517 3518	0 0 F 0 0	Late on, early off   Late on, late off   Early on, late off   According to buffer temp  Output band min  Output band max  Stage sequence  Serial, release all 2nd stage   Serial, release last stage   Parallel, release last stage  Max sources forced charg	0 100 Serial, rel stage 4 	0 Line 3511 lease last	100 16 15 100	% °C %	
3512 3514 3516 3517 3518 3522	0 0 F 0 0 F F	Late on, early off   Late on, late off   Early on, late off   According to buffer temp  Output band min  Output band max  Stage sequence Serial, release all 2nd stage   Serial, release last stage   Parallel, release last stage  Max sources forced charg  Max source force charg OT  Numb source defrost allowed  Rel integr source seq cool	0 100 Serial, rel stage 4  50 20	0 Line 3511 lease last	100 16 15 100 200	°C % °C*min	
3512 3514 3516 3517 3518 3522 3523	0 0 0 0 0 0 F	Late on, early off   Late on, late off   Early on, late off   According to buffer temp  Output band min  Output band max  Stage sequence Serial, release all 2nd stage   Serial, release last stage   Parallel, release last stage  Max sources forced charg  Max source force charg OT  Numb source defrost allowed  Rel integr source seq cool	0 100 Serial, rel stage 4  50 20 10	0 Line 3511 lease last 1 /-20 1 1	100 16 15 100 200 200	%  °C  % °C*min °C*min	
3512 3514 3516 3517 3518 3522 3523 3523	0 0 0 0 0 0 F F F	Late on, early off ¦ Late on, late off ¦ Early on, late off ¦ According to buffer temp  Output band min  Output band max  Stage sequence Serial, release all 2nd stage ¦ Serial, release last stage ¦ Parallel, release last stage  Max sources forced charg  Max source force charg OT  Numb source defrost allowed  Rel integr source seq cool  Res integr source seq cool  Switch-on delay cooling	0 100 Serial, rel stage 4  50 20 10 5	0 Line 3511 ease last 1 /-20 1 1 1	100 16 15 100 200 200 20	°C % °C*min °C*min min	
3512 3514 3516 3517 3518 3522 3523 3525 3530	0 0 0 0 0 6 F F F	Late on, early off   Late on, late off   Early on, late off   According to buffer temp  Output band min  Output band max  Stage sequence Serial, release all 2nd stage   Serial, release last stage   Parallel, release last stage  Max sources forced charg  Max source force charg OT  Numb source defrost allowed  Rel integr source seq cool  Res integr source seq cool  Switch-on delay cooling  Release integral source seq	0 100 Serial, rel stage 4  50 20 10 5 100	0 Line 3511 lease last 1 /-20 1 1 0	100 16 15 100 200 200 20 500	°C % °C*min °C*min min °C*min	
3512 3514 3516 3517 3518 3522 3523 3523 3525 3530 3531	0 0 0 0 0 F F F F F	Late on, early off   Late on, late off   Early on, late off   According to buffer temp  Output band min  Output band max  Stage sequence Serial, release all 2nd stage   Serial, release last stage   Parallel, release last stage  Max sources forced charg  Max source force charg OT  Numb source defrost allowed  Rel integr source seq cool  Res integr source seq cool  Switch-on delay cooling  Release integral source seq  Reset integral source seq	0 100 Serial, rel stage 4  50 20 10 5 100 20	0 Line 3511 lease last 1 /-20 1 1 1 0 0	100 16 15 100 200 200 20 500 500	°C % °C*min °C*min min °C*min °C*min	
3512 3514 3516 3517 3518 3522 3523 3525 3530 3531 3533	O O F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	Late on, early off   Late on, late off   Early on, late off   According to buffer temp  Output band min  Output band max  Stage sequence Serial, release all 2nd stage   Serial, release last stage   Parallel, release last stage  Max sources forced charg  Max source force charg OT  Numb source defrost allowed  Rel integr source seq cool  Res integr source seq cool  Switch-on delay cooling  Release integral source seq  Switch on delay	0 100 Serial, rel stage 4  50 20 10 5 100 20 5	0 Line 3511 ease last 1 /-20 1 1 1 0 0	100 16 15 100 200 200 20 500	°C % °C*min °C*min min °C*min	
3512 3514 3516 3517 3518 3522 3523 3523 3525 3530 3531	O O F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	Late on, early off   Late on, late off   Early on, late off   According to buffer temp  Output band min  Output band max  Stage sequence Serial, release all 2nd stage   Serial, release last stage   Parallel, release last stage  Max sources forced charg  Max source force charg OT  Numb source defrost allowed  Rel integr source seq cool  Res integr source seq cool  Switch-on delay cooling  Release integral source seq  Reset integral source seq	0 100 Serial, rel stage 4  50 20 10 5 100 20 5	0 Line 3511 lease last 1 /-20 1 1 1 0 0	100 16 15 100 200 200 20 500 500	°C % °C*min °C*min min °C*min °C*min	
3512 3514 3516 3517 3518 3522 3523 3525 3530 3531 3533 3533	O O F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	Late on, early off   Late on, late off   Early on, late off   According to buffer temp  Output band min  Output band max  Stage sequence Serial, release all 2nd stage   Serial, release last stage   Parallel, release last stage  Max sources forced charg  Max source force charg OT  Numb source defrost allowed  Rel integr source seq cool  Res integr source seq cool  Switch-on delay cooling  Release integral source seq  Reset integral source seq  Switch on delay  Substitute common flow temp  None   Highest source value   Internal source value   Mean	0 100 Serial, rel stage 4  50 20 10 5 100 20 5	0 Line 3511 ease last 1 /-20 1 1 1 0 0	100 16 15 100 200 200 20 500 500	°C % °C*min °C*min min °C*min °C*min	

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value				Green leaf
Ope	g.	nuo	Defa	Min	Max	Unit	Gree
	<u> </u>	None   First   Last   First and last		1-	<del> </del>		+
3542	F	Source seq cooling mirrored No   Yes	Yes				
3543	0	Source seq with opt energy No   Yes	Yes				
3544	F	Leading source Source 116	Source 1				
3590	0	Temp differential min		/0	20	°C	
ACS		Neutral zone heating cascade	4	1	10	°C	
	_	Neutral zone cooling cascade	2	1	20	°C	
		entary source				•	
		Operating mode					
ACS	F	Use of supplementary source Supplementary ¦ Hybrid	Suppleme	entary			
3690	F	Setpoint incr main source	5	0	60	°C	•
3691	_	Ouput limit main source		/ 1	100	%	•
ACS		Switching differential ouput limit main source	10	/1	100	%	
3692		With DHW charging Locked   Substitute   Complement   Instantly   First   Alone	Complem	ent	-		
3694	F	OT limit with DHW charging	Note				
3695	0	Release with DHW charging According to release   With load only   With load or heating	According	g to release			
3696	0	Lock with DHW charging With end of charging   No heating and B3 hot   Sensor B3 hot	With end	of charging			
3697	0	With DHW push Off   On	Off				
3698	0	With warmer/cooler function Off   On	Off				
3700	F	Release below outside temp		/ -50	50	°C	
		Release above outside temp		/ -50	50	°C	
3704	F	With heat generation lock  Off   On DHW   On	Off				
3705	F	Overrun time	5	0	120	min	
		Setpoints					
3710	F	Setpoint min		/0	80	°C	
3711	F	Setpoint max	80	0	140	°C	
3712	F	Setpoint chimney sweep	50	0	80	°C	
		Control		1	T		
3718	F	Release integral	20	/ 1	500		
	F	Reset integral	10	/1	500		
	F	Switching integral	50	/0	500	°C*min	$\bot$
	0	Neutral zone switching integral	1	0	20		
·	F	Switching diff off	15	0	20	°C	_
3723		Locking time	30	/0	120	min	•
3725	F	Control sensor Common flow temp   Buffer sensor B4	Common	flow temp			
ACS	0	Flow temperature hybrid source Max value flow temp HP/boiler temp   Mean value flow temp	Max value	e flow temp H	P/boiler temp		
ACS	0	HP/boiler temp   Flow temp heat pump   Boiler temp Pump hybrid source	Separate	ly			
	1	Separately   Boiler pump Q1   Condenser pump Q9  Configuration	_1			<u> </u>	

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_			Default value				ıĮ.	
ıting	level	LO CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY	lt va				lea	
Operating line	. le	Function	efau	ci	Мах.	ŧ	Green leaf	
	op.		+	Min	ž	Unit	Ō	
3750	F	Source type Other   Solid fuel boiler   Heat pump   Oil/gas boiler	Oil/gas bo	oiler				
3755	F	Delay lockout position	1	/ 1	40	min		
Solar	<u>'</u>	point received pecialism	1	, .	1.0	1		
3810	F	Temp diff on	8	Line 3811	40	°C		
3811	F	Temp diff off	4	0	Line 3810	°C		
3812	F	Charg temp min DHW st tank	20	/ 8	95	°C		
3813	0	Temp diff on buffer		/line3814	40	°C		
3814	0	Temp diff off buffer		/0	Line 3813	°C		
3815	F	Charging temp min buffer	20	/ 8	95	°C		
3816	0	Temp diff on swi pool			40	°C		
3817	0	Temp diff off swi pool		/ 0	Line 3816	°C		
3818	F	Charging temp min swi pool	20	/ 8	95	°C		
	F	Charging prio storage tank	DHW stor			_	•	
0022	ľ	None   DHW storage tank   Buffer storage tank	DI IVV Stol	ago tarik				
3825	F	Charging time relative prio		/2	60	min	•	
3826	F	Waiting time relative prio	5	1	40	min		
3827	F	Waiting time parallel op		/ 0	40	min	•	
3828	F	Delay secondary pump	60	0	600	s		
3830	F	Collector start function		/ 5	60	min		
3831	F	Min run time collector pump	20	5	120	s		
3832	0	Collector start function on	07:00	00:00	23:50	hh:mm		
3833	0	Collector start function off	19:00	00:00	23:50	hh:mm		
3834	F	Collector start funct grad		/ 1	20	min/°C	6	
3835	F	Min collector temp start fct	5	/ 0	30	°C		
3840	F	Collector frost protection		/ -20	5	°C		
3850	F	Collector overtemp prot		/ 30	350	°C		
3860	F	Evaporation heat carrier		/ 60	350	°C		
3862	F	Impact evaporation superv	On own c	ollector pump				
		On own collector pump ¦ On both collector pumps			<u> </u>		_	
3870	F	Pump speed min	40	0	Line 3871	%		
	F	Pump speed max	100	Line 3870	100	%		
3872	0	Speed Xp	24	1	100	°C		
3873	0	Speed Tn	40	10	650	s		
3880	F	Antifreeze	None					
		None   Ethylene glycol   Propylene glycol   Ethyl and propyl glycol						
3881	F	Antifreeze concentration	30	1	100	%	+	
3884	-	Pump capacity		/ 10	1500	l/h	+	
		Pulse count yield		,	1.000	1,,,,		
		None   With input H1   With input H21 module 1   With input H2	1 module 2 ¦ V	Vith input H21 mod	lule 3   With inp	ut H22 module		
		1   With input H22 module 2   With input H22 module 3   With in		-				
3887	F	Pulse unit yield	None					
3888	F	None   kWh   Liters Pulse value yield numer	10	1	1000		+	
3889	F	Pulse value yield denom	10	1  1	1000	_	+	
	F	Flow measurement yield	110	[ ]	1000		+	
3091		None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 module 2   With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module 2   With input H22						
3806	F	module 3   With input H3	0	-20	20	°C	+	
	Г	Readj solar flow sensor	0		20	°C	+	
3897	Г	Readj solar return sensor	ĮU	-20	20	l C		

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	c.	×.	ŧ	Green leaf
			امّ	Min	Мах	Unit	ō
		l boiler					
4102	F	Locks other heat sources Off   On	On				6
4103	F	Charg prio DHW stor tank	Off				•
	<u> </u>	Off¦On		T_	1		_
	F	Setpoint min	40	8	120	°C	_
4114	F	Temp differential min	4	0	40	°C	_
	F	Temp diff on	4	1	40	°C	_
4134	F	Connection DHW stor tank None   With B3   With B31   With B3 and B31	None				
4135	F	Boiler temp setp DHW charg Storage tank temp   Storage tank setpoint   Boiler temp setpoint min	Storage to	ank temp			
4136	F	DHW charging with Q3 No¦Yes	Yes				
4137	F	Connection buffer With B4   With B42/B41   With B4 and B42/B41	With B4				
4138	F	Boil temp setp buffer charg Storage tank temp   Storage tank setpoint   Boiler temp setpoint min	Storage to	ank temp			
4140	F	Pump overrun time	20	0	120	min	
4141	0	Excess heat discharge	90	60	140	°C	
4153	F	Return setpoint min	8	8	95	°C	
4158	F	Flow influence return ctrl  Off   On	Off				
4163	0	Actuator running time	120	30	650	S	
4164		Mixing valve Xp	24	1	100	°C	
	+	Mixing valve Tn	90	10	650	S	
4170		Frost prot plant boiler pump Off ¦ On	Off				
4190		Residual heat fct dur max		/ 5	60	min	
4192	F	Residual heat fct trigg Once   Several times	Once				
4201	F	Pump speed min	40	0	Line 4202	%	
4202		Pump speed max	100	Line 4201	100	%	
4203	0	Speed Xp	24	1	100	°C	
4204	0	Speed Tn	40	1	650	S	
Buffer	rsto	prage tank					
		Forced charging	1				
4705	0	Forced charging Off   Demand   Always	Demand				•
4706	F	Charging prio photovoltaics  None   Priority 1   Priority 2   Priority 3	Priority 2				
4708	F	Forced charging setp cooling		/ 6	35	°C	+
4709	I	Forced charg setp heat min	40	20	Line 4710	°C	
4710	I	Forced charg setp heat max	50	Line 4709	80	°C	
4711	ı	Forced charging time		/ 00:00	23:50	hh:mm	
4712	I	Forced charg duration max	4	1	20	h	•
	•	Automatic generation locks	•	•	•	•	
4720	F	Auto generation lock  None   With B4   With B4 and B42/B41   With B42   With B42 and B41   With B4 and B71	With B4				•
4721	0	Auto heat gen lock SD	2	0	20	°C	+
	F	Temp diff buffer/HC	0	-20	20	°C	+
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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ا ج	×	#=	Green leaf
	ŏ		ă	Min	Max	Duit	<u>ي</u>
	0	Temp diff buffer/CC	0	-20	20	°C	
	F	Min st tank temp heat mode		/ 8	95	°C	
	F	Max st tank temp cool mode	25	/ 10	40	°C	
	F	Rel temp diff buffer/HC	0	-50	50	%	
4735	F	Setpoint reduction B42/B41	0	0	20	°C	
		Stratification/discharging protection	T				
4739	F	Stratification protection Off   Always	Off				
4740	0	Strat prot temp diff max	5	0	20	°C	
4743	0	Strat prot anticipation time	60	0	240	S	
4744	0	Strat protection Tn	120	10	200	s	
		Solar charging/solid fuel boiler	•		•	•	
4749	F	Min charging setpoint solar	8	8	95	°C	
4750	F	Charging temp max	80	8	Line 4751	°C	•
4751	0	Storage tank temp max	90	Line 4750	95	°C	•
		Recooling	•	•	•		
4755	F	Recooling temp	70	8	95	°C	
	F	Recooling DHW/HCs	Off	- 1			
		Off¦On					
4757	F	Recooling collector Off   Summer   Always	Off				
		Electric immersion heater					
4760	F	Charg sensor el imm heater	With B4				
		With B4   With B42/B41					
4761	F	Forced charging electric No   Yes   Smart grid, draw forced	No				•
4783	F	With solar integration No   Yes	No				6
		Diversion of flow	_1		L		
4830	0	Flow diversion temp		/ 50	95	°C	
4831		Swi diff flow diversion	4	0	20	°C	
	_	Delay flow diversion	30	0	60	s	
		rage tank	1		100		
		Release					
5007	F	Charging request Setpoint   With B3   With B31	Setpoint				
5008	F	Charging request timed		/ 1	240	min	•
	0	Heating output reduction per degree	4	0	10	°C	
	0	Charging Once/day   Several times/day		times/day			6
5013	0	Charging opt energy	Off				•
5016	0	Off   Current setpoint   Nominal setpoint Charging opt energy contact	Off				•
5018	F	Off   Nominal setpoint   Legionella funct setpoint Charging prio photovoltaics	Priority 1	1			
	<u> </u>	None   Priority 1   Priority 2   Priority 3	1				-
E000	_	Charging control	0	10	20	°C	-
	F	Flow setpoint boost	8	0	30	°C	-
5021		Transfer boost	_	0	30	U	
5022	F	Type of charging Recharging   Full charging   Full charging legio   Full charg 1st time day   Full charg 1st time legio	Full char	yırıg			
5023	F	Setpoint reduction B31	0	0	20	°C	-
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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
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5024	F	Switching diff	5	0	20	°C	
5000	I-	Charging limitation	0.40	/ 40	000		
5030	F	Charging time limitation	240	/10	600	min	
5031	F	Heating time limitation		/10	600 80	min °C	_
5032 5033	F	Max charg abortion temp		/ 8	80	10	_
5033	0	Dynamic switching diff Off   On	Off				
		Discharging protection			1	I	
5040	О		Automati	cally			•
		Off   Always   Automatically					
5041	О	Discharging prot sensor	With B31				
		With B3   With B31  Overtemperature protection					_
5050	F	Charging temp max	80	8	Line 5051	°C	
5051	0	Storage tank temp max	90	Line 5050	95	°C	
3031		Recooling	190	Line 3030	190		
5055	F	Recooling temp	70	8	95	°C	
5056	F	Recooling heat gen/HCs	Off	10			
		Off¦On					
5057	F	Recooling collector	Off				
		Off   Summer   Always					
5060	F	Electric immersion heater	Substitut				
5000	Г	EI imm heater optg mode Substitute   Summer   Always   Cooling mode   Emergency	Substitut	е			
		operation   Legionella function					
5061	F	El immersion heater release	DHW rele	ease			
5000	F	24h/day   DHW release   Time program 4/DHW	DI IM/ a a s				_
5062	Г	El immersion heater control External thermostat   DHW sensor	DHW ser	isor			
5066	F	El imm heater in legio funct	Accordin	g to operating	mode		
		According to operating mode   Alone	,				
	1	DHW push			ı		
5070	О	Automatic push	Off				6
5071	0	Off¦On Charging prio time push	0	0	120	min	
3071	U	Configuration	Į0	Į0	120	1111111	
5085	F	Excess heat draw	On				
0000		Off   On					
5090	F	With buffer	No				
	<u> </u>	No ¦ Yes					_
5092	F	With prim contr/system pump No   Yes	No				
5093	F	With solar integration	Yes				•
		No   Yes					
		Speed-controlled pumps				•	
	F	Pump speed min	40	0	Line 5102	%	
5102	+	Pump speed max	100	Line 5101	100	%	
5103		Speed Xp	24	1	100	°C	
5104	_		40	10	650	S	
5105	+		1	0	60	S	
5108				/0	100	%	
5109	0	St speed interm circ pump	40	/ 0	100	%	

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ci .	Мах.	Ħ	Green leaf
Ω≅	ŏ	2	Ď	Min	Š	Unit	ō
		Precontrol of mixing valve	T	•			
	0	Mixing valve boost	0	0	50	°C	
	0	Actuator running time	120	30	650	S	
	0	Mixing valve Xp	24	1	100	°C	
5126	О	Mixing valve Tn	90	10	650	S	
	ı	Transfer of heat					
	F	Transfer strategy Off ¦Always ¦ DHW release	Always				
5131	F	Comparison temp transfer With B3   With B31   With B3 and B31	With B3				
		Stratification storage tank/intermediate circuit					
5140	F	Intermediate circuit boost	2	0	10	°C	
5142	0	Flow setp compensation delay		/ 0	60	s	
5143	0	Flow setp compensation Xp	24	1	100	°C	
5144	0	Flow setp compensation Tn	120	1	650	s	
	0	Flow setp compensation Tv	0	0	60	s	
5146	F	Full charging with B36 No   Yes	No				
5147	0	Min overrun time Q33	10	0	250	S	
5148	F	Min start temp diff Q33	0	/ -20	20	°C	
5156	0	Int circuit actuator run time	120	30	650	s	
5157	0	Int circuit mixing valve Xp	24	1	100	°C	
5158	0	Int circuit mixing valve Tn	90	10	650	s	
5159	О	Use int circuit mixing valve	Always				
		Always   Only hi-temp charging					
		Mixing pump	h				
	F	Legionella funct mixing pump Off   With charging   With charging and duration		arging and dur	ration		
5165	F	Restratification Off   On	Off				
5166	F	Restrat temp min	8	8	95	°C	
5167	F	Restrat temp diff min	8	0	40	°C	
5169	F	Functions Q35 with Q33 No   Yes	No				
		High-temperature charging					
5170	F	Hi-temp charging Off   Own source, heating mode   Own source heat/cool mode   All sources, heating mode	Off				•
5171	F	Hi-temp charging setpoint		/ 40	80	°C	
	0	Hi-temp min ch diff flow	5	/ 0.5	20	°C	
	0	Hi-temp min ch diff hot-gas	10	/ 0.5	20	°C	
	0	DHW high-temp charging, duration start kick		/ 0	120	s	
		DHW heat pump		, ,	1.20		
5177	0	DHW HP off time min	20	0	120	min	
	0	DHW HP source temp min	4	0	20	°C	
	0	DHW HP source pump None   Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2   Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6   Heat circuit pump HC3 Q20   Condenser pump Q9   Cooling circ pump CC1 Q24   Cooling circ pump CC2 Q28	None	1-			

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D	_		Default value				af
ratin	eve	πion	ult v				an le
Operating line	Op. level	Function	Defa	Min	Max.	Unit	Green leaf
	1	eous water heater		_	_		
5406	F	Min setp diff to tank temp	4	/ 0	20	°C	
5407	F	Storage tank setpoint incr	6	0	20	°C	
5530	F	Pump speed min	0	0	Line 5531	%	
5531	0	Pump speed max	100	Line 5530	100	%	
5532	О	Speed Xp	16	1	100	°C	
5533	0	Speed Tn	8	4	650	s	
5534	0	Speed Tv	0	0	60	s	
	F	Actuator running time	15	7.5	480	S	
	0	Mixing valve Xp	20	1	200	°C	
5546	+	0	150	4	650	S	
5547	0	Mixing valve Tv	4.5	0	30	s	
Gener	al f	unctions					
		Delta-T-controller 1		ı	T		
	F	Temp diff on dT contr 1	20	0	40	°C	
	F	Temp diff off dT contr 1	10	0	40	°C	-
-	F	On temp min dT contr 1	0	-30	120	°C	-
5573	F	Sensor 1 dT controller 1	00   DUIM	D24   DUW -:-		D20 I	
		None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor E Swimming pool sensor B13   Collector sensor 2 B61   Buffer ser					
		B70   Special temp sensor 1   Special temp sensor 2   DHW se	ensor B3 ¦ HP	flow sensor B21 ¦	HP return sense	or B71 ¦	
		Outside sensor B9   Source inlet sensor B91   Source outl sens B53   Flue gas temp sensor B8   Solid fuel boiler sensor B22   S					
5574	F	Sensor 2 dT controller 1	olid ldel boli i	et sells D/Z   1 IIII	lary corti seriso	1 1 1 3	
007 1	ľ	None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor B	36 ¦ DHW sen	sor B31 ¦ DHW cir	culation sensor	B39 ¦	
		Swimming pool sensor B13   Collector sensor 2 B61   Buffer ser					
		B70   Special temp sensor 1   <b>Special temp sensor 2</b>   DHW se Outside sensor B9   Source inlet sensor B91   Source outl sens					
		B53   Flue gas temp sensor B8   Solid fuel boiler sensor B22   S	•	•		•	
5575	F	On time min dT contr 1	0	0	250	°C	
5577	F	Pump/valve kick K21	On				
	<u> </u>	Off ¦ On		1			
5578	F	Off temp max dT contr 1		/ -30	120	°C	_
	_	Delta-T-controller 2	Ī.,	10	1.0	Io o	_
	F	Temp diff on dT contr 2	20	0	40	°C	$\vdash$
	F	Temp diff off dT contr 2	10	0	40	°C	+
5582		On temp min dT contr 2	0	-30	120	°C	$\vdash$
5583	F	Sensor 1 dT controller 2 Ditto 5573					
5584	F	Sensor 2 dT controller 2					
3304	ļ'	Ditto 5574					
5585	F	On time min dT contr 2	0	0	250	°C	
5587	F	Pump/valve kick K22	On				
		Off¦On		1			
5588	F	Off temp max dT contr 2		/ -30	120	°C	
	ı	Outside air temperature control 13			T	1	•
ACS	I	Outside air temp control	Summer a	and Winter			
ACC		Off   Summer only   Winter only   Summer and Winter	E	20	20	°C	+
	0	Outside air temp control below outside temp	5 -3	-20	20	°C	+
	0	Outside air temp control, temp diff	30	-20 0	20		+
	0	Outside air temp control, on time min		<u> </u>	255	min	+
ACS	0	Outside air temp control, off time min	30	0	255	min	

Dehumidifier   Dehu	Green leaf
Dehumidifier   S600   F   Air dehumidifier   Off   O	Green le
Dehumidifier   S600   F   Air dehumidifier   Off   O	Gree
Dehumidifier   Section   Dehumidifier   Defi   De	
Second   F	
Off   On   Section   Sec	1
Factor   F	
Face   Release air dehumidifier   24h/day   Time program HC   Time program 5	
24h/day   Time program HC   Time program 5	
Facquisition rel air humidity   None;   With input H1;   With input H2 module 1;   With input H2 module 3;   With input H21 module 2;   With input H22 module 1;   With input H22 module 2;   With input H21 module 2;   With input H22 module 1;   With input H22 module 2;   With input H22 mod	
With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module 2   With input H22 module 2   With input H23 module 3   With input H3	
Presetting	
Presetting	
ACS I Plant diagram selection validity Changed   Unchanged Heating circuits/cooling circuit  5710 I Heating circuit 1 Off   On  5711 I Cooling circuit 1 Off   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling  5712 I Use of mixing valve 1 None   Heating   Cooling   Heating and cooling  5715 I Heating circuit 2 Off   Off   Off    5716 I Cooling circuit 2 Off   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling  5717 I Use of mixing valve 2 None   Heating   Cooling   Heating and cooling  5718 I Heating circuit 3 Off   On  5721 I Heating circuit 3 Off   Off   Off    5722 I Cooling circuit 3 Off   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling  5723 I Use of mixing valve 3  Heating and cooling  Heating and cooling	
Changed   Unchanged   Heating circuits/cooling circuit	
Heating circuits/cooling circuit   S710   I Heating circuit 1	
5710 I Heating circuit 1 Off   On  5711 I Cooling circuit 1 Off   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling  5712 I Use of mixing valve 1 None   Heating   Cooling   Heating and cooling  5715 I Heating circuit 2 Off   On  5716 I Cooling circuit 2 Off   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling  5717 I Use of mixing valve 2 None   Heating   Cooling   Heating and cooling  5721 I Heating circuit 3 Off   On  5722 I Cooling circuit 3 Off   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling  5723 I Use of mixing valve 3 Heating and cooling  Formal Planting   Cooling   2-pipe system cooling  Formal Planting   Cooling   Heating and cooling  Off   On  Formal Planting   Cooling   Heating and cooling  Off   On  Formal Planting   Cooling   Heating and cooling  Formal Planting   Cooling   Heating and cooling  Formal Planting   Cooling   Cooling   Heating and cooling  Formal Planting   Cooling   Cooling	
5711   Cooling circuit 1	
Off   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling  5712   Use of mixing valve 1 None   Heating   Cooling   Heating and cooling  5715   Heating circuit 2 Off   On  5716   Cooling circuit 2 Off   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling  5717   Use of mixing valve 2 None   Heating   Cooling   Heating and cooling  5721   Heating circuit 3 Off  5722   Cooling circuit 3 Off   4-pipe system cooling  2-pipe system cooling  5723   Use of mixing valve 3  Heating and cooling  Frequency  Frequency  Heating and cooling  Off  Heating and cooling	
None   Heating   Cooling   Heating and cooling	
5715   Heating circuit 2 Off   On  5716   Cooling circuit 2 Off   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling  5717   Use of mixing valve 2 None   Heating   Cooling   Heating and cooling  5721   Heating circuit 3 Off   On  5722   Cooling circuit 3 Off   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling  5723   Use of mixing valve 3  Heating and cooling  Heating and cooling	
Off   On   Off   On	
Off   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling  5717   Use of mixing valve 2 Heating and cooling  5721   Heating circuit 3 Off   On  5722   Cooling circuit 3 Off   4-pipe system cooling  2-pipe system cooling  5723   Use of mixing valve 3 Heating and cooling	
5717 I Use of mixing valve 2 None   Heating   Cooling   Heating and cooling  5721 I Heating circuit 3 Off   On  5722 I Cooling circuit 3 Off   4-pipe system cooling  2-pipe system cooling  5723 I Use of mixing valve 3  Heating and cooling  Heating and cooling	
5721 I Heating circuit 3 Off   On  5722 I Cooling circuit 3 Off   4-pipe system cooling  2-pipe system cooling  5723 I Use of mixing valve 3  Off Heating and cooling	
5722 I Cooling circuit 3 Off   4-pipe system cooling  2-pipe system cooling  5723 I Use of mixing valve 3 Heating and cooling	
5723 I Use of mixing valve 3 Heating and cooling	
5700 E DINA ( )	
5728 F DHW storage tank On Off   On	
DHW storage tank/instantaneous water heater	
5731 I DHW ctrl elem Q3 No charging request   Charging pump   Diverting valve	
5734 F Basic position DHW div valve Last request   Heating circuit   DHW	
5736 I DHW separate circuit Off	
Off   On	
5742 F Restart lock pump Q34 Off	
Off   On   On	
Off ¦ On Off	
Consumer circuits	
5750 I Consumer circuit 1 Off   Heating   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling	
5751 I Consumer circuit 2 Off   Heating   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling	

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
		Swimming pool					
5752	I	Swimming pool Off   On	On				
		Heat pump					
	I	Heat source Brine   Water   Air   Externally brine   Externally water   Externally air	Brine				
5803	F	Device address ext source		/ 1	16		
5804	Ο	Source prot sens brine HP Source inlet B91   Source outlet B92	Source in	let B91			
5805	0	Location el imm heater flow After flow sensor B21   Before flow sensor B21   Flow desuperheater	After flow sensor B21				
5806	Ο	Type el imm heater flow  None   3-stage   2-stage excluding   2-stage complementary   1-stage	3-stage				
5807	I	Refrigeration Off   Active and passive cooling   Active cooling   Passive cooling	Off				
5808	I	Cooling system 4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling	2-pipe system cooling				
5810	I	Differential HC at OT -10°C	7	0	20	°C	
5811	I	Output el imm heater K25	10	0.1	99	kW	
5813	ı	Output el imm heater K26	20	0.1	99	kW	
	0	Press acquisition evap H82 None   With input H1   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2   With input H22 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module 2   With input H22 module 3   With input H3	None				
5823	0	Press acquisition cond H83  None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 module 2   With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 3   With input H22 module 3   With input H3	None				
5826	0	Press acquisition EVI H86 Ditto 5822	None				
5827	I	Hum acquis air inlet H91 Ditto 5823	None				
		Solar					
5840	I	Solar controlling element Charging pump   Diverting valve	Charging	pump			
5841	ı	External solar exchanger  Jointly   DHW storage tank   Buffer storage tank	Jointly				
		Buffer storage tank					
5870	I	Combi storage tank No   Yes	No				
5872	I	Output el imm heater K16	10	0.1	99	kW	

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Max.	Unit	Green leaf	
	1	QX/ZX basic unit	1	L				
5890		Relay output QX1  None   Compressor 2 K2   Process revers valve Y22   Hot-gas te   Div valve cool source Y28   System pump Q14   Cascade pump Circulating pump Q4   St tank transfer pump Q11   DHW interm of Collector pump 2 Q16   Solar pump ext exch K9   Solar ctrl elem K16   Cons circuit pump VK1 Q15   Cons circuit pump VK2 Q18 pump speed HC1 Q21   2nd pump speed HC2 Q22   2nd pump s   Heat request K27   Refrigeration request K28   Alarm output K1 ctrl elem Q3   Source pump Q8/fan K19   Condenser pump Q9   circuit pump HC2 Q6   Instant WH ctrl elem Q34   Common flow Cooling circ pump CC1 Q24   Cooling circ pump CC2 Q28   Coorelay K17   Assisted firing fan K30   Crankcase heater K40   Drip Valve injection capillary K83   dT controller 1 K21   dT controller 1 Ventilation fan 3 K53   Ventilation bypass 1 K54   Ventilation byp Q17   Source int circ pump Q81   Source int circ div Y81   DHW 1 Y27   Div valve cooling flow Y29   Conderversing valve Y91   Bu cooling K43   Status info DHW charg K44   Heat/cool circ pump Cstatus info generation K46   Fault info generation K46	o Q25   Heat goirc pump Q33 buffer K8   So   Swimming period HC3 Q2 0   Time prog Compressor sevalve Y13   Dling circ pump tray heater K2 K22   Ventiliass 2 K55   Veneat pump K3 ffer reversing	gen shutoff valve \\ 3 \ DHW mixing pu\\ bolar ctrl elem swi p\\ bolar ctrl \ Suppl\\ bolar CC3   \ \ Suppl\\ bolar \ \ Valve evapor\\ bolar \ \ Valve evapor\\ bolar \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	/4   El imm heate imp Q35   Collec- pool K18   El imn eat circuit pump CC1 Y21   Air de- circuit pump HC source control le /45   Div valve le fuel boiler pump ator K81   Valve /entilation fan 2   3 K56   Outside 2 2 Q44   Div valves info heating K4	er DHW K6   stor pump Q5   n heater buffer HC3 Q20   2nd ehumidifier K29 1 Q2   DHW K32   Heat IC/CC3 Y46   Q10   Flue gas EVI K82   K52   air temp contr e cooling cond 12   Status info		
5891	I	Status info generation K45   Fault info generation K46  Relay output QX2  Ditto 5890	None					
5892	I	Relay output QX3 Ditto 5890	None					
5894	I	Triac output ZX4 Ditto 5890	None					
5895	I	Relay output QX5 Ditto 5890	None					
5896	I	Relay output QX6 Ditto 5890	None					
5897	I	Relay output QX7 Ditto 5890	Compress	sor stage 1 K1				
5898	l	Relay output QX8 Ditto 5890	DHW ctrl	elem Q3				
5899	l	Relay output QX9 Ditto 5890	None					
5900	I	Relay output QX10 Ditto 5890	None					
5901	l	Relay output QX11 Ditto 5890	None					
5902	I	Relay output QX12  Ditto 5890	Source pu	ımp Q8/fan K1	9			
5903	I	Relay output QX13  Ditto 5890	Condense	er pump Q9				
		ZX module basic unit						
5909	l	Function output ZX4-Mod  None   Source pump Q8/fan K19   DHW pump Q3   DHW interm circ pump Q33   Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2   Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6   Heat circuit pump HC3 Q20   Collector pump Q5   Solar pump ext exch K9   Solar pump buffer K8   Solar pump swi pool K18   Collector pump 2 Q16   Instant WH pump Q34   Solid fuel boiler pump Q10   Condenser pump Q9   Heat/cool circ pump 1 Q2   Heat/cool circ pump 2 Q6   Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20   Compressor modulation   Ventilation fan 1 K51   Ventilation fan 2 K52   Ventilation fan 3 K53						

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf		
		BX basic unit	I	I	1				
5930	I	Sensor input BX1  None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor B48   DHW outlet sensor B48   Collector sensor 2 B61   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B70   Special temp sensor 1   Special tereturn sensor B71   Hot-gas sensor B81   Outside sensor B9   Sensor B5   Room setp readjustment 1   Room sensor B52   Roor readjustment 3   Flue gas temp sensor B8   Solid fuel boiler sens   Suction gas sensor EVI B86   Evaporation sensor EVI B87   Deflow sensor 2 B11   Common return sensor B73   Source int circ B88	I DHW circul nsor B64   Bur mp sensor 2   ource inlet se om setp readj sor B22   Solid HW prim conti	ation sensor B39  ffer sensor B42   0  DHW sensor B3   nsor B91   Source ustment 2   Room d fuel boil ret sens sensor B35   Out	Swimming pool Common flow se HP flow sensor outl sens B92/E sensor B53   Ro B72   Suction g side air sensor B	I sensor B13   nsor B10   B21   HP 884   Room oom setp las sensor B85 319   Common			
5931	I	Sensor input BX2 Ditto 5930	None						
5932	I	Sensor input BX3  None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor B6   DHW sensor B31   Hot-gas sensor B82   Refrig sensor liquid B83   DHW charging sensor B36   DHW outlet sensor B38   DHW circulation sensor B39   Swimming pool sensor B13   Collector sensor 2 B61   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   Buffer sensor B42   Common flow sensor B10   Cascade return sensor B70   Special temp sensor 1   Special temp sensor 2   DHW sensor B3   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71   Hot-gas sensor B81   Outside sensor B9   Room sensor B5   Room setp readjustment 1   Room sensor B52   Room setp readjustment 2   Room sensor B53   Room setp readjustment B7   Solid fuel boiler sensor B72   DHW prim contr sensor B35   Outside air sensor B19   Common flow sensor 2 B11   Common return sensor B73							
5933	I	Sensor input BX4 Ditto 5932	None						
5936	I	Sensor input BX7 Ditto 5932	Hot-gas s	ensor B81					
5937	I	Sensor input BX8 Ditto 5932	DHW sen	sor B3					
5938	I	Sensor input BX9 Ditto 5932	Outside s	ensor B9					
5939	I	Sensor input BX10 Ditto 5932	HP flow s	ensor B21					
5940	I	Sensor input BX11 Ditto 5932	None						
5941	l	Sensor input BX12 Ditto 5932	HP return	sensor B71					
5942	I	Sensor input BX13  None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor B6   DHW sensor B31   Hot-gas sensor B82   Refrig sensor liquid B83   DHW charging sensor B36   DHW outlet sensor B38   DHW circulation sensor B39   Swimming pool sensor B13   Collector sensor 2 B61   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   Buffer sensor B42   Common flow sensor B10   Cascade return sensor B70   Special temp sensor 1   Special temp sensor 2   DHW sensor B3   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71   Hot-gas sensor B81   Outside sensor B9   Source inlet sensor B91   Source outl sens B92/B84   Room sensor B5   Room setp readjustment 1   Room sensor B52   Room setp readjustment 2   Room sensor B53   Room setp readjustment 3   Flue gas temp sensor B8   Solid fuel boiler sensor B22   Solid fuel boil ret sens B72  Suction gas sensor B85   Suction gas sensor EVI B86   Evaporation sensor EVI B87   DHW prim contr sensor B35   Outside air sensor B19   Common flow sensor 2 B11   Common return sensor B73   Source int circ flow B93   Source int circ return B94   Suction gas sensor cool B88							
5943	I	Sensor input BX14 Ditto 5942	Source ou B92/B84	ıtl sens					

Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
5950	I	Function input H1  None   Op'mode change zones+DHW   Optg mode changeover zone 1   Op'mode changeover zone 2   Op'mode changeover zone zone zone zone zone zone zone zone	one 3   Error/a se swi pool so IC1   Room th icr hygro   Swi I   Ventilation umer request	alarm message   C lar   Operating lev nermostat HC2   R i-on command HP switch 1   Ventilati VK2 10V   Pressu	onsumer requesel DHW   Operation oom thermostatestage 1   Swi-oron switch 2   Vere measurement	st VK1   ting level HC1   HC3   DHW n command HP ntilation switch : 10V   Humidity	,
5951	I	Contact type H1	NO				
5953	I	Input value 1 H1	0	0	1000	-	
5954	I	Function value 1 H1	0	-100	500	-	
5955	I	Input value 2 H1	10	0	1000	-	
5956	I	Function value 2 H1	100	-100	500	-	
5957	l	Temperature sensor H1 None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71	None				
	1	H3 basic unit					
5960	I	Function input H3 Ditto 5950					
5961	I	Contact type H3 NC   NO	NO				
5963	I	Input value 1 H3	0	0	1000	_	
5964	I	Function value 1 H3	0	-100	500	_	
5965	I	Input value 2 H3	10	0	1000	-	
5966	I	Function value 2 H3	100	-100	500	-	
5967	I	Temperature sensor H3  None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71	None				
5980	I	EX/E basic unit  Function input EX1  None   Electrical utility lock E6   Low-tariff E5   Overload come E26   Flow switch source E15   Flow switch consumers E24   M E25   Low-pressure switch E9   High-pressure switch E10   Oversupervision E21   Fault soft starter 2 E27   Pressure diff defrost	anual defrost rload compre	E17 ¦ Common fa ssor 1 E11 ¦ Error/	ult HP E20 ¦ Fau alarm message	lt soft starter ¦Mains	
		Smart grid E61   Smart grid E62   Low-pressure switch 2 E31   Photovoltaics E64   SHC error message E34   SHC 2 error mes	High-pressur				
5981	0	Cont type input EX1	NO				
5982	ı	Function input EX2 Ditto 5980	Low-tariff	E5			
5983	0	Cont type input EX2 NC   NO	NO				
5984	I	Function input EX3 Ditto 5980		source E14			
	0	Cont type input EX3 NC   NO	NO				
5986	I	Function input EX4 Ditto 5980	Pressure E26	switch source			
5987	0	Cont type input EX4	NO				

Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
5988	I	Function input EX5  None   Electrical utility lock E6   Low-tariff E5   Overload compre E26   Flow switch source E15   Flow switch consumers E24   N E25   3-phase current   Low-pressure switch E9   High-pressure message   Mains supervision E21   Fault soft starter 2 E27   Pre source int circ E30   Smart grid E61   Smart grid E62   Low-pressure message E33   Photovoltaics E64   SHC error message E34   Si	Manual defros switch E10 ¦ ssure diff def sure switch 2	st E17 ¦ Common f Overload compres rost E28 ¦ Pres sw E31 ¦ High-pressu	ault HP E20 ¦ Fa sor 1 E11 ¦ Erro source int circ E	ault soft starter r/alarm E29 ¦ Flow sw	
5989	0	Cont type input EX5	NO	-			
5990	I	Function input EX6 Ditto 5988	Flow swite	ch consumers	E24		
5991	0	Cont type input EX6	NO				
5992	I	Function input EX7 Ditto 5988	None				
5993	0	Cont type input EX7	NO				
5996	I	Function input EX9 Ditto 5980	Low-press	sure switch E9			
5997	I	Function input EX10 Ditto 5980	High-pressure switch E10				
5998	I	Function input EX11 Ditto 5980		compressor 1			
5999	0	Cont type input EX9	NC				
6000	0	Cont type input EX10	NC				
6001	0	Cont type input EX11	NC				
	•	Mixing groups 1 basic unit	•				
6014	I	Function mixing group 1  Multifunctional   Heating circuit 1   Heating circuit 2   Heating ci Instantaneous water heater   Cooling circuit 1   Heating circ/coolin Heating circ/cooling circ 2   Cooling circuit 3   Heating circ/coolin UX1 (10V/PWM) basic unit	ing circ 1 ¦ Re	et temp contr sol fu	iel boil   Cooling		
6070	I	Function output UX1  None   Source pump Q8/fan K19   DHW pump Q3   DHW interm pump HC2 Q6   Heat circuit pump HC3 Q20   Collector pump Q8 pump swi pool K18   Collector pump 2 Q16   Instant WH pump GHeat/cool circ pump 1 Q2   Heat/cool circ pump 2 Q6   Heat/cool kefrigeration request   Compressor modulation   Expansion val K51   Ventilation fan 2 K52   Ventilation fan 3 K53	5 ¦ Solar pum 234 ¦ Solid fue I circ pump 3	p ext exch K9 ¦ So el boiler pump Q10 Q20 ¦ HP setpoint	lar pump buffer )	K8 ¦ Solar ump Q9 ¦ it ¦ Heat request	
6071	I	Signal logic output UX1 Standard   Inverted	Standard				
6072	I	Signal output UX1 010V   PWM	010V				
6075	I	Temp value 10V UX1	100	5	130	°C	
6076	О	Output voltage UX1	10	0	10	V	
		UX2 (10V/PWM) basic unit					
6078	I	Function output UX2	None				
		Ditto 6070					

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ا ج	×	æ	Green leaf
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6079	I	Signal logic output UX2 Standard   Inverted	Standa	rd			
6080	I	Signal output UX2 010V   PWM	010V				
6084	ī	Temp value 10V UX2	100	5	130	°C	
6087	0	Output voltage UX2	10	0	10	V	
		Sensor types/readjustments	•	•	•	•	
6096	0	Sensor type device NTC 10k/1k   NTC 5k	NTC 10	)k/1k			
6097	F	Sensor type collector NTC   Pt 1000	NTC				
6098	F	Readjustm collector sensor	0	-20	20	°C	
	F	Readjustm coll sensor 2	0	-20	20	°C	
	F	Readjustm outside sensor	0.0	-3.0	3.0	°C	•
	F	Sensor type flue gas temp	NTC				
6102	F	Readjustm flue gas sensor	0	-20	20	°C	
6104	F	Sensor type solar flow/ret	NTC				
6105	F	Sensor type HP flow/return NTC   Pt 1000	NTC				
6106	F	Sens type source in-/outlet NTC   Pt 1000	NTC				
		Building and room model	•			1	
6110	F	Time constant building	20	0	50	h	•
	•	Setpoint compensation		•		•	
6114	0	Setp compensation Xp	24	1	100	°C	
6115	0	Setp compensation Tn	120	10	650	s	
6116	0	Time constant setp compens	0	0	14		
6117	F	Central setp compensation	20	/ 1	100	°C	
6118	0	Setpoint drop delay	10	/ 1	200	K/min	
6119	F	Central setp compens cooling	-5	/ -20	-1	°C	
		Pump/valve					
6120	F	Frost protection plant Off   On	On				
6123	F	Restart lock pumps		/ 0	600	s	
		Static pressure supervision					
6140	0	Water pressure max	3	/ 0	10	bar	
6141	0	Water pressure min	0.8	/ 0	10	bar	
6142	0	Water pressure critical min	0.5	/ 0	10	bar	
6148	F	Static press supervision 1  None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With module 3   With input H3					1
6150	0	Water pressure 2 max	3	/ 0	10	bar	
6151	0	Water pressure 2 min	0.8	/ 0	10	bar	
6152	0	Water press 2 critical min	0.5	/ 0	10	bar	
6154	F	Static press supervision 2 Ditto 6148	None				
6180	0	Water pressure 3 max	3	/ 0	10	bar	
6181	0	Water pressure 3 min	0.8	/ 0	10	bar	
	0	Water press 3 critical min	0.5	/ 0	10	bar	
6184	F	Static press supervision 3	None				

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		Ditto 6148						
		Parameter reset						
6200	F	Save sensors No   Yes	No					
6201	F	Reset sensors No   Yes	No					
6204	F	Save parameters No   Yes	No					
6205	F	Reset to default parameters No   Yes	No					
	1	Plant diagrams						
6212	I	Check no. heat source 1	_	0	199999	_		
6213	ı	Check no. heat source 2	_	0	199999	-		
6215	i	Check no. storage tank	_	0	199999	-		
6217	i	Check no. heating circuits	_	0	199999	_		
0217		Device data	_	10	100000			
6220	ı	Software version		0	99			
6221	0	Development index	-	0	65535	-		
	0	Device hours run	<b>-</b>	0	20833	-  h	-	
6228	_	Bootloader version	-	0	•	h		
	0		-		65535	-	-	
6229	0	Eeprom version	1	0	65535	-		
6345	0	Code commissioning	-	0	99999	-	-	
6346	0	Code engineer	-	0	99999	-	-	
	1.	Room sensors 10V to Hx						
6290	I	Acquisition room temp 1  None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 3   With input H31 module 3   With input H3	odule 2 ¦ Witl H22 module	h input H2 module 1 ¦ With input H22	3   With input H module 2   With	21 module 1 ¦ input H22		
6291	I	Acquisition room temp 2  None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 3   With input H31 module 3   With input H3						
6292	I	Acquisition room temp 3 None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 m With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input module 3   With input H3						
6293	I	Acquisition room rh 1  None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 m With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input module 3   With input H3						
6294	I	Acquisition room rh 2 None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 m With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input module 3   With input H3						
6295	I	Acquisition room rh 3  None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 m  With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input module 3   With input H3						
6296	I	Acquis room air quality 1  None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 m  With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input module 3   With input H3						
6297	I	Acquis room air quality 2  None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 m  With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input module 3   With input H3	odule 2 ¦ Witl H22 module	h input H2 module 1 ¦ With input H22	3   With input H module 2   With	21 module 1 ¦ input H22		

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6298	ı	Acquis room air quality 3					
		None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 m					
		With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input	H22 module	1 ¦ With input H22	module 2   With	input H22	
ACS	F	module 3 ¦ With input H3 Partial diagram heat circuit 1					
	F	Partial diagram cooling circuit 1					
	F	Partial diagram heat circuit 2					
ACS	Г	Partial diagram cooling circuit 2					
ACS	Г	Partial diagram heat circuit 3					
ACS							
	F	Partial diagram cooling circuit 3					
	F	Partial diagram ventilation 1					
	F	Partial diagram ventilation 2					
ACS	F	Partial diagram ventilation 3					
	F	Partial diagram Consumer circuit 1					
	F	Partial diagram Consumer circuit 2					
ACS	<u> </u>	Partial diagram swimming pool circuit					
	F	Partial diagram swimming pool					
	F	Partial diagram converter					
	F	Partial diagram converter 2					
	F	Selection of partial diagram heat pump					
ACS	F	Partial diagram suppl source					
	F	Partial diagram hydraulic balancing					
ACS	F	Cascade status Inactive   Active	-				
ACS	F	Partial diagram solar collector					
ACS	F	Partial diagram solid fuel boiler					
-	F	Partial diagram buffer					
ACS	F	Partial diagram dhw storage					
	F	Partial diagram instantaneous heater					
	F						
-	F	Modbus interface available					
LPB s	vst		l.				
6600	ı	Device address	1	0	16	I-	
6601	F	Segment address	0	0	14	_	
		Bus power supply function	Automatic	1-			
		Off   Automatically	ratorriatio				
6605	F	Bus power supply state Off ¦ On	On				
6610	0	Display system messages No ¦ Yes	Yes				
6612	0	Alarm delay		/2	60	min	
6620	F	Action changeover functions Segment   System	System				
6621	F	Summer changeover Locally   Centrally	Locally				
6623	F	Optg mode changeover Locally   Centrally	Centrally				
6625		DHW assignment All HC/CC locally   All HC/CC in segment   All HC/CC in system	All HC/CC	in system			
6627		Refrigeration request Locally   Centrally	Centrally				
6630	F	Cascade master	Automatic	ally			
1		Always   Automatically		,		1	

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6632		Note OT limit ext source No   Yes	Yes				
6640		Clock mode	Autonom	ously			
		Autonomously   Slave without remote setting   Slave with remote setting   Master					
6650		Outside temp source	-	S0/G1	S14/G16	-	
Modbu		,	•		-1		
6651	I	Slave address		/ 1	247	-	
6652	l	Baud rate 1'200   2'400   4'800   9'600   19'200   38'400   57'600   76'800   115'200	19'200				
6653	I	Parity Even   Odd   None	Even				
6654	ı	Stop bit	1	1	2	_	
	0	Modbus OV version	1	0	9999	-	
<b>—</b>		Master loss detection		0	600 -	1	
6660		Slave address port 1	1	/ 1	247	-	
6661		Device port 1 None   OEM   Pump Grundfos   Pump Wilo   Fan Ebm-papst   Inverter Invertek	None	•			
6662	l	Function port 1 None     Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20	None				
6665	ı	Slave address port 2	1	/ 1	247	_	
6666	l	Device port 2	None				
		None					
6667	I	Function port 2 None     Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20	None				
6670	l	Slave address port 3	1	/ 1	247	-	
6671	l	Device port 3	None				
		None ¦ OEM ¦ Pump Grundfos ¦ Pump Wilo ¦ Fan Ebm-papst ¦ Inverter Invertek					
6672	I	Function port 3 None     Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20	None				
6675	ı	Slave address port 4	1	/ 1	247	_	
6676	İ	Device port 4	None	, , ,			
		None ¦ OEM ¦ Pump Grundfos ¦ Pump Wilo ¦ Fan Ebm-papst ¦ Inverter Invertek					
6677	I	Function port 4 None     Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20	None				
6680	l	Slave address port 5	1	/ 1	247	-	
6681		Device port 5 None   OEM   Pump Grundfos   Pump Wilo   Fan Ebm-papst   Inverter Invertek	None	•			
6682		Function port 5 None     Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20	None				
6685	l	Slave address port 6	1	/ 1	247	-	$\dashv$
6686		Device port 6 None   OEM   Pump Grundfos   Pump Wilo   Fan Ebm-papst   Inverter Invertek	None				
6687	I	Function port 6 None     Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20	None				
6690	l	Slave address port 7	1	/ 1	247	-	$\dashv$
6691		Device port 7 None   OEM   Pump Grundfos   Pump Wilo   Fan Ebm-papst   Inverter Invertek	None	•			

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6692	I	Function port 7 None     Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20	None				
6695	1	Slave address port 8	1	/ 1	247		
	i I	Device port 8	None	/	241		
0090		None   OEM   Pump Grundfos   Pump Wilo   Fan Ebm-papst   Inverter Invertek	None				
6697	I	Function port 8 None     Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20	None				
Modb	us	expert (ACS)					
		Modbus response timeout	300	100	10000	ms	
ACS	I	Source error by Modbus error	Yes	1222	1222		
Port 1	8	· ·					
		Byte order	big Endi	an			
		little Endian   big Endian		···			
ACS	I	Modbus function QX dito 5890					
ACS	I	Modbus function code QX No function   Write single coil   Write single register	No func	tion			
ACS	I	Modbus register address QX	0	0	65535		
ACS	I	Modbus data type QX Boolean   sign 16 bit   unsign 16 bit	sign 16	bit			
ACS	I	Modbus bit mask QX	65535	0	65535		
ACS	I	Modbus multiplicator QX	1	-32768	32767		
ACS	I	Modbus divisor QX	1	-32768	32767		
ACS	I	Modbus offset QX	0	-32768	32767		
ACS	I	Modbus function UX					
ACS	I	Modbus function code UX No function   Write single coil   Write single register	No func	tion			
ACS	ı	Modbus register address UX	0	0	65535		
ACS	l	Modbus data type UX	sign 16		00000		
400		Boolean   sign 16 bit   unsign 16 bit	05505		05505		
ACS	-	Modbus bit mask UX	65535	0	65535		
ACS	1	Modbus multiplicator UX	1	-32768	32767		
ACS		Modbus divisor UX	0	-32768	32767 32767		
ACS		Modbus offset UX	_	-32768	32/0/		
ACS		Modbus function code state  No function   Read coils   Read discrete inputs   Read holding registers   Read input registers	No func	tion			
ACS	ı	Modbus register address state	0	0	65535		
ACS	İ	Modbus data type state Boolean   sign 16 bit   unsign 16 bit	sign 16		00000		
ACS	Ī	Modbus bit mask state	65535	0	65535		
ACS	-	Modbus multiplicator state	1	-32768	32767		
ACS	Ī	Modbus divisor state	1	-32768	32767		
ACS		Modbus offset state	0	-32768	32767		
ACS		Modbus function code UX feedback	No func	1			
, 100		No function   Read coils   Read discrete inputs   Read holding registers   Read input registers	140 Idilo				
ACS	I	Modbus register address UX feedback	0	0	65535		
	I	Modbus data type UX feedback Boolean   sign 16 bit   unsign 16 bit	sign 16	bit			

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erat	Op. level	Function	Default value	نے ا	×	<u></u>	Green leaf
Operating line	do	Fur	Det	Min	Мах	Unit	Gre
ACS	I	Modbus bit mask UX feedback	65535	0	65535		
ACS	I	Modbus multiplicator UX feedback	1	-32768	32767		
ACS	I	Modbus divisor UX feedback	1	-32768	32767		
ACS	I	Modbus offset UX feedback	0	-32768	32767		
ACS	ı	Modbus function BX					
		dito 5930 plus Special temp sensor 38					
ACS	I	Modbus function code BX	No functi	on			
		No function   Read coils   Read discrete inputs   Read holding					
		registers   Read input registers	-	Ta			_
ACS	I	Modbus register address BX	0	0	65535		
ACS	I	Modbus data type BX	sign 16 b	it			
100		Boolean   sign 16 bit   unsign 16 bit	05505	To	05505		+
ACS	l	Modbus bit mask BX	65535	0	65535		_
ACS	I	Modbus multiplicator BX	1	-32768	32767		
ACS	I	Modbus divisor BX	1	-32768	32767		
ACS	I	Modbus offset BX	0	-32768	32767		
ACS	I	Modbus function EX					
		dito 5980					
ACS	I	Modbus function code EX	No functi	on			
		No function   Read coils   Read discrete inputs   Read holding					
		registers   Read input registers		1_			_
ACS	I	Modbus register address EX	0	0	65535		
ACS	I	Modbus data type EX	sign 16 b	it			
400		Boolean   sign 16 bit   unsign 16 bit		10	05505	+	+
ACS	!	Modbus bit mask EX	0	0	65535		_
ACS	l	Modbus multiplicator EX	1	-32768	32767		_
ACS	I	Modbus divisor EX	1	-32768	32767		
ACS	I	Modbus offset EX	0	-32768	32767		
ACS	I	Modbus compare value EX		0	65535		
ACS	I	Modbus function output 1	0	0	65535		
ACS	I	Modbus function code output 1 No function   Write single coil   Write single register	No functi	on			
ACS	ı	Modbus register address output 1	0	0	65535		+
ACS	<u>.</u>	Modbus data type output 1	sign 16 b		00000		+
ACS	ľ	Boolean   sign 16 bit   unsign 16 bit	Sign 10 b	ıı			
ACS	ı	Modbus bit mask output 1	65535	0	65535		
ACS	ı	Modbus multiplicator output 1	1	-32768	32767		
ACS	İ	Modbus divisor output 1	1	-32768	32767		+
ACS	i	Modbus offset output 1	0	-32768	32767		
	÷	•			02101		+
ACS	I	Modbus function code input 1 No function   Read coils   Read discrete inputs   Read holding registers   Read input registers	No function	on			
ACS	ı	Modbus register address input 1	0	0	65535	1	+
ACS	i	Modbus data type input 1	sign 16 b				
	Ľ	Boolean   sign 16 bit   unsign 16 bit	J.g., 10 b	· <del>-</del>			
ACS	I	Modbus bit mask input 1	65535	0	65535		
ACS	I	Modbus multiplicator input 1	1	-32768	32767		
ACS	ı	Modbus divisor input 1	1	-32768	32767		$\top$
ACS	ı	Modbus offset input 1	0	-32768	32767		
Fault	<u> -</u>	j		, 52. 55	10=70.		
6710	ı	Reset alarm relay	No				
		No   Yes					
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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ċ	×	.=	Green leaf
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6711	I	Reset HP	No				
0740	_	No ¦ Yes		1.40	0.40		-
	F	Flow temp 1 alarm		/ 10	240	min	-
	F	Flow temp 2 alarm		/ 10	240	min	-
6742	_	Flow temp 3 alarm		/ 10	240	min	-
6745		DHW charging alarm		/1	48	h	-
6746		Flow temp cooling 1 alarm		/ 10	240	min	_
_	F	Flow temp cooling 2 alarm		/ 10	240	min	-
	F	Flow temp cooling 3 alarm		/ 10	240	min	_
	F	History 1	-				-
	F	Error code 1	-	0	255	-	_
	F	History 2	-				-
	F	Error code 2	-	0	255	-	_
6804		History 3	-				
	F	Error code 3	-	0	255	-	
	F	History 4	-				
6807	F	Error code 4	-	0	255	-	
6808	F	History 5	-				
6809	F	Error code 5	-	0	255	-	
6810	F	History 6	-				
6811	F	Error code 6	-	0	255	-	
6812	F	History 7	-				
6813	F	Error code 7	-	0	255	_	
6814	F	History 8	-				
6815	F	Error code 8	-	0	255	_	
6816	F	History 9	-				
6817	F	Error code 9	-	0	255	_	
6818	F	History 10	-				
6819	F	Error code 10	-	0	255	_	
6820	0	Reset history No   Yes	No			-	
ACS	0	Repetition Error 107:Hot-gas compressor 1	2	/ 0	50	-	
ACS	0	Repetition Error 108:Hot-gas compressor 2	2	/0	50	-	
ACS	0	Repetition Error 134:Disturbance heat pump		/0	50	-	
ACS	0	Repetition Error 204:Fan fault (overload)	2	/ 0	50	-	
ACS	0	Repetition Error 222:High-pressure HP	2	/ 0	50	-	
ACS	0	Repetition Error 225:Low-pressure HP	2	/0	50	-	
	0	Repetition Error 226:Compressor 1 overload	2	/0	50	-	
	0	Repetition Error 227:Compressor 2 overload	2	/0	50	-	
	0	Repetition Error 228:Flow switch heat source	2	/0	50	-	
	0	Repetition Error 229:Pressure switch heat source	2	/ 0	50	_	
	0	Repetition Error 230:Source pump overload	2	/ 0	50	_	1
	0	Rep Error 355/385:Three-phase current/undervolt	2	/ 0	50	_	1
	0	Repetition Error 356:Flow switch consumers	2	/0	50	-	1
	0	Repetition Error 358/483: Soft starter		/0	50	-	1
	0	Repetition Error 491:Max evaporation temp	2	/0	50	-	+
	0	Repetition error 504:Press diff process reversal	2	/0	50	-	+
	0	Repetition error 529/530: Superheat controller	2	/0	50	-	+
		pecial operation	ı <del>-</del>	, , ,	100		
	E	Maintenance message	_	0	360	-	
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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Max.	Unit	Green leaf
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ACS	I	Responsibility for message				445	
		No display of responsibility   Only display phone no   Service Refrigeration engineer   Hotline	e ¦ Customer s	ervice ; installer ; J	ianitor ¦ Adminis	tration ;	
ACS	I	Telephone responsibility for message	-	0	255	-	
ACS	F	Displ event message electr immers heater	Yes	0	1	-	
		Yes ¦ No					
7070	I	HP interval		/ 1	240	Month	
7071	I	HP time since maint	0	0	240	Month	
7072	I	Max starts compr1/hrs run		/ 0.1	12.0	-	
7073	I	Cur starts compr1/hrs run	0	0	12.0	-	
7074	I	Max starts compr2/hrs run		/ 0.1	12.0	-	
7075	I	Cur starts compr2/hrs run	0	0	12.0	-	
7076	I	Diff condens max/week		/ 1	250	-	
7077	I	Cur diff condens max/week	0	0	250		
7078	I	Diff condens min/week		/ 1	250	_	
7079	I	Cur diff condens min/week	0	0	250	-	
7080	I	Diff evap max/week		/ 1	250	-	
7081	I	Cur diff evap max/week	0	0	250	-	
7082	I	Diff evap min/week		/ 1	250	-	
7083	l	Cur diff evap min/week	0	0	250	-	
7084	Е	Maint interval ventilation 1	0	100	10000	h	
7085	Е	Time since maint vent'n 1	0	0	10000	h	
7086	Е	Maint interval ventilation 2	0	100	10000	h	
7087	Е	Time since maint vent'n 2	0	0	10000	h	
7088	Е	Maint interval ventilation 3	0	100	10000	h	
7089	Е	Time since maint vent'n 3	0	0	10000	h	
7090	I	DHW storage tank interval		/ 1	240	Month	
7091	I	DHW stor tank since maint	0	0	240	Month	
7092	I	DHW charg temp HP min	40	/ 8	80	°C	
7093	I	Curr DHW charg temp HP	-	8	80	°C	
7119	F	Economy function  Locked   Released	Locked				•
7120	Ε	Economy mode Off   On	Off				•
7124	F	Substitute setpoint source	60		8	95	
7125	_	Modbus T'out sub setpsourc			/ 0	600	
7126		Modbus T'out sub setpcasc			/0	600	
	1	LPB T'out sub setp source			/0	600	
	F	Chimney sweep function  Off   On	Off				
7141	Е	Emergency operation Off   On	Off				
7142	F	Emergency op function type  Manually   Automatically	Manua	lly			
7150	I	Simulation outside temp		/ -50	50	°C	
7152	I	Triggering defrost No   Yes	No		-		
7153	I	Pumping off refrigerant  Off   On	Off				
7154	F	Release wo source prot	0		0	240	
7167	ı	Commissioning wizard	On		-	1.5	
		On   Off					

Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
7180	0	Text responsibility  No display of responsibility   Only display of phone no.   Service   Customer service   Installer   Janitor   Administration   Refrigeration engineer   Hotline	No display	y of responsibi	lity		
7181	I	Phone no. responsibility 1		0	16	Digits	
7182	0	Text responsibility 2 No display of responsibility   Only display of phone no.   Service   Customer service   Installer   Janitor   Administration   Refrigeration engineer   Hotline	No display	y of responsibi	lity		
7183	I	Phone no. responsibility 2		0	16	Digits	
7184	0	Text responsibility 3  No display of responsibility   Only display of phone no.   Service   Customer service   Installer   Janitor   Administration   Refrigeration engineer   Hotline	No display	y of responsibi	lity		
7185	0	Phone no. responsibility 3		0	16	Digits	
7186	0	Text responsibility 4  No display of responsibility   Only display of phone no.   Service   Customer service   Installer   Janitor   Administration   Refrigeration engineer   Hotline	No display of responsibility				
7187	0	Phone no. responsibility 4		0	16	Digits	
7188	0	Text responsibility 5  No display of responsibility   Only display of phone no.   Service   Customer service   Installer   Janitor   Administration   Refrigeration engineer   Hotline	No display	y of responsibi	lity		
7189	0	Phone no. responsibility 5		0	16	Digits	
7202	I	Commissioning heat pump Off   Heating mode   Cooling mode	Off				
7207	I	Outp selection HP modulating	0	0	100	%	
7212	I	Outp selection HP multistage Off   Compressor 1   Compressor 2   Compressor 1+2	Off				
7223	F	Disable heat pump Inactive ¦ Active	Inactive				
7226	0	Monitoring heat pump On ¦ Critical only	On				

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βL	<u></u>		Default value				eaf			
Operating line	Op. level	Function	ault		×	_	Green leaf			
Ope	o o	P P	Def	Min	Max	Unit	Gre			
Config	g ex	tension module								
		Module 1								
7300	I	Function extension module 1  None   Multifunctional   Heating circuit 1   Heating circuit 2   He  DHW primary controller   Instantaneous water heater   Cooling circuit 2   Heating circ/cooling circ 2   Cooling circuit 3   Heating	ircuit 1 ¦ Heat	ting circ/cooling cir	rc 1 ¦ Solid fuel b	oiler   Cooling				
7301		Div valve cool source Y28   System pump Q14   Cascade pum Circulating pump Q4   St tank transfer pump Q11   DHW interm Collector pump 2 Q16   Solar pump ext exch K9   Solar ctrl elem K16   Cons circuit pump VK1 Q15   Cons circuit pump VK2 Q18 2nd pump speed HC1 Q21   2nd pump speed HC2 Q22   2nd pu K29   Heat request K27   Refrigeration request K28   Alarm outp DHW ctrl elem Q3   Source pump Q8/fan K19   Condenser pum Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6   Instant WH ctrl elem Q34   Common Y46   Cooling circ pump CC1 Q24   Cooling circ pump CC2 Q28 Flue gas relay K17   Assisted firing fan K30   Crankcase heater K82   Valve injection capillary K83   dT controller 1 K21   dT con Ventilation fan 3 K53   Ventilation bypass 1 K54   Ventilation by Q17   Source int circ pump Q81   Source int circ div Y81   DHW Y27   Div valve cooling flow Y29   Cond reversing valve Y91   Bu								
7302	I	Relay output QX22 module 1 Ditto 7301								
7303	I	Relay output QX23 module 1 Ditto 7301								
7307	I	Sensor input BX21 module 1  None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor B1  liquid B83   DHW charging sensor B36   DHW outlet sensor B38  Collector sensor 2 B61   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return se  Cascade return sensor B70   Special temp sensor 1   Special te  return sensor B71   Hot-gas sensor B81   Outside sensor B9   S  sensor B5   Room setp readjustment 1   Room sensor B52   Ro  readjustment 3   Flue gas temp sensor B8   Solid fuel boiler sen    Suction gas sensor EVI B86   Evaporation sensor EVI B87   DI  flow sensor 2 B11   Common return sensor B73   Source int circle  B88	8   DHW circul nsor B64   Bu mp sensor 2   ource inlet se om setp readj sor B22   Soli HW prim conti	ation sensor B39 ffer sensor B42   0 DHW sensor B3 nsor B91   Source ustment 2   Room d fuel boil ret sens r sensor B35   Out	Swimming pool Common flow se HP flow sensor outl sens B92/E sensor B53   Ro B72   Suction g side air sensor I	I sensor B13   nsor B10   B21   HP 884   Room oom setp las sensor B85 B19   Common				
7308	I	Sensor input BX22 module 1 Ditto 7307								
7311	1									
7312	I	Contact type H2 module 1	NO							
7314	I	Voltage value 1 H2 module 1	0	0	10	V				
7315	I	Funct value 1 H2 module 1	0	-100	500		Ш			
7316	I	Voltage value 2 H2 module 1	10	0	10	V	Ш			
7317	<u> </u>	Funct value 2 H2 module 1	100	-100	500		$\square$			
7318	I	Temp sensor H2 module 1  None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71	None							

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
7321	I	Function input H21 module 1					
		None   Op'mode change zones+DHW   Optg mode changeover zone 1   Op'mode changeover zone 2   Op'mode changeover zone 2   Op'mode changeover zone 2   Op'mode changeover zone zone zone zone zone zone zone zone					
		Consumer request VK2   Release swi pool source heat   Release					
		Operating level HC2   Operating level HC3   Room thermostat F	IC1   Room th	nermostat HC2 ¦ R	oom thermostat	HC3   DHW	
		flow switch   Pulse count   Dewpoint monitor   Flow temp setp in stage 2   Status info suppl source   Charg prio DHW sol fuel boil					
		3   Flow measurement Hz   Consumer request VK1 10V   Consu					
		measurement 10V   Room temp 10V   Flow measurement 10V		rement 10V   Air	quality measurer	ment 10V	
7322	I	Contact type H21 module 1 NC ¦ NO	NO	1			
7324	I	Input value 1 H21 module 1	0	0	1000		
7325	I	Funct value 1 H21 module 1	0	-100	500		
7326	I	Input value 2 H21 module 1	10	0	1000		
7327	I	Funct value 2 H21 module 1	100	-100	500		
7328	I	Temp sensor H21 module 1	None			-	
		None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71					
7331	I	Function input H22 module 1 Ditto 7321	-1			<u>I</u>	
7332	ı	Contact type H22 module 1	NO				
		NC ¦ NO		_			
7334	I	Input value 1 H22 module 1	0	0	1000		
7335	<u> </u>	Funct value 1 H22 module 1	0	-100	500		
7336	<u>                                     </u>	Input value 2 H22 module 1	10	0	1000		
7337	<u>                                     </u>	Funct value 2 H22 module 1	100	-100	500		
7338	I	Temp sensor H22 module 1 None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP	None				
		flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71					
7341	I	Voltage out GX21 module 1 5 Volt   12 Volt	5 Volt				
7342	I	Funct input EX21 module 1					
		None   Electrical utility lock E6   Low-tariff E5   Overload compre E26   Flow switch source E15   Flow switch consumers E24   Ma					
		E25   Low-pressure switch E9   High-pressure switch E10   Ove					
		supervision E21 ¦ Fault soft starter 2 E27 ¦ Pressure diff defrost	E28   Pres sw	source int circ E2	29 ¦ Flow sw sou	rce int circ E30	
		Smart grid E61   Smart grid E62   Low-pressure switch 2 E31   Photovoltaics E64   SHC error message E34   SHC 2 error mes		e switch 2 E32 ¦ L	efrost message	E33 ¦	
7343	0	Cont type inp EX21 module 1	NO				
7348	<u> </u>	Funct output UX21 module 1			ı		
7 0 40	ľ	None   Source pump Q8/fan K19   DHW pump Q3   DHW intern	n circ pump Q	33 ¦ Heat circuit p	ump HC1 Q2 ¦ F	leat circuit	
		pump HC2 Q6   Heat circuit pump HC3 Q20   Collector pump Q	5 ¦ Solar pum	p ext exch K9 ¦ Sc	lar pump buffer	K8 ¦ Solar	
		pump swi pool K18   Collector pump 2 Q16   Instant WH pump 0 Heat/cool circ pump 1 Q2   Heat/cool circ pump 2 Q6   Heat/cool					
		Refrigeration request   Compressor modulation   Expansion va					1
		K51   Ventilation fan 2 K52   Ventilation fan 3 K53	· ·			1	
7349	I	Sign logic out UX21 module1 Standard   Inverted	Standard				
7350	I	Signal output UX21 module 1 010V   PWM	010V				
7354	I	Temp val 10V UX21 module1	100	5	130	°C	
7355	I	Funct output UX22 module 1 Ditto 7348					
7356	I	Sign logic out UX22 module1 Standard   Inverted	Standard				
7357		Signal output UX22 module 1 010V   PWM	010V				

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
7361	ı	Temp val 10V UX22 module1	100	5	130	°C	$\vdash$
7362	0	Funct output WX21 module 1 None   Expansion valve evapor V81   Expansion valve EVI V82	None	<u> </u>	130		
ACS	0	Operating mode WX21 module 1 Halbschritt   Vollschritt 1-phasig	Halbschri	tt			
ACS	0	Rotating direction WX21 module 1 Standard   Inverted	Inverted				
ACS	0	Step rate WX21 module 1	30	30	300	-	
ACS	0	Number of steps WX21 module 1	500	0	6400	-	
ACS	0	Steps at setpoint 0% WX21 module 1	12	0	6400	-	
ACS	0	Steps at setpoint 100% WX21 module 1	500	0	6400	-	
ACS	0	Steps overdrive WX21 module 1	50	0	6400	-	
ACS	0	Calibration WX21 module 1	50	/0	255	h	
		Module 2					
7375 7376	ı	Function extension module 2  None   Multifunctional   Heating circuit 1   Heating circuit 2   Heating controller   Instantaneous water heater   Cooling circuit 2   Heating circ/cooling circ 2   Cooling circuit 3   Heating circ/cooling circuit 3   Relay output QX21 module 2	1 ¦ Heating ci	rc/cooling circ 1 ¦ \$	Solid fuel boiler		
7077		None   Compressor 2 K2   Process revers valve Y22   Hot-gas to   Div valve cool source Y28   System pump Q14   Cascade pump Circulating pump Q4   St tank transfer pump Q11   DHW interm of Collector pump 2 Q16   Solar pump ext exch K9   Solar ctrl elem K16   Cons circuit pump VK1 Q15   Cons circuit pump VK2 Q18 2nd pump speed HC1 Q21   2nd pump speed HC2 Q22   2nd pu K29   Heat request K27   Refrigeration request K28   Alarm outp DHW ctrl elem Q3   Source pump Q8/fan K19   Condenser pump Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6   Instant WH ctrl elem Q34   Commor Y46   Cooling circ pump CC1 Q24   Cooling circ pump CC2 Q28 Flue gas relay K17   Assisted firing fan K30   Crankcase heater K82   Valve injection capillary K83   dT controller 1 K21   dT cont Ventilation fan 3 K53   Ventilation bypass 1 K54   Ventilation byp Q17   Source int circ pump Q81   Source int circ div Y81   DHW Y27   Div valve cooling flow Y29   Cond reversing valve Y91   Bu cooling K43   Status info DHW charg K44   Heat/cool circ pump Status info generation K45   Fault info generation K46	o Q25   Heat circ pump Q3 buffer K8   S   S   Swimming   Imp speed H ut K10   Time o Q9   Compin flow valve Y   Cooling circ K40   Drip tractoroller 2 K22   Imp S   Y   Cooling circ K40   Drip tractoroller 2 K25   Y   Imp Kass 2 K55   Y   Imp Kuffer reversing	gen shutoff valve 33   DHW mixing p Solar ctrl elem swi pool pump Q19   HC3 Q23   Div valve program 5 K13   I ressor stage 1 K1 / 13   Div valve HC pump CC3 Q29 y heater K41   Val   Ventilation fan 1 I Ventilation bypass 33   System pump g valve Y47   Statu	Y4   El imm heat ump Q35   Colle pool K18   El im leat circuit pump Heat circuit pum Suppl source c CC2 Y45   Div v Solid fuel boile Ve evaporator K6 K51   Ventilation 3 K56   Outside L2 Q44   Div valus Is info heating K	ter DHW K6   ctor pump Q5   m heater buffer b HC3 Q20   Air dehumidifier p HC1 Q2   control K32   valve HC/CC3 r pump Q10   81   Valve EVI fan 2 K52   air temp contr ve cooling cond 42   Status info	
7377	l	Relay output QX22 module 2 Ditto 7376					
7378	I	Relay output QX23 module 2 Ditto 7376					
7382	I	Sensor input BX21 module 2  None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor B liquid B83   DHW charging sensor B36   DHW outlet sensor B38 Collector sensor 2 B61   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return ser Cascade return sensor B70   Special temp sensor 1   Special ter return sensor B71   Hot-gas sensor B81   Outside sensor B9   Sc sensor B5   Room setp readjustment 1   Room sensor B52   Roor readjustment 3   Flue gas temp sensor B8   Solid fuel boiler sens   Suction gas sensor EVI B86   Evaporation sensor EVI B87   Df flow sensor 2 B11   Common return sensor B73   Source int circ B88	DHW circu nsor B64   Bu mp sensor 2 ource inlet se om setp readj sor B22   Soli HW prim cont	lation sensor B39 uffer sensor B42   0 Upper   Upper	Swimming poo Common flow se   HP flow sensor   outl sens B92/E   sensor B53   Ro   s B72   Suction of   tside air sensor I	I sensor B13   ensor B10   Ensor B10   Ensor B21   HP B84   Room boom setp gas sensor B85 B19   Common	
7383	I	Sensor input BX22 module 2 Ditto 7382					

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
7386	I	Function input H2 module 2					
		<b>None</b>   Op'mode change zones+DHW   Optg mode changeover zone 1   Op'mode changeover zone 2   Op'mode changeover zone 2   Op'mode changeover zone 2   Op'mode changeover zone zone zone zone zone zone zone zone	ne 3 ¦ Error/a	ılarm message ¦ C	onsumer reques	st VK1 ¦	
		Consumer request VK2   Release swi pool source heat   Releas					
		Operating level HC2   Operating level HC3   Room thermostat H flow switch   Dewpoint monitor   Flow temp setp incr hygro   Swi-					
		Status info suppl source   Charg prio DHW sol fuel boil   Ventilat					
		Consumer request VK1 10V   Consumer request VK2 10V   Pretemp 10V   Flow measurement 10V   Temp measurement 10V	ssure measur	rement 10V ¦ Hum	idity measureme	ent 10V ; Room	
7387	I	Contact type H2 module 2	NO				
7389	ī	Voltage value 1 H2 module 2	0	0	10	V	
7390	ı	Funct value 1 H2 module 2	0	-100	500		
7391	ı	Voltage value 2 H2 module 2	10	0	10	V	
7392	ı	Funct value 2 H2 module 2	100	-100	500		
7393	I	Temp sensor H2 module 2	None	1			
		None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP					
7000	<u>.                                    </u>	flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71					
7396	ļ!	Function input H21 module 2  None   Op'mode change zones+DHW   Optg mode changeover	DHW ! On'm	ode changeover z	ones I On'mode	changeover	
		zone 1 ¦ Op'mode changeover zone 2 ¦ Op'mode changeover zo					
		Consumer request VK2   Release swi pool source heat   Releas					
		Operating level HC2   Operating level HC3   Room thermostat H flow switch   Pulse count   Dewpoint monitor   Flow temp setp in					
		stage 2   Status info suppl source   Charg prio DHW sol fuel boil					
		3   Flow measurement Hz   Consumer request VK1 10V   Consu	mer request	VK2 10V   Pressu	re measurement	t 10V ¦ Humidity	
7007	<u> </u>	measurement 10V   Room temp 10V   Flow measurement 10V		irement 10V ¦ Air o	quality measurer	ment 10V	
7397	ı	Contact type H21 module 2 NC   NO	NO				
7399	I	Input value 1 H21 module 2	0	0	1000		
7400	I	Funct value 1 H21 module 2	0	-100	500		
7401	I	Input value 2 H21 module 2	10	0	1000		
7402		Funct value 2 H21 module 2	100	-100	500		
7403	I	Temp sensor H21 module 2	None				
		None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71					
7406	ī	Function input H22 module 2	<u> </u>		ı		
7 100		Ditto 7396					
7407	I	Contact type H22 module 2	NO				
7409	ı	Input value 1 H22 module 2	0	0	1000		
7410	ı	Funct value 1 H22 module 2	0	-100	500		
7411	I	Input value 2 H22 module 2	10	0	1000		
7412	I	Funct value 2 H22 module 2	100	-100	500		
7413	I	Temp sensor H22 module 2	None				
		None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP					
7440	<u>.                                    </u>	flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71	5 ) / II				
7416	I	Voltage out GX21 module 2 5 Volt   12 Volt	5 Volt				
7417	I	Funct input EX21 module 2					
		None   Electrical utility lock E6   Low-tariff E5   Overload compre					
		E26   Flow switch source E15   Flow switch consumers E24   Ma E25   Low-pressure switch E9   High-pressure switch E10   Over					
		supervision E21   Fault soft starter 2 E27   Pressure diff defrost	E28   Pres sw	source int circ E2	29 ¦ Flow sw sou	rce int circ E30	
		Smart grid E61   Smart grid E62   Low-pressure switch 2 E31   Photovoltaics E64   SHC error message E34   SHC 2 error mess		re switch 2 E32 ¦ D	efrost message	E33	
7418	0	Cont type inp EX21 module 2	NO				
<u> </u>	1	NC ¦ NO	L				

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ting	ve.	6	t va				lea
Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Chit	Green leaf
7423	I	Funct output UX21 module 2  None   Source pump Q8/fan K19   DHW pump Q3   DHW interm pump HC2 Q6   Heat circuit pump HC3 Q20   Collector pump Q5 pump swi pool K18   Collector pump 2 Q16   Instant WH pump G Heat/cool circ pump 1 Q2   Heat/cool circ pump 2 Q6   Heat/cool   Refrigeration request   Compressor modulation   Expansion val K51   Ventilation fan 2 K52   Ventilation fan 3 K53	ร์¦Solar pum 234¦Solid fu เ circ pump 3	p ext exch K9 ¦ So el boiler pump Q10 Q20 ¦ HP setpoint	lar pump buffer ) ¦ Condenser pu : ¦ Output reques	K8 ¦ Solar ump Q9 ¦ it ¦ Heat request	
7424	I	Sign logic out UX21 module2 Standard   Inverted	Standard				
7425	I	Signal output UX21 module 2 010V   PWM	010V				
7429	I	Temp val 10V UX21 module2	100	5	130	°C	
7430	I	Funct output UX22 module 2 Ditto 7423					
7431	I	Sign logic out UX22 module2 Standard   Inverted	Standard				
7432	I	Signal output UX22 module 2 010V   PWM	010V				
7436	I	Temp val 10V UX22 module2	100	5	130	°C	
7437	0	Funct output WX21 module 2 None   Expansion valve evapor V81   Expansion valve EVI V82	None				
ACS	0	Operating mode WX21 module 2 Halbschritt   Vollschritt 1-phasig	Halbschri	tt			
ACS	0	Rotating direction WX21 module 2 Standard   Inverted	Inverted				
ACS	0	Step rate WX21 module 2	30	30	300	-	Ī
ACS	0	Number of steps WX21 module 2	500	0	6400	-	Ī
ACS	0	Steps at setpoint 0% WX21 module 2	12	0	6400	-	
ACS	0	Steps at setpoint 100% WX21 module 2	500	0	6400	-	
ACS	0	Steps overdrive WX21 module 2	50	0	6400	-	
ACS	0	Calibration WX21 module 2	50	/0	255	h	
		Module 3					
7450	I	Function extension module 3  None   Multifunctional   Heating circuit 1   Heating circuit 2   Heating reprimary controller   Instantaneous water heater   Cooling circuit 2   Heating circ/cooling circ 2   Cooling circuit 3   Heating circ/cooling circuit 2   Hot-gas te   Div valve cool source Y28   System pump Q14   Cascade pump Circulating pump Q4   St tank transfer pump Q11   DHW intermooling pump 2 Q16   Solar pump ext exch K9   Solar ctrl elem K16   Cons circuit pump VK1 Q15   Cons circuit pump VK2 Q18 2nd pump speed HC1 Q21   2nd pump speed HC2 Q22   2nd pu K29   Heat request K27   Refrigeration request K28   Alarm output DHW ctrl elem Q3   Source pump Q8/fan K19   Condenser pump Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6   Instant WH ctrl elem Q34   Common Y46   Cooling circ pump CC1 Q24   Cooling circ pump CC2 Q28 Flue gas relay K17   Assisted firing fan K30   Crankcase heater K82   Valve injection capillary K83   dT controller 1 K21   dT cont Ventilation fan 3 K53   Ventilation bypass 1 K54   Ventilation byp Q17   Source int circ pump Q81   Source int circ div Y81   DHW Y27   Div valve cooling flow Y29   Cond reversing valve Y91   Bu cooling K43   Status info DHW charg K44   Heat/cool circ pump	I   Heating cipling circ 3   I    I   Heating circ 3   I    I   Pemp K31   El    I   Q25   Heat    I   Swimming    I   Swimming    I   Time    I   Q9   Comprosite    I   Cooling circ    K40   Drip trace    I   Cooling circ    K40   Drip trace    I   Cooling circ    K40   Lass 2 K55   Neat    I   Lass 2 K55   Neat    I   Heat    I   Heating circ    mm heater 1 flow gen shutoff valve 33 ¦ DHW mixing p Golar ctrl elem swi pool pump Q19 ¦ H C3 Q23 ¦ Div valve program 5 K13 ¦ I ressor stage 1 K1 (13 ¦ Div valve HC, c pump CC3 Q29 y heater K41 ¦ Valve Ventilation fan 1 I Ventilation bypass 33 ¦ System pump g valve Y47 ¦ Statu	Solid fuel boiler   controller  K25   El imm heat y4   El imm heat ump Q35   Colle pool K18   El imi leat circuit pump HC/CC1 Y21   Heat circuit pum Suppl source c CC2 Y45   Div v Solid fuel boiler ye evaporator K8 K51   Ventilation 3 K56   Outside 2 Q44   Div valv us info heating K	cooling circuit  eater 2 flow K26 er DHW K6   ctor pump Q5   m heater buffer b HC3 Q20   Air dehumidifier p HC1 Q2   control K32   eative HC/CC3 f pump Q10   s1   Valve EVI fan 2 K52   air temp contr re cooling cond 42   Status info		
7452	I	Status info generation K45   Fault info generation K46 Relay output QX22 module 3 Ditto 7451					
7453	<u> </u>	Relay output QX23 module 3					$\vdash$
1400	<u> </u>	Ditto 7451					

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ċ	Мах.	岩	Green leaf
	ŏ	2	۵	Min	M	Unit	ō
7457	I	Sensor input BX21 module 3	DO   DI BA	B04 I I I - t		6:	
		None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor liquid B83   DHW charging sensor B36   DHW outlet sensor B38					
		Collector sensor 2 B61   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return se	nsor B64 ¦ Bu	ffer sensor B42 ¦ 0	Common flow se	nsor B10 ¦	
		Cascade return sensor B70   Special temp sensor 1   Special te return sensor B71   Hot-gas sensor B81   Outside sensor B9   S					
		sensor B5   Room setp readjustment 1   Room sensor B52   Ro					
		readjustment 3   Flue gas temp sensor B8   Solid fuel boiler sen					
		Suction gas sensor EVI B86   Evaporation sensor EVI B87   Diflow sensor 2 B11   Common return sensor B73   Source int circ					
		B88					
7458	I	Sensor input BX22 module 3					
7464	<u> </u>	Ditto 7457					
7461		Function input H2 module 3  None   Op'mode change zones+DHW   Optg mode changeover	DHW! Op'm	ode changeover z	ones! Op'mode	changeover	
		zone 1 ¦ Op'mode changeover zone 2 ¦ Op'mode changeover zo	one 3 ¦ Error/a	ılarm message ¦ C	onsumer reques	st VK1 ¦	
		Consumer request VK2   Release swi pool source heat   Release Operating level HC2   Operating level HC3   Room thermostat H					
		flow switch   Dewpoint monitor   Flow temp setp incr hygro   Swi					
		Status info suppl source   Charg prio DHW sol fuel boil   Ventila					
		Consumer request VK1 10V   Consumer request VK2 10V   Pre temp 10V   Flow measurement 10V   Temp measurement 10V	ssure measu	rement 10v ; Hum	idity measureme	ent 10V   Room	
7462	ı	Contact type H2 module 3	NO				
		NC   NO		Ţ			
7464	<u>                                     </u>	Voltage value 1 H2 module 3	0	0	10	V	
7465	<u>                                     </u>	Funct value 1 H2 module 3	0	-100	500		
7466	<u> -</u>	Voltage value 2 H2 module 3	10	0	10	V	
7467	<u>                                     </u>	Funct value 2 H2 module 3	100	-100	500		
7468	I	Temp sensor H2 module 3 None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP	None				
		flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71					
7471	I	Function input H21 module 3					
		None   Op'mode change zones+DHW   Optg mode changeover zone 1   Op'mode changeover zone 2   Op'mode changeover zone 2   Op'mode changeover zone 2   Op'mode changeover zone zone zone zone zone zone zone zone					
		Consumer request VK2   Release swi pool source heat   Release	e swi pool so	lar ¦ Operating lev	el DHW ¦ Opera	ting level HC1	
		Operating level HC2   Operating level HC3   Room thermostat H					
		flow switch   Pulse count   Dewpoint monitor   Flow temp setp in stage 2   Status info suppl source   Charg prio DHW sol fuel boi					
		3   Flow measurement Hz   Consumer request VK1 10V   Consu	imer request	VK2 10V   Pressu	re measurement	: 10V   Humidity	
7470	<u> </u>	measurement 10V   Room temp 10V   Flow measurement 10V		irement 10V ¦ Air o	quality measurer	nent 10V	
7472		Contact type H21 module 3 NC   NO	NO				
7474	ı	Input value 1 H21 module 3	0	0	1000		$\Box$
7475	l	Funct value 1 H21 module 3	0	-100	500		
7476	l	Input value 2 H21 module 3	10	0	1000		
7477	I	Funct value 2 H21 module 3	100	-100	500		
7478	I	Temp sensor H21 module 3	None				
		None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP					
7481		flow sensor B21 ¦ HP return sensor B71 Function input H22 module 3	1		1	I	
, 101	<u> </u>	Ditto 7471					
7482	I	Contact type H22 module 3	NO				
7404		NC ¦ NO			4000		$\vdash$
7484	-	Input value 1 H22 module 3	0	0	1000		$\vdash$
7485	<u>                                     </u>	Funct value 1 H22 module 3	0	-100	500		$\vdash$
7486	-	Input value 2 H22 module 3	10	100	1000		$\vdash$
7487	<u>                                     </u>	Funct value 2 H22 module 3	100	-100	500		

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Operating line	level	6	Default value				Green leaf
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	o O		De	Min	Мах	Unit	Ģ
7488	I	Temp sensor H22 module 3	None				
		None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71					
7491	ı	Voltage out GX21 module 3	5 Volt				
		5 Volt ¦ 12 Volt					
7492	I	Funct input EX21 module 3					
		None   Electrical utility lock E6   Low-tariff E5   Overload compre E26   Flow switch source E15   Flow switch consumers E24   Ma					
		E25   Low-pressure switch E9   High-pressure switch E10   Over					
		supervision E21   Fault soft starter 2 E27   Pressure diff defrost E					
		Smart grid E61 Smart grid E62 Low-pressure switch 2 E31 Photovoltaics E64 SHC error message E34 SHC 2 error mess		e switch 2 E32 ¦ D	errost message	E33 ;	
7493	0	Cont type EX21 module 3	NO				
		NC ¦ NO					
7498	I	Funct output UX21 module 3					
		None   Source pump Q8/fan K19   DHW pump Q3   DHW interm pump HC2 Q6   Heat circuit pump HC3 Q20   Collector pump Q5					
		pump swi pool K18 ¦ Collector pump 2 Q16 ¦ Instant WH pump G					
		Heat/cool circ pump 1 Q2   Heat/cool circ pump 2 Q6   Heat/cool	circ pump 3	Q20   HP setpoint	:   Output reques	t ¦ Heat request	
		Refrigeration request   Compressor modulation   Expansion val K51   Ventilation fan 2 K52   Ventilation fan 3 K53	ve evapor V8	31 ¦ Expansion val	ve EVI V82 ¦ Ver	ntilation fan 1	
7499	1	Sign logic out UX21 module3	Standard				
		Standard   Inverted					
7500	I	Signal output UX21 module 3	010V				
7504		010V   PWM Temp val 10V UX21 module3	100	5	130	°C	
7505	i i	Funct output UX22 module 3	1100	10	1100	1 0	
7000	ľ	Ditto 7498					
7506	I	Sign logic out UX22 module3 Standard   Inverted	Standard				
7507	I	Signal output UX22 module 3 010V   PWM	010V				
7511	I	Temp val 10V UX22 module3	100	5	130	°C	
7512	0	Funct output WX21 module 3	None				
		None   Expansion valve evapor V81   Expansion valve EVI V82					
ACS	0	Rotating direction WX21 module 3	Inverted				
		Standard   Inverted					
ACS	О	Operating mode WX21 module 3	Halbschri	tt			
۸۵۵		Halbschritt   Vollschritt 1-phasig	30	30	300		
	0	Step rate WX21 module 3	500	0	6400	-	
	0	Number of steps WX21 module 3 Steps at setpoint 0% WX21 module 3	12	0	6400	-	
	0	Steps at setpoint 0/8 WX21 module 3	500	0	6400	<u>-</u>	
	0	Steps overdrive WX21 module 3	50	0	6400	- 	
ACS	0	Calibration WX21 module 3	50	/0	255	h	
	ost	ics Modbus slave	130	/0	200	111	
Diagil		Port1				I	
7610	F	Input signal BX port 1	0	0	65535	_	
	F	Input signal UX port 1	0	0	65535	-	$\parallel$
7612	+	Input state QX port 1	0	0	65535	-	
7613		Input state EX port 1	0	0	65535	-	$\parallel$
7614	+	Input signal 1 port 1	0	0	65535	-	
7616	+	Output signal UX port 1	0	0	65535	-	
7617	_	Output state QX port 1	0	0	65535	-	
7618	+	Output signal 1 port 1	0	0	65535	-	
<u> </u>				1	·	1	i

Port2				1	T	T	1	
Port3	Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
Port3			Port2					
Port4	7620	76	28: dito					
Port4			Port3					
Port5	7630	763	38: dito					
Port5			Port4					
Port6	7640	764	8: dito					
Port6			Port5					
Port7	7650	765	58: dito					
Port7			Port6					
Total   Tota	7660	766	88: dito					
Port8								
Total   Relay output QX2   Relay output QX2   Relay output QX3   Output QX4   Relay output QX5   Relay output QX6   Relay output QX6   Relay output QX7   Relay output QX7   Relay output QX7   Relay output QX8   Relay output QX9   Relay output QX1   Relay output QX2   Relay output QX2   Relay output QX1   Relay output QX1   Relay output QX2   Relay out	7670	767						
Input/output test								
Relay test   No test   Everything off   Relay output QX1   Relay output QX2   Relay output QX3   Output QX4/ZX4   Relay output QX5   Relay output QX6   Relay output QX7   Relay output QX7   Relay output QX7   Relay output QX7   Relay output QX1   Relay output QX1   Relay output QX1   Relay output QX1   Relay output QX2   module 1   Relay output QX2					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
No test   Everything off   Relay output QX1   Relay output QX2   Relay output QX3   Relay output QX6   Relay output QX6   Relay output QX6   Relay output QX1   Relay output QX2 module 1   Relay output QX2 module 2   Relay output QX2 module 1   Relay output QX2 module 2   Relay output QX2 module 3   Relay output QX2 module 2   Relay output QX2 module 3   Relay output QX2 module								
Modulation signal ZX4			No test   Everything off   Relay output QX1   Relay output QX2   Relay output QX6   Relay output QX7   Relay output QX8   Relay output QX12   Relay output QX13   Relay output QX21 module 1   Relay output QX21 module 2   Relay output QX22 module 2   Relay output QX23 module 3	y output QX9 I ¦ Relay outp Relay output 0	Relay output QX out QX22 module 1 QX23 module 2   F	(10 ¦ Relay outpi I ¦ Relay output ( Relay output QX2	ut QX11 ¦ Relay QX23 module 1 21 module 3 ¦	
7710	7705	l	Mod setpoint ZX4 relay test	100	0	100		
1	7708	I	Modulation signal ZX4	-	0	100		
Total	7710	I	Output test UX1		/ 0	100	%	
Voltage V   PWM %		I	Output signal UX1	-	0	100		
7717	7711	I		None				
Tour   Tour		I	Output test UX2		/ 0	100	%	
Voltage V   PWM %		I		-	0	100		
Output signal UX21 module 1   -   0   100	7717	I		None				
Toutput signal UX21 module 1	7780	l	Output test UX21 module 1		/ 0	100	%	
Voltage V   PWM %	7781	I	Output signal UX21 module 1	-	0	100		
Tree	7781	I		None				
Toutput signal UX22 module 1   None	7782	l	•		/ 0	100	%	
Voltage V   PWM %		I		-	0	100		
Output signal UX21 module 2	7783	I		None				
Toutput signal UX21 module 2	7784	I	Output test UX21 module 2			100	%	
Voltage V   PWM %				-	0	100		
Tree	7785	l		None				
Toutput signal UX22 module 2   None     None	7786	I	Output test UX22 module 2		/ 0		%	
Voltage V   PWM %		_	Output signal UX22 module 2	-	0	100		
7788 I Output test UX21 module 3         / 0         100 %           7789 I Output signal UX21 module 3         - 0         100           7789 I Output signal UX21 module 3 Voltage V   PWM %         None         - 0	7787	I		None				
7789 I [Output signal UX21 module 3] None Voltage V   PWM %	7788	I			/ 0	100	%	
Voltage V ¦ PWM %	7789	L	•	-	0	100		
	7789	I		None				
	7790	I			/ 0	100	%	

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7791	I	Output signal UX22 module 3	-	0	100		
7791	I	[Output signal UX22 module 3] Voltage V   PWM %	None				
7796	I	Output test WX21 module 1		/0	100	%	
7797	I	Pos step motor WX21 mod 1	_	0	65535		
7798	I	Output test WX21 module 2		/0	100	%	
7799	I	Pos step motor WX21 mod 2	-	0	65535		
7800	I	Output test WX21 module 3		/0	100	%	
7801	I	Pos step motor WX21 mod 3	-	0	65535		
7804	ı	Sensor temp BX1	_	-28	350	°C	
7805	ı	Sensor temp BX2	_	-28	350	°C	
7806	ı	Sensor temp BX3	_	-28	350	°C	
7807	i	Sensor temp BX4	_	-28	350	°C	
7810	i	Sensor temp BX7	_	-28	350	°C	
7811	i	Sensor temp BX8		-28	350	°C	
7812	i	Sensor temp BX9		-28	350	°C	
7813	i	Sensor temp BX10	-	-28	350	°C	
7814	-	Sensor temp BX11		-28	350	°C	
	! !	•	-	-28	350	°C	
7815	l	Sensor temp BX12	-			°C	
7816	! !	Sensor temp BX13	-	-28	350	°C	
7817	l	Sensor temp BX14	-	-28	350		
7830	<u> </u>	Sensor temp BX21 module 1	-	-28	350	°C	
7831	l	Sensor temp BX22 module 1	-	-28	350	°C	
7832	l	Sensor temp BX21 module 2	-	-28	350	°C	
7833	l	Sensor temp BX22 module 2	-	-28	350	°C	
7834	I	Sensor temp BX21 module 3	-	-28	350	°C	
7835	I	Sensor temp BX22 module 3	-	-28	350	°C	
7844	l	Input signal H1	-	0	65535		
7844	I	[Output signal H1] None   Closed (ooo), Open ()   Pulse   Frequency Hz   Voltage V	None				
7845	ı	Input signal H2 module 1	-	0	65535		
7845	I	[Output signal H2 module 1] None   Closed (000), Open ()   Frequency Hz   Voltage V	None				
7845	ı	Input signal H21 module 1		0	65535		-
7845	i	[Output signal H21 module 1]	None		00000		
7040		None   Closed (ooo), Open ()   Pulse   Frequency Hz   Voltage V	None				
7846	I	Input signal H22 module 1	-	0	65535		
7846	I	[Output signal H22 module 1] None   Closed (ooo), Open ()   Pulse   Frequency Hz   Voltage V	None	1-			
7847	ı	Input signal H2 module 2	-	0	65535		
7847	l	[Output signal H2 module 2] None   Closed (000), Open ()   Frequency Hz   Voltage V	None		00000		
7847		Input signal H21 module 2		0	65535		
7847	l	[Output signal H21 module 2] None   Closed (ooo), Open ()   Pulse   Frequency Hz	None		00000		
7040	-	Voltage V		10	GEEOE		
7848 7848	L	Input signal H22 module 2	-	0	65535		
7 040		[Output signal H22 module 2] None   Closed (ooo), Open ()   Pulse   Frequency Hz   Voltage V					
L	L	voltage v					

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ا ج	×	.=	Green leaf
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7849	I	Input signal H2 module 3	-	0	65535		
7849	I	[Output signal H2 module 3]	None				
	<u> </u>	None ¦ Closed (ooo), Open () ¦ Frequency Hz ¦ Voltage V					
7849	I	Input signal H21 module 3	-	0	65535		
7849	I	[Output signal H21 module 3]	None				
		None   Closed (ooo), Open ()   Pulse   Frequency Hz   Voltage V					
7850	ī	Input signal H22 module 3	_	0	65535		_
	Ė	[Output signal H22 module 3]	None		00000		
. 555	ľ	None   Closed (ooo), Open ()   Pulse   Frequency Hz	140110				
		Voltage V		1			
7858	I	Input signal H3	_	0	65535		
7858	I	[Output signal H3]	None				
		None   Closed (ooo), Open ()   Pulse   Frequency Hz   Voltage V					
7911	<u> </u>	Input EX1	_				+
7311	ľ	0V   230V					
7912	I	Input EX2	-				
		0V   230V					
7913	I	Input EX3	-				
	<u>                                      </u>	0V   230V					_
7914	I	Input EX4	-				
7915	ı	0V   230V Input EX5					-
7915		Input EX5   0V   230V	-				
7916	ī	Input EX6	_				
		0V   230V					
7917	I	Input EX7	-				
	ļ	0V   230V					_
7919	I	Input EX9	-				
7945	<u> </u>	0V   230V Input EX10					_
7945	ļ'	111  Put EX 10   0V   230V	-				
7946	ı	Input EX11	_				
		0V ¦ 230V					
7950	I	Input EX21 module 1	-				
	ļ	0V   230V					_
7951	I	Input EX21 module 2	-				
7952	<u> </u>	0V   230V					-
7952		Input EX21 module 3 0V   230V	-				
ACS	0	Output test Modbus Port 18		/0	100	%	+
	0	Output state Modbus Port 18	_	0	1	-	_
	0	Output signal Modbus Port 18	_	0	100	%	_
	0	Input signal Modbus Port 18	<u> </u>	0	100	%	_
State	<u> </u>	inipat signal wodbas i sit is		ļo_	1100	170	
8000		State heating circuit 1	Ī-	0	255	-	$\top$
8001	_	State heating circuit 2	1-	0	255	-	
8002	_	State heating circuit 3	1-	0	255	-	
8003	_	State DHW	1-	0	255	-	
8004		State cooling circuit 1	1_	0	255	_	
8006	i	State heat pump	1_	0	255	_	+
8007	i	State solar	1_	0	255	_	$\top$
8008	fi –	State solid fuel boiler	1_	0	255		$\top$
8010	İπ	State buffer	1_	0	255	_	+
5510	<u>''</u>	Total ballor			1200		

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Operating line	le/	uc	Default value				Green leaf
erat	Op. level	Function	faul	خ ا	×	. <del>.</del>	een
Op line	dO	n H	De	Min.	Мах	Unit	Gre
8011	l	State swimming pool	-	0	255	-	
8022	I	State supplementary source	-	0	255	_	
8025	I	State cooling circuit 2	-	0	255	-	
8026	I	Status cooling circuit 3	-	0	255	-	
8027	I	State ventilation 1	-	0	255	-	
8028	I	State ventilation 2	-	0	255	-	
8029	l	State ventilation 3	_	0	255	-	
8030	I	State consumer circuit 1	_	0	255	-	
8031	I	State consumer circuit 2	-	0	255	-	
8050	I	History 1	_				
8051	ı	State code 1	_	0	255	-	
8052	ı	History 2	_				
8053	i	State code 2	_	0	255	_	
8054	i	History 3	-	-			1
8055	i	State code 3	  -	0	255	_	
8056	<u>.                                     </u>	History 4			200		
8057	<u>.                                    </u>	State code 4	-	0	255		
8058	! !	History 5	_	0	200	<u>-</u>	
8059	1	State code 5	<u>-</u>	0	255		-
			-	U	200	-	
8060	<u> </u>	History 6	-	0	055		-
8061		State code 6	-	0	255	-	-
8062		History 7	-		055		
8063	<u> </u>	State code 7	-	0	255	-	-
8064	<u> </u>	History 8	-		0.55		-
8065	<u>.</u>	State code 8	-	0	255	-	-
8066	<u>.</u>	History 9	-		0.55		-
8067	l	State code 9	-	0	255	-	
8068	l	History 10	-		_		
8069		State code 10	-	0	255	-	
8070	0	Reset history	No				
Diagn	neti	No   Yes Cs cascade					
8100		Priority/state source 116	1	0	16	I	
8102	•	Thomy/state source 110	_		10		
8130							
8101		[Status producer 116]					
8103	1	Missing   Faulty   Manual control active   Heat generation lock a	ctive ! Chimne	ev sweep funct act	tive ! Temporaril	v unavailable !	
8131		Outside temp limit active   Not released   Released   Released, c				,	
ACS		Priority cooling source 116		0	16		
			-	0	140	°C	-
8138 8139	! !	Cascade flow temp	-	0	140	°C	<del>                                     </del>
	! !	Cascade return tomp	-	-		°C	<del>                                     </del>
8140	<u> </u>	Cascade return temp	-	0	140	°C	<del>                                     </del>
8141	l ı	Cascade return temp setp	-	0	140		-
8144	<u> </u>	Cooling casc flow temp	-	0	140	°C	1
8145	<u> </u>	Cooling casc flow temp setp	-	0	140	°C	₽
8150	<u> </u>	Source seq ch'over current	-	0	990	h	1
8155	<u> </u>	Source seq ch'ov cool, curr	-	0	990	h	1
	F	State cascade pump (Q25)	-	Off	On		1
ACS	F	Switching sequence actual	-	0	16	-	<u> </u>
ACS	F	Number of cooling sources	-	0	16	-	

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value		×	==	Green leaf
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ACS	F	Number of sources with active cooling	-	0	16	-	
	F	Number of sources with passive cooling	-	0	16	-	
ACS	F	Number of cooling sources with optimum energy	-	0	16	-	
	F	Common cooling	-	0	2	-	
Diagno	osti	cs heat generation					
		Heat pump brine-water-air		•	ı	•	
8395	l	Heat delivered	-	0	999.9	kW	
8396	I	Heat draw source	-	0	999.9	kW	
8397	I	Power consumption	-	0	999.9	kW	
8398	I	Coefficient of performance	-	0	20		
8400	I	Compressor 1	-	Off	On	-	
8401	I	Compressor 2	-	Off	On	-	
8402	I	El imm heater 1 flow	-	Off	On	-	
8403	I	El imm heater 2 flow	-	Off	On	-	
8404	I	Source pump	-	Off	On	-	
8405	F	Speed of source pump	-	0	100	%	
8406	l	Condenser pump	-	Off	On	-	
8407	F	Speed condenser pump	-	0	100	%	
8408	I	Diverting valve cool source	-	Off	On	_	
8410	Ε	Return temp HP	-	0	140	°C	
8411	Е	Setpoint HP	-	0	140	°C	
8412	Е	Flow temp HP	-	0	140	°C	
8413	F	Compressor modulation	-	0	100	%	
8415	-	Hot-gas temp 1	-	0	180	°C	
8417	_	Hot-gas temp 2	-	0	180	°C	
8420	1	Refrig temp liquid	-	0	140	°C	
8423	F	Condensation temp	-	-50	180	°C	
8423	F	Condensation pressure	-	-1	50	bar	
8425	_	Temp diff condenser	-	-50	140	°C	
8426	I	Temp diff evaporator	-	-50	140	°C	
8427	I	Source inlet temp	-	-50	50	°C	
8427	I	Switch-off threshold	-	-50	50	°C	
8428	I	Source inlet temp min	-	-50	350	°C	
8429	I	Source outlet temp	_	-50	50	°C	
8429	I	Switch-off threshold	-	-50	50	°C	
8430	Ι	Source outlet temp min	-	-50	350	°C	
8431	I	Source int circ flow temp	_	-50	50	°C	
8432	I	Source int circ return temp	-	-50	50	°C	
8434	F	Suction gas temp	-	-50	180	°C	
8435	F	Evaporation temp	-	-50	180	°C	
8435	F	Evaporation pressure	-	-1	50	bar	
	F	Superheat	-	-10	180	°C	
8436	F	Superheat setpoint	-	0	140	°C	1
8437		Expansion valve	-	0	100	%	1
	F	Magnetic valve	-	Off	On		
8440	Π	Remain stage 1 off time min	_	(0) 1	255	min	
8441	Π	Remain stage 2 off time min	_	(0) 1	255	min	
8442		Remain stage 1 on time min	-	(0) 1	255	min	
8443	П	Remain stage 2 on time min	_	(0) 1	255	min	+

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
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8444	<u>                                     </u>	Remain limit source temp	-	(0) 00:01	24:00	hh:mm	+
8446	I	Compressor sequence	-				
8448	F	Optg hours ext evap temp	-	0	199'999	h	
8449	F	Operating hours refrig circ	-	0	199'999	h	
8450	F	Hours run compressor 1	-	0	199'999	h	
8451	F	Start counter compressor 1	_	0	199'999	-	
8452	F	Hours run compressor 2	-	0	199'999	h	
8453	F	Start counter compressor 2	-	0	199'999	-	
8454	F	Locking time HP	-	0	199'999	h	
8455	F	Counter number of locks HP	_	0	199'999	-	
8456	F	Hours run el flow	-	0	199'999	h	
8457	F	Start counter el flow	-	0	199'999	-	
8458	I	State smart grid	-				
		Draw disabled   Draw free   Draw wish   Draw forced					
8460	I	Heat pump throughput	-	0	65535	l/min	
8461	I	Source throughput	_	0	65535	l/min	_
8462	F	Suction gas temp EVI	_	-50	180	°C	_
	F	Evaporation temp EVI	-	-50	180	°C	
8463	F	Evaporation pressure EVI	-	-1	50	bar	
8464	F	Superheat EVI	-	-10	180	°C	
8464	F	Superheat setpoint EVI	-	0	140	°C	
8465	F	Expansion valve EVI	-	0	100	%	
	F	Magnetic valve EVI	-	Off	On		
8467	F	Magn valve injection cap	-	Off	On		
		Air-to-water heat pump	1				
	F	Fan speed	-	0	100	%	
8470	I	Fan	-	Off	On	-	
8471	I	Process revers valve	_	Off	On	-	
8475	l	Evaporator temp	-	-50	50	°C	
8477	l	Temp diff defrost act value	-	-50	50	°C	
8478	I	Temp diff defrost setpoint	-	-50	50	°C	
8480	l	Remain time defrost lock	-	0	255	min	
8481	I	Remain time forced defrost	_	00:00	07:00	hh:mm	_
8482	0	Remain time defrost settling	-	0	255	min	
8485	I	Number defrost attempts	-	0	10	-	
8487	0	Defrost state  HP off,defr release OT off   Locked   Monitoring ice   Preheatine vaporator   Fault   Forced defrost   Defrost settling   Defrost with the control of the co					
		defrost compressor   Start delay defrost   Defrosting with ext he			·		
8488	F	Relative humidity air inlet	-	0	100	%	
	F	Zustand Ölsumpfheizung (K40)	-	Off	On		
	F	Drip tray heater K41	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	State of source interm circuit pump (Q81)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	State of source interm circuit div valve (Y81)	-	Off	On		$\perp$
	F	State of diverting valve cooling condenser (Y27)	-	Off	On		$\bot$
ACS	F	State of condenser reversing valve (Y91)	-	Off	On		$\perp$
ACS	F	State status information heating (K42)	-	Off	On		$\perp$
ACS	F	State status information cooling (K43)	-	Off	On		$\perp$
ACS	F	State status information DHW (K44)	-	Off	On		_
		Solar collector field					

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
8499	F	Collector pump 1	_	Off	On		
	F	Speed collector pump 1		0	100	%	
	F	Speed solar pump ext exch	_	0	100	%	
8507	F	Speed solar pump buffer		0	100	%	
	F	Speed solar pump swi pool	-	0	100	%	
8510	i	Collector temp 1	-	-28	350	°C	
8511	I	Collector temp 1 max	_	-28	350	°C	
8512	i	Collector temp 1 min	-	-28	350	°C	
8513	I	dT collector 1/DHW	_	-28	350	°C	
8514	I	dT collector 1/buffer	_	-168	350	°C	
8515		dT collector 1/swimming pool		-168	350	°C	
8519		Solar flow temp		-28	350	°C	
8520		Solar return temp		-28	350	°C	
8521		Solar throughput	-	0	65535	l/min	
8526		24-hour yield solar energy		0	999.9	kWh	
	! !	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			kWh	
8527 8530	r F	Total yield solar energy	-	0	9999999.9 199'999		
		Hours run solar yield	-	0		h	
	F	Hours run collect overtemp	-		199'999	h	
	F	Collector pump 2	-	Off	On	0/	
	F ·	Speed collector pump 2	-	0	100	%	
8547	!	Collector temp 2	-	-28	350	°C	
8548	!	Collector temp 2 max	-	-28	350	°C	
8549		Collector temp 2 min	-	-28	350	°C	
8550	<u> </u>	dT collector 2/DHW	-	-168	350	°C	
8551	l	dT collector 2/buffer	-	-168	350	°C	
8552	<u> </u>	dT collector 2/swimming pool	-	-168	350	°C	
	F	Status solar pump ext. Exchanger K9	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Status solar actuator buffer (K8)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Status solar actuator pool (K18)	-	Off	On		
		Solid fuel boiler	1			1	
8560		Solid fuel boiler temp	-	0	140	°C	
8561	ı	Solid fuel boiler setpoint	-	0	140	°C	
8563	I	Solid fuel boiler return temp	-	0	140	°C	
8564	I	Solid fuel boiler return setp	-	0	140	°C	
8565		Flue gas temp	-	0	350	°C	
8567		Flue gas temp max	-	0	350	°C	
8568	F	Speed solid fuel boiler pump	-	0	100	%	
8570	Е	Hours run solid fuel boiler	-	0	199'999	h	
ACS	F	Status Solid fuel boiler pump (Q10)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Solid fuel boiler mixing valve opens (Y9)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Solid fuel boiler mixing valve closes (Y10)	-	Off	On		
		Supplementary generator					
8585	F	Control temperature	-	0	140	°C	
8586	F	Suppl source setpoint	-	0	140	°C	
8590	F	Hours run suppl source	-	0	199,999	h	
ACS	F	Status heat demand (K27)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	State suppl source control (K32)	-	Off	On		

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	خ ا	×	. <del></del>	Green leaf
Q ii	d	D.	De	Min	Мах	Unit	Ğ
Diagn	ost	cs consumers					
		Meteo			1		
8700	Ε	Outside temp	-	-50	50	°C	
	Ε	Outside temp min	-	-50	50	°C	
8702	Е	Outside temp max	-	-50	50	°C	
8703	I	Outside temp attenuated	-	-50	50	°C	
8704	I	Outside temp composite	-	-50	50	°C	
		Dehumidifier					
8723	I	Relative air humidity	-	0	100	%	
ACS	F	State air dehumidifier (K29)		Off	On		
		Zone 1					
8730	I	Heating circuit pump 1	-	Off	On		
8731	I	Heat circ mix valve 1 open	-	Off	On		
8732	I	Heat circ mix valve 1 close	-	Off	On		
8735	F	Speed heating circuit pump 1	-	0	100	%	
8739	Е	Relative room humidity 1	-	0	100	%	
	Е	Room temp 1	-	0	50	°C	
	Е	Room setpoint 1	-	4	35	°C	
8742	0	Room temp 1 model	-	0	50	°C	
	E	Flow temp 1	-	0	140	°C	
8744	+	Flow temp setpoint 1	_	0	140	°C	
	E	Dewpoint temp 1	-	0	50	°C	
8749	E	Room thermostat 1	-	No demand	Demand		
8751	<u> </u>	Cooling circuit pump 1	-	Off	On		
8752	i	Cool circ mix valve 1 open		Off	On		
8753	i	Cool circ mix valve 1 close	_	Off	On		
8754	i	Diverting valve cooling 1		Off	On		
8756	F			0	140	°C	
		Flow temp setp cooling 1		0	140	°C	
	F	State 2nd speed heating circuit pump (Q21)		Off	On		
	F	Operating mode changeover zone 1		Inactive	Active		
7.00	1.	Zone 2		madave	7 101170		
8760	ı	Heating circuit pump 2		Off	On		
8761	i	Heat circ mix valve 2 open		Off	On		
8762	i	Heat circ mix valve 2 close		Off	On		
8765	F	Speed heating circuit pump 2	_	0	100	%	
8769	+	Relative room humidity 2		0	100	%	_
8770	+	Room temp 2		0	50	°C	_
8771		Room setpoint 2		4	35	°C	
	_	Room temp 2 model		0	50	°C	
8773	+	Flow temp 2		0	140	°C	
8774		Flow temp 2 Flow temp setpoint 2	<del>-</del>	0	140	°C	
	E	Dewpoint temp 2	-	0	50	°C	_
	E	Room thermostat 2	<u> </u>	No demand	Demand		-
			-	Off			
8781	<del> </del>	Cool size mix valve 2 open	-	Off	On On		
8782	-	Cool circ mix valve 2 open	-				
8783	<u> </u>	Cool circ mix valve 2 close	-	Off	On		-+
8784	Ľ	Diverting valve cooling 2	-	Off	On 140	°C	-+
8786	Ε	Flow temp cooling 2	0	0	140	°C	

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ے ا	×	##	Green leaf
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8787	Ε	Flow temp setp cooling 2	0	0	140	°C	
ACS	F	State 2nd speed heating circuit pump (Q22)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Operating mode changeover zone 2	-	Inactive	Active		
		Zone 3					
8790	I	Heating circuit pump 3	-	Off	On		
8791	l	HC mixing valve 3 open	-	Off	On		
8792	I	HC mixing valve 3 closed	-	Off	On		
8795	F	Speed heating circuit pump 3	-	0	100	%	
8799	Е	Relative room humidity 3	-	0	100	%	
8800	Ε	Room temp 3	-	0	50	°C	
8801	Е	Room setpoint 3	-	4	35	°C	
8802	0	Room temp 3 model	-	0	50	°C	
8803	Е	Flow temp setpoint 3	-	0	140	°C	
8804	Е	Flow temp 3	-	0	140	°C	
8807	Ε	Dewpoint temp 3	-	0	50	°C	
8809	Ε	Room thermostat 3	-	No demand	Demand		
8811	F	Cooling circuit pump 3	-	Off	On		
8812	F	Cool circ mix valve 3 open	-	Off	On		
8813	F	Cool circ mix valve 3 close	-	Off	On		
8814	F	Diverting valve cooling 3	-	Off	On		
8816	Е	Flow temp cooling 3	0	0	140	°C	
8817	Ε	Flow temp setp cooling 3	0	0	140	°C	
ACS	F	Stat 2nd speed heating circuit pump (Q23)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Operating mode changeover zone 3	-	Inactive	Active		
		DHW					
8820	I	DHW pump	-	Off	On		
8821	I	El imm heater DHW	-	Off	On		
8825	F	Speed DHW pump	-	0	100	%	
8826	F	Speed DHW interm circ pump	-	0	100	%	
8827	F	Speed inst DHW heater pump	-	0	100	%	
8830	Ε	DHW temp 1	-	0	140	°C	
8831	Ε	DHW temp setpoint	-	8	80	°C	
8832	I	DHW temp 2	-	0	140	°C	
8835	I	DHW circulation temp	-	0	140	°C	
8836	I	DHW charging temp	-	0	140	°C	
8837	I	DHW charging setpoint	-	0	100	°C	
8840	F	Hours run DHW pump	-	0	199'999	h	
8841	F	Start counter DHW pump	-	0	199'999	-	
8842	F	Hours run el DHW	-	0	199'999	h	
8843	F	Start counter el DHW	-	0	199'999	-	
8850	I	DHW primary controller temp	-	0	140	°C	
8851	I	DHW primary controller setp	-	0	140	°C	
8852	I	DHW consumption temp	-	0	140	°C	
8853	I	Instant WH setpoint	-	0	140	°C	
	F	State DHW circulating pump (Q4)	-	Off	On		
	F	State of DHW precontr mix valve Open (Y31)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	State of DHW precontr mix valve Closed (Y32)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Status instantaneous heater pump (Q34)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Status instantaneous heater opens (Y33)	_	Off	On		

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Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ا ن	×	<del>.</del> =	Green leaf
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ACS	F	Status instantaneous heater closes (Y34)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	State storage transfer pump (Q11)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	State DHW stirring pump (Q35)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	DHW intermediate circuit pump (Q33)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Zustand TWW-Zwischenkreismischer Auf (Y37)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Zustand TWW-Zwischenkreismischer Zu (Y38)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	State DHW Heatpump (K33)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Operating mode changeover DHW	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Flowswitch	-	Off	On		
		Consumer circuits	•				
8875	I	Flow temp setp VK1	-	0	130	°C	
8885	I	Flow temp setp VK2	-	0	130	°C	
ACS	F	State CC1 pump (Q15)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	State CC2 pump (Q18)	-	Off	On		
		Swimming pool					
8895	I	Flow temp setp swimming pool	-	0	130	°C	
8900	I	Swimming pool temp	-	0	140	°C	
8901	I	Swimming pool setpoint	-	8	80	°C	
ACS	F	Swimming pool pump (Q19)	-	Off	On		
		Primary controller/system pump					
8930	I	Primary controller temp	-	0	140	°C	
8931	I	Primary controller setpoint	-	0	140	°C	
ACS	F	Status primary pump (Q14)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Status precontroller mixing valve opens (Y19)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Status precontroller mixing valve closes (Y20)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Status primary pump 2 (Q44)	-	Off	On		
		Preheating/precooling outside air (ventilation 1	3)	•			
8932	F	Outside air temp	-	-50.0	50.0	°C	
ACS	I	State of outside air temp control (Q17)					
8935		Indoor air quality 1	-	0	2000	ppm	
8937	ı	Ventilation stage 1	-	•			
		Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3		1			
ACS	ı	State of ventilation fan 1 (K51)	-	Off	On		
ACS	I	State of ventilation bypass 1 (K54)	-	Off	On		
ACS	I	Room temp setpoint air cooling 1	20	4	35	°C	
8940	F	Indoor air quality 2	-	0	2000	ppm	
8942	I	Ventilation stage 2	-				
100	<u>.                                    </u>	Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3		0"			+
ACS	<u> </u>	State of ventilation fan 2 (K52)	-	Off	On		-
ACS	<u>                                     </u>	State of ventilation bypass 2 (K55)	-	Off	On	00	-
ACS	<u>                                     </u>	Room temp setpoint air cooling 2	20	4	35	°C	-
8945	<u> </u>	Indoor air quality 3	-	0	2000	ppm	-
8947	I	Ventilation stage 3 Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3	-				
ACS	1	State of ventilation fan 3 (K53)	1_	Off	On		+
ACS	i	State of ventilation bypass 3 (K56)	1_	Off	On		+
ACS	i	Room temp setpoint air cooling 3	20	4	35	°C	+
, .00	1'	Common flow values	120		100		+
8950	ı	Common flow temp	_	0	140	°C	+
8951	Ė	Common flow temp setpoint	1_	0	140	°C	+
0001	<u>''                                   </u>	Common now tomp setpoint	1=	U	1170		

	ı			<u> </u>	1		<del></del>
			Ine				
ting	ve V	uo	lt va				lea
Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	ے ا	×	#	Green leaf
0 ਵ	Q	2	De	Min	Max	Unit	Ģ
8952	I	Common return temp	-	0	140	°C	
8956	I	Common flow temp 2	-	0	140	°C	
8957	I	Common flow setp refrig	-	0	140	°C	
ACS	F	Status heat demand (K27)	-	Off	On		
	F	Status cool demand (K28)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	State of diverting valve cooling, flow (Y29)	-	Off	On		
		Buffer storage tank	T	•			
8970	I	El imm heater buffer	-	Off	On		
8980	Е	Buffer temp 1	-	0	140	°C	
8981	I	Buffer setpoint	-	0	140	°C	
8982	Е	Buffer temp 2	-	0	140	°C	
8983	I	Buffer temp 3	-	0	140	°C	
8990	F	Hours run el buffer	-	0	199'999	h	
8991	F	Start counter el buffer	-	0	199'999	-	
ACS	F	Output heat generation lock (Y4)	-	Off	On		
		Inputs H					
9005	I	Water pressure 1	-	-1	50	bar	
9006	I	Water pressure 2	-	-1	50	bar	
9009	I	Water pressure 3	-	-1	50	bar	
9010	I	Measurement room temp 1	-	0	50	°C	
9011	I	Measurement room temp 2	-	0	50	°C	
9012	I	Measurement room temp 3	-	0	50	°C	
9016	ı	Special temp 1	-	0	140	°C	
9017	ī	Special temp 2	-	0	140	°C	
9018	ī	Special temp 3	-	0	140	°C	
9019	ı	Special temp 4	-	0	140	°C	
9020	ı	Special temp 5	-	0	140	°C	
9021	ı	Special temp 6	_	0	140	°C	
9022	Ī	Special temp 7	_	0	140	°C	
9023	İ	Special temp 8	-	0	140	°C	
	1	States of relays/triac QX/ZX	ı		1::5		
9031	ı	Relay output QX1	_	Off	On		
9032	i	Relay output QX2	_	Off	On		
9033	i	Relay output QX3	_	Off	On		
9034	İ	Triac output ZX4	_	Off	On		
9035	i	Relay output QX5	_	Off	On		
9036	i	Relay output QX6	_	Off	On		
9037	i	Relay output QX7	_	Off	On		
9038	i	Relay output QX8		Off	On		
9039	i	Relay output QX9		Off	On		
9040	<u>'</u>	Relay output QX10		Off	On		
9040	Ė	Relay output QX11	-  _	Off	On		
9041	i	Relay output QX11		Off	On		
9043	Ė	Relay output QX13	_	Off	On		
9043		Relay output QX13  Relay output QX21 module 1		Off	On		
9050		Relay output QX21 module 1	-	Off	On		
9051	Ľ	Relay output QX22 module 1 Relay output QX23 module 1	<del>-</del>	Off	On		_
9052	-	Relay output QX23 module 1 Relay output QX21 module 2	-	Off	On		
9053	<u> </u>	Relay output QX21 module 2  Relay output QX22 module 2	-	Off	On		
<del>3034</del>		Inclay output QAZZ IIIouule Z		JUII	JUII		

Operating line	Op. level	Function	Default value	Min.	Мах.	Unit	Green leaf
9055	I	Relay output QX23 module 2	-	Off	On		
9056	I	Relay output QX21 module 3	-	Off	On		
9057	I	Relay output QX22 module 3	-	Off	On		
9058	I	Relay output QX23 module 3	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	State alarm relay (K10)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Status time program 5 relais (K13)	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Status delta-T controller 1 K21	-	Off	On		
ACS	F	Status delta-T controller 2 K22	-	Off	On		

# 6 The settings in detail

# 6.1 Time programs

For the heating/cooling circuits, ventilation, and DHW heating, a number of switching programs are available. They are activated in Automatic mode and control the change of temperature levels (and the respective setpoints) via the set switching times.

Entering the switching times

The switching times can be set in a combined way, either jointly for several days, or separately for individual days. When preselecting groups of days like for instance Mo...Fr and Sa...Su that shall use the same switching times, the setting of switching programs is simplified.

## **Switching points**

Line no	).							Operating line
CC1	CC2	CC3	HC1	HC2	НС3	4 / DHW	5	
470	480	490	500	520	540	560	600	Preselection  Mo – Su   Mo – Fr   Sa – Su    Mo   Su
471	481	491	501	521	541	561	601	1st phase on
472	482	492	502	522	542	562	602	1st phase off
473	483	493	503	523	543	563	603	2nd phase on
474	484	494	504	524	544	564	604	2nd phase off
475	485	495	505	525	545	565	605	3rd phase on
476	486	496	506	526	546	566	606	3rd phase off

Line no.			Operating line
L1	L2	L3	
580	590	620	Preselection
			Mo – Su ¦ Mo – Fr ¦ Sa – Su ¦ Mo ¦¦Su
581	591	621	1st phase on
582	592	622	1st phase off
583	593	623	2nd phase on
584	594	624	2nd phase off
585	595	625	3rd phase on
586	596	626	3rd phase off

Tip: Time programs

1...3

If the space is not used for certain periods of time during the day, the room temperature setpoint can be lowered (heating) or raised (cooling) for the time of absence via these time programs.

► Tip: Time programs L1...L3

Time programs L1...L3 can also achieve additional energy savings in ventilation mode during absences. The ventilation modes are switched as per the time switch program if the operating mode (OL 970) is set to **Auto** 

Tip: Time programs 4...5

These time programs are used for a number of functions (e.g. electricity night tariff or "Legionella" function) and should therefore be correctly set.

i

For time programs, this means:

- "Phase on" = "Comfort mode"
- "Phase off" = "Reduced mode".

# Standard program

Line no	).		Operating line					
CC1	CC2	CC3	HC1	HC2	HC3	4 /DHW	5	
479	489	499	516	536	556	576	616	Default values
								No ¦ Yes

Line no	0.		Operating line	
L1	L2	L3		
589	599	629		Default values
				No¦Yes

All time programs can be reset to their factory settings. Each time program has its own operating line to make this reset.

individual settings will be lost in that case.

# 6.2 Holidays

Operating	line		
HC/CC1	HC/CC2	HC3	
641	651	661	Preselection
			Period 18
642	652	662	Start
643	653	663	End
648	658	668	Operating level
			Protection   Reduced

The holiday program is used to switch zones (heating/cooling circuits and ventilation) to a selectable operating level according to calendar dates. A total of 8 independent holiday periods can be set.

i Important note:

The holiday program can only be used in Automatic mode.

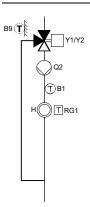
Tip

During longer periods of absence (e.g. more than 3 days), energy can be saved by lowering the temperature level for heating and raising it for cooling. Also, for annually recurring special days (e.g. bank holidays), a specific operating mode can be selected.

Ventilation in holiday mode

During holiday periods, ventilation is operated in a special interval mode (off/on). The ventilation state for "on" mode corresponds to the selected operating level. The ventilation stage for protection or reduced level can be parameterized (OL 991 and 992, off/stage 1...3). The interval can be set via ACS (see Section Holiday mode in Section "Ventilation" 6.5)

# 6.3 Heating circuits



A number of functions are available for the heating circuits which can be individually set for each heating circuit.

# **Operating mode**

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	HC3	
700	1000	1300	Operating mode
			Protection   Automatic   Reduced   Comfort

Protection

In Protection mode, the heating system is off. However, the room remains protected against frost (Frost protection setpoint, line 714).

Characteristics of Protection mode:

- · Heating mode off.
- Temperature according to the "Frost protection setpoint" (line 714).
- "Eco" functions active.

Automatic

In Automatic mode, the room temperature is controlled according to the selected time program.

Characteristics of Automatic mode:

- Heating mode according to the time program
- Temperature setpoints according to heating program "Comfort setpoint" (line 710) or "Reduced setpoint" (line 712)
- "Eco" functions active
- Operating level changeover via presence button

Tip

Many of the integrated energy saving functions, such as the time and holiday programs or summer/winter changeover, are active when Automatic mode is selected.

Reduced

In Reduced mode, the room temperature is maintained at the set "Reduced setpoint" (line 712).

Characteristics of Reduced mode:

- Heating mode without time program
- "Eco" functions active

Comfort

In Comfort mode, the room temperature is maintained at the set "Comfort setpoint" (line 710).

Characteristics of Comfort mode:

- Heating mode without time program
- "Eco" functions are not active

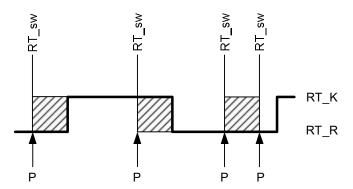
99 / 530

#### **Presence button**

In automatic mode, the temperature level is changed over based on the time programs.

The presence button can be used to manually changeover between comfort and reduced setpoint, if another temperature level is desired for a temporary period.

The changeover continues until the next switching point or until the next time the presence button is activated.



P Pressure to presence button RT\_sw Operating level changeover RT K Comfort setpoint

RT\_R Reduced setpoint

The function is only available for use on operator units with presence buttons (normally room units).

#### Warmer/cooler function

The room temperature can be temporary set to warmer or cooler for each living zone using room units QAA74 and operator units (HMI) AVS74.

The setting is only temporary. It cannot permanently influence any parameters.

Initiate function

The warmer/cooling function is initiated on the temperate side ♣ of the unit using the push and roll knob.

Three settings are available:

**Cooler** Starts the cooler function

..... Neutral position (control by operating mode)

Warmer Starts the warmer function

QAA74 / AVS74



- 1 Push and roll knob
- ② Display with temperature page

Additional information on operating room unit QAA74 and operator unit (HMI) AVS74 is available in technical guide CE1U2348en.

### Impact in heating mode

### Warmer function

### Initiated during the comfort phase

The room setpoint is increased by 1K and at least 1K above the room actual value, or the room model value.

#### Initiated during the reduced phase

The room setpoint is set to the comfort setpoint and at least 1K above the room actual value, or room model value.

#### Cooler function

The room setpoint is reduced by 1K and at least 1K below the room actual value, or the room model value.

ECO functions are temporarily deactivated as needed.

# **Ending the function**

The function ends automatically at the next operating level changeover by time switch program or at midnight, at the earliest, however, after 2 hours (function time).

# End through operator intervention

The warmer/cooler function can be ended manually by returning the settings "warmer" or "cooler" to the neutral position "...."..

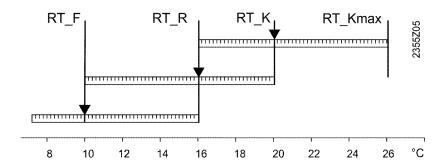
Manually changing the operating mode also ends the function.

## **Setpoints**

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	НС3	
710	1010	1310	Comfort setpoint
712	1012	1312	Reduced setpoint
714	1014	1314	Protection setpoint
716	1016	1316	Comfort setpoint max

## Room temperature

The different setpoint setting ranges are interlocked, which means that the next lower setpoint cannot be higher than the next higher, and vice versa. The individual setpoints required for each heating circuit can be adjusted.



RT\_Kmax Comfort setpoint max
RT\_K Comfort setpoint
RT\_R Reduced setpoint
RT\_F Protection setpoint

#### Comfort setpoint

The "Comfort" setpoint is the room temperature setpoint for normal room usage (e.g. during the day). It is the setpoint used when the plant operates in Automatic mode (during the Comfort phase) and in Comfort mode.

Tip

The setpoint recommended for heating in terms of comfort and energy efficiency lies typically between 20 and 22 °C.

#### Reduced setpoint

The "Reduced" setpoint is the room temperature setpoint for reduced room usage (e.g. during the night or when absent for several hours). It is used as the setpoint when the plant operates in Automatic mode (during the Reduced phase) and in Reduced mode.

🛰 Tip

The "Reduced setpoint" can be adapted, depending on the type of heating system and the type of building structure. If the selected "Reduced" setpoint is lower, it takes more time for the room temperature to reach the Comfort level.

#### Protection setpoint

The protection setpoint is the room temperature setpoint for the periods of time when the room is not occupied (e.g. during holidays), but protection from extremely low temperatures shall be provided for the hydraulic system or animals and plants, antiquities, etc.

It is used as the setpoint when the plant operates in Protection mode.

## Comfort setpoint max

"Comfort setpoint max" ensures maximum limitation of the adjustable "Comfort" setpoint. The "Comfort" setpoint cannot be set to a level higher than the level defined here.

### **Heating curve**

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	HC3	
720	1020	1320	Heating curve slope
721	1021	1321	Heating curve displacement
726	1026	1326	Heating curve adaption

The set heating curve ensures that the flow temperature setpoint changes depending on the outside temperature.

When setting the heating curve, consideration can be given to the type of building structure (thermal insulation) and the type of plant.

The slope of the heating curve and the absolute temperature level of the flow temperature setpoints (parallel displacement) can be set.

🕨 Tip

The heating curve is correctly set when the desired room temperature is maintained throughout the entire heating season despite changes to outdoor temperatures.

We recommend changing the curve only once a day and then in small increments.

Heating curve slope

Great differences in the slope lead to great flow temperature changes at low outside temperatures.

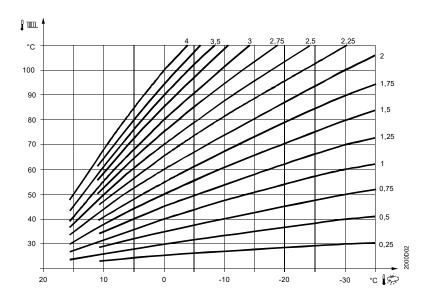
If the room temperature only deviates at low outside temperatures, the slope must be readjusted.

Increase the value Decrease the value

Raises the flow temperature, especially at low outside temperatures. Lowers the flow temperature, especially at low outside temperatures.

i

The adjusted heating curve is based on a room temperature setpoint of 20  $^{\circ}$ C. If the room temperature setpoint is changed, the heating curve adjusts itself automatically.



Heating curve displacement

A parallel displacement of the heating curve produces a general change of the flow temperature, uniformly across the whole outside temperature range.

If the room temperature is always too high or too low, it is recommended to make use of the parallel displacement.

Heating curve adaption

Function "Heating curve adaption" is used by the controller to **automatically** adapt the heating curve to the type of building structure.

NOTE	To assure this function, following must be observed:
	A room sensor must be connected
	<ul> <li>"Room influence" must be set to a value between 1 and 99</li> </ul>
	There should be no thermostatic radiator valves in the reference room
	(location of room sensor); if such valves are installed, they must be fully
	opened

### "Eco" functions

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	НС3	
730	1030	1330	Summer/winter heating limit
732	1032	1332	24-hour heating limit
733	1033	1333	Ext'n 24-hour heating limit
			No ¦Yes

Summer/winter heating limit

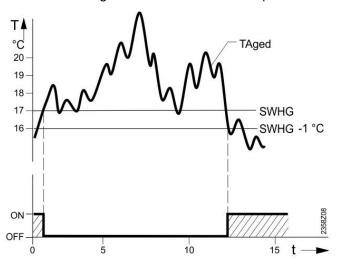
If the attenuated outside temperature exceeds the "Summer/winter heating limit" (e.g. in spring), the heating system is shut down. If the attenuated outside temperature drops (e.g. in autumn), the heating is switched on only when the temperature reaches a level of 1 Kelvin below the limit temperature.

Increase

Decrease

- Change from winter to summer operation will be later
- Change from summer to winter operation will be earlier
- Change from winter to summer operation will be earlier
- Change from summer to winter operation will be later

Example



SWHG Summer/winter heating limit
TAged Attenuated outside temperature
T Temperature
t: Time in days

i

- The function is not active in Comfort mode.
- For definition of "attenuated outside temperature", refer to parameter 8703.

Tip

Summer operation means that space heating is no longer used/required and cooling mode is possible (if installed).

24-hour heating limit

Parameter setting "24-hour heating limit" produces a limit temperature. If the outside temperature exceeds this limit, the heating system is shut down in the course of the day.

If, in the course of the day, the outside temperature drops again, the heating system is switched on again only when the outside temperature reaches a level of 1 Kelvin below the limit temperature.

Parameter "24-hour heating limit" itself is a temperature differential. The value is subtracted from (negative value) or added to (positive value) the room temperature setpoint.

Example

Operating line	E.g.
Automatic mode, Comfort setpoint	22 °C
24-hour heating limit	-3 K
Limit temperature "Heating off"	= 19 °C

Switching differential (fixed)	-1 K
Limit temperature "Heating on"	= 18 °C

- i
- The function is not active in Comfort mode
- Function "24-hour heating limit" operates with the current outside temperature

Ext'n 24-hour heating limit

Ext'n 24-hour heating limit = **No** 

To delay new activations of the heating system in the course of the day, or to make use of the thermal energy stored by the building over a longer period of time, "Ext'n 24-hour heating limit" can be used to extend the off phase.

The heating system is switched on again when the **current** outside temperature (TA) drops 1 Kelvin below the set differential.

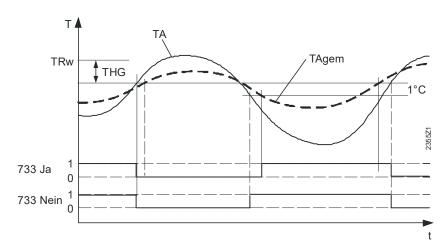
The building dynamics (building structure and insulation) are **not** taken into consideration.

Ext'n 24-hour heating limit = **Yes** 

The heating system is switched on again when the **composite** outside temperature (TAgem) drops 1 Kelvin below the set differential.

The building dynamics (building structure and insulation) are taken into consideration.

For definition of "composite outside temperature", refer to parameter 8704.



733 Selection Yes/No (line 733, 1033, or 1333)

TRw Room temperature setpoint
TA Current outside temperature
TAgem Composite outside temperature
THG 24-hour heating limit (line 732)

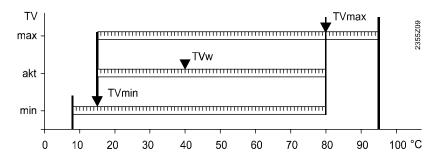
T Temperature t Time 1 Heating on 0 Heating off

# Limitations of flow temperature setpoint

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	HC3	
740	1040	1340	Flow temp setpoint min
741	1041	1341	Flow temp setpoint max

# Flow temp setpoint min/max

This limitation can be used to select a range for the flow temperature setpoint. If the flow temperature setpoint demanded by the heating circuit reaches the relevant limit and the request for heat increases or decreases, the flow temperature setpoint is maintained at the maximum or minimum limit respectively.



TVw Current flow temperature setpoint

TVmax Flow temp setpoint max TVmin Flow temp setpoint min

# Fixed flow temperature setpoint with adaption

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	НС3	
742	1042	1342	Flow temp setpoint room stat
744	1044	1344	Swi-on ratio room stat

# Flow temp setpoint room stat

On applications with room thermostat, the heating circuit is switched on only when the room thermostat calls for heat.

A fixed or weather-compensated temperature value is called for, depending on the selected setting:

Selection	Compensation variant	
	Temperature request according to the heating curve	
895 °C	Temperature request according to the set value*	

<sup>\*</sup> In "Comfort" mode only – there is no temperature request in other operating modes and the heating circuit remains off

i

Using one of the Hx inputs, the room thermostat can be connected to the controller, the extension module, or the I/O module.

Swi-on ratio room stat

The function is used for room temperature control with a room thermostat.

If a fixed flow temperature setpoint is parameterized (lines 742, 1042, and 1342), this function can be used to adapt the flow temperature depending on demand.

Selection	Compensation variant	
	Setting "" deactivates adaption.	
199%	Adaption is activated.	

The flow temperature is adapted in 2 different ways:

# Adaption at midnight

Adaption at midnight adjusts the heat demand for the next day based on the amount of heat that was required the previous day.

This adaption changes the parameterized flow temperature setpoint. The adapted value is stored and retained should a power failure occur.

For the adaption, a preselected on-time ratio of the room thermostat is used as the target value (1...99%). If, during the Comfort phase, the on-time is too long, the setpoint is increased. If the on-time is too short, the setpoint is decreased.

If boost heating has been parameterized, this is taken into account when calculating the required readjustment.

The setpoint is readjusted at midnight.

i

If, at midnight, the room thermostat is off, the setpoint is readjusted when the thermostat switches on again.

Dynamic readjustment during the Comfort phase

The dynamic readjustment adapts the current demand for heat if the current flow temperature setpoint is too low.

When making the readjustment, the current on-time ratio of the room thermostat is compared with the target value. If, during the Comfort phase, the on-time is too long, the setpoint is increased.

i

Since an on-time ratio is not yet available when changing to the Comfort level, the setpoint is increased if the room thermostat maintains the on state for more than 2 hours.

To prevent the flow temperature from rising too quickly, the off-time for dynamic readjustments is limited to a minimum of 30 minutes.

#### Room influence

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	HC3	
750	1050	1350	Room influence

# **Compensation variants**

When using a room temperature sensor, there is a choice of 3 different types of compensation:

Selection	Compensation variant	
	Weather compensation alone*	
199 %	Weather compensation with room influence*	
100 %	Room compensation alone	

<sup>\*</sup> Outside sensor mandatory

# Weather compensation alone

The flow temperature is calculated via the heating curve, depending on the composite outside temperature.

This compensation variant calls for a correct adjustment of the heating curve because with this setting the control system gives no consideration to the room temperature.

# Weather compensation with room influence

The deviation of the current room temperature from the setpoint is acquired and taken into account when controlling the room temperature. Heat gains can thus be considered, facilitating more accurate room temperature control.

The authority of the deviation is set as a percentage value. The better the reference room conditions (correct room temperature, correct mounting location, etc.), the higher the value can be set.

### Example

Approx. 60% Good reference room
Approx. 20 % Unfavorable reference room



To provide the function, following must be considered:

- A room sensor must be connected
- "Room influence" must be set to a value between 1 and 99
- There should be no thermostatic radiator valves in the reference room (mounting location of room sensor); if such valves are installed, they must be fully opened

# Room compensation alone

The flow temperature is controlled depending on the room temperature setpoint, the current room temperature and its progression.

For example, a slight increase in room temperature leads to an immediate reduction in flow temperature.



To provide the function, following must be considered:

- A room sensor must be connected
- "Room influence" must be set to 100%
- There should be no thermostatic radiator valves in the reference room (mounting location of room sensor); if such valves are installed, they must be fully opened.

### Room temperature limitation

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	HC3	
760	1060	1360	Room temp limitation
761	1061	1361	Heating limit room controller
766	1066	1366	SD room temp limitation

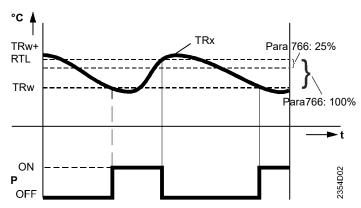
The functions "Room temp limitation" and "SD room temp limitation" are connected. "Heating limit room controller" is a further, independent function.

Room temperature limitation

If the room temperature exceeds its current setpoint by more than "Room temp limitation", the heating circuit pump is deactivated.

The switch-on point for the heating circuit pump is determined by the parameter "SD room temp limitation" (Line 766).

During the time the "Room temp limitation" function is active, no request is sent to the heat source.



TRx Actual value of room temperature
TRw Room temperature setpoint, heating
RTL "Room temp limitation" (para760)
P Pump
t Time

- i Following criteria deactivate the function:
  - "Room temp limitation" = "---"
  - Room temperature sensor not present
  - "Room influence" (line 928) = "---", that is, weather compensation alone

Heating limit room controller

Function switches off the heating circuit pump and invalidates a request of the heating circuit, if the room is warm enough and an outside temperature sensor does not exist.

Only with 'pure room control' ("Room influence" (OL750, ...) = 100%)

The requested flow setpoint becomes invalid if it drops below the minimum flow setpoint and the heating circuit pump switches off.

"Heating limit room controller" [%] can influence the minimum flow setpoint. It is calculated as follows:

Minimum flow setpoint = (Flow maximum – room setpoint) \* Heating limit room controller / 100

The flow setpoint request becomes active again once the requested flow setpoint exceeds the minimum flow setpoint by 8%.

- - -

The function is switched off

### 1...100 %

Heating limit in percentages.

The functions daily heating limit and summer-winter changeover can also switch off heating if an outside temperature sensor is available.

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### SD room temp limitation

A switching differential as a percentage to the "Room temp limitation" (OL760) can be configured for switch on.

The heating pump switches on again if the room temperature drops below the switch-off temperature by the set percentage.

The minimum switching differential is limited to 0.25°C to prevent cycling of the heating pump.

At setting 100%, it switches on again at the present 'Room setpoint heating TRw' (see Graphic at Line 760).

Line no.			Operating line
CC1	CC2	CC3	
762	1062	1362	Prop band Xp room contr
763	1063	1363	Int act time Tn room contr
764	1064	1364	Der act time Tv room contr

### Parameters Xp, Tn and Tv

By setting the right proportional band Xp, the integral action time Tn, and the derivative action time Tv the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp, Tn and Tv can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

### **Boost heating**

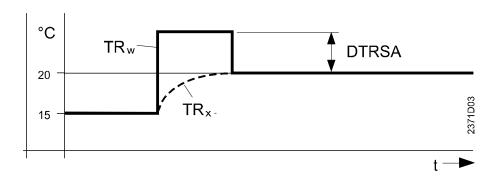
Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	HC3	
770	1070	1370	Boost heating

Boost heating is used to reach the new setpoint more quickly when switching from the Reduced setpoint to the Comfort setpoint, thus reducing the heating up time.

During boost heating, the room temperature setpoint is raised by the value set here.

Higher settings lead to shorter heat up times, lower settings to longer heat up times.

Boost heating is possible with or without room temperature sensor.



TRw Room temperature setpoint
TRx Actual value of room temperature
DTRSA Increase of room temperature setpoint

### **Quick setback**

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	HC3	
780	1080	1380	Quick setback
			Off! To Reduced setpoint! To Protection setpoint

During the "Quick setback" function, the heating circuit pump is deactivated and, in the case of mixing valve circuits, the mixing valve is fully closed.

The temperature level down to which quick setback may take place can be set:

- . In any case, only "To Reduced setpoint" or
- When changing to the "Protection setpoint" (line 714), until that level is reached.

### Function with room sensor

When using a room sensor, the function ensures that the heating system is kept off until the room temperature drops to the level of the "Reduced" or "Protection setpoint" setpoint.

If the room temperature falls to the reduced or the protection level, the heating circuit pump is activated and the mixing valve released.

Function without room sensor

Quick setback switches the heating system off for a certain period of time, depending on the composite outside temperature and the building time constant.

Example

Duration of quick setback at different composite outside temperatures and building time constants.

 "Comfort" setpoint minus "Reduced setpoint" = 2 Kelvin e.g. "Comfort setpoint" = 20 °C, "Reduced setpoint" = 18 °C

	Building time constant [h]						
Composite outside	0	2	5	10	15	20	50
temperature	Duratio	n of quick	setback [h]				
15 °C	0	3.1	7.7	15.3	23	30.6	76.6
10 °C	0	1.3	3.3	6.7	10	13.4	33.5
5 °C	0	0.9	2.1	4.3	6.4	8.6	21.5
0 °C	0	0.6	1.6	3.2	4.7	6.3	15.8
-5 °C	0	0.5	1.3	2.5	3.8	5.0	12.5
-10 °C	0	0.4	1.0	2.1	3.1	4.1	10.3
-15 °C	0	0.4	0.9	1.8	2.6	3.5	8.8
-20 °C	0	0.3	0.8	1.5	2.3	3.1	7.7

### Optimum start/stop control

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	HC3	
790	1090	1390	Optimum start control max
791	1091	1391	Optimum stop control max
794	1094	1394	Heat up gradient

Optimum start control max

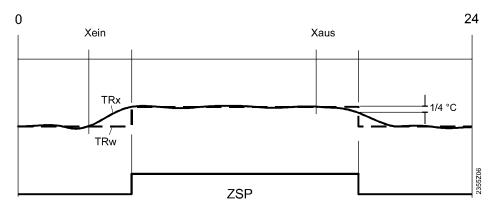
With "Optimum start control", the change from one temperature level to the other is shifted forward such that the "Comfort" setpoint will be reached at the respective switching times.

Setting "Optimum start control max" limits the duration of the forward shift.

Optimum stop control max

With "Optimum stop control", the change from one temperature level to the other is shifted forward such that the "Comfort" setpoint -1/4 Kelvin will be reached at the respective switching times.

Setting "Optimum stop control max" limits the duration of the forward shift.



Xein Forward shift of switch-on time Xaus Forward shift of switch-off time

ZSP Time program

TRx Actual value of room temperature TRw Room temperature setpoint

Optimum start/stop control can be performed with or without room temperature sensor. In that case, optimum start/stop control is calculated with the help of the room model.

Heat up gradient

The heat up gradient defines the period of time the heating system requires to raise the room temperature by 1 Kelvin.

If the room temperature does not reach the "Comfort" setpoint at the respective switching times, the setting must be increased.

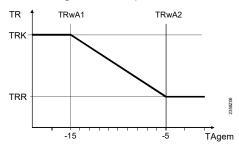
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- The heat up gradient is only active when optimum start control is switched on
- If a room sensor is used, the heat up gradient is set automatically

# Increase of "Reduced" setpoint

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	HC3	
800	1100	1400	Reduced setp increase start
801	1101	1401	Reduced setp increase end

The function is used primarily in connection with heating systems with only little spare capacity (e.g. low-energy houses). In such cases, the heat up time at low outside temperatures would be too long. When the "Reduced" setpoint is increased, the rooms are prevented from cooling down excessively, thus shortening the heat up time when changing to the nominal setpoint.



TRwA1 Reduced setp increase end TRwA1 Reduced setp increase start

TRK Comfort setpoint TRR Reduced setpoint

TAgem Composite outside temperature

# Frost protection for the plant HC pump

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	HC3	
810	1110	1410	Frost prot plant HC pump
813	1113	1413	Frost prot room model Off   On

### Frost prot plant HC pump

When selecting "On", the respective heating circuit pump is put into operation when frost protection for the plant is active (refer to parameter 6120, "Frost protection plant").

### Frost prot room model

Frost protection can be triggered via the room model on heating circuits without a room temperature sensor.

The heating circuit remains in operation as long as the calculated room temperature is below the protection setpoint (Line 714, 1014, 1314) until the calculated temperature is once again 1 °C above the protection setpoint.

# Overtemperature protection pump heating circuit

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	НС3	
820	1120	1420	Overtemp prot pump circuit
			Off   On

In the case of heating plants with pump heating circuits, the flow temperature of the heating circuit can be higher than the flow temperature called for by the heating curve, the reason being higher requests from other heat consumers (mixing heating circuit, DHW charging, external heat demand) or a parameterized minimum producer temperature.

As a result of this too high flow temperature, the pump heating circuit would assume excessive temperatures.

By switching the pump on/off, function "Overtemp prot pump circuit" ensures that the heat supply to pump heating circuits corresponds to the demand from the heating curve.

### **CAUTION**

Together with heat pumps, the function may only be activated in plants that use buffer or combi storage tanks. In the case of plants without storage tank, there is a risk of a compressor being in operation without having a consumer pump running.

### Control of mixing valve

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	HC3	
830	1130	1430	Mixing valve boost
832	1132	1432	Actuator type
			2-position   3-position
833	1133	1433	Switching differential 2-pos
834	1134	1434	Actuator running time
835	1135	1435	Mixing valve Xp
836	1136	1436	Mixing valve Tn

Mixing valve boost

The controller adds the mixing valve boost set here to the current flow temperature setpoint and uses this value as the setpoint for the heat source.

Actuator type

### 2-position

The controller uses only one relay output to drive the actuator. When the output delivers a signal, the connected valve opens. When there is no signal, the valve closes automatically.

### 3-position

The controller uses 2 relay outputs to drive the actuator. One output is used for opening the connected valve, the other for closing it.

Switching differential 2pos For a 2-position actuator, "Switching differential 2-pos" might have to be adapted. With 3-position actuators, the switching differential has no impact.

Actuator running time

In the case of 3-position control, the running time of the mixing valve actuator can be adapted. With 2-position control, the actuator running time has no impact.

### Control of mixing valve

Parameters Xp and Tn

By setting the right proportional band Xp and integral action time Tn, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp and Tn can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

### "Floor curing" function

Line no			Operating line
HC1	HC2	HC3	
850	1150	1450	Floor curing function
			Off   Functional heating   Curing heating   Functional/curing
			heating   Curing/functional heating   Manually
851	1151	1451	Floor curing setp manually
856	1156	1456	Floor curing day current
857	1157	1457	Floor curing days completed

The "Floor curing" function ensures controlled drying of the floor. It controls the flow temperature according to a certain temperature profile.

CAUTION	Observe the relevant standards and regulations of the company supplying the floor
	The "Floor curing" function demands a correctly installed plant (hydraulics, electrical installation, settings). If this is not observed, the "Floor curing" function – if activated – can damage the floor



- The function can be aborted prematurely by selecting "Off"
- Maximum limitation of the flow temperature remains active

### Floor curing function

#### Off

The function is deactivated.

### **Functional heating**

The first section of the temperature profile (Fh) is completed automatically.

### **Curing heating**

The second section of the temperature profile (Bh) is completed automatically.

### Functional/curing heating

The entire temperature profile completed in the sequence: Fh then Bh section.

### **Curing/functional heating**

The entire temperature profile is completed in the sequence: Bh then Fh section.

### Manually

In manual mode, no temperature profile is used. The required flow temperature is set individually for every heating circuit using parameter "Floor curing setp manually".

The function is automatically ended after 25 days.

### Floor curing setp manually

The flow temperature setpoint for the "Manual floor curing" function can be set separately for each heating circuit.

NOTE	First, start the "Floor curing function" , then adjust the setpoint manually.



- The start value is 25 °C and can be manually readjusted at any time
- "Floor curing setp manually" can only be adjusted within the 2 limit values "Flow temp setpoint max" (TVMax) and "Flow temp setpoint min" (TVmin)

The function is ended when the functional days (Fh+Bh = 25 days) have elapsed or when the function is deactivated via the respective parameter. The start day (day 0) does not count as a functional day.

Floor curing day current Floor setpoint current

Displays the current day and the current setpoint of the "Floor curing" function in progress.

Floor curing days completed

The completed number of days are continuously stored and retained until the function is started the next time.

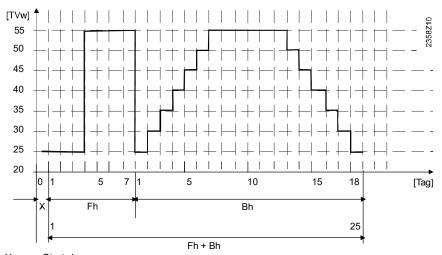
The temperature is regarded maintained if the deviation from the setpoint is less than 2 Kelvin. The periods of time the flow temperature is correct are added up by a meter.

If the required temperature is not reached for more than 1 hour, the meter is stopped until the deviation drops again below 2 Kelvin.

In the event of a power failure, the plant resumes the "Floor curing" function at the point in time the power failure occurred.

Temperature profile

In Automatic modes, the controller ensures automatic completion of the selected temperature profile.



X Start dayFh Functional heating

Curing heating

Bh

The temperature change is always made at midnight. The start day (day 0), that is, the period of time from activation to midnight, does not count as a functional day. The setpoint used for the start day is the value of the first functional day.

During floor curing mode, the profile temperature is limited within the 2 limit values "Flow temp setpoint max" (TVMax) and "Flow temp setpoint min" (TVmin).

The function is ended when the functional days have elapsed or when the function is deactivated via the respective parameter.

**NOTE** 

In the case of heat pumps controlled according to the return temperature, the switch-on point for the heat pump may not be reached **in the summer**.

The return temperature needed for switching on the heat pump is calculated based on the flow temperature setpoint minus the required temperature differential ("Differential HC at OT -10°C", parameter 5810).

If the temperature acquired by the return sensor lies above that temperature, the heat pump is not put into operation so that the "Floor curing" function is started too late (only when the temperature increase according to the "Floor curing" function necessitates switching on).

### **Excess heat draw**

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	HC3	
861	1161	1461	Excess heat draw
			Off   Heating mode   Always
863	1163	1463	Minimum flow function
			Off¦On

### Excess heat draw

Excess heat draw can be triggered from some other device via bus or through storage tank recooling.

When dissipation of excess heat is activated, it can be drawn by space heating. This can be selected separately for each heating circuit.

#### Off

Excess heat draw is deactivated.

### **Heating mode**

Excess heat is drawn only when the controller operates in heating mode.

#### Always

Excess heat is drawn in all operating modes.

#### Minimum flow function

The minimum flow function is required for plants with mixing heating circuits without a buffer storage tank.

It ensures that flow on the secondary side of the heat pump is always available.

This is ensured as follows:

- The mixing valve is forced open if the mixing heating circuit provides the current highest heat requirement to the producer. The monitoring of the maximum flow temperature remains active.
- At the end of DHW charging or drop of a heat request with a higher setpoint, the pump overrun is extended until the mixing heating circuit opens its valve to 90%, but for a maximum of 5 minutes.
- The function only takes effect if the controller is used as a stand-alone device. The function has no impact on other controllers connected over the LPB.

# Buffer storage tank/primary controller

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	НС3	
870	1170	1470	With buffer
			No ¦Yes
872	1172	1472	With prim contr/system pump
			No ¦Yes

With buffer

If a buffer storage tank is installed, enter whether the heating circuit can draw heat from it.

With prim contr/system pump

Select whether the heating circuit shall receive its heat via the primary controller or with the help of the system pump (depending on the type of plant).

### Speed control

Speed-controlled pumps can be connected to outputs Zx and Ux.

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	НС3	
880	1180	1480	Pump speed reduction
			Operating level   Characteristic
881	1181	1481	Starting speed
882	1182	1482	Pump speed min
883	1183	1483	Pump speed max
885	1185	1485	Pump speed min OEM
886	1186	1486	Pump speed max OEM
888	1188	1488	Curve readj at 50% speed
890	1190	1490	Flow setp readj speed ctrl
			No ¦Yes

### Pump speed reduction

### Operating level

The heating circuit pump speed is calculated by the present operating level.

The pump is controlled at operating level Comfort or during the floor curing function at the maximum configured speed.

At a reduced operating level, the pump is controlled at the minimum configured speed.

### Characteristic

Strategy

At the compensation variant 'weather compensation' (with or without room influence), the following strategy is implemented:

- The heating circuit pump speed is maintained at the configured "Pump speed min" as long as the heat demand can be covered.
- The heating curve is increased to cover the heat demand at a reduced speed.

  The speed is increased once the maximum permitted flow setpoint is achieved.

Settings

With "Curve readj at 50% speed" (flow temperature increase as a percentage at 50% heating circuit pump speed) the curve of strategy "Characteristic" is entirely defined.

Starting speed

A individual starting speed can be configured for the pump to guarantee safe pump start-up.

The pump is increased at start to maximum speed for 10 seconds if no parameter is entered ("- - -").

Pump speed min / max

The setting limits the pump speed.

Pump speed min OEM / Maximum OEM Setting limit for heating technician settings (Parameter 882/883).

Curve readj at 50% speed

Percentage for flow setpoint boost at 50% speed.

Flow setp readj speed ctrl

In the event the strategy "Characteristic" is able to retrieve additionally required heat from the buffer storage tank, maintaining the pump speed at a low level can also save energy for heat pump systems.

The inclusion of producers can be entered in the parameter "Flow setp readj speed ctrl":

### Yes

The heat request to the **producer** is increased by the configured percentage (according to "Curve readj at 50% speed").

Heat request increase = (Flow setpoint – room setpoint) \* percentage/100

#### No

The request to the **producer** is **not** increased by the configured percentage (according to "Curve readj at 50% speed").

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Following applies to strategy "Characteristic" in all cases If the present flow temperature is warmer (f.e. from buffer) than the heating required at 100% pump speed, the speed is reduced until the heat output is correct as per the characteristic calculation.

#### Remote control

Line no.			Operating line
HC1	HC2	НС3	
900	1200	1500	Optg mode changeover  None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic

Optg mode changeover

In the case of external changeover via the Hx inputs, the operating mode to be used after changeover can be selected.

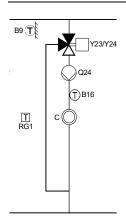
# Frost protection for the heating circuit

Frost protection for the heating circuit is always active.

If the flow temperature falls below 5 °C, the controller switches on the heating circuit pumps (regardless of the heating system's current operating mode).

When the flow temperature returns to a level above 7 °C, the controller will switch the pumps off again after 5 minutes.

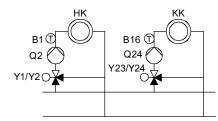
### 6.4 Cooling circuit



A number of functions are available for the cooling circuits which can be set individually for each cooling circuit.

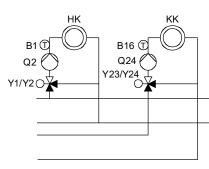
The operator unit UI400 is required to take full advantage of the 3<sup>rd</sup> cooling circuit (see Section 4.2)

2-pipe system



- Cooling and heating circuit draw their cooling energy/heat from the same common flow
- Cooling mode (active cooling) is interrupted if one of the consumers calls for heat

4-pipe system



- Cooling and heating circuit draw their cooling energy/heat from separate common flows
- DHW charging and heating (with some other heating circuit) during cooling mode are possible

### Operating mode

Line nun	nber		Operating line
CC1	CC2	CC3	
901	1201	1501	Operating mode
			Protection   Automatic   Reduced   Comfort

Protection

In Protection mode, the cooling system is off. However, the room remains protected against too high temperatures (Protection setpoint, line 904).

Characteristics of Protection mode:

- · Cooling mode off
- Temperature according to the "Protection setpoint" (line 904)
- "Eco" functions active

Automatic

In Automatic mode, the room temperature is controlled according to the selected time program.

Characteristics of Automatic mode:

- · Cooling mode based on time program
- Temperature setpoints according to cooling program "Comfort setpoint" (line 902) or "Reduced setpoint" (line 903)
- "Eco" functions active

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Tip

Many of the integrated energy saving functions, such as the time and holiday programs or restrictions in cooling mode, are active only when Automatic mode is selected.

Reduced

In Reduced mode, the room temperature is maintained at the set "Reduced setpoint" (line 903).

Characteristics of Reduced mode:

- Cooling mode without time program
- "Eco" functions active

Comfort

In Comfort mode, the room temperature is maintained at the set "Comfort setpoint" (line 902).

Characteristics of Comfort mode:

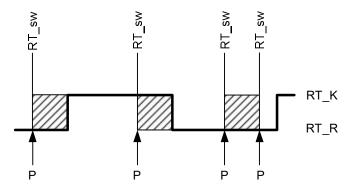
- Cooling mode without time program
- "Eco" functions are not active

#### Presence button

In automatic mode, the temperature level is changed over based on the time programs.

The presence button can be used to manually changeover between comfort and reduced setpoint, if another temperature level is desired for a temporary period.

The changeover continues until the next switching point or until the next time the presence button is activated.



Push the presence button Operating level changeover RT sw RT\_K Comfort setpoint RT R Reduced setpoint

i The function is only available for use on operator units with presence buttons (normally room units).

### Warmer/cooler function

The room temperature can be temporary set to warmer or cooler for each living zone using room units QAA74 and operator units (HMI) AVS74.

The setting is only temporary. It cannot permanently influence any parameters.

### Initiate function

The warmer/cooling function is initiated on the temperate side ♣ of the unit using the push and roll knob.

Three settings are available:

**Cooler** Starts the cooler function

..... Neutral position (control by operating mode)

**Warmer** Starts the warmer function

### QAA74 / AVS74



- 1 Push and roll knob
- 2 Display with temperature page

Additional information on operating room unit QAA74 and operator unit (HMI) AVS74 is available in technical guide CE1U2348en.

### Impact in cooling mode

### Cooler function

### Initiated during the comfort phase

The room setpoint reduced by 1K and at least 1K below the room actual value, or the room model value.

### Initiated during the reduced phase

The room setpoint is set to the comfort setpoint and at least 1K under the room actual value, or the room model value.

#### Warmer function

The room setpoint is increased by 1K and at least 1K above the room actual value, or the room model value.

ECO functions are temporarily deactivated as needed.

### **Ending the function**

The function ends automatically at the next operating level changeover by time switch program or at midnight, at the earliest, however, after 2 hours (function time).

### End by operator intervention

The warmer/cooler function can be ended manually by returning the settings "warmer" or "cooler" to the neutral position "...."..

Manually changing the operating mode also ends the function.

### **Setpoints**

Line no	-		Operating line
CC1	CC2	CC3	
902	1202	1502	Comfort setpoint
903	1203	1503	Reduced setpoint
904	1204	1504	Protection setpoint
905	1205	1505	Comfort setpoint min

Room temperatureThe different setpoint setting ranges are interlocked, which means that the next higher setpoint cannot be lower than the next lower, and vice versa.The individual setpoints required for each cooling circuit can be adjusted.

Comfort setpoint

The "Comfort" setpoint is the room temperature setpoint for normal room usage (e.g. during the day). It is used as the setpoint when the plant operates in Automatic mode (during the Comfort phase) and in Comfort mode.

► Tip

It is recommended to have the setpoint for cooling at a sufficiently high level to prevent a feeling of draft or cold. Also, it is advisable to leave a dead zone between the setpoints for heating and cooling, thus enhancing comfort and improving the system's stability.

Reduced setpoint

The "Reduced" setpoint is the room temperature setpoint for reduced room usage (e.g. during the night or when absent for several hours). It is used as the setpoint when the plant operates in Automatic mode (during the Reduced phase) and in Reduced mode.

Tip

If the space is not used, the temperature level for cooling can be raised (e.g. by allowing a natural room temperature increase during such non-occupancy times).

Protection setpoint

The "Protection setpoint" represents the desired room temperature when the space is not used (e.g. during holidays). However, the space is protected from reaching too high temperatures. It is used as the setpoint when the plant operates in Protection mode.

Comfort setpoint min

"Comfort setpoint min" ensures minimum limitation of the adjustable "Comfort" setpoint. The "Comfort" setpoint cannot be set to a level lower than the level defined here.

### Release

Line no.			Operating line
CC1	CC2	CC3	
907	1207	1507	Release
			Time program HC   Time program CC

The time program to enable cooling can be selected.

### Time program heating circuit

Cooling enable occurs at the same times as for heating:

- Release cooling 1 = Time prog Heating 1 (see. Operating line 501 506)
- Release cooling 2 = Time prog Heating 2 (see Operating line 521 526)
- Release cooling 3 = Time prog heating 3 (see Operating line 541 546)

### Time program cooling circuit

The release of cooling occurs as per the separately adjustable time program cooling:

- Release cooling 1 = Time prog 1 (s. Operating line 471 476)
- Release cooling 2 = Time prog 2 (s. Operating lines 481 486)
- Release cooling 3 = Time prog 3 (s. Operating lines 491 496)

### Cooling curve

Line no.			Operating line
CC1	CC2	CC3	
908	1208	1508	Flow temp setp at OT 25°C

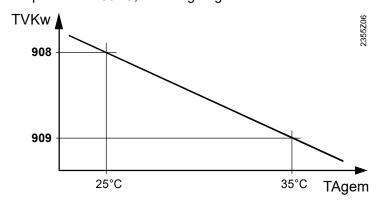
Based on the cooling curve, the controller determines the required flow temperature at a certain composite outside temperature. The cooling curve is determined by defining 2 fixed points (flow temperature setpoint at 25 °C and 35 °C).

Flow temp setp at OT 25°C

Determines the flow temperature required for cooling at a composite outside temperature of 25 °C, without giving consideration to summer compensation.

Flow temp setp at OT 35°C

Determines the flow temperature required for cooling at a composite outside temperature of 35 °C, without giving consideration to summer compensation.



TVKw Flow temperature setpoint for cooling TAgem Composite outside temperature

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The set cooling curve is based on a room temperature setpoint of 25  $^{\circ}$ C. If the room temperature setpoint is changed, the cooling curve is automatically adapted.

### "Eco" functions

			No ¦ Yes
915	1215	1515	Ext'n 24-hour cooling limit
914	1214	1514	24-hour cooling limit
913	1213	1513	Lock time at end heat/cool
912	1212	1512	Cooling limit at OT
CC1	CC2	CC3	
Line no.			Operating line

### Cooling limit at OT

"Cooling limit at OT" for cooling corresponds to the "Summer/winter heating limit" (line 730) for heating.

If the attenuated outside temperature exceeds the "Cooling limit at OT" (e.g. at the beginning of summer), the cooling system is switched on. When the attenuated outside temperature drops (e.g. at the end of summer), the cooling system is switched off again only when the temperature reaches a level of 0.5 Kelvin below the limit temperature.

Increase

- Changeover to cooling takes place later
- Changeover to cooling off takes place earlier
- Changeover to cooling takes place earlier
  - · Changeover to cooling off takes place later

i

- The function is not active in Comfort mode
- For definition of "attenuated outside temperature", refer to parameter 8703

### Lock time at end heat/cool

To avoid too rapid a change to cooling at the end of heating, the "Cooling" function is locked for the period of time set here. This locking period starts when there is no valid heat request from the heating circuit.

The same applies to the reverse case. To avoid too rapid a change to heating at the end of cooling, the "Heating" function is locked for the period of time set here. This locking period starts when there is no valid cooling request from the cooling circuit.

### 24-hour cooling limit

Parameter setting "24-hour cooling limit" produces a limit temperature. If the current outside temperature drops below this limit, the cooling system is switched off (e.g. toward the evening).

When the outside temperature rises again (e.g. in the course of the morning), the cooling system is switched on again only when the outside temperature reaches a level of 0.5 Kelvin above the limit temperature.

Parameter "24-hour cooling limit" itself is a temperature differential. The value is added to (positive value) or subtracted from (negative value) the current room temperature setpoint.

### Example

Operating line	E.g.
Auto mode, Comfort setpoint	24 °C
24-hour cooling limit	+3 K
Limit temperature "Cooling off"	= 27 °C
Limit temperature "Cooling off"	= 27 °C

Switching differential (fixed)	+0.5 K
Changeover temperature cooling on	= 27.5 °C



- The function is not active in Comfort mode
- The function operates with the current outside temperature

### Ext'n 24-hour cooling limit

To delay new activations of the cooling system in the course of the day, or to make use of the thermal energy stored by the building for a longer period of time, "Ext'n 24-hour cooling limit" can be used to extend the off phase.

## Ext'n 24-hour cooling limit = **No**

The cooling system is switched on, when the **current** outside temperature (TA) exceeds the set limit temperature.

The building dynamics (building structure and insulation) are not taken into consideration.

# Ext'n 24-hour cooling limit = Yes

The cooling system is switched on, when the **composite** outside temperature (TAgem) exceeds the set limit temperature.

The building dynamics (building structure and insulation) are taken into consideration.

### i Summer compensation

For definition of "composite outside temperature", refer to parameter 8704.

Line no.			Operating line
			Operating inte
CC1	CC2	CC3	
918	1218	1518	Summer comp start at OT
919	1219	1519	Summer comp end at OT
920	1220	1520	Summer comp setp increase

In the summer, the "Comfort setpoint" (line 902) is shifted upward as the outside temperature rises. This saves cooling energy, and prevents too great differentials between room and outside temperature.

For the resulting "Room setpoint" (cooling), refer to "Diagnostics" menu (lines 8741 and 8771 (8801)).

Summer comp start at OT

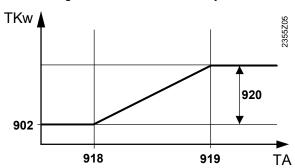
Summer compensation starts to take effect at the outside temperature level set here. If the outside temperature continues to rise, the "Comfort" setpoint is raised continuously.

Summer comp end at OT

At this outside temperature, summer compensation is fully active ("Summer comp setp increase", line 920). Any further increase of the outside temperature will have no more impact on the "Comfort" setpoint.

Summer comp setp increase

This setting defines the maximum by which the "Comfort" setpoint is raised.



TKw Comfort setpoint
TA Outside temperature

# Limitations of flow temperature setpoint

Line no.			Operating line
CC1	CC2 CC3		
923	1223	1523	Flow temp setp min OT 25°C
924	1224	1524	Flow temp setp min OT 35°C

The flow temperature required for cooling can be limited to a minimum. The limit curve is determined by defining 2 fixed points.

In addition, there is a minimum limit for the resulting flow temperature setpoint, which must not fall below 5  $^{\circ}$ C.

Flow temp setp min OT 25°C

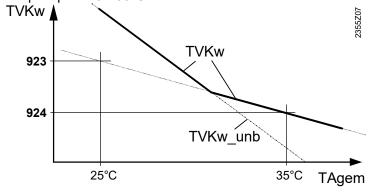
Defines the lowest permissible flow temperature at a composite outside temperature of 25 °C.

Flow temp setp min OT 35°C

i

Defines the lowest permissible flow temperature at a composite outside temperature of 35  $^{\circ}\text{C}.$ 

If no valid outside temperature is available, the controller uses the value of "Flow temp setp min OT 35°C".



TVKw Flow temperature setpoint for cooling (with minimum limitation)
TVKw\_unb Flow temperature setpoint for cooling (without minimum limitation)
TAgem Composite outside temperature

### Room influence

Line no.			Operating line
CC1	C1 CC2 CC3		
928	1228	1528	Room influence

### **Compensation variants**

When using a room temperature sensor, there is a choice of 3 different types of compensation:

Selection	Compensation variant
%	Weather compensation alone*
199 %	Weather compensation with room influence*
100 %	Room compensation alone

<sup>\*</sup> Outside sensor is mandatory

## Weather compensation alone

The flow temperature is calculated based on the cooling curve, depending on the composite outside temperature.

This compensation variant demands a correct adjustment of the cooling curve since in that case the control gives no consideration to the room temperature.

# Weather compensation with room influence

The deviation of the current room temperature from the setpoint is acquired and taken into account when controlling the room temperature. This way, consideration is given to room temperature deviations, ensuring more accurate room temperature control. The authority of the deviation is set as a percentage value.

The better the reference room conditions (correct room temperature, correct mounting location, etc.) the higher the value can be set.

### Example

Approx. 60% Good reference room
Approx. 20% Unfavorable reference room



To provide the function, following must be considered:

- A room sensor must be connected
  - "Room influence" must be set to a value between 1 and 99
  - There should be no thermostatic radiator valves in the reference room (mounting location of room sensor); if such valves are installed, they must be fully opened

### Room compensation alone

The flow temperature is controlled depending on the room temperature setpoint, the current room temperature and its progression.

For example, a slight increase in room temperature leads to an immediate reduction in flow temperature.

- i
- To provide the function, following must be considered:
- A room sensor must be connected
  - "Room influence" must be set to 100%
  - There should be no thermostatic radiator valves in the reference room (mounting location of room sensor); if such valves are installed, they must be fully opened

Line no.			Operating line
CC1	CC2	CC3	
929	1229	1529	Prop band Xp room contr
930	1230	1530	Int act time Tn room contr
931	1231	1531	Der act time Tv room contr

### Parameters Xp and Tn

By setting the right proportional band Xp and integral action time Tn, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp and Tn can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

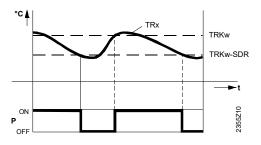
# Room temperature limitation

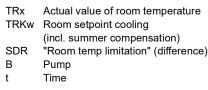
Line no.			Operating line
CC1	CC2 CC3		
932	1232	1532	Room temp limitation

If the room temperature drops below the current setpoint by more than "Room temp limitation", cooling circuit pump 1/2 is deactivated.

Cooling circuit pump 1/2 is activated again when the room temperature exceeds the current room temperature setpoint.

- If appropriately set, the current room temperature setpoint may include summer compensation (also refer to line 920)
- When "Room temp limitation" is active, no cooling request is sent to the source





- Following criteria deactivate the function:
  - "Room temp limitation" = "---"
  - Room temperature sensor not present
  - "Room influence" (line 928) = "---", that is, weather compensation alone

### Quick increase

Line no.			Operating line
CC1	CC2 CC3		
935	1235	1535	Quick increase
			Off! To Reduced setpoint! To Protection setpoint

During the "Quick increase" function, the cooling circuit pump is deactivated and, in the case of mixing valve circuits, the mixing valve is fully closed.

The temperature level up to which quick increase may take place can be set:

- . In any case, only "To Reduced setpoint" or
- When changing to the "Protection setpoint" (line 904), until that level is reached.

Function with room sensor

When using a room sensor, the function switches the cooling system off until the room temperature rises to the level of the "Reduced" or "Protection" setpoint.

If the room temperature rises to the "Reduced" or "Protection" level, the cooling circuit pump is activated and the mixing valve released.

Function without room sensor

Function "Quick increase" switches the cooling system off for a certain time, depending on the composite outside temperature and the building time constant.

Example

Duration of quick increase at different composite outside temperatures and building time constants.

 "Comfort" setpoint minus "Reduced setpoint" = 2 Kelvin e.g. "Comfort setpoint" = 24 °C, "Reduced setpoint" = 26 °C

	Building	g time cons	stant [h]			
Composite outside	0	2	5	10	20	50
temperature	Duration of quick setback [h]					
35 °C	0	1.2	3.0	6.0	12.0	30.1
30 °C	0	2.4	6.1	12.2	24.3	60.8

# Frost protection for the plant CC pumps

Line no.			Operating line
CC1	CC2	CC3	
937	1237	1537	Frost prot plant CC pump
			Off!On

When selecting "On", cooling circuit pump 1/2 is put into operation when frost protection for the plant is active (refer to parameter 6120, "Frost protection plant").

### Control of mixing valve

Line no.			Operating line
CC1	CC2	CC3	
938	1238	1538	Mixing valve decrease
939	1239	1539	Actuator type
			2-position   3-position
940	1240	1540	Switching differential 2-pos
941	1241	1541	Actuator running time
942	1242	1542	Mixing valve Xp
943	1243	1543	Mixing valve Tn
945	1245	1545	Mixing valve in heating mode
			Control   Open

### Mixing valve decrease

The refrigeration request from the mixing circuit to the producer is reduced by the set value. The purpose of this reduction is to enable the mixing valve controller to compensate for the temperature variations produced by the refrigeration source (2-position control).

### Actuator type

### 2-position

The controller uses only one relay output to drive the actuator. When the output delivers a signal, the connected valve opens. When there is no signal, the valve closes automatically.

### 3-position

The controller uses 2 relay outputs to drive the actuator. One output is used for opening the connected valve, the other for closing it.

### Switching differential 2-pos

For a 2-position actuator, "Switching differential 2-pos" might have to be adapted. With 3-position actuators, the switching differential has no impact.

### Actuator running time

In the case of 3-position control, the running time of the mixing valve actuator can be adjusted. With 2-position control, the actuator running time has no impact.

### Parameters Xp and Tn

By setting the right proportional band Xp and integral action time Tn, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp and Tn can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

# Mixing valve in heating mode

Defines the position of the mixing valve in heating mode.

This parameter is only active when using heating/cooling circuits with a common mixing valve.

#### Control

The mixing valve provides control in heating and cooling mode.

### Open

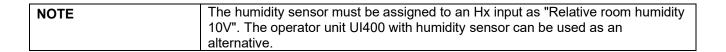
The valve provides control in cooling mode, it is open in heating mode.

### **Dewpoint monitoring**

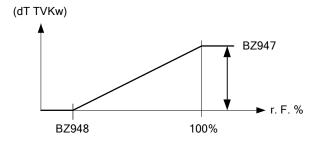
Line no.			Operating line
CC1	CC2	CC3	
946	1246	1546	Lock time dewpoint monitor
947	1247	1547	Flow temp setp incr hygro
948	1248	1548	Flow setp incr start at r.h.
950	1250	1550	Flow temp diff dewpoint

the flow temperature setpoint is continuously increased. The start of increase (line

CAUTION	Condensation can cause damage to the building.
Lock time dewpoint monitor	When the connected dewpoint monitor detects the formation of condensation, it closes its contact, thereby deactivating cooling.
	The "Lock time dewpoint monitor" set here starts when the contact opens again. Cooling can be put into operation again only when the lock time has elapsed.
NOTE	The dewpoint monitor must be assigned to one of the Hx inputs as "Dewpoint monitor".
Flow temp setp incr hygro	To prevent the formation of condensation due to excess indoor air humidity, a hygrostat can be installed to implement a fixed increase in flow temperature. As soon as the room humidity exceeds the value set on the hygrostat, its contact closes and the flow temperature setpoint is increased by the set amount.
NOTE	The hygrostat must be assigned to one of the Hx inputs as "Flow temp setp incr hygro".
Flow setp incr start at r.h.	To prevent condensation due to excess indoor air humidity, "Acquisition room r.h." can be used to implement a continuous increase of the flow temperature setpoint.  If the relative humidity in the room exceeds the level of "Flow setp incr start at r.h.",



948) and the maximum increase (line 947) can be set.



dT TVKw Increase of flow temperature setpoint r.F. Relative humidity BZ Operating line

### Flow temp diff dewpoint

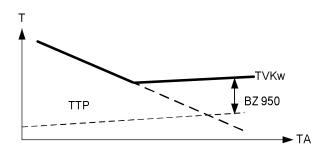
The dewpoint temperature is determined based on the relative room humidity and the associated room temperature.

To prevent condensation on surfaces, a minimum limit can be applied to the flow temperature, meaning that it always remains above the dewpoint temperature by the value set here (line 950).

Setting "- - -" deactivates the function.

### **NOTE**

The humidity sensor may be assigned to one of the inputs Hx as "Humidity measurement 10V" and a room temperature sensor must be installed (Hx input as "Room temp 10V" or room unit). The operator unit UI400 with humidity sensor can be used as an alternative.



TVKw Flow temperature setpoint cooling

TTP Dewpoint temperature TA Outside temperature BZ Operating line

# Buffer storage tank/primary controller

Line no.			Operating line
CC1	CC2	CC3	
962	1262	1562	With buffer
			No ¦Yes
963	1263	1563	With prim contr/system pump
			No ¦Yes

### With buffer

If a buffer storage tank is installed, it must be selected whether the cooling circuit may draw cooling energy from it.

#### No

Hydraulically speaking, the cooling circuit is connected **upstream** of the buffer storage tank and cannot draw any cooling energy from it. The refrigeration request is forwarded to the producer upstream of the buffer storage tank.

#### Yes

The cooling circuit is connected downstream from the buffer storage tank. It draws cooling energy from the buffer storage tank and its temperature request is taken into account by buffer management.

# With prim contr/system pump

The setting defines whether the primary controller/system pump has an impact on the cooling circuit.

### No

Hydraulically speaking, the cooling circuit is connected **upstream** of the primary controller/system pump and cannot draw any "precontrolled" cooling energy. The refrigeration request is always forwarded to the producer located upstream of the primary controller.

### Yes

The cooling circuit is connected **downstream** from the primary controller/system pump. The primary controller ensures control of a valid refrigeration request, or the system pump is activated.

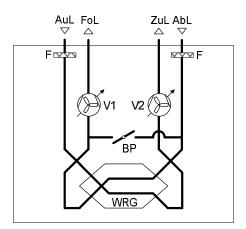
### Remote control

Line no.			Operating line
CC1	CC2	CC3	
969	1269	1569	Optg mode changeover
			None   Protection   Reduced   Comfort   Automatic

With external changeover via the Hx inputs, the operating mode to be used next can be selected.

### 6.5 Ventilation

#### Overview



Various functions are available for room ventilation; each can be individually set for the 3 ventilation zones.

AuL Outside air
FoL Exhaust air
ZuL Supply air (room)
AbL Extract air (room)

F Filter

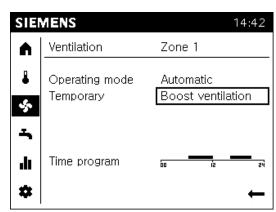
V1 / V2 Fan 1 / 2 (K51/K52/K53) BP Bypass damper (K54/K55/K56)

WRG Heat recovery

### Operation

Using the room and operator units UI400 (QAA74.xxx und AVS74.xxx), you can directly operate ventilation from the "ventilation side".

Operation with other room and operator units takes place by setting the parameters of the RVS61.



The UI400 operator unit is required to fully operate ventilation (see Section 4.2)

Detailed information on operating ventilation on the room and operator units UI400 is available in the technical manual for these units (CE1U2348en).

### Operating mode

Line no.			Operating line
L1 L2 L3		L3	
970	1270	1570	Operating mode
			Off   Automatic   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3

The operating mode can either define an automatic stage selection of the ventilation plant can be operated at a fixed stage.

When setting a fixed stage, the ventilation stages are no longer changed over automatically, if the room quality/room humidity requires it.

Activating boost ventilation (OL 977) or the ventilation switch can, however, change the set stage.

<b>Automatic</b>	Automatic stage selection as per switching program and holiday
	program
Off	Ventilation is switched off
Stage 1	Ventilation operates continuously on stage 1
Stage 2	Ventilation operates continuously on stage 2
Stage 3	Ventilation operates continuously on stage 3

The set operating mode can be forced to another operating mode using the function operating mode changeover (Hx input or LPB, OL 995). Operation of the operating mode via operating line 970 is then locked.

### Air quality

Line no.			Operating line
L1	L2	L3	
974	1274	1574	Air quality Comfort
			ppm
975	1275	1575	Air quality Reduced
			ppm
ACS	ACS	ACS	P-band (Xp) indoor air quality

For active air quality measurement (OL 993), ventilation is controlled to the setpoint for the current ventilation operating mode Comfort or Reduced as per the time switch program ventilation (OL 580-589).

The controller measures air load, compares it with the setpoint (OL 974 and OL 975) and changes over the ventilation stages accordingly.

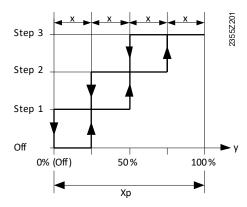
The switching distance depends on the available ventilation stages.

The set stage for ventilation operating mode (Comfort OL 989, reduced OL 991) is not exceeded, even if the room air quality would permit it. For the best possible control range for air quality control, make these settings (OL 989 und 991) as low as possible (stage 1). Comply however with any local regulations on minimum air exchange.

The current room air load (ppm) is displayed on operating lines 8935 / 8940 / 8945.

### P-band (Xp) air quality

The air quality value is controlled to the present air quality setpoint by the P-controller. The ventilation stages are switched based on the P-band.



### **Boost ventilation**

Line no.			Operating line
L1	L2	L3	
977	1277	1577	Boost ventilation
			Boost ventilation
978	1278	1578	Duration boost ventilation
979	1279	1579	Stage boost ventilation
			Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3

Boost ventilation switches the ventilation plant to the set "Stage boost ventilation" (OL 979), regardless of the present ventilation operating mode (OL 970) and the current actual values for room air quality and room humidity.

After the set "Duration boost ventilation" (OL 978) expires, ventilation switches back to ventilation stage corresponding to the current operating mode.

<b>Boost ventilation</b>	Start boost ventilation.
	Stop boost ventilation.

Boost ventilation can be cancelled at any time via operation.

### Night cooling

Line no.			Operating line
L1	L2	L3	
981	1281	1581	Forward shift night cooling
983	1283	1583	Stage night cooling
			Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3
ACS	ACS	ACS	Min duration night cooling
ACS	ACS	ACS	Outside temp limit night cooling
ACS	ACS	ACS	Min temp diff room/outside for night cooling

### Prerequisites

Other conditions, in addition to the conditions as per the described parameters, must be simultaneously met:

- Heating must be in summer operation.
- The operating mode must be in "Auto" and the time switch in the reduced phase (unoccupied periods).
- The temperature in the reference room must be at least 1K above the comfort setpoint for heating.
- The time until the next regular switch on of ventilation (per time program/holiday program), must be shorter than the minimum period for night cooling.

**Function** 

In summer operation, ventilation can precool the rooms during the unoccupied period (e.g. at night). This saves cooling energy during the occupancy period. During active night cooling, the heat recovery bypass for the ventilation unit is activated.

Night cooling is cancelled if the comfort setpoint is reached or if one of the preconditions are no longer met, at the latest, however, after the set forward shift expires.

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For night cooling, an outside temperature sensor B9 and a room temperature sensor in the desired reference room must be available.

Forward shift night cooling

Night cooling is released only during the set maximum forward shift. Night cooling is switched off at setting "0 Min".

Stage night cooling

Ventilation operates for active night cooling at the set stage (OL 983)

Off	Ventilation switched off
Stage 1	Ventilation operating on stage 1
Stage 2	Ventilation operating on stage 2
Stage 3	Ventilation operating on stage 3

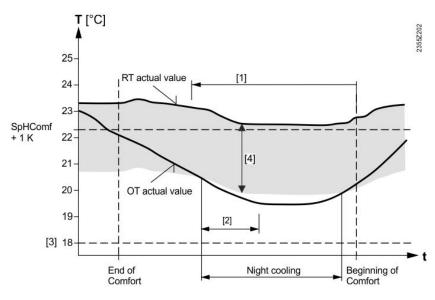
Minimum duration night cooling (ACS)

Activated night cooling continues to operate for set time.

Outside temperature limit night cooling (ACS)

The measured outside temperature B9 cannot be lower than the set outside temperature limit.

Min temp diff room/outside for night cooling (ACS) The outside temperature must be lower by at least this value as the temperature in the reference room.



[1]	Forward shift night cooling (OL 981)
[2]	Min duration night cooling (ACS)
[3]	Outside temp limit night cooling (ACS)
[4]	Min temp diff room/outside for night cooling (ACS)
SpHComf +1 K	Comfort setpoint for heating plus 1 Kelvin

### **Room humidity limit**

Line no.			Operating line
L1	L2	L3	
985	1285	1585	Room humidity limit
987	1287	1587	Stage room humidity limit
			Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3
ACS	ACS	ACS	Room humidity limitation, switching differential
ACS	ACS	ACS	Room humidity limitation, on time
ACS	ACS	ACS	Room humidity limitation, off time

The controller measures relative air humidity at the connected humidity sensor (OL 6293).

The current relative room air humidity (% r.h.) is displayed at OL 8723.

Room humidity limit

The controller initiates ventilation if air humidity climbs above the room humidity limit (1..99 % r.h.).

The room humidity function is ended if the air humidity switching differential (ACS) is below the room humidity limit, or the set "Room humidity limitation, on time" (ACS) expires.

Stage room humidity limitation

The active humidity limitation function initiates ventilation at the set stage.

Off	Ventilation switched off
Stage 1	Ventilation operating on stage 1
Stage 2	Ventilation operating on stage 2
Stage 3	Ventilation operating on stage 3

Room humidity limitation, switching differential (ACS)

The controller switches off ventilation again if air humidity is below the room humidity limit by this switching differential.

Room humidity limitation, on time (ACS)

The controller switches off the humidity limitation function at the latest after the set runtime, even if the air humidity is still too high.

Room humidity limitation, off time (ACS)

Air humidity in the room is rechecked after the set pause expires and the humidity limitation function is reinitiated as needed.

### Stage

Line no			Operating line
L1	L2	L3	
989	1289	1589	Stage Comfort
			Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3
991	1291	1591	Stage Reduced
			Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3
992	1292	1592	Stage Protection
			Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3

Ventilation operating modes are switched as per time switch program (OL 580-589) if the operating mode (OL 970) is set to **Automatic**. Each ventilation operating mode (Comfort, reduced, and protection) then operates at the stage defined here.

Off	Ventilation switched off
Stage 1	Ventilation operates at stage 1
Stage 2	Ventilation operates at stage 2
Stage 3	Ventilation operates at stage 3

- The stage set here is not breeched if ventilation is controlled to relative air humidity or air quality.
- **i** Comply with all local regulations on minimum air exchange.

# Operating mode changeover

ı	Line no.			Operating line
	L1	L2	L3	
	995	1295	1595	Optg mode changeover
				None   Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3

The present operating mode can be forced using the function operating mode changeover via an H input or via LPB (central changeover) to another operating mode. Operation of the operating mode (OL 970) is then locked.

You can set the operating mode by initiating an operating mode changeover for each ventilation group.

"None" means that the operating mode changeover has no impact on ventilation. After removing the operating mode changeover, each ventilation group returns to the operating mode as per the setting "operating mode".

Operating mode changeover acts on all functions (heating, cooling, DHW, and ventilation) of the room or room group for which an operating mode changeover was defined. All functions are driven to their applicable, preselected operating modes.

### Ventilation switch

Line no.			Operating line
L1	L2	L3	
996	1296	1596	Duration ventilation switch
997	1297	1597	Stage ventilation switch
			Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3

One ventilation switch can be connected to each ventilation group via the H-input. Once the contact is activated, the present fan stage is driven to the stage defined here, unless operating mode (OL 970) is set to "Off".

The stage is maintained as long as the switch is active, but at a minimum for the set "Duration ventilation switch".

### Holiday mode

Line no.			Operating line
L1	L2	L3	
ACS	ACS	ACS	Holiday mode, switch-on time ventilation

In holiday mode (as per settings in the Holiday menu), ventilation only operates at time intervals as defined here.

Ventilation assumes the present apartment operating mode and selects the necessary ventilation stage based on it.

This ventilation stage is initiated daily at the set switch-on time (00:00...24:00) for the defined on time.

### Outside air temperature control

Outside air temperature control can occur via the water-air heat exchanger if a brine or water source is available in Section 6.19 "General functions".

### Air cooling

### Operating mode

Line no.			Operating line
L1	L2	L3	
ACS	ACS	ACS	Operating mode Protection   Automatic   Reduced   Comfort

Air cooling can be used to lower the room temperature in summer. Individual settings are planned for forming the setpoint. The start time and period is essentially determined by the outside temperature and room temperature.

### Protection

Air cooling is switched off in protection mode. The room remains, however, protected against excessing heat.

Protection mode features:

Temperature is fixed by "Protection setpoint cooling coils" at 35 °C

### Automatic

In automatic mode, the room temperature is controlled to the selected time program accordingly.

Properties of automatic mode:

- Air cooling as per time program
- Temperature setpoints by cooling program "Comfort setpoint" (ACS) or "Reduced setpoint" (ACS)

### Reduced

In reduced mode, the room temperature is maintained at a constant, set "Reduced setpoint" (ACS).

Reduced mode properties:

Air cooling mode without time program

### Comfort

In comfort mode, the room temperate is maintained at a constant, set "Comfort setpoint" (ACS).

Comfort mode properties:

Air cooling without time program

Setpoints

Tip

Tip

Line no.			Operating line
L1	L2	L3	
4.00		100	
ACS	ACS	ACS	Comfort setpoint

### Comfort setpoint

Reduced setpoint

Protection setpoint

Release air cooling

The comfort setpoint is the desired room temperature during normal room occupancy (e.g. during the day). Automatic mode (during the comfort phase) and comfort mode use it as the setpoint.

Air cooling is possible as well without room sensors. The room temperature is calculated with the help of a room model.

We recommend setting the setpoint for air cooling high enough to prevent a feeling of draughts or cold. A deadzone should also be planned between the setpoints for heating and cooling to improve the comfort level and stabilize the system.

The reduced setpoint is the desired room temperature at reduced room occupancy (e.g. at night or during periods of absence for a number of hours). Automatic mode (during reduced phase) and reduced mode use it as the setpoint.

If the room is unoccupied, the temperature level for air cooling can be increased (e.g. by permitted a natural increase in temperature during these periods).

The protection setpoint for air cooling is the room temperature when the room is unoccupied (e.g. during holidays), but the room must still be protected against excessive temperatures. Protection mode uses it as the setpoint (35°C, cannot be changed).

Operating line

program ventilation

Release

L3

Determines if air cooling is released.

**ACS** 

**ACS** 

i

Line no.

**ACS** 

At 24 hours a day, operating mode "Automatic" continuously controls air cooling to the comfort setpoint.

24h/day | Time program heating circuit | Time program 5 | Time

For release following a time program, the operating mode "automatic" controls air cooling during the "on" phases, as per the corresponding time program, to the comfort setpoint and then to the reduced setpoint during the "off" phases.

Summer compensation

Line no.			Operating line
L1	L2	L3	
ACS	ACS	ACS	Start of summer compensation at outside temp
ACS	ACS	ACS	End of summer compensation at outside temp
ACS	ACS	ACS	Summer compensation, setpoint increase

In summer, the "Comfort setpoint" (ACS) is increased on a sliding scale as the outside temperature increases. This saves cooling energy and prevents temperature differences that are too large between the room and outside temperatures.

The resulting "room setpoint" (air cooling), can be viewed in the Diagnostics menu (ACS only).

### 141 / 530

Start of summer compensation at outside temp

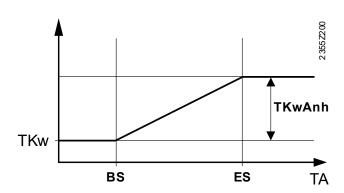
Summer compensation takes effect as of the outside temperature set here. The comfort setpoint then continuously increases in line with continued increases to the outside temperature.

End of summer compensation at outside temp

Summer compensation assumes it full effect at this outside temperature ("Summer compensation, setpoint increase ", ACS). Any further increase in the outside temperature has no effect on the comfort setpoint.

Summer compensation, setpoint increase

The setting established maximum amount by which the comfort setpoint is increased.



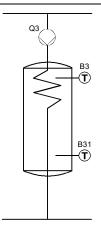
BS Start of summer compensation at outside temp ES End of summer compensation at outside temp

TA Outside temperature TKw Setpoint air cooling

TKwAnh Summer compensation, setpoint increase

### 6.6 DHW

### Summary



The unit controls the DHW temperature according to the time program, or continuously, to the required setpoint. Priority of DHW charging over space heating can be selected.

The controller features a "Legionella" function with a number of setting choices, fighting legionella viruses both in the storage tank and in the circulation pipe. The circulating pump is controlled to the setpoint according to the selectable time program and the selectable operating mode.

Line no.	Operating line
1600	Operating mode
	Off   On   Eco
1601	Optg mode selection Eco
	None   DHW storage tank

### Operating mode

"Operating mode" can be used to switch DHW charging on/off or to switch it to Eco mode.



If larger DHW temperature variations are acceptable and sufficient free energy is available via solar heating or a solid fuel boiler, the Eco function can be used. If local regulations relating to the "Legionella" function are in force, they must be observed.

### Optg mode selection Eco

### None

"Eco" does not offer the Operating mode option (hidden).

### DHW storage tank

Eco mode is used in connection with the DHW storage tank.

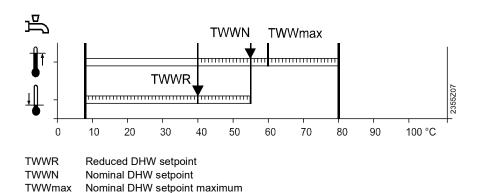
In Eco mode, DHW heating is restricted by controllable heat sources. These heat sources are switched on only if the DHW temperature falls below the reduced level or if the "Legionella" function is active.

The manual push can also be activated in Eco mode.

### **Setpoints**

Line no.	Operating line
1610	Nominal setpoint
1612	Reduced setpoint
1614	Nominal setpoint max

The DHW is heated up according to different setpoints. These setpoints become active depending on the selected operating mode, thus leading to the required temperature level in the DHW storage tank.



Nominal setpoint max

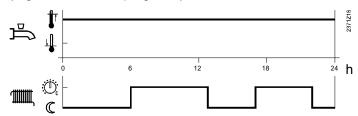
"Nominal setpoint max" limits setting "Nominal setpoint" (line 1610) at the top.

### Release

Line no.	Operating line
1620	Release
	24h/day   All time programs HC/CC   Time program 4/DHW   Low-tariff
	T'prog 4/DHW or low-tariff

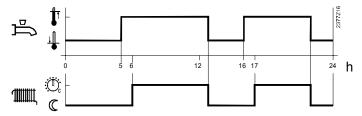
#### 24h/dav

The DHW temperature is always maintained at the nominal DHW setpoint (regardless of time programs).



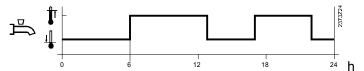
### All time programs HC/CC

The DHW setpoint changes between the nominal and the reduced DHW setpoint according to the heating circuit's/cooling circuit's time program. The first switch-on point of each phase is shifted forward in time by 1 hour.



### Time program 4/DHW

DHW heating makes use of time program 4 of the local controller. The set switching times of that program are used to change between the nominal and the reduced DHW setpoint. This way, the DHW storage tank is charged independently of the heating circuits.



### Low-tariff

DHW heating is released when the low-tariff input (E5) is active. Smart grid states "Draw wish" and "Draw imposed" are considered like low-tariff.

### T'prog 4/DHW or low-tariff

DHW heating is released when the nominal setpoint of DHW program 4 or the low-tariff input (E5) or smart grid state "Draw wish" is active.

### **Charging priority**

Line no.	Operating line	
1630	Charging priority	
	Absolute   Shifting   None   MC shifting, PC absolute	

If the heating circuits and DHW call for heat at the same time, the "DHW priority" function ensures that, during DHW charging, the heat produced by the heat source is used primarily for DHW.

#### **Absolute priority**

Mixing and pump heating circuits are locked until the DHW reaches the required temperature level.

#### **Shifting priority**

If the heat source is no longer able to meet the demand, the mixing and pump heating circuits are restricted until the DHW reaches the required temperature level. To ensure the temperature available for DHW charging is high enough and to be able to end DHW charging, the request to heat pump fix is raised by 6 Kelvin (DHW target + 6 Kelvin).

**i** This does not apply to separate DHW circuits.

#### No priority

DHW charging and space heating take place at the same time.

In the case of tightly sized heat sources and mixing heating circuits, the DHW setpoint might not be reached if space heating calls for considerable amounts of heat.

#### Mixing heating circuit shifting, pump heating circuit absolute

The pump heating circuits remain locked until the DHW storage tank is heated up. If the heat source is no longer able to meet the demand, the mixing heating circuits will be restricted as well.

NOTE	<ul> <li>Plants without buffer or combi storage tanks: Parameter "Charging priority" should be set to "Absolute" to ensure that the consumers are switched off. If this is not observed, the required DHW temperature might not be reached</li> <li>Plants with buffer or combi storage tanks: Parameter "Charging priority" should be set to "None"</li> <li>If this is not observed, the heating circuits of plants using storage tanks will be</li> </ul>
	unnecessarily restricted

Parameter "Charging priority" has no impact on condenser pump Q9.

#### Temp request selection

Line no.	Operating line	
1631	Temp request selection	
	Max limitation   Max selection	

The heat request to the producer or cascade can be limited on the maximum side when DHW charging is active.

#### **Max limitation**

The temperature request from the DHW storage tank is transmitted to the producer. A higher temperature request, e.g. from room heating, is ignored. The lowest heat request from all DHW storage tanks is transmitted to the producer when simultaneously charging multiple DHW storage tanks in the system (via LPB).

#### Max selection

The highest request from all consumers is transmitted to the producer.

### "Legionella" function

Line no.	Operating line
1640	Legionella function Off   Periodically   Fixed weekday
1641	Legionella funct periodically
1642	Legionella funct weekday  MondaySunday
1644	Legionella funct time
1645	Legionella funct setpoint
1646	Legionella funct duration
1647	Legionella funct circ pump
1648	Legio funct circ temp diff

### Legionella function

#### Off

The "Legionella" function is deactivated.

#### **Periodically**

The "Legionella" function is repeated according to the selected interval ("Legionella funct periodically", line 1641). If the legionella setpoint is attained via solar plant, independent of the time set, the time period is started again.

### Fixed weekday

The "Legionella" function can be activated on a certain weekday ("Legionella funct weekday", line 1642). When using this setting, heating up to the legionella setpoint takes place on the parameterized weekday, regardless of previous storage tank temperatures.

#### Legionella funct time

Defines the time of day the "Legionella" function is started. The setpoint is increased at this point in time, starting DHW charging.

If no time is parameterized, the "Legionella" function is started on the respective day together with the first normal release of DHW heating. If no release is scheduled for that day, (continuously reduced), the "Legionella" function is performed at 24:00 o'clock.

If DHW heating is off (operating mode = off or "Holiday" function of the heating circuits active), the "Legionella" function is made up for as soon as DHW heating is switched on again (operating mode = on or end of holiday period).

#### Legionella funct setpoint

The DHW storage tank is heated up to the adjusted setpoint (55...95  $^{\circ}$ C).

For the "Legionella" function to be regarded as fulfilled, the sensor at the top of the storage tank (B3) or both sensors (B3 and B31) must reach the legionella setpoint, depending on the type of charging (line 5022); that setpoint must then be maintained for the set duration of the function.

i

The higher the setpoint, the shorter the duration that need be set to reliably kill the legionella viruses in the DHW.

# Legionella funct duration

Defines the period of time during which the legionella setpoint in the storage tank/circulation pipes must be maintained.

# Legionella funct circ pump

During the period of time the "Legionella" function is performed, the DHW circulating pump can be activated.



#### **CAUTION**

When opening the taps during the time the "Legionella" function is performed, there is a risk of scalding.

#### Legio funct circ temp diff

The circulating pump remains in operation until the temperature acquired by the circulation sensor (B39) reaches the setpoint (line 1645) minus the circulation difference (line 1648),

and the set duration of the function (line 1646) has elapsed.

If, for 48 hours, the circulation pipe does not reach the required temperature, an error message (127:Legionella temp) is delivered.

If the temperature differential is not set, the temperature at sensor B39 is not monitored during the period of time the "Legionella" function is performed.

#### Circulating pump

Line no.	Operating line
1660	Circulating pump release
	Time program HC/CC 3   DHW release   Time program 4/DHW   Time program 5
1661	Circulating pump cycling
1663	Circulation setpoint

#### Circulating pump release

With setting "DHW release", the circulating pump runs whenever DHW heating is released. With the other settings, it operates according to the respective time program.

#### Circulating pump cycling

When the function is activated, the circulating pump operates for 10 minutes within the release time and is then switched off again for 20 minutes.

#### Circulation setpoint

If sensor B39 is used, the circulating pump Q4 switches on as soon as the water temperature drops below the set value. The pump operates until the setpoint is reached again (min. 2 minutes). The circulating setpoint is automatically limited to 8 °C below the storage tank temperature actual value (sensor B3).

#### Example 1

- DHW setpoint: 55 °C
- DHW actual value (B3): 55 °C
  Circulation setpoint: 45 °C
- → The circulating pump is activated when the temperature at the sensor drops below 45 °C and until the setpoint is reached again (min. 2 minutes).

#### Example 2

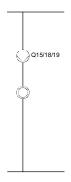
- DHW setpoint: 55 °C
- Circulation setpoint: 50 °C
- → The circulating pump is activated when the temperature at the sensor drops below 42 °C (50 °C 8 K) and operates until the setpoint is reached again (min. 2 minutes).

### Remote control

Line no.	Operating line
1680	Optg mode changeover
	None   Off   On   Eco

In the case of external changeover via the Hx inputs, the operating mode for DHW heating to be used after changeover can be selected.

# 6.7 Consumer circuits and swimming pool circuit



In addition to heating circuits HC1...HC3 and the cooling circuit, other consumers can be connected or controlled (e.g. warm air curtain, swimming pool, etc.).

The controller can receive their temperature requests via one of the Hx inputs to control the respective pumps via a Qx relay output.

For the consumer circuits, the following settings are available:

Prerequisite for the use of consumer circuits/swimming pool circuit is an appropriately defined Hx input on the controller itself or on an extension module. The input can be defined as follows:

- Consumer request VK1, 2
- Consumer request VK1 10V, Consumer request VK2 10V
- · Release swi pool source heat
- Operating lines 5750 and 5751 are available to select whether the consumer circuits are used for heating or cooling
- The pumps are to be connected to the appropriately defined multifunctional relay outputs Qx

The consumer circuit pumps (Q15/Q18) are put into operation when there is a heat or refrigeration request at the respective Hx input, or when excess heat draw is called for.

The swimming pool circuit (Q19) is put into operation when there is a release at the respective Hx input and when the swimming pool temperature lies below "Setpoint source heating" (line 2056).

Line no.			Operating line
VK1	VK2	SC	
1854	1904	1954	Request opt energy
			Off¦On

#### On

When used in connection with producers operating with optimum efficiency (condensing boilers, heat pumps, etc.), the consumer circuit makes non-mandatory heat requests.

Only heat sources supporting the function

"Producers with optimum efficiency" (parameter 2867) handle such requests.

#### Off

The consumer circuit makes no requests that demand optimum efficiency.

# Consumer circuits 1 and 2/swimming pool circuit

Line no.			Operating line
VK1	VK2	SC	
1859	1909	1959	Flow temp setp cons request, Flow temp setpoint
1860	1910	1960	Frost prot plant VK pump,
			Frost prot plant pool pump
1874	1924	1974	DHW charging priority
			No ¦ Yes
1875	1925	1975	Excess heat draw
			Off¦On
1878	1928	1978	With buffer
			No ¦Yes
1880	1930	1980	With prim contr/system pump
			No ¦ Yes



The current flow temperature setpoints of the consumer circuits appear on operating lines 8875 and 8885 and that of the swimming pool circuit on operating line 8895.

# Flow temperature setpoint

When a heat or refrigeration request is pending at an appropriately defined Hx input, the flow temperature of the respective consumer circuit is increased/decreased until the value set here is reached.

For the swimming pool circuit, a request from swimming pool sensor B13 is required, in addition to the release at the Hx input.

# Frost protection for the plant

Defines whether the consumer circuit pumps and the swimming pool pump shall be put into operation when frost protection for the plant responds.

### DHW charging priority

Defines whether DHW charging priority shall act on the respective consumer circuit/swimming pool circuit.

When selecting "Yes", DHW charging is given priority over the respective consumer circuit. When selecting "No", DHW charging and the consumer circuit are treated equally, meaning that both receive heat.

#### Excess heat draw

Excess heat draw can be triggered from some other device via bus or through storage tank recooling.

When dissipation of surplus heat is activated, it can be drawn by the consumer circuits/swimming pool circuit. This can be selected separately for each consumer circuit/the swimming pool circuit.

#### Off

Excess heat draw is deactivated.

#### On

Excess heat draw is activated.

#### With buffer

#### No

Hydraulically speaking, the consumer circuit/swimming pool circuit is connected **upstream** of the buffer storage tank and cannot draw any heat or cooling energy from it. The heat or refrigeration request is forwarded to the heat/refrigeration source upstream of the buffer storage tank.

#### Yes

The consumer circuit/swimming pool circuit is connected **downstream** from the buffer storage tank. It draws heat or cooling energy from the buffer storage tank and its temperature request is taken into account by buffer management.

# With prim contr/system pump

No

Hydraulically speaking, the consumer circuit/swimming pool circuit is connected **upstream** of the primary controller/system pump and cannot draw any "precontrolled" heat or cooling energy. The heat or refrigeration request is always forwarded to the heat/refrigeration source upstream of the primary controller.

#### Yes

The consumer circuit/swimming pool circuit is connected **downstream** from the primary controller/system pump. The primary controller ensures control of a valid heat or refrigeration request, or the system pump is activated.

### Swimming pool circuit

Line no.	Operating line
1952	Release source heating
	None   24h/day   Time program 5

The release for heating by the heat source can take place either via the assigned Hx input or parameter "Release source heating".

If only 1 of the 2 types of release is configured, swimming pool heating is released when the configured release is active.

If both types of release are configured, swimming pool heating is released only if both types of release are active.

Input Hx configured	Contact state Hx	Release source heating (line 1952)	State switching program 5	Release producer heating for swimming pool	
No		None	-	No	
		24h/day	-	Yes	
		Time program 5	Off	No	
			On	Yes	
Yes	Inactive	None	-	No	
		24h/day	-		
		Time program 5	Off		
			On		
	Active	None	-	Yes	
		24h/day		Yes	
		Time program 5	Off	No	
			On	Yes	

Line no.	Operating line
1973	Last priority to charge
	No ¦ Yes

Parameter "Last priority to charge" is used to select the charging priority for the swimming pool.

#### Nο

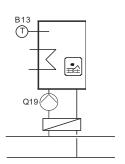
Swimming pool heating is performed with the same priority as other heat requests. When, at the same time, the DHW is heated with charging priority, swimming pool heating is interrupted if demanded by the DHW priority.

#### Yes

Swimming pool heating is performed with the last priority. When using this parameter setting, the swimming pool is heated only if no other heat request is active.

## 6.8 Swimming pool

### **Summary**



The controller facilitates swimming pool heating with solar energy or via a heat pump using separately adjustable setpoints. In the case of solar heating, it is possible to select priority of swimming pool heating over storage tank charging.

### **Setpoints**

Line no.	Operating line
2055	Setpoint solar heating
2056	Setpoint source heating
2057	Swi diff source heating

Setpoint solar heating

When using solar energy, the swimming pool is heated up to this setpoint.

Function "Overtemperature protection for the collector" can reactivate the collector pump until the maximum swimming pool temperature is reached.

Solar swimming pool heating can be made dependent on the release of 1 or 2 Hx inputs.

Setpoint source heating

When using heating by the heat source, the swimming pool is heated up to this setpoint.

🛰 Tip

It is recommended to set the lowest temperature setpoint which still offers adequate comfort. This is to avoid unnecessary energy usage by the main heat source.

Swi diff source heating

When released (see parameter 1952), the charging controller switches the swimming pool pump on or off based on "Swi diff source heating". Also, when switching on, a heat request is forwarded to the producer.

#### **Priority**

Line no.	Operating line
2065	Charging priority solar
	Priority 1   Priority 2   Priority 3
2066	Charging prio photovoltaics  None   Priority 1   Priority 2   Priority 3

### Charging priority solar

#### **Priority 1**

Swimming pool heating is assigned the first priority.

#### Priority 2

Swimming pool heating is assigned the second priority (after the buffer storage tank, before the DHW storage tank, or after the DHW storage tank, before the buffer storage tank).

#### **Priority 3**

Swimming pool heating is assigned the last priority (after the buffer and the DHW storage tank).

# Charging prio photovoltaics

A photovoltaics plant can commission the heat pump via the EX input E64 (Line 5980...) and charge a storage tank using the generated thermal energy. The storage tank charging sequence occurs as per the set priorities. Priorities can be set on the following storage tanks:

- Swimming pool, line 2066
- Buffer storage tank, line 4706
- DHW storage tank, line 5018

#### None

No swimming pool charging.

### **Priority 1**

Swimming pool charging has the highest priority.

#### **Priority 2**

Swimming pool charging is the second priority (after buffer storage tank, before DHW storage tank or after DHW storage tank, before buffer storage tank).

#### **Priority 3**

Swimming pool charging is the lowest priority (after buffer storage tank and DHW storage tank).



Charging occurs in accordance to the predefined sequence if storage tanks are set at the same priorities: DHW storage tank, buffer storage tank, swimming pool.

# Overtemperature protection

Line no.	Operating line
2070	Swimming pool temp max

When the swimming pool temperature reaches the maximum set here, the collector pump is deactivated.

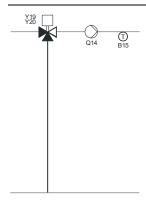
### Plant hydraulics

Line no.	Operating line
2080	With solar integration

This setting defines whether the swimming pool can be heated by solar energy.

## 6.9 Primary controller/system pump

#### **Summary**



The primary controller allows lower or higher flow temperatures by mixing to obtain flow temperatures for heating/cooling zones with setpoints higher or lower than those of the common flow.

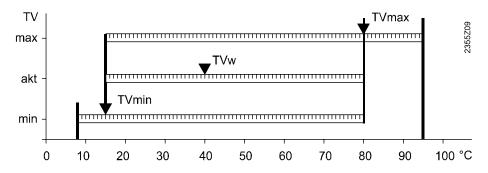
The system pump can be used to overcome the pressure drop to remote heating/cooling zones.

# Limitations of flow temperature setpoint

Line no.	Operating line
2110	Flow temp setpoint min
2111	Flow temp setpoint max
2112	Flow temp setp cooling min

Flow temp setpoint min and max

This limitation can be used to select a range for the flow temperature setpoint in heating mode. If the requested flow temperature setpoint reaches the relevant limit and the request for heat continues to increase or decrease, the flow temperature setpoint is maintained at the maximum or minimum limit respectively.



TVw Current flow temperature setpoint
TVmax Flow temperature setpoint, maximum
TVmin Flow temperature setpoint, minimum

Flow temp setp cooling min

This limitation can be used to define the low limit for the flow temperature setpoint in cooling mode.

# Primary controller/system pump

Line no.		Operating line
1	2	
0.4.0.0		
2120	2160	Frost prot plant syst pump

Frost prot plant syst pump

It can be selected if, in the case of frost protection for the plant, system pumps 1 and 2 shall be activated.

#### Control of mixing valve

Line no.	Operating line
2130	Mixing valve boost
2131	Mixing valve decrease
2132	Actuator type
2133	Switching differential 2-pos
2134	Actuator running time
2135	Mixing valve Xp
2136	Mixing valve Tn

Mixing valve boost

The controller generates the source temperature setpoint based on the boost set here and the current flow temperature setpoint.

Mixing valve decrease

The controller generates the refrigeration request to the refrigeration source based on the decrease set here and the current flow temperature setpoint.

Actuator type

The selection of the type of actuator determines the control of the mixing valve actuator used.

Switching differential 2pos For the 2-position actuator, "Switching differential 2-pos" can be adapted.

Actuator running time

Setting the running time for the actuator used with the mixing valve.

Parameters Xp and TnBy setting the right proportional band Xp and integral action time Tn, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

### Control of mixing valve

Parameters Xp and Tn

By setting the right proportional band Xp and integral action time Tn, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp and Tn can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

### **DHW** charging priority

Line no.	Operating line
2145	DHW charging priority
	No¦Yes

#### DHW charging priority

#### No

DHW charging with priority has no impact on the system pump or the mixing valve.

#### Yes

When DHW is charged with priority, the system pump is deactivated or the mixing valve is closed.

Line no.	Operating line
2150	Primary contr/system pump
	Before buffer! After buffer

# Primary contr/system pump

If the plant uses a buffer storage tank, it is to be selected here whether – hydraulically speaking – the primary controller or the system pump is installed upstream of or downstream from the buffer storage tank.

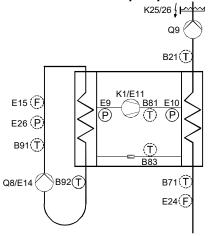
#### **Heat pump** 6.10

Heat pumps draw energy from the environment (brine, water or air) and deliver it to the heating system, raised to a higher temperature level. If the heat pump is equipped with a process reversing valve, it can also be used for active cooling. Also, brine-to-water and water-to-water heat pumps can be employed for passive cooling.

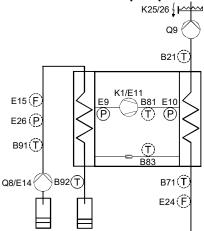
### **Function diagrams**

The following function diagrams show the plant components and designations used in the descriptions:

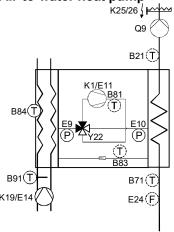
### Brine-to-water heat pump



### Water-to-water heat pump



#### Air-to-water heat pump



#### Mains voltage Low-tariff E5

E5

E6 E9 E10 E11 E14 E15 E17 E24 E26 K1 K19	Electrical utility lock E6 Low-pressure switch E9 High-pressure switch E10 Overload compressor 1 E11 Overload source E14 Flow switch source E15 Manual defrost E17 Flow switch consumers Pressure switch source Compressor stage 1 K1 Source pump Q8/fan K19 El imm heater 1 flow K25
K26	El imm heater 2 flow K26

Q8	Source pump Q8/fan K19
Q9	Condenser pump Q9
Y22	Process revers valve Y22

Low-voltage		
B21	HP flow sensor B21	
B71	HP return sensor B71	
B81	Hot-gas sensor B81	
B83	Refrig sensor liquid B83	
B84	Source outl sens B92/B84	
B91	Source inlet B91	
B92	Source outl sens B92/B84	

# Speed limitation for condenser pump for DHW and cooling

Line no.	Operating line
2776	Pump speed min with DHW
2777	Pump speed max with DHW
2778	Pump speed min cool mode
2779	Pump speed max cool mode

#### Pump speed min/max

This setting limits minimum and maximum speed of the condenser pump during DHW charging and cooling mode.

A general description of speed-controlled condenser pumps is available under OL 2790.

The mode for the condenser pump during DHW charging to OL 2789.



During DHW charging or cooling mode, these settings replace "Pump speed min" (2792) and "Pump speed max" (2793).

## High-pressure switch E10

- High-pressure switch E10 (HD pressostat) is taken into consideration only when the compressor is running.
- When the compressor is started, no consideration is given to high-pressure switch E10 for the first 3 seconds.

In general: If high-pressure switch E10 (HD pressostat) trips, the heat pump is switched off. A distinction is made between 2 types of high-pressure switch faults:

#### Upon start

Both the flow temperature (B21) and the return temperature (B71) lie below 20 °C. This is an indication of no flow on the consumer side.

- The heat pump goes to lockout and can only be restarted by making a reset.
- With the error message, a distinction is made if, at the time the fault occurred, DHW charging was active.
  - 223:Hi-press on start HC: When the heating circuit is started.
  - 224:Hi-press on start DHW: When DHW charging is started.

### In operation

Both the flow temperature (B21) and the return temperature (B71) lie above 20 °C.

- On completion of the minimum off time (line 2843, "Compressor off time min"), the heat pump is switched on again.
- If, within the adjustable "Duration error repetition" (line 2889), high-pressure switch E10 trips several times, the heat pump initiates lockout if the number of "Repetition Error 222:High-pressure HP" (adjustable via ACS tool) is exceeded.
- If the heat pump goes to lockout, it can only be restarted by making a reset.



- In the case of 2-stage heat pumps, high-pressure switch E10 acts on both compressors.
- For information about low-pressure switch E9, refer to parameter 2825.

Line no.	Operating line
2785	Max condensation temp
2786	Max condensation temp SD
ACS	Repetition Error 222:High-pressure HP
2787	Max condensation temp red

# High-pressure supervision

The objective is to prevent tripping of the high-pressure switch with the described consequences. For that, function "High-pressure supervision" (parameters 2785 and 2786) and controller-internal measures (parameter 2787) are provided.

Max condensation temp, Max condensation temp SD Prerequisite: An Hx input is configured as "Press acquisition cond H83" (line 5823).

If the condensation temperature exceeds the set "Max condensation temp" (line 2785), the compressor is switched off. The compressor may be switched on again only after the condensation temperature has dropped by "Max condensation temp SD" (line 2786).

Error repetition

When using high-pressure supervision, error repetition counting within "Duration error repetition" is extended as follows:

If, in addition, high-pressure supervision with "Press acquisition cond H83" is configured, ...

- the value of "Repetition Error 222:High-pressure HP" applies (can be set with the ACS tool),
- if "High-pressure switch E10" still trips, it is no longer included in the error count, the heat pump goes immediately to lockout and can only be restarted by making a reset.

Controller-internal measures

Measures taken by the controller influence plant components in a way that "Max condensation temp" will not be exceeded.

Max condensation temp red

They intervene as soon as the temperature level of "Max condensation temp" minus "Max condensation temp red" is exceeded (line 2787).

The following plant components – if installed and controllable – are influenced in the following order:

	Strategy	Heating	Cooling
		Component: Internal measure	Component: Internal measure
1	Maximization of output delivered	Condenser pump: Speed is increased	Source pump/fan: Speed is increased
2	Reduction of output	Compressor: Output is reduced 2nd stage is switched off	Compressor: Output is reduced 2nd stage is switched off
3.1	Reduction of input	Expansion valve: Evaporation pressure is reduced*	Expansion valve: Evaporation pressure is reduced*
3.2		<b>Or</b> : Source pump/fan: Speed is reduced	Condenser pump: Speed is reduced
4	Suppression of requests	Consumer: Storage tank charging (DHW) is aborted	-

<sup>\*</sup> For technical principle, refer to parameter 3056

#### Condenser pump

Line no.	Operating line		
2788	Modulation cond pump DHW		
	None   HP setpoint   Compressor output   Temp diff condenser		
2789	Condenser pump with DHW		
	Off¦On		

## Modulation cond pump DHW

The strategy for speed control "Modulation cond pump DHW" can be selected. The same options are available as for "Modulation condenser pump" (OL 2790) and "Modulation condens pump cooling" (ACS).

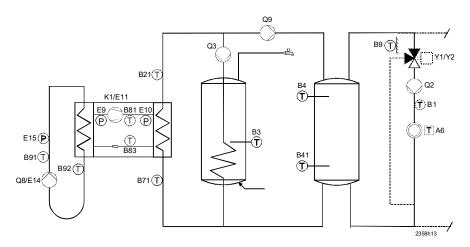
A detailed description is available at OL 2790.

## Condenser pump with DHW

Parameter "Condenser pump with DHW" is used to select whether the condenser pump shall operate during DHW charging.

#### Application example

"Condenser pump with DHW" = off



# Speed-controlled condenser pump

Speed control of the condenser pump is effected via a triac (ZX) or UX output. For that purpose, the respective output is to be configured as "Condenser pump Q9".

Also, the condenser pump can be controlled via relay output (on/off).

The condenser pump's speed control can be parameterized.

- Choice of 4 speed control strategies.
- For DHW charging, another strategy of these 4 can be selected. If "- -" is selected, the strategy of parameter 2790 applies.
- For cooling mode, another strategy of these 4 can be selected. If "- -" is selected, the strategy of parameter 2790 applies.
- The condenser pump operates at maximum speed, regardless of the selected control strategy:
  - In passive cooling mode with the condenser pump.
  - When the electric immersion heater in the flow is in operation.

Line no.	Operating line		
2790	Modulation condenser pump		
	None   HP setpoint   Compressor output   Temp diff condensor		
ACS	Modulation condens pump cooling		
	None   Heat pump setpoint   Compressor output   Temp diff condensor		

# Setting the condenser pump's modulation

For "Modulation condenser pump" (line 2790) and, if required, for "Modulation condens pump DHW" (2788) and "Modulation condens pump cooling" (ACS), the following speed control strategies are available:

#### None

The speed of the condenser pump is not controlled. Speed output corresponds to the parameterized "Pump speed max" (line 2793).



- Exception: If the condenser pump operates only to ensure frost protection, it runs at the parameterized "Pump speed min" (line 2792).
- Heat pump monitoring functions can reduce the speed down to the parameterized "Pump speed min". To make certain, for example, that the maximum evaporation temperature will not be exceeded in cooling mode.

### **HP setpoint**

The control strategy lowers the pump speed to such a level that the required heat pump setpoint at flow temperature sensor B21 is reached.

The speed of the condenser pump is calculated such that it can be reduced to the permissible minimum ("Pump speed min", line 2792) only when the compressor operates at full capacity.

### **Compressor output**

The speed of the condenser pump is controlled according to the compressor output currently released. The action depends on the type of heat pump.

#### 1-stage compressor

When the compressor is in operation, the condenser pump runs at maximum speed.

When the compressor is off, the condenser pump runs at minimum speed.

### 2-stage compressor

When both compressors are in operation, the condenser pump runs at maximum speed.

When one compressor is in operation, the condenser pump runs at maximum speed minus the minimum speed, divided by 2.

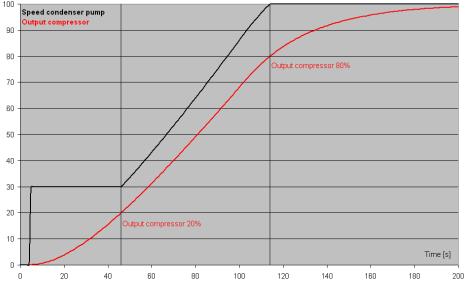
When both compressors are off, the condenser pump runs at minimum speed.

#### Modulating compressor

With this function, the speed of the condenser pump depends directly on the compressor's current output.

If the compressor's output is ≤20%, the speed of the condenser pump is maintained at the minimum.

If the compressor's output is  $\geq 80\%$ , the speed of the condenser pump is maintained at the maximum.



### Temp diff condenser

The strategy controls the pump speed such that the parameterized temperature differential of heat pump flow and heat pump return is maintained.

- Setting for heating mode via "Req temp diff condenser" (line 2805).
- If the strategy is used for DHW charging as well, either explicitly or implicitly, "Req temp diff condens DHW" (ACS) offers a separate setting.
- In cooling mode, parameter "Temp diff cond cooling mode" (line 3008) is used.

# Condenser pump speed under special operating conditions

In general, the condenser pump's speed is controlled according to the selected control strategy (line 2790 ff.).

However, with certain operating states, the selected control strategy is not suited or cannot be applied.

The following table shows the condenser pump's speed behavior in such cases:

#	Plant state	Note	Condition	Speed behavior
1	Frost protection for the plant	Line 2800	Condenser pump operates only if frost protection for the plant is required	Minimum speed
2.1	Front protection for the		Condenser pump operates only if frost protection for the condenser is required	Minimum speed
2.2	Frost protection for the condenser	Line 2810	Condenser pump operates only if frost protection for the condenser is required <b>and</b> electric immersion heater or compressor is in operation	According to strategy
3	Pump prerun	Line 2802		According to strategy 1)
4	Pump overrun	Line 2803		According to strategy 1), 2)
5.1			Generally when electric immersion heater is in operation	Maximum speed
5.2	With electric immersion heater, emergency		Strategy "HP setpoint" <b>and</b> electric immersion heater located upstream of flow temperature sensor B21	According to this strategy
5.3	operation	Not for emergency operation	Strategy "Temp diff condenser" <b>and</b> electric immersion heater located upstream of flow temperature sensor B21 <b>and</b> compressor in operation	According to this strategy
6	Passive cooling mode			Maximum speed
7	Automatic sensor readjustment	Line 3030		Maximum speed
8.1			Strategy "HP setpoint" or "Temp diff condenser" <b>and</b> compressor on <b>and</b> storage tank charging active (buffer or DHW)	Minimum speed
8.2	Defrect with compressor	Process	Strategy "HP setpoint" or "Temp diff condenser" <b>and</b> compressor on <b>and</b> storage tank charging inactive (buffer or DHW)	Maximum speed
8.3		reversal	Strategy "HP setpoint" or "Temp diff condenser" <b>and</b> compressor off (condensation)	Minimum speed
8.4			Strategy "Compressor output"	According to this strategy
9	Defrost with fan			According to strategy 1)
10	Defrost with external	Input		Same: Defrost with
	heat pump	at X75		compressor
11	Pump off refrigerant	Line 3058		According to strategy 2)
12	Pump off refrigerant,	Line 7153		Maximum speed
	manually			

<sup>1)</sup> In practical operation usually "minimum speed"

<sup>2)</sup> When controlling to the setpoint and there is no more request, the setpoint valid last is maintained

Line no.	Operating line
2792	Pump speed min
2793	Pump speed max

### Pump speed min/max

These settings ensure minimum and maximum limitation of the condenser pump speed.

Line no.	Operating line
2794	Speed Xp
2795	Speed Tn
2796	Speed Tv

### Pump speed

The speed of the pump is controlled by a PID controller.

Parameters Xp, Tn, and Tv

By setting the right proportional band Xp, integral action time Tn, and the derivative action time Tv, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

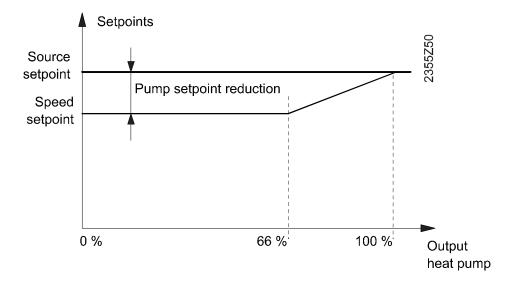
Xp, Tn and Tv can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

Line no.	Operating line
2799	Pump setpoint reduction

### Pump setpoint reduction

The purpose of pump setpoint reduction is that in the case of speed control to the heat pump setpoint and an output-controlled compressor, the speed of the condenser pump is reduced to the permissible minimum (line 2792) only when the compressor operates at full capacity.



With pump setpoint reduction

When the compressor operates at low output (<66%), the setpoint for speed control is reduced by a selectable difference.

When the compressor's output exceeds 66%, the setpoint for the speed is increased in a way that at 100% heat pump output, the setpoint used for calculating the speed corresponds to the heat pump setpoint.

This prevents the heat pump from reaching the setpoint when the compressor's output is reduced and the pump's speed is kept at a low level.

Without pump setpoint reduction

If setpoint reduction is deactivated (Pump setpoint reduction = 0 °C), following applies:

- The pump's speed is reduced only when the compressor delivers 100% output.
- The compressor's output is reduced only when the pump speed reaches its maximum.
- In all cases, following applies: The setpoint for speed control is limited to a level of 2 Kelvin below the maximum switch-off temperature.

Line no.	Operating line
2800	Frost prot plant cond pump
	Off   On
2801	Control cond pump
	Automatically   Temp request   Parallel compr operation
2802	Prerun time cond pump
2803	Overrun time cond pump

# Frost prot plant cond pump

It can be defined whether or not the condenser pump shall be put into operation when frost protection for the plant is activated.

#### Off

#### Off

The condenser pump does not run when frost protection for the plant is active.

#### On

The condenser pump runs when frost protection for the plant is active..

#### Control cond pump

The setting defines whether the pump shall run when there is a valid request or only when the compressor is in operation.

#### **Automatically**

The controller decides when the condenser pump needs to be switched on, based on the origin of the requests.

#### Temp request

The condenser pump starts running as soon as there is a valid temperature request.

### Parallel compr operation

The condenser pump runs when the compressor is in operation.

The condenser pump also runs when the electric immersion heater installed in the flow is in operation.

- The condenser pump can also be activated by the following functions:
  - Frost protection for the plant
    - Frost protection for the heat pump.
    - · Storage tank recooling.
  - Passive cooling
- in the event of a heat pump failure, the condenser pump is deactivated until the fault is corrected.

#### Prerun time cond pump

Prior to starting the compressor, the condenser pump must be activated, enabling the sensors to acquire the correct temperature.

#### Overrun time cond pump

When the compressor is switched off, the condenser pump continues to run for the set overrun time.

#### Condenser

Line no.	Operating line
2804	Max temp diff condenser
2805	Req temp diff condenser
ACS	Req temp diff condens DHW
2806	Max dev temp diff cond
2807	Min temp diff cond DHW
2808	Req temp diff condens DHW
2809	Temp frost alarm
2810	Condenser frost protection
2811	Overrun cond frost protect

# Temperature differential: Condenser

This is the temperature differential of the medium on the consumer side between condenser inlet (B71) and condenser outlet (B21).

The function described below is only active when both sensors are installed.

Max temp diff condenser

The speed of the condenser pump is only reduced to such a level (see line 2799) that the maximum temperature differential across the condenser ("Max temp diff condenser") will not be exceeded.

Req temp diff condenser

"Req temp diff condenser" is the temperature differential anticipated across the condenser with maximum compressor output in heating mode.

The setting is used for different functions (e.g. speed control of condenser pump, parameter 2790 ff.).

Req temp diff condens DHW

"Req temp diff condens DHW" (2808) is the temperature differential to be expected at the condenser when the compressor operates at maximum capacity for DHW charging. If "- - -" is selected, DHW charging also uses parameter 2805.

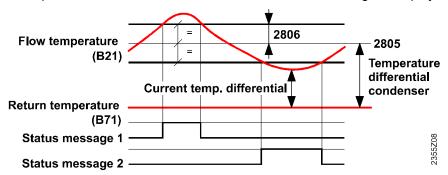
The setting is used for speed control of the condenser pump (parameter 2790 and

parameter 2788 for DHW charging).

Max dev temp diff cond

Setting the maximum deviation from the required temperature differential (line 2805, "Req temp diff condenser"), either upward or downward.

If the permitted deviations are not observed, a status message is displayed.



2805: Req temp diff condenser
2806: Max dev temp diff cond
Status message 1: Limit diff condens max
Status message 2: Limit diff condens min

- For a too great or too small a temperature differential to be displayed as a status message, the compressor must have run for a minimum of 3 minutes and DHW charging must not be active.
- When changing from DHW charging to space heating, the controller waits another 3 minutes until it displays too great a deviation.
- i
- The function can be deactivated.
- In cooling mode, the function is automatically deactivated.
- With air-to-water heat pumps, the function is automatically deactivated.

#### Min temp diff cond DHW

Function "Min temp diff cond DHW" is used to abort DHW charging when the external heat pump is shut down.

During DHW charging, the temperature differential across the condenser (between sensors B21 and B71) must not drop below the value set here.

- If the temperature differential is too small, DHW charging is aborted.
- If several charging attempts are permitted (line 2893, "Number DHW charg attempts"), the next charging attempt is made when "Compressor off time min" (line 2843) has elapsed.
- If the charging attempts are unsuccessful, charging can be finished via the electric immersion heater installed in the flow or the DHW storage tank.
- i

For detailed information about the process after abortion of the charging attempt, refer to the description given under "Number DHW charg attempts" (line 2893).

#### Temp frost alarm

"Temp frost alarm" provides a function for "internally" controlled and external heat pumps:

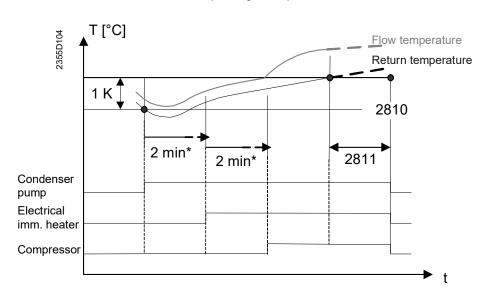
- In the case of "internally" controlled heat pumps, the process reversing valve is monitored. If valve seizing occurs (e.g. after defrosting), the plant is prevented from freezing up.
- With external heat pumps, the plant is prevented from freezing up when the heat pump operates in cooling mode in place of heating mode.

If the temperature at the flow sensor B21 drops below the adjustable frost alarm level, the heat pump is shut down and can only be put back into operation by making a reset (fault "201:Frost alarm").

For the alarm to be delivered, a process reversing valve must be parameterized and the compressor must run for a minimum of 15 seconds.

The function can be deactivated (setting "- - -").

# Condenser frost protection



2810 Condenser frost protection 2811 Overrun cond frost protect

<sup>\*</sup> Or 2811 (Overrun cond frost protect) if >2 minutes

# Overrun cond frost protect Heating mode

"Condenser frost protection" is ensured by a multi-stage process.

- If the flow temperature (B21) or the return temperature (B71) falls below the set frost protection level (line 2810), the condenser pump is activated.
- If, after 2 minutes or if longer after "Overrun cond frost protect" (line 2811), both the flow and the return temperature do not reach the frost protection level (line 2810) plus 1 Kelvin, the electric immersion heater in the flow is switched on as well.
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In the case of a 3-stage electric immersion heater (K25 and K26 parameterized), both relays are energized.

• If, after another 2 minutes or – if longer – after "Overrun cond frost protect" (line 2811), both the flow and the return temperature do not reach the frost protection level (line 2810) plus 1 Kelvin, the electric immersion heater in the flow is switched on as well.

After successful "Condenser frost protection", the switch-off behavior is as follows:

- If both the flow and return temperature reach the frost protection level (line 2810) plus 1 Kelvin, condenser pump, electric immersion heater and compressor remain in operation during "Overrun cond frost protect" (line 2811).
- · Then, the 3 aggregates are switched off.

The function can be deactivated ("- - -").

#### CAUTION

• If the function is deactivated, frost protection is no longer ensured.

• Frost protection temperatures below 5 °C are permitted only if the distribution system on the consumer side is filled with antifreeze. If the temperature is extremely low, the heat exchanger can be damaged beyond repair.

# Overrun cond frost protect Cooling mode

In cooling mode, frost protection for the condenser operates in the reverse sense.

If the flow temperature (B21) or the return temperature (B71) falls below the set frost protection level (line 2810), the condenser pump is activated.

If both the flow and the return temperature reach the frost protection level (line 2810) plus 1 Kelvin, the heat pump remains locked during "Overrun cond frost protect" (line 2811).

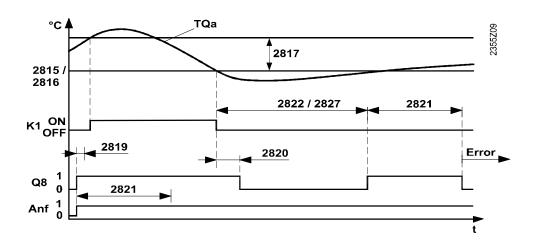


The condenser pump remains in operation during the whole time.

#### **Evaporator**

### Source pump

Functional interrelationships



2815 Source temp min water
2817 Switching diff source prot
2821 Source startup time max
2822 T'limit source temp min brine
2827 Time limit source temp
TQa Source outlet temperature

K1 Compressor Q8 Source pump Anf Heat request

### **Operation limit**

Line no.	Operating line
2812	Operation limit OT min air
2813	Operation limit OT max air

Operation limit OT min air

If, with an air-to-water heat pump, the outside temperature falls below the level set here, the controller locks the heat pump. It will be released again as soon as the outside temperature exceeds the set limit by 2 Kelvin.

Operation limit OT max air

If, with an air-to-water heat pump, the outside temperature exceeds the set level, the controller locks the heat pump. It will be released again as soon as the outside temperature falls 2 Kelvin below the set limit.

# Minimum and maximum source temperature

Line no.	Operating line	
2814	Source temp max	
2815	Source temp min water	
2816	Source temp min brine	
2817	Switching diff source prot	
ACS	Source protection with substitute sensor	
2818	Incr source temp min fl cur	
ACS	Increase source temp min	

#### Source temp max

If the source inlet temperature (B91) lies above the maximum source temperature (parameter dependent on the type of heat pump, see below), the compressor is not switched on and the source pump keeps running. If the source inlet temperature drops below the maximum source temperature minus 1 °C, the compressor is switched on.

If, on completion of the maximum source startup time (2821), the compressor does not run, the source pump is switched off. After the set minimum off time, the controller tries to restart the compressor. The pumps are put into operation and the compressor is started, provided the maximum source temperature is not exceeded.

When the compressor is in operation and the source inlet temperature exceeds "Source temp max", the compressor is switched off and, on completion of the minimum off time, the controller tries to switch the heat pump on again.

If the source inlet temperature is not available, the function uses the source outlet temperature.



Parameter 2814 only acts in heating mode.

# Distinction between heat pump types

- In the case of brine-to-water or water-to-water heat pumps, parameter 2814 is used as the threshold (maximum source temperature).
- In the case of air-to-water heat pumps, parameter 2813 is used as the threshold (maximum source temperature). This means that with air-to-water heat pumps, "Source temp max" is available without parameterizing operating line 2814 (instead, the function makes use of parameter 2813).

#### Source temp min water

This function prevents the heat pump from operating when the source outlet temperature is too low. The function is intended for plants that use water as a heat source.

If, during operation, the source outlet temperature drops below "Source temp min water", both the pumps and the compressor are switched off for an adjustable period of time ("Time limit source temp", parameter 2827).

#### Source temp min brine

The function shall prevent the source from cooling down excessively. It is intended for plants that use geothermal energy as the source of heat.

If, during operation, the source outlet temperature drops below "Source temp min brine", both the pumps and the compressor are switched off for an adjustable period of time ("T'limit source temp min brine", parameter 2822).

Compared to function "Source temp min water" (line 2815), the following additional differences exist, which must be observed:

- "Source prot sens brine HP" (parameter 5804) can be used to select whether the temperature at the source inlet or source outlet shall be considered.
- During the time the "Floor curing" function is performed, the controller automatically raises the minimum source temperature by the value set on operating line 2818.
- During "T'limit source temp min brine" (line 2822), the electric immersion heaters installed in the flow are activated.

#### Switching diff source prot

After the set maximum source startup time (line 2821), the source temperature must exceed the source protection temperature (line 2815 or 2816) by at least "Switching diff source prot" (line 2817) to ensure the compressor is switched on.

# Source protection with substitute sensor (ACS)

In the event the temperature sensors B91 or B92 fail (Line 5804 "Source prot sens brine HP"), the source can be operated using the other source sensor as a substitute.

The controller calculates the setpoint on the other sensor to include the required temperature differential evaporator (Line 2823) to maintain the minimum source temperature (Line 2815 or 2816).

#### Heat source water

The source outlet temperature B92 is used for source protection.

The minimum source temperature is therefore configured for B92.

The source inlet sensor B91 can be used as a substitute.

Substitute mode with source inlet sensor B91:

Source temperature minimum water HP+ temperature differential evaporator (Parameter 2815 + parameter 2823)

#### Heat source brine

Depending on the configuration, the source outlet temperature at B92 or the source inlet temperature at B91 is used for source protection.

The minimum source temperature thus applies to the selected source protection sensor.

B91 or B92 can be used as a substitute.

Substitute mode with source inlet sensor B91:

Source temperature minimum brine HP + Temperature differential evaporator (Parameter 2816 + Parameter 2823)

Substitute mode with source outlet sensor B92:

Source temperature minimum water HP – Temperature differential evaporator (Parameter 2816 - Parameter 2823)

## Incr source temp min fl cur

With brine-to-water heat pumps, the controller automatically raises the minimum source temperature (line 2816) by the adjustable value "Increase source prot temp" during the time the "Floor curing" function is performed.

Increase source temp min (ACS)

The system tries to maintain the adjusted setpoint (minimum source temperature plus "Increase source temp min" (ACS)).

# Controller-internal measures

If the source temperature approaches the parameterized minimum, other plant components are influenced to prevent the temperature from dropping below its minimum. The following plant components – if installed and controllable – are influenced in the following order:

	Strategy	Heating	
		Component: Internal measure	
1	Reduce evaporator differential	Source pump speed is increased *	
2	Reduction of output	Compressor: Output is reduced. 2nd stage is switched off	

<sup>\*</sup> When source is brine only if source protection sensor (5804) = B92



The minimum source temperature is only monitored in heating mode.

#### **Times**

Line no.	Operating line
2819	Prerun time source
2820	Overrun time source
2821	Source startup time max
2822	T'limit source temp min brine
2827	Time limit source temp

#### Prerun time source

Before putting the compressor into operation, the source pump (or the fan in the case of an air-to-water heat pump) need be activated, ensuring that the refrigerant passes through the evaporator, enabling the sensors to acquire the correct temperature.

#### Overrun time source

When the compressor is switched off, the source pump (or the fan in the case of an air-to-water heat pump) continues to operate for the set overrun time.

#### Source startup time max

If, during "Prerun time source" (line 2819), the source temperature does not reach the required level (line 2815 or line 2816 plus 2817), the heat pump continues to operate until "Source startup time max" is reached (line 2821).

If, during "Source startup time max" too, the source temperature does not reach the required level (line 2815 or line 2816 plus 2817), the heat pump goes to lockout. The fault must be manually reset.

# T'limit source temp min brine

Refer to description of "Source temp min brine" (line 2816).

### Time limit source temp

See use of "Time limit source temp" with function "Source temp min water". Also note: This setting is used in connection with all problems associated with the source.

In the event of a heat pump failure, the source pump will stay deactivated until the fault is corrected.

Line no.	Operating line
2823	Req temp diff evaporator
ACS	Required temp diff evaporator cooling mode
2824	Max dev temp diff evap

#### Req temp diff evaporator

Setting the required temperature differential (cooling down) of the medium (waterbrine) between evaporator inlet (B91) and evaporator outlet (B92).

### Required temp diff evaporator cooling mode (ACS)

Separate setpoint for cooling mode, analogous to parameter 2823.

### Max dev temp diff evap

Maximum deviation from the required temperature differential, either upward or downward.

If the measured deviation is greater than the set maximum deviation, the relevant status message appears, provided the compressor was previously in operation for at least 3 minutes.



In cooling mode and when using air-to-water heat pumps, parameters 2823 and 2824 are not active .

## Low-pressure switch E9

If low-pressure switch E9 (ND pressostat) trips, the heat pump is switched off. On completion of the minimum off time (line 2843, "Compressor off time min"), the heat pump is switched on again.

If, within "Duration error repetition" (line 2889), the low-pressure switch trips several times, the heat pump goes to lockout if the number of "Repetition Error 225:Low-pressure HP" is exceeded.

If the heat pump has gone to lockout, it can only be restarted by making a manual reset.



- For settings in connection with low-pressure switch E9, refer to parameters 2853
   and 2854
- For information about high-pressure switch E10, refer to parameter 2785.

Line no.	Operating line
2825	Min evaporation temp
ACS	Min evaporation temp switching diff
ACS	Min evaporation temp cooling mode
ACS	Min evaporation temp increase
2828	Min evaporation temp water

# Low-pressure supervision

The objective is to prevent tripping of the low-pressure switch with the described consequences. For that, function "Low-pressure supervision" (parameters 2825 and 2828) and controller-internal measures (parameter 2787) are provided.

Prerequisite: An Hx input is configured as "Press acquisition evap H82" (line 5822).

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The settings for parameters 2852...2854 also apply to monitoring with a pressure sensor as described here.

Min evaporation temp

If the evaporation temperature falls below "Min evaporation temp" (line 2825), the compressor is switched off. The compressor may be switched on again only when the evaporation temperature has risen by "Min evaporation temp switching diff" (ACS).

In addition, if an electronic expansion valve is installed, the evaporation temperature must exceed "Min evaporation temp" by more than the current superheat setpoint plus the "Switching diff source prot" (Line 2817).

Cooling mode

For cooling mode, "Min evaporation temp cooling mode" can be set separately (ACS).



When changing from heating to cooling mode, or vice versa, the lower of the 2 limit values applies during "Settl'time process reversal" (line 2838).

Min evaporation temp water

For water-to-water heat pumps, a separate minimum value "Min evaporation temp water" can be set.

# Controller-internal measures

If the evaporation temperature approaches "Min evaporation temp increase" within less than 3 Kelvin (can be set via "Min evaporation temp increase" (ACS)), the following measures are initiated concurrently:

The input is maximized by...

- increasing the speed of the source pump/fan in heating mode,
- increasing the speed of the condenser pump in cooling mode.

The integral action time of the superheat controller is reduced in a linear manner to 50% of the set time (line 3044, "Superheat controller Tn"). This means that the valve opens more quickly \*.

<sup>\*</sup> This measure necessitates an expansion valve. It suits a faster drop of the evaporation temperature (e.g. in the case of quick load changes)

Line no.	Operating line
2826	Max evaporation temp
ACS	Max evaporation temp delay
ACS	Repetition Error 491:Max evaporation temp
ACS	Max evaporation temp cooling mode
ACS	Max evaporation temp reduction

#### Max evaporation temp

When the compressor is in operation and the evaporation pressure exceeds "Max evaporation temp" (line 2826), the compressor is switched off.-{}- The compressor may be switched on again only when the minimum off time (line 2843, "Compressor off time min") has elapsed.



When the compressor is started and when the process reversing valve changes over, no consideration is given to "Max evaporation temp" during "Max evaporation temp delay" (ACS).

If, during the adjustable "Duration error repetition" (line 2889), "Max evaporation temp" is exceeded several times, the heat pump goes to lockout as soon as the number of "Repetition Error 491:Max evaporation temp" (ACS) is exceeded.

If the heat pump has gone to lockout, it can only be restarted by making a reset.

### Cooling mode

For cooling mode, "Max evaporation temp cooling mode" can be set separately (ACS).



When the process reversing valve changes over, "Max evaporation temp" (line 2826) is not monitored during "Settl'time process reversal" (line 2838).

# Controller-internal measures

Measures taken by the controller influence the plant components in a way that "Max evaporation temp" will not be exceeded. They try to maintain "Max evaporation temp" minus "Max evaporation temp reduction" (ACS tool). The following plant components – if installed and controllable – are influenced in the following order:

	Strategy	Heating	Cooling
		Component: Internal measure	Component: Internal measure
1.1	Reduction of input	Expansion valve *: Evaporation pressure is reduced	Expansion valve *: Evaporation pressure is reduced
1.2	Reduction of input	Or: Source pump/fan: Speed is reduced	Or: Condenser pump: Speed is reduced

<sup>\*</sup> For technical principle, refer to parameter 3056

Line no.	Operating line
2829	Ext range min evap temp
2830	Max dur ext min evap temp

This function allows the evaporation temperature to drop below its minimum limit for a certain period of time.

When the function is activated, "Min evaporation temp" (line 2825) is reduced by the set differential (Ext range min evap temp).

When "Max dur ext min evap temp" has elapsed, the normal limit of parameter 2825 applies again.



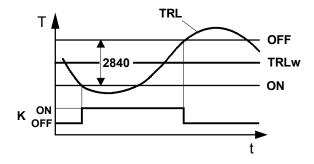
- The time the heat pump operated in the extended range is accumulated by an hours run meter and shown on line 8448 (menu "Diagnostics heat generation").
- In the case of air-to-water heat pumps, minimum source temperature monitoring (line 2812, "Operation limit OT min air") also applies to the extended range.

#### Compressor

# Compressor control without buffer or combi storage tank

If there is **no** buffer or combi storage tank, the compressor is switched on and off according to the return temperature (B71) and the "Switching diff return temp" (line 2840).

The return temperature setpoint is used to calculate the switch-on or switch-off point. It is calculated based on the demanded flow temperature setpoint and the "Differential HC at OT  $-10^{\circ}$ C" (line 5810). The adjustable "Switching diff return temp" (line 2840) lies symmetrically about the calculated return temperature setpoint.



2840 Switching diff return temp

OFF Switch-off point ON Switch-on point

TRLw Return temperature setpoint

K Compressor

The switch-on/off points are influenced by a number of other functions (maximum switch-off temperature, compensation of heat deficits, compressor running time minimum, compressor off time minimum, pump prerun time, and pump overrun time).

### Required sensors

To enable the controller to put the heat pump into operation without control of a buffer or combi storage tank, at least the return temperature sensor (B71) and the relevant source temperature sensor must be installed. In the case of air-to-water heat pumps, the evaporator temperature sensor (B84) is required also.

# Compressor control with buffer or combi storage tank

If a buffer or combi storage tank is installed, the controller uses sensors B4 and B41 to control the compressor. "Switching diff return temp" (line 2840) has no impact.

If there is no sensor B41, heat pump return temperature sensor B71 is used. The heat pump is switched on as soon as there is a heat request from the buffer storage tank. Control is effected via the buffer storage tank's automatic generation lock (see parameter 4720).

#### Required sensors

- In the case of control with a buffer or combi storage tank, the buffer storage tank sensor at the top (B4), the storage tank sensor at the bottom (B41) and the relevant source sensor must be installed.
- If the buffer storage tank sensor at the bottom (B41) is missing, the controller uses the return temperature sensor (B71) to switch the heat pump off.
- If a solar application is configured, sensor B41 is not considered for full charging of the buffer storage tank. Sensor B71 is switched off. Sensor B41 is reserved for the "Solar" function.

# Overview of switching points for staged and modulating HP

A number of factors determine which sensor is used to control to which setpoint. The following table provides an overview of the plant configurations and sensors used to maintain the various setpoints. Prerequisite is always a valid heat request to the heat pump.

Behavior in case of faults is not considered here and not all cases listed may represent practical plant configurations.

	Sens	ors	5810 <sup>1)</sup>		Compre	ssor type		
	B21	B71		Staged		Modulating		
				K1/K2 On	K1/K2 Off	Basic stage On (K1)	Basic stage Off (K1)	Setpoint modulation
								(Bx = Sensor)
No demand	no	no	x	Off: Err138 "No co	ontrol sensor HP"	Off: E	rr138 "No control sens	sor HP"
from storage	no	yes	x	B71 < TRLw - SD/2	B71>TRLw + SD/2	B71 < TRLw - SD/2	B71 > TRLw + SD/2	TRLw ± 0.75K (B71)
tank	yes	no	X	Off: Err138 "No co	ontrol sensor HP"	B21 < TVw - SD/2	B21 > TVw + SD/2	TVw ± 0.75K (B21)
		ماد	= 0	B71 < TRLw - SD/2	B71>TRLw + SD/2	B71 < TRLw - SD/2	B71 > TRLw + SD/2	TRLw ± 0.75K (B71)
	yes	ok	> 0	B71 < TRLw - SD/2	B71>TRLw + SD/2	B21 < TRLw - SD/2	B21 > TRLw + SD/2	TVw ± 0.75K (B21)
Demand from	no	no	X	On	3)	Off: E	rr138 "No control sens	sor HP"
storage tank2)	no	ok	Х	On	3)	On	3)	TRLw ± 0.75K (B71)
	yes	no	Х	On	3)	On	3)	TVw ± 0.75K (B21)
	yes	yes	х	On <sup>4)</sup>	3)	On <sup>4)</sup>	3)	TVw ± 0.75K (B21)

<sup>1) &</sup>quot;Differential HC at OT -10°C" (OL5810)

 $T_{Vw}$  = Flow setpoint

 $T_{RLw}$  = Return setpoint

SD = "Switching diff return temp" (OL2840)

Sensor states: Yes (Sensor available), no (Sensor not available), x (No influence)

Parameter setting: x (No influence)

For different legal norms on cascades, see section "6.12".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Heat demand comes from a storage tank (DHW, heating circuit via buffer, forced charging)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> Safety functions switch off compressor (high pressure, hot gas, switch-off temperature)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> B21 is used for the enable and reset integral of the 2<sup>nd</sup> compressor stage.

#### Crankcase heater

Line no.	Operating line
2832	Setpoint crankcase heater

The function activates the heater via relay K40 whenever the hot-gas temperature falls below the parameterized level (line 2832). When the compressor is in operation, the crankcase heater is switched off. If the hot-gas temperature exceeds the setpoint by 5 Kelvin, the heater is switched off.

- If 2 hot-gas sensors are installed, the lower temperature is used.
- If there is no hot-gas sensor, the outside temperature acquired by sensor B9 is used.

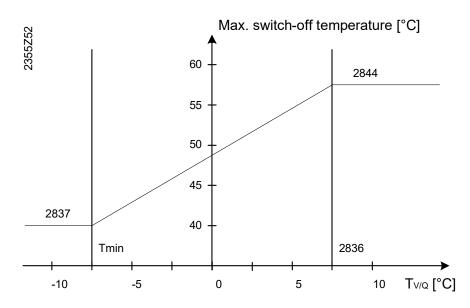
#### **Restart lock**

Line no.	Operating line
2835	Restart lock compressor

When a compressor was switched off, it is not switched on again until the locking time has elapsed. Restart lock is observed under all operating conditions, even during defrosting.

### Switch-off temperature

Line no.	Operating line
2836	Start swi-off temp red
2837	Swi-off temp max reduced



Tmin: Depending on the type of source (line 2812, 2815, 2816, or 2825)

 $T_{\text{V/Q}}$ : Evaporation/source temperature

2844: Switch-off temp max

The maximum switch-off temperature can be reduced while giving consideration to the evaporation or source temperature  $(T_{V/Q})$ .

The maximum switch-off temperature is reduced in a linear manner. The reduction curve is defined by 2 points of intersection:

- Point of intersection of operating lines 2844 and 2836.
- Point of intersection of line 2837 with (line 2812, 2815, 2816 or 2825), depending on the type of source.

If the evaporation temperature is not available, a backup sensor is used for calculating the reduction. The following order applies:

Prio	Sensor	Source type	Operating lines: Tmin
1	Evaporation temperature H82	All types	2825: Min evaporation temp
2	Evaporator temperature B84	Air	2812: Operation limit OT min air
3a	Source outlet temperature B92	Brine/external	2816: Source temp min brine
3b	Source outlet temperature B92	Water	2815: Source temp min water
4	Source inlet temperature B91	Brine/external	2816: Source temp min brine
5	Outside temperature B9	External	2812: Operation limit OT min air



- If none of the sensors is available, or if the respective limitation function (Tmin) is deactivated, there will be no reduction.
- The function can be deactivated.

Line no.	Operating line
2838	Settl'time process reversal

# Settl'time process reversal

If the process reversing valve is switched while the compressor is running, the heat pump requires a settling time. This period of time can be adjusted.

For the 3 functions below, the setpoints and limit values for heating and cooling mode are different. To ensure that the heat pump is not switched off, the less stringent limit value applies during "Settl'time process reversal".

- Minimum evaporation temperature (parameter 2825).
- Maximum evaporation temperature (parameter 2826).
- Superheat setpoint (parameter 3042).
- The parameter descriptions specify the relevant limit values.

Line no.	Operating line
2839	Settl'time ch'over DHW/HC

# Settl'time ch'over DHW/HC

DHW- or heating circuit-specific monitoring functions give consideration to the settling time and ensure smooth changeover.

When a change is made from DHW to heating mode (or vice versa) while the compressor is running, the heat pump continues to operate during the settling time while the compressor delivers its current output.

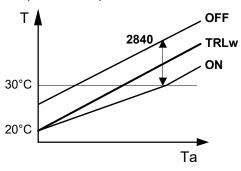
Nevertheless, safety functions are allowed to reduce the compressor's output.

Line no.	Operating line
2840	Switching diff return temp

#### Switching diff return temp

If the return temperature exceeds the setpoint by half the switching differential, the heat pump is switched off; if it falls below the setpoint by half the switching differential, the controller demands operation of the heat pump.

If the return temperature setpoint drops below 30 °C, the switching differential is reduced in a way that the switch-on point approaches the setpoint. At a return temperature setpoint of 20 °C, the switch-on point is identical with the return temperature setpoint.



OFF Switch-off point
ON Switch-on point
2840 Switching diff return temp
Ta Outside temperature
T Heat pump return temperature
TRLw Return temperature setpoint

- Calculation of the return temperature setpoint is explained on line 5810 ("Differential HC at OT –10 °C").
- The function is not active when "Compensation heat deficit" is switched on (line 2886).

#### Setting the compressor

Line no.	Operating line	
2841	Keep compr run time min	
	No   Yes	
2842	Compressor run time min	
2843	Compressor off time min	

#### Keep compr run time min

Determines whether the minimum compressor running time set on operating line 2842 shall be observed if the heat request becomes invalid before:

#### No

The minimum compressor running time is **not** taken into consideration. When there is no more request for heat, the compressor is switched off.

#### Yes

The minimum compressor running time is also observed when there is no more request for heat.

NOTE	When using this setting, the plant must be designed such that the produced heat
	is also dissipated when the consumer is not in operation (e.g. via the buffer
	storage tank).

#### Compressor run time min

To prevent the compressor from getting damaged due to too frequent cycling, it always operates for at least the period of time set here, each time it is switched on.

#### Compressor off time min

For the same reason, the compressor remains off for the minimum period of time set here.

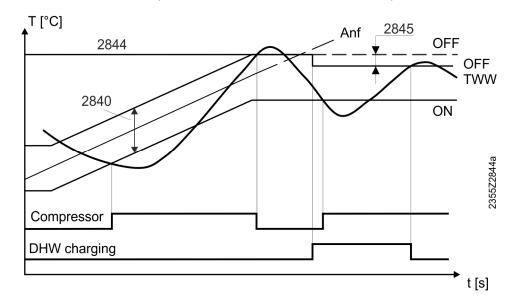
The minimum compressor on and off time prevents short switching cycles under low-load conditions. When operation changes (heating, cooling, DHW charging), there is no waiting until these times have elapsed. To ensure the compressor's off times are not too short, parameter 2835 "Restart lock compressor" is to be used.

Line no.	Operating line	
2844	Switch-off temp max	
2845	Red switch-off temp max	

#### Switch-off temp max

If the flow or the return temperature exceeds the maximum switch-off temperature, the compressor is switched off.

The heat pump is switched on again when the temperature at both sensors (B21 and B71) dropped by the "Switching diff return temp" (line 2840) below the maximum switch-off temperature while the minimum off time elapsed.



2840	Switching diff return temp	ON	Switch-on point
2844	Switch-off temp max	OFF	Switch-off point
2845	Red switch-off temp max	OFF DHW	Switch-off point DHW
Rea	Consumer request		

- The settings are required in particular for plants without a buffer storage tank.
- For heating (room heating), a separate, lower limit value can be set (see OL 2855).

#### Red switch-off temp max

In the case of DHW charging, forced buffer storage tank charging during operation of the second compressor stage, "Switch-off temp max" (line 2844) is reduced by this value.

If the flow or the return temperature (B21/B71) exceeds this level, DHW charging or forced buffer storage tank charging is prematurely aborted and a change to space heating is made, provided the heating circuits call for heat.

In this case, the heat pump continues to operate with no interruption. During a settling time (line 2839) and after abortion of DHW charging, the heating circuit's setpoint is not taken into consideration. This means that the compressor remains in operation, regardless of the return temperature, enabling the heat pump to settle at the new temperature level.

If an electric immersion heater is installed in the DHW storage tank, it ends DHW charging and the heat pump is immediately made available for space heating. If an electric immersion heater is only fitted in the flow and parameter "Use electric flow" (line 2880) is **not** set to "Substitute", DHW charging is ended.

The compressor remains locked during this time.

If an electric immersion heater is not available, DHW charging is aborted.

Parameter "Number DHW charg attempts" (line 2893) can be used to set the number of attempts the heat pump shall make until storage tank charging is aborted or ended by an electric immersion heater.

If there is no request for heat from space heating, the heat pump is shut down. It can only be put back into operation when the minimum off time ("Compressor off time min", line 2843) has elapsed, provided the flow or return temperature (B21/B71) dropped by the amount of the adjustable switching differential ("Switching diff return temp", line 2840) below the reduced maximum switch-off temperature.

If a negative value is set for the reduction, the maximum switch-off temperature is increased by the parameterized negative reduction during the time DHW is charged. If the flow reaches the increased switch-off temperature, DHW charging is aborted.

The compressor continues to operate if space heating calls for heat. The flow temperature is not monitored during the settling time. On completion of the settling time, the compressor is switched off when the maximum switch-off temperature is reached.

### Behavior with 2 compressors

If the flow or return temperature approaches the maximum switch-off temperature, compressor 2 should be switched off before compressor 1 reaches its limitation.

For this reason, compressor 2 always switches off at the maximum switch-off temperature minus the reduction and no status message will appear. Only the second stage is initially switched off if a negative reduction is parameterized and both compressor stages operate for DHW charging. The flow temperature is not monitored during the settling time. If, on completion of the settling time, the flow temperature returns to a level above the increased switch-off temperature, DHW charging is aborted.

Only the second stage is initially switched off if a negative reduction is parameterized and both compressor stages operate for space heating. The flow temperature is not monitored during the settling time. If, on completion of the settling time, the flow temperature returns to a level above the maximum switch-off temperature, the first stage is switched off as well.

#### NOTE

In the situations described above, the flow temperature is not monitored during the settling time if a negative value is set for "Red switch-off temp max" (parameter 2845). Other monitoring functions such as hot-gas, high-pressure, etc., are not affected.

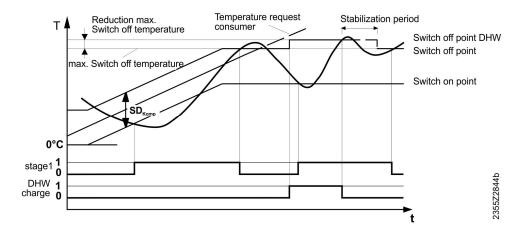
### Controller-internal measures

Measures taken by the controller influence plant components in a way that "Switch-off temp max" will not be exceeded. They try to maintain the level of "Switch-off temp max" minus "Red switch-off temp max" (line 2845). The following plant components – if installed and controllable – are influenced in the following order:

	Strategy	Heating	
	Component: Internal measure		
1	Maximization of output delivered	Condenser pump: Speed is increased	
2	Reduction of output Compressor: Output is reduced. 2nd stage is switched off		
3.1	Reduction of input Expansion valve *: Evaporation pressure is reduced		
3.2	Reduction of input Or: Source pump/fan: Speed is reduced		
4	Suppression of requests	of requests Consumer: Storage tank charging (DHW) is aborted	

<sup>\*</sup> For technical principle, refer to parameter 3056

Maximum switch-off temperature with negative reduction



Behavior of Q9 with buffer storage tank at the maximum switch-off temperature. If, due to "Switch-off temp max" (line 2844), the heat pump had to shut down and a new start is made, condenser pump Q9 is put into operation first and then the compressor, whenever the following criteria are satisfied:

- The minimum off time ("Compressor off time min", line 2843) has elapsed.
- The temperature at sensor B21 or B4 dropped by the switching differential (line 2840).
- · A request for heat is pending.
- The buffer storage tank has not yet reached its setpoint.

The heat pump remains in operation until the buffer storage tank is charged or "Switch-off temp max" has again been reached.

Line no.	Operating line
2846	Hot-gas temp max
2847	Swi diff hot-gas temp max
2848	Reduction hot-gas temp max

Hot-gas temp max

Setting the maximum permissible hot-gas temperature of the refrigerant (B81/B82). The heat pump is shut down whenever this temperature is exceeded. The pumps continue to run for the adjusted overrun times.

If, within the adjustable "Duration error repetition" (line 2889), the fault occurs more often than the permissible maximum number of shutdowns, the heat pump goes to lockout and can be put back into operation only by making a manual reset.

Swi diff hot-gas temp max

For the heat pump to switch on again after reaching "Hot-gas temp max" (line 2846), the hot-gas temperature (B81/B82) must drop below its maximum by at least the switching differential set here.

### Reduction hot-gas temp max

DHW charging or forced buffer storage tank charging via the heat pump is aborted prematurely if the hot-gas temperature (B81/B82) reaches the level of maximum hot-gas temperature (line 2846) minus the reduction set here.

The controller switches to space heating, if required.

In this case, the heat pump continues to operate without interruption, provided the switch-off condition has not yet been satisfied.

If there is no request for heat from space heating, the heat pump is shut down. It can be put back into operation only when the minimum off time (line 2843, "Compressor off time min") has elapsed, provided the hot-gas temperature has dropped below the reduced maximum hot-gas temperature by the amount of the adjustable hot-gas switching differential (line 2847, "Swi diff hot-gas temp max").



If an electric immersion heater is installed, DHW charging can be completed. Otherwise, for DHW charging to be resumed, the DHW storage tank temperature (B3) must drop by the amount of the DHW switching differential (line 5024, "Switching diff").

### Controller-internal measures

Measures taken by the controller influence plant components in a way that "Hotgas temp max" will not be exceeded. They try to maintain the adjusted setpoint ("Hot-gas temp max" minus "Reduction hot-gas temp max"). The following plant components – if installed and controllable – are influenced in the following order:

	Strategy	Heating	Cooling
		Component: Internal measure	Component: Internal measure
1	Cooling the compressor	Compressor: Vapor injection (EVI) *	Compressor: Vapor injection (EVI) *
2	Maximization of output delivered	Condenser pump: Speed is increased	Source pump Speed is increased
3	Reduction of output	Compressor: Output is reduced	Compressor: Output is reduced
4	Suppression of requests	Consumer: Storage tank charging (DHW) is	-
		aborted	

<sup>\*</sup> See description of EVI (parameter 3071 ff.)

#### Hot-gas temperature

Line no.	Operating line	
2849	Setpoint hot-gas temp	
2850	SD setp hot-gas temp	
2851	Cont'type setp hot-gas temp	
	NC   NO	

Setpoint hot-gas temp

When the hot-gas temperature of the compressor (B81) exceeds the "Setpoint hot-gas temp" set here, relay "Hot-gas temp K31" is energized.

SD setp hot-gas temp

When the hot-gas temperature of the compressor falls below the "Setpoint hot-gas temp" minus the switching differential set here, relay "Hot-gas temp K31" is deenergized.

Cont'type setp hot-gas temp

The type of contact for relay "Hot-gas temp K31" can be selected here.

NC

The contact opens when the hot-gas temperature K31 is exceeded.

NO (factory setting)

The contact closes when the hot-gas temperature K31 is exceeded.

#### Low-pressure switch

Line no.	Operating line	
2852	LP delay on startup	
2853	LP delay during operation	
2854	LP supervision	
	Always Without defrosting	

#### LP delay on startup

When starting the compressor, no consideration is given to the low-pressure switch (E9) during the period of time set here.



When the process reversing valve changes over, no consideration is given to the low-pressure switch (E9) also during the period of time set here.

# LP delay during operation

If the low-pressure switch (E9) trips during operation, the controller waits the period of time set here before switching the heat pump off. This is to make certain that the heat pump will not be switched off each time the low-pressure switch trips for a short moment.

#### LP supervision

Defines monitoring by the low-pressure switch (B9) during the time the "Defrost" function is active.

#### **Always**

The low-pressure switch is always taken into consideration.

#### Without defrosting

The low-pressure switch is not taken into consideration during the time the "Defrost" function is active.



This function only acts on air-to-water heat pumps.

#### Monitoring

Line no.	Operating line	
ACS	Supervision soft starter	
	Always   With compr operation	
ACS	Supervision low-pressure	
	Always   With compr operation	
ACS	Supervision high-pressure	
	Always   With compr operation	
ACS	Supervision overload compressor	
	Always   With compr operation	
ACS	Supervision 3-phase current/mains	
	Always   With compr operation	
ACS	Supervision overload source	
	Always   With source operation	
ACS	Supervision pressure switch source (E26)	
	Always   With source operation   According to heat source	
ACS	Supervision pressure switch source intermed circ	
	Always   With source operation	
ACS	Supervision external superheat controller (E34 / E35)	
	Always   With compr operation	

It can be selected when a corresponding fault is noted.

It can be selected when a fault of the soft starter shall be considered.

#### **Always**

The input is always taken into consideration.

#### With compr operation

The input is considered only when the compressor is in operation.

When the compressor is started, no consideration is given to the fault for the first 3 seconds.

#### With source operation

The input is only considered if the source pump is switched on.

#### According to heat source

The pressure switch E26, connected at the input, monitors pressure regardless of the heat source:

- Heat source water = For source mode
- Heat source brine = Always

## Control of the process reversing valve

Line no.	Operating line	
ACS	Pressure diff min process reversal	
ACS	Min compr run time prior to process reversal	
ACS	Delay pressure diff error process reversal	
ACS	Basic position process reversing valve	
	Last request   Heating   Cooling   None	

To change its position, a pilot-controlled 4-port valve requires a minimum differential between evaporation and condensation pressure.

If the pressure differential is too small and an attempt is made to move the valve, it might get stuck in an intermediate position. In that case, a "hydraulic short-circuit" might occur between high- and low-pressure. In the worst case, the valve will have to be removed and manually repositioned.

Pressure diff min process reversal ACS\*

The process reversing valve may be moved only when the condensation pressure exceeds the evaporation pressure by the set pressure differential.

The function is active only when both evaporation pressure (H82) and condensation pressure are known.

Delay pressure diff error process reversal ACS\*

If the minimum pressure differential is not reached within "Delay pressure diff error process reversal", the compressor is shut down and an error message ("504:Pres diff proc reversal") is displayed.

Min compr run time prior to process reversal ACS\*

The process reversing valve may be moved only when the compressor has been in operation for the "Min compr run time prior to process reversal".

If both a minimum pressure differential and a minimum compressor running time are parameterized, both conditions must be satisfied for the process reversing valve to be allowed to change over.

Basic position process reversing valve

When the compressor shuts down, the process reversing valve is driven to the set basic position. The valve maintains this position until the compressor is switched on the next time. This also prevents the valve from seizing should a power failure occur.

#### Last request

When the compressor is shut down, the valve maintains its current position. It stays there until the compressor is started the next time.

#### Heating

When the compressor is shut down, the valve is driven to its basic "heating" position.

When defrosting, the valve is also reset to its "heating" position during dripping.

#### Cooling

When the compressor is shut down, the valve is driven to its basic "cooling" position.

#### None

The valve may also change its position when the compressor is off.

When the compressor is off, the valve changes over only if permitted by "Pressure diff min process reversal" (ACS) and "Min compr run time prior to process reversal" (ACS).

# Compressor modulation on process reversal

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Compressor modulation on process reversal

When the compressor is in operation, the process reversing valve is allowed to change over only when the compressor's output has dropped to a certain level.

This is ensured by function "Compressor modulation on process reversal", which reduces the compressor's output to the set level before the process is reversed.

The function reduces wear and tear, e.g. when defrosting with process reversal, that is, when changing from heating to defrost mode.

In the case of modulating, a fixed time of 25 seconds need to elapse after output reduction until the process reversing valve is allowed to change over.

Setting "Compressor modulation on process reversal" for different types of compressors:

Type of compressor	Selection	Process reversing valve changes over when
Madulating	0%	compressor off
Modulating	1100%	compressor output <= value and waiting time has elapsed
	0%	compressor off
2-stage	150%	compressor 2 off and waiting time has elapsed
	51100%	setting without impact
1 atoms	0%	compressor off (no waiting time)
1-stage	1100%	setting without impact

#### Compressor 2

Line no.	Operating line
2860	Lock stage 2 with DHW
	Off¦On
2861	Release stage 2 below OT
2865	Compr sequence changeover

#### Lock stage 2 with DHW

It can be selected whether the second compressor stage shall be locked during DHW charging.

#### Off

Compressor stage 2 is released during the time the DHW storage tank is charged.

#### On

Compressor stage 2 is locked during the time the DHW storage tank is charged.

### Release stage 2 below OT

If the attenuated outside temperature lies below the set release temperature, the second compressor stage is released.

## Compr sequence changeover

Automatic changeover of the compressors ensures that both compressors operate pretty much the same number of hours.

If the difference of operating hours between the first and the second compressor exceeds the limit (in hours) set here, the startup order changes as soon as both compressors are switched off. This means that compressor 1 becomes compressor 2, and vice versa.

To view the current "Compressor sequence", go to operating line 8446.

# Releasing and locking modulation (stage 2)

Line no.	Operating line
2862	Locking time stage2/mod
2863	Release integral stage2/mod
2864	Reset integral stage2/mod

#### Locking time stage2/mod

After switching the compressor on, modulation/stage 2 remains locked during "Locking time stage2/mod" (line 2862).

The locking time prevents additional output from being released before the heat pump reaches a stable operating state.

During the time modulation is locked, the output setpoint is maintained at the output defined under "Compressor modulation min" (line 2871).

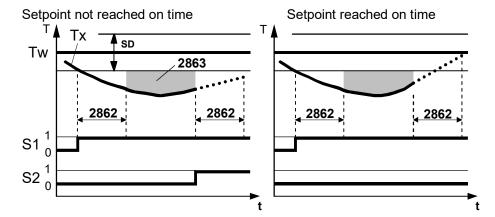
# Release integral stage2/mod

If the required flow temperature setpoint cannot be attained with the minimum compressor output/stage 2, modulation/stage 2 is released when the release integral is fulfilled (line 2863, "Release integral stage2/mod").



If the release integral is filled, the anticipated actual value is calculated on completion of a further locking time, based on the current temperature gradient. Modulation/stage 2 is released only if, on completion of the second locking time, the actual value to be anticipated lies below the required setpoint.

#### Release of stage 2



 $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{W}}$ Flow or return temperature setpoint

Τx Actual value of flow or return temperature

SD Switching differential

S1 Compressor stage 1 Compressor stage 2

S2 2862 Locking time stage2/mod

2863 Release integral stage2/mod

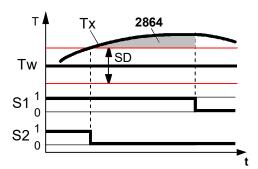
Temperature Τ

Time

#### Reset integral stage2/mod

Stage 2

The compressor can only be switched off again when modulation/stage 2 is locked and the reset integral has been fulfilled (line 2864, "Reset integral stage2/mod").



TW Flow or return temperature setpoint

Tx Actual value of flow or return

temperature

SD Switching differential

Heat pump stage 1 S1 Heat pump stage 2 S2

2864 Reset integral stage 2

Temperature Т

#### **Output data**

Line no.	Operating line
2867	Output optimum
2868	Output nominal
2869	Output basic stage
ACS	Source temp 1 for COP
ACS	Source temp 2 for COP
ACS	Flow temp 1 for COP
ACS	Flow temp 2 for COP
ACS	COP at source temp 1 and flow temp 1
ACS	COP at source temp 1 and flow temp 2
ACS	COP at source temp 2 and flow temp 1
ACS	COP at source temp 2 and flow temp 2
ACS	El compr. power at source temp 1 and flow temp 1
ACS	El compr. power at source temp 1 and flow temp 2
ACS	El compr. power at source temp 2 and flow temp 1
ACS	El compr. power at source temp 2 and flow temp 2
ACS	OT limit compressor power
ACS	Minimum compressor power below OT limit
ACS	Minimum compressor power over OT limit

# Compressor operation with optimum efficiency

If use shall be made of "Compressor operation with optimum efficiency", the compressor's optimum degree of modulation (as specified by the supplier, representing optimum efficiency) needs to be entered via parameter 2867, "Output optimum".

In addition to normal requirements, "energy-optimized" requirements can be parameterized.

If, during operation, a "consumer" places an "energy-optimized" requirement and there is no normal requirement, the compressor is operated with optimum efficiency.

The different types of heat pumps are distinguished as follows:

- With 1-stage heat pumps, the set value is of no importance.
- With 2-stage heat pumps, operation with stage 1 can be defined as "optimum efficiency".
  - → "Output optimum" must then be set to <= 50%.
- With modulating heat pumps, the set degree of modulation applies.



- The parameterized limits (Compressor modulation max/min) are given priority.
- If "Output optimum" is not selected, the heat pump is not switched on when there is a request for "energy-optimized" operation.
- Electric immersion heaters are locked when there is a request for "energyoptimized" operation.
- If parameter 2867 is activated (value between 1 and 100%) and cascades are used, there is an impact on the cascade's sequence and strategy.

#### Output nominal

Setting the heat pump's nominal output (heat output) in kW.

This setting may be required in the case of cascades with different types of generators.

#### Output basic level

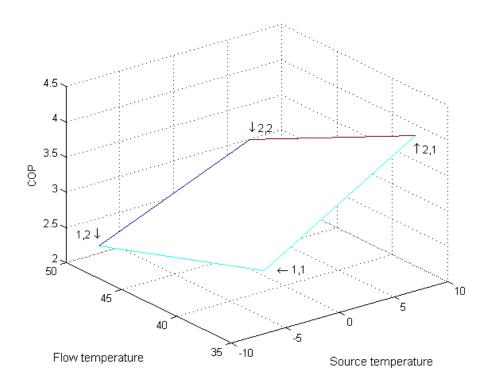
Setting for output of the basic level (heating output) for the heat pump in kilowatt. The setting may be needed for cascades with different producers.

# COP depending on the source and the flow temperature

The coefficient of performance (COP) is dependent on the heat pump's design, but primarily on the source and the flow temperature. If the COP at 4 operating points is known, it can be roughly calculated for any other operating point. This is also possible when the compressor is off.

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The 2 source and the 2 flow temperatures of the operating points can be freely selected. This means that the data usually produced by test rig measurements can be used.



#### Point coordinates:

- 1,1: COP at source temp 1 and flow temp 1
- 1,2: COP at source temp 1 and flow temp 2
- 2,1: COP at source temp 2 and flow temp 1
- 2,2: COP at source temp 2 and flow temp 2

Compressor power based on source and flow temperature

The controller can calculate electrical compressor power at the present operating point.

The function is enabled via operating line 3197 by setting a value for parameter "Electric power compressor" and not configuring an Hx input for electric power consumption.

To calculate the resulting compressor power based on source and flow temperature, the electric power consumption of the compressor must be known to the four point coordinates (see graphic for COP).

The same point coordinates as for COP are used.

El compr. power at source temp 1 and flow temp 1 / source 1, flow 2 (ACS) Electric power consumption at the operating point:

- Source temp 1 for COP / Flow temp 1 for COP
- Or Source temp 1 for COP / Flow temp 2 for COP

El compr. power at source temp 2 and flow temp 1 / source 2, flow 2 (ACS) Electrical power consumption at the operating point:

- Source temp 2 for COP / Flow temp 1 for COP
- Or Source temp 2 for COP / Flow temp 2 for COP

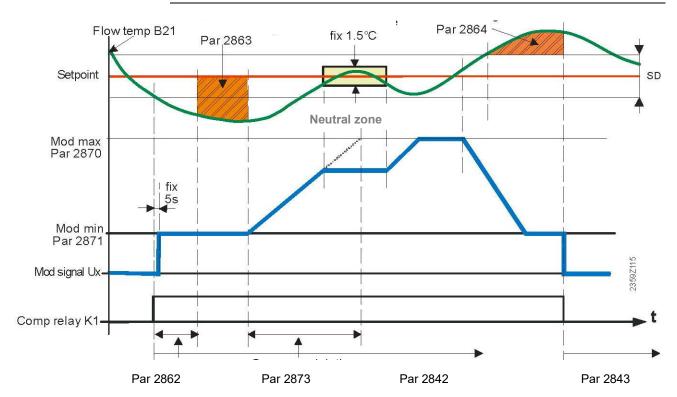
OT limit compressor power (ACS)

OT limit compressor power Outside temperature limit value for minimum compressor power.

Minimum compressor power below OT limit (ACS) Minimum compressor power for TA < Limit value.

Minimum compressor power over OT limit (ACS) Minimum compressor power for TA > Limit value.

#### **Modulating compressors**



BZ 2842: Compressor run time min BZ 2843: Compressor off time min BZ 2862: Locking time stage2/mod BZ 2863: Release integral stage2/mod BZ 2864: Reset integral stage2/mod BZ 2873: Compressor mod run time SD: BZ 2840: Switching diff return temp

Control of compressor: On/Off

Control is ensured by a 2-position controller with an adjustable switching differential (line 2840, "Switching diff return temp").

If the flow temperature drops by more than half the switching differential below the heat pump's setpoint, the compressor is released via relay K1.

If the flow temperature exceeds the heat pump's setpoint by more than half the switching differential, the compressor is locked, provided the reset integral is zero or fulfilled.

To prevent short on/off cycles, minimum compressor on and off times should be parameterized. The compressor is switched only when the respective time has elapsed.

#### **Switch-off temperature** max heat pump heating circuit

Line no.	Operating line
2855	Switch-off temp max HC

Similar to Switch-off temp max (OL 2844) for DHW charging, a maximum switch-off temperature for heating can be defined on this operating line.

During DHW charging and the follow-on stabilization time, the limit value for OL 2844 applies. During heating, OL 2855 applies.

The value for OL 2844 applies for switched-off function OL 2855.

The higher set value at OL 2844 protects the heat pump.

The lower set value at OL 2855 protects the heating circuit, so that, for example, it does not generate temperatures that are too high for floor heating.

The stabilization time (OL 2839) must be switched off if the limit value for heating must also be strictly maintained immediately after changing over from DHW charging.

In this event, the setpoint drop off delay (OL 6118) prevents the compressor from switching off in the event the setpoint jumps below the limit value.

i The settings are especially needed for plants without a buffer storage tank.

#### Releasing and locking modulation (modulating compressor)

Line no.	Operating line
2862	Locking time stage2/mod
2863	Release integral stage2/mod
2864	Reset integral stage2/mod

Locking time stage2/mod

After switching the compressor on, modulation remains locked during "Locking time stage2/mod" (line 2862).

The locking time prevents additional output from being released before the heat pump reaches a stable operating state.

During the time modulation is locked, the output setpoint is maintained at the output defined under "Compressor modulation min" (line 2871).

Release integral stage2/mod

If the required flow temperature setpoint cannot be attained with the minimum compressor output, modulation is released when the release integral is fulfilled (line 2863, "Release integral stage2/mod").

When modulation is released, the compressor is kept in operation and control to the setpoint is ensured by modulation.

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If the release integral is filled, the anticipated actual value is calculated on completion of a further locking time, based on the current temperature gradient. Modulation is released only if, on completion of the second locking time, the anticipated actual value lies below the required setpoint.

Reset integral stage2/mod

The compressor can only be switched off again when modulation is locked and the reset integral has been fulfilled (line 2864, "Reset integral stage2/mod").

#### **Output data**

Line no.	Operating line
2867	Output optimum
2868	Output nominal
2869	Output basic stage
ACS	Source temp 1 for COP
ACS	Source temp 2 for COP
ACS	Flow temp 1 for COP
ACS	Flow temp 2 for COP
ACS	COP at source temp 1 and flow temp 1
ACS	COP at source temp 1 and flow temp 2
ACS	COP at source temp 2 and flow temp 1
ACS	COP at source temp 2 and flow temp 2
ACS	El compr. power at source temp 1 and flow temp 1
ACS	El compr. power at source temp 1 and flow temp 2
ACS	El compr. power at source temp 2 and flow temp 1
ACS	El compr. power at source temp 2 and flow temp 2
ACS	OT limit compressor power
ACS	Minimum compressor power below OT limit
ACS	Minimum compressor power over OT limit

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See explanation given in section "Compressor 2"

#### **Compressor modulation**

#### Compressor modulation

As long as the compressor is off (K1 = off) or not released (D3 = off), the output setpoint is maintained at 0%.

When the compressor is switched on (K1 = on) and "Locking time stage2/mod" (line 2862) has elapsed, the output setpoint is shifted to "Compressor modulation min" (line 2871) and maintains that level as long as modulation is locked.

As soon as modulation is released, the control generates an output setpoint between "Compressor modulation min" and "Compressor modulation max" (line 2870) based on the deviation of the current heat pump setpoint from the flow temperature (B21).



- During the defrost process (D6 at X75), the control is "frozen in", which means that the current output setpoint is maintained during defrosting.
- Parameter "Compressor modulation min" must be set such that the external controller is able to run the compressor at minimum output.
- Control is basically provided to the flow temperature setpoint, regardless of whether it is a heating circuit or storage tank request.

Line no.	Operating line
2870	Compressor modulation max
2871	Compressor modulation min
2873	Compressor mod run time
2874	Compressor mod Xp
2875	Compressor mod Tn
2878	PWM period digital scroll
2879	Compr mod run time closing

For modulating heat pumps, the control action can be preselected via the following parameters:

Compressor modulation max/min

maximum limitations.

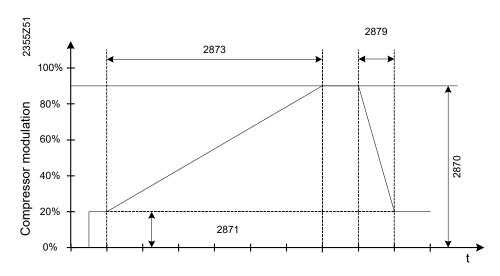
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The value should be set such that the controller of other manufacture will be able to operate the external heat pump at minimum output.

Compressor modulation is limited in both directions by setting these minimum and

Compressor mod run time and Compr mod run time closing

The maximum ramp up and ramp down rate of compressor modulation can be adjusted. The time for ramping down the modulation can be set separately. If "Compr mod run time closing" is set to "- - -", the ramp down time equals the ramp up time.



Parameters Xp and Tn

By setting the right proportional band Xp and integral action time Tn, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp and Tn can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

#### PWM period digital scroll

With digital scroll compressors, the scroll at the top can be lifted by means of a magnetic valve. As a result, the compressor is "leaking". The refrigerant is no longer compressed. During this idling time, the compressor only uses a fraction of the electrical power.

To switch a digital scroll compressor, relay "Compressor stage 1 K1" is used. The output is controlled by means of a PWM signal delivered via the triac output.

- Triac off (0 V): Full compressor output.
- Triac on (AC 230 V): Compressor idling.

The compressor's output is modulated by the magnetic valve's periodic opening and closing actions.

# As a function of the power signal

#### **Setting "- - -"**

In addition to the pulse width, the duration of the period is changed, depending on the compressor's output.

#### As a fixed setting

#### Setting within the value range (5 to 30 s)

If the setting is made within the value range, the duration of the PWM signal's period is fixed.

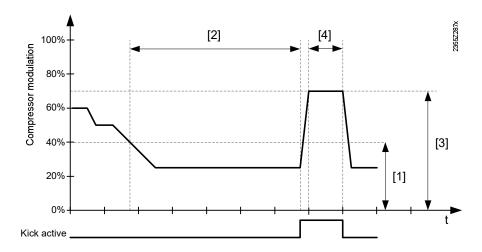
Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Compressor kick release
ACS	Compressor kick modulation
ACS	Compressor kick interval
ACS	Compressor kick duration

## Compressor kick for lubrication (ACS)

If the compressor runs at low speed for a longer period of time, transport of the lubricant and thus lubrication itself might be inadequate.

This means that the compressor might get damaged.

To prevent this, a "compressor kick" can be parameterized.



- [1] "Compressor kick release" (ACS)
- [2] "Compressor kick interval" (ACS)
- [3] "Compressor kick modulation" (ACS)
- [4] "Compressor kick duration" (ACS)

If the compressor operates below "Compressor kick release" (ACS) during the "Compressor kick interval" (ACS), the compressor kick is triggered.

With the "valve kick", the compressor operates on "Compressor kick modulation" (ACS) for the "Compressor kick duration" (ACS).

#### Time measurements

- When the compressor is off, the measurement of time is stopped, but the time is not reset.
- The measurement of time is stopped, but the time is not reset, even above "Compressor kick release" (ACS).
- The time is reset when, during operation or due to a compressor kick during "Compressor kick duration" (ACS), the compressor was operated on "Compressor kick modulation" (ACS).

When the speed changes, the maximum rates of change of compressor modulation are observed.

#### Electric immersion heater in the flow

Relays K25 and K26 are used for an electric immersion heater installed in the flow. They are controlled via 2 appropriately configured multifunctional relay outputs QX1...QX6.

If both relays are available, the electric immersion heater is controlled in 3 stages (1st stage K25, 2nd stage K26, and 3rd stage K25 and K26).

If a flow temperature sensor (B21) is connected, it is used to provide control to the flow temperature setpoint. The switching differential is 1 Kelvin.

If the flow temperature sensor is missing, but a common flow temperature sensor (B10) is available, that sensor is used for the control.

If no flow temperature sensor is available, the electric immersion heater is controlled based on the return temperature (B71) and the return temperature setpoint. The switching differential is set with parameter "Switching diff return temp" (line 2840).

- During an electrical utility lock, the electric immersion heaters installed in the flow are locked also.
- Placement of the electric immersion heating is defined on OL 5805, the type of the electric immersion heating on OL 5806. The output of the stage connected at relay K25 is set on OL 5811; the output of the stage connected to relay K26 on OL 5813.

Line no.	Operating line
2880	Use electric flow
	Substitute   Complem operation HC   Complem operation DHW   Complem operation
	HC+DHW   End DHW charging   Emergency operation   Legionella function
2881	Locking time electric flow
2882	Release integr electric flow
2883	Reset integr electric flow
2884	Release el flow below OT



Electric immersion heaters must be fitted with a safety limit thermostat.

Use electric flow

Use and control of the electric immersion heater can be parameterized:

#### Substitute

The electric immersion heater is only used for emergency operation (parameters 7141 and 7142) when the temperature drops below the minimum source temperature (parameters 2815 and 2816), or outside the operating limits of air-to-water heat pumps (parameters 2812 and 2813).

When activating emergency operation, either manually or automatically, the electric immersion heater is immediately released to ensure control to the current setpoint. No consideration is given to "Locking time electric flow" (line 2881) and "Release el flow below OT" (line 2884).

If there is no control sensor (B21, B10, B71), the electric immersion heater is switched on for emergency operation when there is a valid temperature request. When using a 3-stage electric immersion heater, both stages (K25 and K26) are switched on at the same time.

Control of the electric immersion heater must be provided by an external thermostat.

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#### Complem operation HC, DHW, HC+DHW

If the electric immersion heater installed in the flow is released for support of the heat pump (complementing the compressor), the time entered via "Locking time electric flow" (parameter 2881) starts to run as soon as the compressor is switched on. When the locking time has elapsed, calculation of the release integral is started (parameter 2882). When the release integral has elapsed, the electric immersion heater is released **in addition** to the compressor, for heating only, for DHW charge only, or for both, depending on the selection made. In this case, the electric immersion heaters act like additional stages.

#### **End DHW charging**

During heating mode and DHW charging, the electric immersion heater is locked.

Exception: If, during DHW charging, the compressor must be switched off due to the maximum switch-off temperature, high-pressure or hot-gas problems, the electric immersion heater ensures DHW charging as soon as the number of charging attempts exceeds the set "Number DHW charg attempts".



- Parameters "Locking time electric flow" and "Release el flow below OT" have no impact.
- In the case of a 3-stage electric immersion heater (K25 and K26 parameterized), both relays are energized at the same time.
- If the electric immersion heater is parameterized as "End DHW charging", it is also released in the cases described under "Substitute".

#### **Emergency operation**

The electric immersion heater is only used for emergency operation. The electric immersion heater is released immediately and controls to the current setpoint.



- Parameters "Locking time electric flow" and "Release el flow below OT" have no impact.
- For activation of emergency operation, refer to parameter 7141, "Emergency operation".

#### Legionella function

Behavior like "End DHW charging", but only when the "Legionella" function is active.



In the following cases, setting "Use electric flow" has no impact on the use of the electric immersion heater:

- With frost protection.
- With air-to-water heat pumps during the defrost process.
- During active limitation due to too low source temperatures (see "T'limit source temp min brine", line 2822).

If the flow switch on the consumer side trips, or if the water pressure is too low, the electric immersion heater is switched off.

Locking time electric flow

The electric immersion heater may be switched on only when the locking time after the compressor start set here has elapsed.



The locking time is considered only if the electric immersion heater is used for "Complementary operation" (parameter 2880). It is not taken into consideration when using the "Substitute" setting.

Release integr electric flow

When using a 2- or 3-stage electric immersion heater, the stages are released in accordance with the release and the reset integral (lines 2882 and 2883).

#### Release integral with setting 2880: "Substitute"

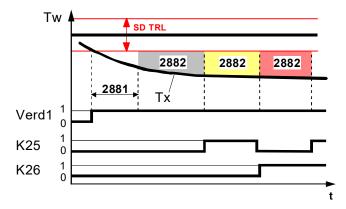
After release of the electric immersion heater's first stage (K25), the controller compares the actual temperature value with the switch-on point and generates an integral based on the heat deficit, if there is any. When the value of the integral reaches the set maximum ("Release integr electric flow", line 2882), the second stage is released (K25 off, K26 controls).

The controller continues to compare the actual value of the temperature with the switch-on point and calculates again the heat deficit in the release integral. When the release integral reaches the set value (line 2882), the third stage of the electric immersion heater is released (K25 fixed on, and K26 controls).

## Release integral with setting 2880: "Complem operation HC, DHW, HC+DHW" When "Locking time electric flow" has elapsed, the controller starts calculating the

heat deficit, if there is any. The first stage of the electric immersion heater (K25) is released only when the heat deficit has reached the value set here.

For the second and third stage of the electric immersion heater, the locking time is not taken into consideration, but the release integral must again reach the set value.



SD TRL	Switching differential return temperature
Verd1	Compressor
K25	Electric immersion heater relay K25
K26	Electric immersion heater relay K26
$T_W$	Temperature setpoint (switch-on point)
Tx	Actual value of temperature
2881	Locking time electric flow
2882	Release integr electric flow
t	Time

#### Reset integr electric flow

If the actual value lies above the switch-off point, the controller switches off the (controlling) stage switched on last and – based on surplus heat, if available – starts to compute the reset integral.

The next lower stage is switched off each time surplus heat reaches the set reset integral (line 2883).

For a new release, the release integral must be filled again.

#### Release el flow below OT

The electric immersion heater is released only when the attenuated outside temperature lies below the temperature set here.



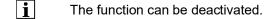
This setting is considered only if the electric immersion heater is used as a "complement" to heat pump operation" (line 2880). When using the "Substitute" setting, the electric immersion heater is always released.

Line no.	Operating line
2885	Electric on below flow temp

If, with a valid heat request (from the heating circuit or DHW) or during the defrost process, the temperature at B21 or B71 drops below the set value of parameter "Electric on below flow temp", both electric immersion heaters installed in the flow are switched on.

The electric immersion heater is switched off again when ...

- the temperature at B71 exceeds "Electric on below flow temp" by 8 Kelvin, or
- the temperature at B21 exceeds "Electric on below flow temp" by 18 Kelvin.



#### General parameters

Line no.	Operating line	
2886	Compensation heat deficit	
	Off ¦ On ¦ Only with floor curing fct	

### Compensation heat deficit

This function compensates for excess heat and heat deficits. These can occur in the following situations:

- · Minimum compressor on and off times.
- In the case of low temperature requests, the flow temperature can lie below the
  required setpoint, but the return temperature may not drop below the switch-on
  point for a longer period of time. In this situation, the heat pump must be
  switched on to prevent heat deficits.

The controller compares continuously the flow temperature setpoint with the actual value and integrates the surplus heat and heat deficits. Differences are compensated for by extending the compressor on and off times.

If the compressor is not switched on or off due to surplus heat/heat deficits, the controller displays an appropriate status message.

- This function is not active during the time the DHW storage tank is charged. Even in plants with buffer (combi) storage tanks, the function is not active.
- "Compensation heat deficit" only acts in heating mode. The parameter is inactive in cooling mode.
- The maximum switch-off temperature is given priority over the "Compensation" function.

In the case of sudden setpoint changes, both integrals are cleared.

#### Behavior with the "Floor curing" function

When activating the "Floor curing" function, the integral is set to a level representing 1.5 times the predefined value (factory setting). If the current temperature lies at least 2 Kelvin below the required setpoint, the heat pump is immediately switched on.

If compensation of surplus heat/heat deficits shall act "Only with floor curing fct", the respective setting must be selected. This means that the parameter is deactivated in normal heating mode.

#### Calculation of integral

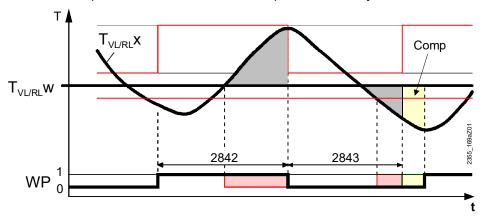
- If a flow temperature sensor (B21) is connected and the heating curve is set to the flow temperature setpoint, the controller uses the flow temperature and the flow temperature setpoint for computing the integrals.
- If sensor B21 is not installed and the compressor does not operate, the temperature at the return sensor (B71) is used and, when the compressor runs, the temperature at B71 plus parameter "Req temp diff condenser" (line 2805).
- If the heating curves are set to the return (line 5810), the return temperature sensor (B71) and the return temperature setpoint are used for computing the integral.
- If that is not the case, the return sensor (B71) and the return temperature setpoint are used.

In the following situations, the integral is set to "0":

- No valid temperature request delivered
- Setpoint change >2 Kelvin.
- · Frost protection for the heat pump is active.
- The heat pump has gone to lockout or cannot deliver any heat for a longer period of time
- The heat pump is in active cooling mode
- · A buffer storage tank is being charged.
- The function is deactivated.

With active DHW charging, the integral value is frozen.

In the following example of compensation, surplus heat occurs during the minimum compressor on time. This surplus heat is reduced again on completion of the set minimum compressor off time in that the compressor will not yet be released.



 $\begin{array}{ll} T_{VL/RLX} & \text{Actual value of flow or return temperature} \\ T_{VL/RLW} & \text{Flow or return temperature setpoint} \end{array}$ 

2842 Compressor run time min2843 Compressor off time min

WP Heat pump switching state: 0 = off, 1 = on

Comp Compensation of surplus heat resulting from running time

Line no.	Operating line
2889	Duration error repetition

#### Duration error repetition

If, within this period of time, the same fault occurs more often than set under "Number of error repetitions", lockout is triggered.



For "Number of error repetitions", refer to chapter 6.24.

Line no.	Operating line
2893	Number DHW charg attempts

Number DHW charg attempts

This number determines how many times DHW charging or forced buffer storage tank charging may be aborted until either the electric immersion heater installed in the flow or that in the DHW storage tank completes the charging process.

# Heat pump protection during DHW charging

The heat pump is switched off, when high-pressure switch E10 (HD pressostat) trips during DHW charging or because the hot-gas or flow temperature approaches its maximum.

"Number DHW charg attempts" (parameter 2893) is used to select whether charging is aborted immediately or whether the heat pump shall make a certain number of charging attempts. In the case of several attempts, the heat pump starts the next charging attempt each time the minimum off time ("Compressor off time min", Parameter 2843) has elapsed.

If the heat pump shall make only one charging attempt or if, after the selected number of attempts, the DHW has still not reached the required temperature, DHW charging is aborted, the controller stores the current DHW temperature and readjusts the switch-on point to the DHW temperature minus the DHW switching differential. With diagnostics, the stored temperature appears on the display as "Curr DHW charg temp HP" (parameter 7093). The value is maintained until – due to a limitation – the heat pump is again forced to abort DHW charging.

If "Curr DHW charg temp HP" lies below the adjustable value "DHW charg temp HP min" (parameter 7092), a maintenance message appears.

If the Reduced setpoint lies below "DHW charg temp HP min" and the heat pump can end DHW charging, the controller will not deliver a maintenance message.

Line no.	Operating line
2894	Delay mains fault

Delay mains fault

The compressor is switched off if the mains fault is constantly present for the period of time set here. When "Min off time" has elapsed, the heat pump is switched on again. If, within "Duration error repetition", the 3-phase current error occurs again for at least the delay time, the heat pump initiates lockout, provided the permitted preset number of faults has been exceeded.

Line no.	Operating line
2895	Delay flow switch
2896	Flow switch source active

#### Delay flow switch Source/consumers

The compressor is switched off if the flow switch signal is constantly present during the period of time set here. When "Min off time" has elapsed, the heat pump is switched on again. If, within "Duration error repetition", the flow switch trips again, the heat pump initiates lockout, if the permitted preset number of faults is exceeded.

#### Flow switch source active

A flow switch connected to one of the Ex inputs is monitored. The incoming signal is only active when the source pump runs, the prerun time has elapsed, and the switch shall be monitored as defined below:

#### **Always**

The flow switch is monitored in heating and cooling mode.

#### **Heating mode only**

The flow switch is monitored in heating mode only.

Line no.	Operating line
2898	Min flow switch source
2899	Min flow switch consumers

If flow measurement is installed on the source or consumer side, it can also assume the flow switch function (E15, E24). In that case, flow measurement source/consumers must be configured and the required minimum flow must be stated.



The "flow measurement heating" takes place at OL 3095; consideration of "Flow measurement source" on OL 3255.

Line no.	Operating line
2900	Refrigerant
	None   R134A   R236FA   R290   R404A   R407A   R407B   R407C   R410A   R410B
	R413A   R417A   R422A   R422D   R427A   R507A   R600   R600A   R744   R1270   R32
	R448A   R449A   R450A   R1234yf   R12354ze   R452B   R454B   R454C   R455A
	R513A

#### Selection of refrigerant

For overheating control the parameter "Refrigerant" must be set as per the physically used refrigerant.

#### **CAUTION**

If a refrigerant other than the type of refrigerant used by the plant is parameterized, the plant might get damaged.

#### New refrigerant

Controller software version V8.8 supports the following, new refrigerants: R32, R448A, R449A, R450A, R1234yf, R12354ze, R452B, R454B, R454C, R455A, and R513A.

### Required software versions

Note the following regarding the required software states depending on whether "Press acquisition evap H82", the "Press acquisition cond H83" or " Press acquisition EVI H86" is configured on the control or an extension module:

- For controllers with a software version (OL6220) >= V8.8 the selection of new refrigerant is available and is supported by the control application.
- For controllers with a software version (OL6220) < V8.8 the selection of new refrigerant is not available and cannot be selected.
- For a combination of controller with a software version (OL6220) >= V8.8 and configurating EEV V81 and/or EEV V82 (EVI) on an extension modules version >= V1.6 the new refrigerant is selectable and can be supported by the control application.
- For a combination of controllers with a software version (OL6220) >= V8.8 and to configure EEV V81 and/or EEV V82 (EVI) on an extension module with version < V1.6, the new refrigerant can be selected but not supported by the control application. The error "479:No refrigerant selected" is issued and the heat pump goes to faul.</li>
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You can view the version of the extension modules in ACS. Current extension modules for ordering meet these requirements.

## Ensuring the correct refrigerant setting

- To make certain the plant is not put into operation with an incorrectly selected type of refrigerant, the controller is supplied with the refrigerant selection preset to "None".
- Until a refrigerant is selected, the expansion valve and the magnetic valve are shut, the compressor is locked and error "479:No refrigerant selected" (common error: "Configuration error") is delivered.
- To ensure the superheat controller can be preconfigured, selection of the type of refrigerant is demanded only when one of the pressure sensors (H82, H83 or H86) is connected.

### Generator release management

If several generators are installed, their release can be managed according to ecological or economical criteria. For that purpose, various release functions are available.



If several release functions are parameterized, the heat pump is put into operation as soon as one of the functions demands a release.

#### Basic rules

- A second generator must be available which, in case the heat pump is locked, can ensure the production of heat.
- If a second generator is used which, however, cannot deliver any heat due to a
  fault, the heat pump is put into operation even if it would be locked by release
  criteria.

The following table contains parameters and extra settings of the release functions. The parameters and extra settings are described after the table.

#	Release strategy Line 2903	Release of CPO, line 2904	COP characteristic (ACS)	Energy prices*, lines 32643267
4			, ,	
1	According to COP	Yes	Yes	Not relevant
2a	According to "Energy price", AT	Not relevant	Yes	HT, AT
2b	According to "Energy price", LT	Yes	Yes	HT, LT
3	According to COP and energy price	Yes	Yes	HT, AT
4	According to COP or energy price	Yes	Yes	HT, AT

<sup>\*</sup> Stated tariffs are required

Abbreviations:

AT: Alternative tariff

HT: High-tariff

LT: Low-tariff



Another release function is "Release according to the outside temperature" (lines 2908...2910).

#### Release strategy

Line no.	Operating line	
2903	Release strategy	
	COP   Energy price   COP and energy price   COP or energy price	

<sup>&</sup>quot;Release strategy" selects the criteria according to which the heat pump is released.

#### COP

The heat pump is released via "Release of COP".

In plants operating with a second generator, this strategy is used to switch off the heat pump outside optimum operation, and the second generator alone satisfies the demand.

#### Required inputs

- "Release of COP" (line 2904)
- "COP characteristic" (chapter 6.9, section "Output data")

#### **Energy price**

The heat pump is released based on the energy prices entered.

# Variant with alternative tariff

When the COP characteristic is defined, the controller can calculate the current coefficient. Based on the energy price(s) for electricity, the current costs per kWh heating energy can be calculated.

In plants operating with a second generator whose energy price per kWh heating energy (alternative tariff) was entered, the heat pump is switched off when its operation is more expensive than that of the alternative generator.

#### Required inputs

- "COP characteristic" (chapter 6.9, section "Output data")
- Energy prices: At least heat pump's own electricity high-tariff and tariff of alternative generator.

### Variant without alternative tariff

Considering the tariffs (high- and low-tariff), the heat pump may be operated with a less favorable COP during low-tariff times than this would be permitted by the COP strategy.

The reduction of the COP criterion is proportional to the price ratio of low- and high-tariff. For this reason, this is primarily an economical criterion.

#### Required inputs

- "Release of COP" (line 2904)
- "COP characteristic" (chapter 6.9, section "Output data")
- Energy prices: At least own electricity high- and low-tariff.

#### **COP** and energy price

The heat pump remains in operation as long as COP **and** energy price are more favorable than those of the alternative generator. If one of the 2 criteria is not met, the heat pump is locked.

If one of the 2 criteria cannot be calculated because information is missing (e.g. no information on energy prices), only the other criterion is considered.

#### Required inputs

- "Release of COP" (line 2904)
- "COP characteristic" (chapter 6.9, section "Output data")
- Energy prices: At least own electricity high-tariff; alternative tariff practical..

#### COP or energy price

The heat pump remains in operation as long as the COP **or** the energy price is more favorable than that of the alternative generator. The heat pump is locked only when both criteria are not met.

If one of the 2 criteria cannot be calculated because information is missing (e.g. no information on energy prices), only the other criterion is considered.

#### Required inputs

- "Release of COP" (line 2904)
- "COP characteristic" (chapter 6.9, section "Output data")
- Energy prices: At least own electricity high-tariff; alternative tariff practical...

#### Note on energy prices

Energy prices are to be entered without their units. But to be able to make comparisons, a uniform currency unit (e.g. cent/kWh) must be used.

The energy prices are to be entered on lines 3264 through 3267.

#### **Release of COP**

Line no.	Operating line
2904	Release of COP

The setting to be made is the COP ("Release of COP") up to which the heat pump shall be operated. If the COP drops below the set limit, the heat pump is locked.

#### COP characteristic

The heat pump's COP depends on the current source temperature and the current flow temperature. The result is a heat pump-specific COP characteristic which needs to be defined in advance.



For description of ACS parameters relating to the COP characteristic, refer to chapter 6.9, section "Output data".

## Release according to the outside temperature

Line no.	Operating line	
2909	Release below outside temp	
2910	Release above outside temp	
2908	OT limit with DHW charging	
	Ignore   Note	

Release below outside temp/above outside temperature

When the composite outside temperature lies below or above the set temperature, the heat pump is put into operation.

The release also applies to active cooling mode.

OT limit with DHW charging

In the case of DHW charging, the effect of releasing/locking (lines 2909 and 2910) can be negated.

Line no.	Operating line		
2911	For forced buffer charging		
	Locked   Released		
2912	Full charging buffer		
	Off   On		

For forced buffer charging

Using function "For forced buffer charging", forced charging of the storage tank can be demanded, independent of the request (e.g. during low-tariff periods).

If the heat pump is released via parameter "For forced buffer charging", it is switched on while forced storage tank charging is pending. In that case, the minimum off time ("Compressor off time min", line 2843) and any active "Minimum running time" of the heat pump are adhered to.

#### Locked

The heat pump is not put into operation for forced buffer storage tank charging.

#### Released

The heat pump may be put into operation for forced buffer storage tank charging.

Full charging buffer

"Full charging buffer" only applies to heating mode. It takes effect when, due to the "Automatic generation lock", the resulting request from the storage tank is dropped. Full charging can extend the heat pump's running time.

The heat pump contributes to full charging only if it is in operation and the function is activated via parameter "Full charging buffer". In that case, the heat pump's "Minimum running time" is adhered to.

#### Off

The heat pump remains locked until the buffer storage tank is fully charged by some other generator. It is released only when the current demand for heat cannot be satisfied ("Auto generation lock", line 4720).

#### On

The heat pump is released when the buffer storage tank is fully charged.

# Condenser overtemperature protection

Line no.	Operating line	
2922	Condenser overtemp prot	
	Off   Cooling down   Switch-on lock + cool down	
2923	Condens prot buffer sensor	
	None   With B4   With B41   With B42	

#### Condenser overtemp prot

#### Off

Overtemperature protection of the condenser is deactivated.

#### Cooling down

If the heat pump had to be shut down because "Switch-off temp max" (line 2844) was reached, it can be switched on again only when the temperatures at B21 and B71 drop by the set switching differential (line 2840, "Switching diff return temp").

Due to good insulation in the vicinity of the sensors, this might take quite some time and the buffer storage tank could have been discharged in that time.

To update the sensor temperatures, the condenser pump is put into operation as soon as the following criteria are met:

- There is a heat request from the buffer or combi storage tank.
- The buffer storage tank temperature is lower than the compressor's maximum permissible switch-on temperature.
- The compressor's minimum off time has elapsed.
- · No fault pending.

#### Switch-on lock + cool down

#### Switch-on lock

If the heat pump is connected to a buffer storage tank that is charged by other generators as well (solar, oil, gas, etc.), activation of condenser pump Q9 alone can cause the heat pump to go to high-pressure. The switch-on lock prevents the condenser pump from switching on when the buffer storage tank temperature is already too high to ensure practical operation of the heat pump.

#### Cooling down

See above under "Cooling down".

### Condens prot buffer sensor

Defines which of the buffer storage tank sensor values is considered for use as a comparison temperature for function "Condenser overtemp prot".

When selecting "None", the switch-on lock is no longer possible.

#### External process reversal

Line no.	Operating line
2941 Use of diverting valve Y28	
	Passive cooling   Active and passive cooling

Process reversal through external hydraulic changeover

Heat pumps without built-in process reversing valve in the refrigeration circuit can also be used for heating and cooling by implementing hydraulic changeover outside the heat pump unit.

Heating, passive cooling and active cooling are accomplished by the following control logic:

Operation	Y22	Y28
Heating	0	0
Passive cooling	0	1
Active cooling	1	1

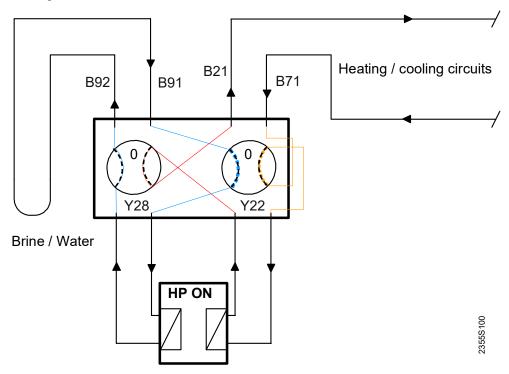
Use of diverting valve Y28

To be able to switch Y22 and Y28 concurrently, parameter 2941, "Use of diverting valve Y28", needs to be set to "Active and passive cooling".

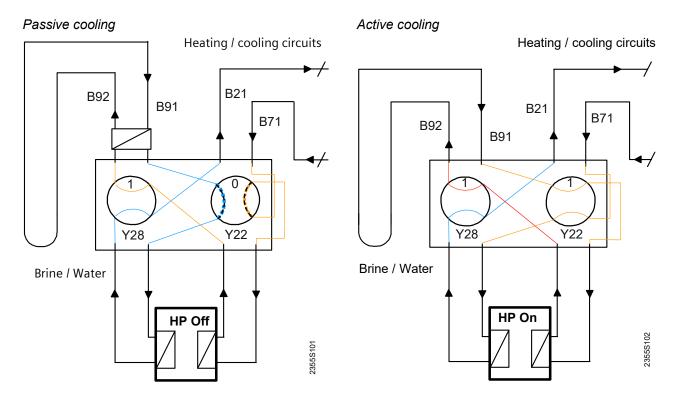
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The parameter's default setting is "Passive cooling" for conventional heat pumps with built-in process reversing valve Y22.

The following diagram shows a heat pump with external hydraulic changeover in heating mode.



The 2 diagrams below show heat pumps with external hydraulic changeover in passive and active cooling mode.



## Defrosting with fan or process reversal

Defrosting of an iced up evaporator is effected either with the fan or the compressor through process reversal (depending on the source inlet temperature):

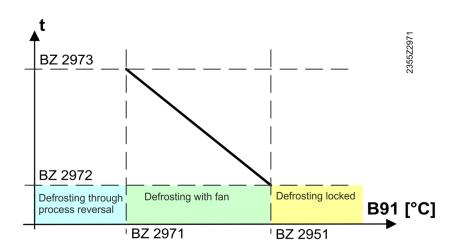
- Above the set source inlet temperature (line 2971) with the fan (passive defrosting).
- Below the set source inlet temperature (line 2971) through **process reversal** (active defrosting).

#### Explanation

Up to the set source inlet temperature (B91), "Defrost fan above" (line 2971), defrosting takes place with the fan.

If the source inlet temperature falls below this level, defrosting is effected by reversing the process with the compressor.

If both parameters 2971, "Defrost fan above", and 2951, "Defrost release below OT", are set to the same level, defrosting is started directly with active defrosting, "Defrost with process revers".



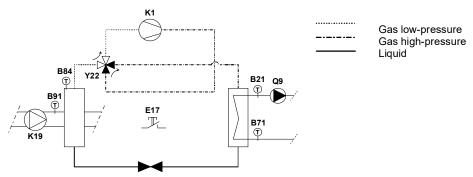
2951: Defrost release below OT

2971: Defrost fan above2972: Defrost time fan min2973: Defrost time fan max

The example below shows a heat pump in heating and defrost mode with process reversal.

### Plant in heating mode

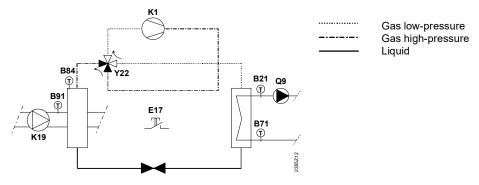
In normal heating mode of an air-to-water heat pump, condensation can occur at low temperatures, causing the evaporator to ice up. This reduces the heat pump's output and can lead to malfunction on the low-pressure side or even damage to the evaporator.



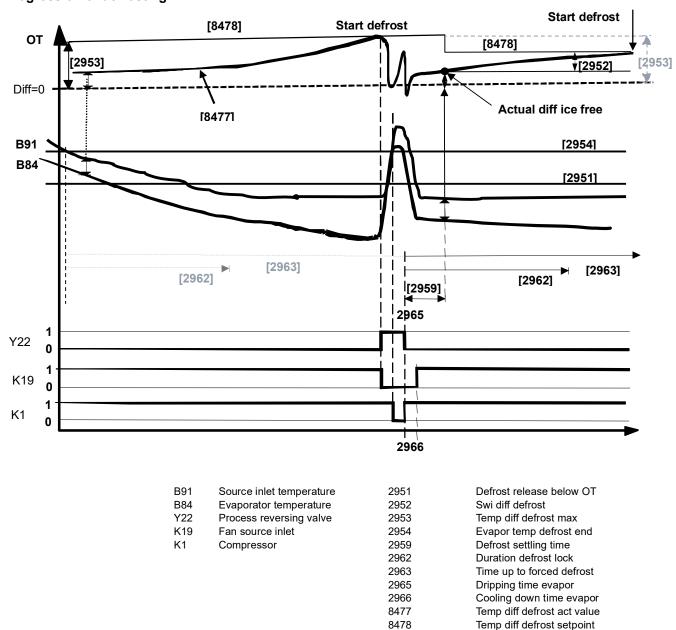
### Plant in defrost mode (process reversal)

The iced up evaporator is defrosted either with the fan or – as shown in the example below – with process reversing valve Y22. For process reversal, a HP partial diagram with process reversing valve (Y22) must be used.

Demand-dependent defrost control ensures that the defrost energy drawn from the heating circuit in the case of process reversal is kept at a minimum. During the defrost process with process reversal, the fan remains deactivated.



### **Progression of defrosting**



### Start of defrosting

When the compressor is in operation, "Duration defrost lock" (line 2962) and "Time up to forced defrost" (line 2963) elapse. If the source inlet temperature (B91) drops below the defrost release temperature (line 2951, "Defrost release below OT"), the "Defrost" function is released.

The heat pump switches to defrost mode after "Duration defrost lock" at the earliest, and on completion of "Time up to forced defrost" at the latest.

If, due to icing during this period of time, "Temp diff defrost act value" (line 8477) between the source inlet temperature (B91) and the evaporator (B84) exceeds the setpoint (line 8478, "Temp diff defrost setpoint"), the "Defrost" function is activated.

If, during this period of time, "Differential pressure switch defrost" (E28) responds, the "Defrost" function is triggered as well.

Defrosting is effected (depending on the source inlet temperature, see line 2971) either with the fan or through process reversal.

End of defrosting when defrosting through process reversal

When defrosting is successful, the evaporator temperature (B84) rises. When the evaporator exceeds "Evapor temp defrost end" (line 2954), the defrost process can be successfully completed, and the compressor is switched off during "Dripping time evapor" (line 2965). Then, heating mode is resumed.

With parameter "Cooling down time evapor" (line 2966), the fan's start is delayed. This way, the evaporator can cool down again before cold outside air is introduced by the fan.

End of defrosting when defrosting with the fan

Defrosting with the fan is considered ended when one of the 2 following conditions is satisfied:

- The temperature differential ("Temp diff defrost act value", line 8477) of source inlet (B91) and evaporator (B84) is smaller than parameter 2974, "dT end defrost fan".
- "Defrost duration fan" has elapsed.
  For "Defrost duration fan", refer to description of parameters 2972 and 2973.

Starting heating mode and preparing for the next defrost process

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Heating mode is resumed after successful completion of the defrost process through process reversal or with the fan. "Duration defrost lock", "Time up to forced defrost", and "Defrost settling time" (line 2959) are restarted. When the "Defrost settling time" has elapsed, the current differential is acquired and stored.

Now, this differential serves as the starting point for the next calculation of the differential of B91 and B84. If the differential increases by setting "Swi diff defrost" (line 2952), the next defrost process is triggered. The stored differential plus "Swi diff defrost" produce "Temp diff defrost setpoint" (line 8478).

- Defrosting can also be performed manually. Either via an input EX1...EX4 or via line 7152, "Triggering defrost". When defrosting manually, no consideration is given to the release temperature (line 2951, "Defrost release below OT") and to "Duration defrost lock" (line 2962).
- i When a heat pump lock is pending, any active defrost process is ended.

### Defrosting, settings

2951	Defrost release below OT
Line no.	Operating line

### Defrost release below OT

The "Defrost" function can be released only when the current source inlet temperature (B91) lies below the release temperature set here.

Above this source inlet temperature, the automatic "Defrost" function is not active (locked when B91 > line 2951 + 1 Kelvin).

Line no.	Operating line
2952	Swi diff defrost
2953	Temp diff defrost max
2954	Evapor temp defrost end

Swi diff defrost

If the acquired and stored differential of B91 and B84 after defrosting (and after the settling time) is exceeded by the switching differential set here, the controller triggers the next defrost process.

Temp diff defrost max

This parameter is used only for as long as there is no valid stored temperature differential of source inlet (B91) and evaporator temperature (B84), that is, before initial defrosting and as a maximum limit.

If the temperature differential of source inlet (B91) and evaporator temperature (B84) exceeds the maximum value that can be set here, automatic defrosting is activated.

Evapor temp defrost end

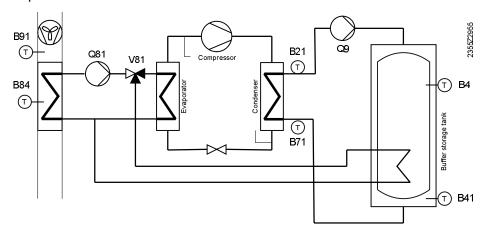
Defrosting through process reversal is successfully completed when the evaporator temperature reaches the temperature set here.

### Defrosting with extraneous heat

Line no.	Operating line
2955	Compressor during defrost
	Off¦On

In the case of air-to-water heat pumps operating with an intermediate source circuit (also refer to description of Y81, line 5890), defrosting of the heat exchanger can be effected by using heat from a heat exchanger.

"Off" under "Compressor during defrost" is required to make certain the compressor remains off in this case.



The defrost process cycle is basically the same as that with the compressor. The only difference is that the compressor remains off.

The required heat is supplied to the iced up heat exchanger from an installed storage tank through changeover of diverting valve Y81.

Line no.	Operating line
2956	dT cooling down end evapor

The fan is switched off at the end of defrost so that defrost heat can be provided again to the compressor and is not lost in extract air.

The fan remains switched off until the following two parameters are fulfilled:

- Line 2956 dT cooling down end evapor
- Line 2966 Cooling down time evapor

Both parameters must be fulfilled if both are set.

dT cooling down end evapor

The value source temperature B91 is saved at the end of defrost.

The fan only resumes operation after the compressor is switched on (without fan operation), once the evaporator temperature (B84) is below the value saved from B91 by the temperature differential entered here.

Line no.	Operating line
2958	Max num defrost repetitions

Max num defrost repetitions

If the defrost process could not be successfully ended, another attempt is made after a preheating phase (see "Duration defrost lock"). If it is still not possible to normally end the defrost process after the number of attempts set here, the heat pump is switched off and an error message is delivered (error 247:Defrost fault).

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For the heat pump to resume operation, the fault must be manually reset.

Line no.	Operating line
	. ,

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2959	Defrost settling time
2960	Duration dT start defrost
2962	Duration defrost lock
2963	Time up to forced defrost
2964	Defrost time max
2965	Dripping time evapor
2966	Cooling down time evapor

### Defrost settling time

"Defrost settling time" can be used to define the period of time the heat pump requires – after resuming heating mode – to reach a steady operating state.

When, after successful defrosting, the heat pump switches to heating mode, the system waits until the "Defrost settling time" has elapsed and then stores the "Temperature differential when freed from ice". Prerequisite is that the temperature drops below the defrost release temperature (line 2951, "Defrost release below OT").

### Duration dT start defrost

The defrost process is started only when the start condition (see description "Swi diff defrost") was continuously satisfied during the parameterized delay time (line 2960).

#### **Duration defrost lock**

When the heat pump is switched on in heating mode, "Duration defrost lock" is started. It is at the end of this period of time at the earliest the controller is allowed to start the next evaporator defrost attempt.

Prerequisite for defrosting is that the source inlet temperature (B91) lies below the set release temperature (line 2951).



After a prematurely aborted defrost attempt (see "Defrost time max"), the heating water is preheated during "Duration defrost lock".

If an electric immersion heater is installed in the flow or in the buffer/combi storage tank, it is switched on to support preheating. Then, a direct change to defrost mode is made.

### Time up to forced defrost

If the heat pump was in operation during the period of time set here – with no defrosting in the meantime – forced defrosting is activated.

The same prerequisite applies here in that the source temperature (B91) must lie below the set release temperature (line 2951).

Setting "- - -" switches off the function.

### Settings for process reversal

### Defrost time max

If, in the case of defrosting via process reversal, it was not possible to successfully defrost the evaporator during "Defrost time max", or based on the minimum temperature in the condenser circuit (line 2970), the controller aborts the defrost process and tries again after the preheating phase (see "Duration defrost lock").

The permitted number of defrost attempts is limited by "Max num defrost repetitions" (line 958).

### Dripping time evapor

Before the heat pump is allowed to resume heating mode after successfully defrosting through process reversal, the "Dripping time evapor" set here must elapse. The heat pump resumes operation only on completion of this period of time, and the fan is switched on when the delay time preset by the supplier has elapsed.

### Cooling down time evapor

Heating mode is resumed on completion of the defrost process through process reversal and when "Dripping time evapor" (line 2965) has elapsed.

"Cooling down time evapor" (line 2966) is used to define the period of time the fan remains deactivated **after** the resumption of heating mode.

This function prevents evaporation of the incoming outside air.

Setting "- - -" means that the fan is switched on before heating mode is resumed. The period of time is the time set via parameter 2819, "Prerun time source".

2967	Temp thresh drip tray heat
Line no.	Operating line

### Temp thresh drip tray heat

If, at the time the defrost process is started, the outside temperature (B9) or the source inlet temperature (B91) lies below the set temperature threshold, the drip tray heater (K41) is switched on. On completion of the defrost process, the drip tray heater remains switched on for another 3 minutes.

Line no.	Operating line
2968	Max compr output defrost
ACS	Position expansion valve when defrost

### Max compr output defrost

During the defrost process, the compressor's current output is maintained. If the compressor's current output exceeds "Max compr output defrost", the output is reduced to the set value.

On completion of the defrost process and when the delay time has elapsed, the restriction is negated again.

The following differentiation is made:

Note

- With 1-stage heat pumps, the parameter has no impact.
- With 2-stage heat pumps, the second stage is locked when the parameter setting is <= 50%.</li>

# Position expansion valve when defrost (ACS)

When the function is activated, the expansion valve is driven to a fixed position during the defrost process with the compressor.

In that case, superheat control remains deactivated during this period of time.

Line no.	Operating line
2969	Defrost with DHW charging
	Automatically   DHW   Heating circuit   HC, defrost delayed

# Defrost with DHW charging

If defrosting during DHW charging is required, the following choices are available:

#### **Automatically**

Based on the return temperature, the decision is made whether defrosting can be effected during DHW heating or whether changeover to the heating circuit is required.

#### **DHW**

DHW charging will not be interrupted.

### **Heating circuit**

DHW charging is interrupted during the defrost process. If required, the heating circuit pumps are put into operation for defrosting.

### HC, defrost delayed

DHW charging is interrupted during the defrost process. First, the change to heating mode is made; then, the setting time (line 2839) must elapse for the defrost process to be started. On completion of the defrost process, the setting time must elapse; then, DHW charging is resumed.



If a DHW request is received while the defrost process is already running, the change to DHW charging is only made when the defrost process is ended.

Line no.	Operating line
2970	Switch-off temp min

### Switch-off temp min

#### In defrost mode

Every time a defrost attempt is made, the controller acquires the temperature in the condenser circuit (B21 or B71).

If, during the defrost process, the temperature in the condenser circuit drops below "Switch-off temp min", defrosting is unsuccessful and therefore aborted.

When "Duration defrost lock" (line 2962) has elapsed, or when "Temp diff defrost max" (line 2953) is exceeded, a new attempt is made, provided this is permitted by "Duration defrost lock" (line 2958).

### In cooling mode

If the flow (B21) or the return temperature (B71) falls below the minimum switch-off temperature, the compressor is switched off.

It is switched on again when the temperature at both sensors exceeds "Switching diff return temp" by the amount of "Switching diff return temp" (line 2840) and "Switch-off temp min" (line 2843) has elapsed.

### Settings, fan settings

Line no.	Operating line
2971	Defrost fan above
2972	Defrost time fan min
2973	Defrost time fan max
2974	dT end defrost fan
2975	Speed Q9 by defrost
ACS	Defrost with fan above outside temp at 100% r.h.

### Defrost fan above

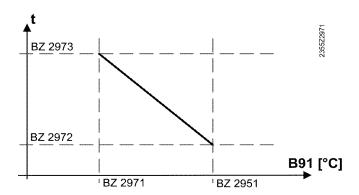
Down to the source inlet temperature "Defrost fan above" set here, defrosting is effected with the fan. If the source inlet temperature falls below this level, defrosting is effected through process reversal with the compressor.



If there is a risk of icing (B91 < parameter 2951) and the source inlet temperature (B91) allows defrosting with the fan, defrosting is effected each time the compressor is shut down.

### Defrost time fan min /max

Depending on the source inlet temperature (B91) at the time the defrost process is started, the defrost time with the fan is determined according to the following graph, based on "Defrost time fan min" and "Defrost time fan max". When, in the case of defrosting with the fan, this time is reached, the defrost process is considered to be successfully completed.



dT end defrost fan

Setting the required temperature differential of source inlet (B91) and evaporator (B84) needed to successfully end the defrost process with the fan.

### Speed Q9 by defrost

The speed of the condensor pump during defrost with compressor can be individually configured.

- If no speed is specified, the speed is calculated based on plant hydraulics.
- The defrost speed is limited on the minimum side by a minimum speed (Defrost time fan min, OL 2792).

Defrost with fan above outside temp at 100% r.h. (ACS)

Example

The limit temperature at which defrosting with the fan is no longer possible so that process reversal is used can be defined more accurately (can be lower), if consideration is also given to the current outside air humidity.

At an outside temperature of 3 °C and low relative humidity, defrosting with the fan is almost impossible. The situation is a different one when the relative humidity is high. In that case, defrosting with the fan might still be possible.

To give consideration to outside air humidity, the following configuration is required:

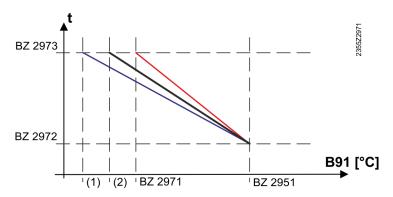
- Assign function "Humidity measurement 10V" to one of the inputs Hx.
- Set parameter 5827 "Hum acquis air inlet H91" to that input Hx.
- Set the limit temperature for 100% relative humidity ("Defrost with fan above outside temp at 100% r.h.", ACS).

Principle of operation

Parameter "Defrost with fan above outside temp at 100% r.h." (ACS) is used to set the limit temperature that is still permitted (transition from defrosting with fan to defrosting through process reversal) when the relative humidity is at its maximum of 100%.

Parameter 2971 "Defrost fan above" is the limit value for "dry air" (controller-internally defined at 50% relative humidity).

From this, the limit temperature valid at the currently measured relative humidity for the transition from defrosting with the fan to defrosting through process reversal is calculated (in the following graph: Position (2)).



2951: Defrost release below OT

2971: Defrost fan above (relative humidity 50%)

2972: Defrost time fan min2973: Defrost time fan max

(1): Defrost with fan above outside temp at 100% r.h.(2): "Defrost fan above" at current humidity (calculated)

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Defrost with electrical utility lock
	No ¦ Yes
ACS	Delay forced defrost after power up

Defrost with electrical utility lock (ACS)

Heat pump and electric immersion heaters can be locked via an AC 230 V input (parameterized as "Electrical utility lock E6").

If, in the case of an air-to-water heat pump, locking occurs during the defrost process, setting "Defrost with electrical utility lock" decides whether defrosting is first ended ("Yes"), or whether the compressor is immediately locked ("No").

Delay forced defrost after power up (ACS)

When, after power-up, the state of icing is not known, forced defrosting is triggered. Per default, the defrost process is started 60 seconds after the compressor. This time period can be adjusted.

Line no.	Operating line
3000	Switch-off temp max cooling
3002	Source temp min cool mode
3004	SD ch'over cooling pas/act
3007	In passive cooling mode
	Condenser pump off   Condenser pump on
3008	Temp diff cond cooling mode

Switch-off temp max cooling

If the return temperature (B71) lies above "Switch-off temp max cooling", the compressor must not be put into operation. If already running, it will be switched off.

On completion of the set pump prerun times (but not before 2 minutes have elapsed), the pumps are deactivated if the temperatures are still too high.

Another compressor startup attempt is made on completion of the minimum compressor off time ("Compressor off time min", line 2843).

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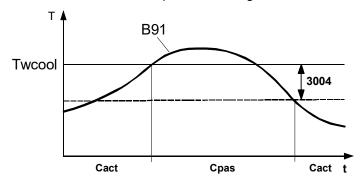
This function is only active in the case of active cooling. It has no impact with passive cooling. For more information about active/passive cooling, refer to chapter "Cooling circuit".

Source temp min cool mode (Frost protection)

To prevent the formation of ice in the heat exchanger during passive cooling, a minimum source temperature can be entered. If the temperature at the source outlet sensor (B92) falls below the value set via parameter "Source temp min cool mode", the consumers are locked until the source outlet temperature exceeds the minimum temperature by 1 Kelvin.

SD ch'over cooling pas/act

If the source inlet temperature drops below the cooling setpoint minus the switching differential set here and the minimum compressor on time has elapsed, the controller switches to passive cooling.



B91 Source inlet sensor
Twoool Setpoint for cooling
3004 SD ch'over cooling pas/act
Cact Active cooling mode
Cpas Passive cooling mode
T Temperature

t Time

In passive cooling mode

Defines the behavior of the condenser pump in passive cooling mode.

### Condenser pump off

The condenser pump remains deactivated during passive cooling mode.

### Condenser pump on

The condenser pump remains activated during passive cooling mode.

Temp diff cond cooling mode

To obtain the return temperature setpoint for active cooling mode, the current flow temperature setpoint (according to the cooling curve) is increased by the value set here.

If the setting is "0", the cooling curve in plants with return temperature control must be based on the return (plants with pump heating circuits and without buffer or combi storage tanks).

The setting is used for speed control of the condenser pump (parameter 2790 and ACS parameter for cooling mode).

### **Output control source**

Speed control of the source pump or the fan is effected via a triac output (ZX) or output UX. For that purpose, the respective output is to be configured as "Source pump Q8/fan K19".

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In addition, the source pump or the fan can be controlled via a relay output (on/off).

Speed control of the source pump/fan can be parameterized.

- Choice of up to 4 speed control strategies.
- For cooling mode, another of these 4 strategies can be selected. If "- -" is selected, the strategy of parameter 3009 applies.

### **Control strategies**

Line no.	Operating line	
3009	Modulation fan/source pump	
	None   Compressor output   Temp diff evaporator	
ACS	Modulation fan/source pump cooling mode	
	None   Refrig temp liquid   Compressor output   Temp diff evaporator	

The control strategy for speed control is to be selected via parameter "Modulation fan/source pump" BZ 3009) and for cooling mode, if required, via "Modulation fan/source pump cooling mode" (ACS).



- Strategy "Refrig temp liquid" can only be selected with "Modulation fan/source pump cooling mode" (ACS).
- For strategies "Refrig temp liquid" and "Temp diff evaporator", extra parameters
  are available which are listed and explained directly with the strategy.

# Setting the source pump's modulation

For "Modulation fan/source pump" (line 3009) and, if required, also for "Modulation fan/source pump cooling mode" (ACS), the following speed control strategies are available:

#### None

The speed of the source pump/fan corresponds to the set "Speed max fan/source pump" (line 3010).



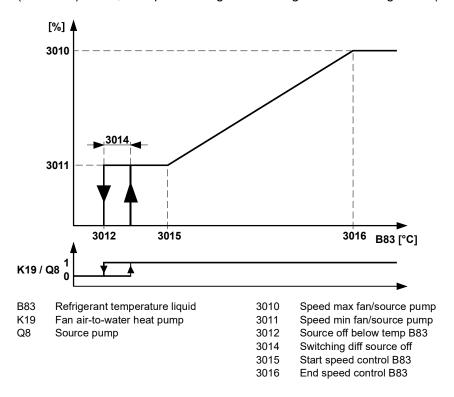
But monitoring functions can reduce the speed down to "Speed min fan/source pump" (line 3011), e.g. to make certain that the maximum evaporation temperature will not be exceeded.

### Refrig temp liquid

(can only be selected with "Modulation fan/source pump cooling mode")

The fan speed of an air-to-water heat pump or of the source pump of a brine-to-water or water-to-water heat pump is controlled based on "Refrig temp liquid" (B83).

When switching on, the fan or source pump operates at the minimum speed (line 3011, "Locking time speed control") during the set "Speed min fan/source pump" (line 3017). Then, the speed changes according to the set straight line (see graph).



### **Further settings**

Line no.	Operating line
3012	Source off below temp B83
3014	Switching diff source off
3015	Start speed control B83
3016	End speed control B83

Source off below temp B83

If the "Refrigerant temperature liquid" (B83) lies below the switch-off point "Source off below temp B83", the fan or source pump is switched off (or is not put into operation).

The compressor continues to operate. The fan is switched on again as soon as the temperature at B83 exceeds the switch-off point plus the switching differential.

The function can be deactivated ("- - -").

Switching diff source off

Setting the switching differential for "Source off below temp B83" (line 3012).

Start speed control B83/ End speed control B83 Below the set temperature "Start speed control B83", the fan or the source pump operates at the minimum speed (line 3011, "Start speed control B83").

If "Refrigerant temperature liquid" (B83) lies between "Start speed control B83" and "End speed control B83", the speed is increased in a linear manner until the maximum speed (line 3010, "Speed max fan/source pump") is reached.

If the "Refrigerant temperature liquid" (B83) exceeds the set temperature "End speed control B83", the fan or the source pump continues to operate at the set maximum speed (line 3010, "Speed max fan/source pump").

### **Compressor output**

The speed of the source pump/fan is controlled according to the compressor output currently released. The action depends on the type of heat pump.

### • 1-stage compressor

When the compressor is in operation, the source pump/fan runs at maximum speed.

### · 2-stage compressor

When both compressors are in operation, the source pump/fan runs at maximum speed.

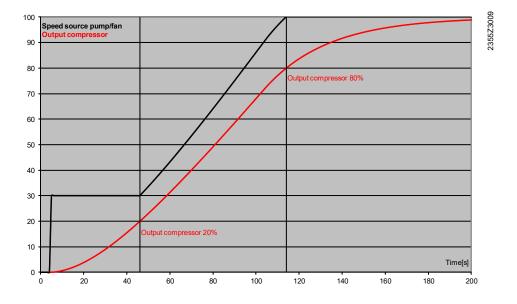
When one compressor is in operation, the source pump/fan runs at minimum speed.

### · Modulating compressor

With this function, the speed of the source pump/fan depends directly on the compressor's current output.

If the compressor's output is ≤20%, the source pump/fan constantly operates at minimum speed.

If the compressor's output is ≥80%, the source pump/fan constantly operates at maximum speed.



### Temp diff evaporator

Speed control tries to attain the parameterized and required temperature differential (line 2823, "Req temp diff evaporator") of source flow and source return sensor (B91/B92).

For cooling mode, a separate setpoint can be adjusted: "Required temp diff evaporator cooling mode" (ACS).

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If the source return temperature (B92) is not known, control to the temperature differential of source inlet B91 and evaporation temperature H82 is provided as a substitute.

### **Further settings**

Line no.	Operating line
3021	Speed fan/source pump Xp
3022	Speed fan/source pump Tn
3023	Speed fan/source pump Tv

Parameters Xp, Tn and Tv

By setting the right proportional band Xp, the integral action time Tn, and the derivative action time Tv the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp, Tn and Tv can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

### **General settings**

Line no.	Operating line
3010	Speed max fan/source pump
3011	Speed min fan/source pump
3017	Locking time speed control
3019	Start speed fan/sce pump
ACS	Max deviation suction gas temp
ACS	Outp limit with mod source
	Off ¦ Heating mode   Cooling mode   Heating and cooling mode

Speed max fan/source pump (line 3010)

This limits the control range of the fan or source pump speed at the top. In heating mode, this setting defines the constant speed.

Speed min fan/source pump (line 3011) Locking time speed control (line 3017) This limits the control range of the fan or source pump speed at the bottom.

During "Locking time speed control", the fan operates at "Start speed fan/sce pump").

Start speed fan/sce pump (line 3019)

The speed is limited by the set minimum and maximum speed. When switching on during the set "Locking time speed control", the fan runs at the set "Start speed fan/sce pump".

Max deviation suction gas temp (ACS)

If the source's output is sufficient and the heat exchanger is not undersized, the suction gas temperature is nearly at the level of the source inlet temperature.

If the temperature differential exceeds a few tenths of a degree, it is an indication that the amount of heat transmitted via the evaporator is not sufficient. For this reason, the speed of the source pump is increased, if possible, aimed at keeping the evaporation temperature as high as possible.

Principle of operation

If the suction gas temperature B85 drops by more than "Max deviation suction gas temp" (ACS) below source inlet temperature B91, the speed of the source pump/fan is increased. As soon as the temperature differential becomes smaller again, the increase is reduced (neutral zone is 0.5 Kelvin).

Cooling mode

Preliminary remark: If, in cooling mode, the condenser operates in parallel mode, the temperatures cannot be compared the same way.



Therefore, in cooling mode, the function is active only when a "Cond reversing valve Y91" is used.

Then, the suction gas temperature is compared with the temperature acquired by return sensor B71, with action on the condenser pump.

### Outp limit with mod source (ACS)

The counter-measures described in connection with monitoring of "Max condensation temp" (line 2785) and "Switch-off temp max" (line 2844) try to reduce the cooling capacity to prevent the heat pump from shutting down.

This is reached preferably by reducing the compressor's output.

Another option is a reduction of the evaporation temperature.

If there is **no** electronic expansion valve, the last aforementioned measure can be implemented by reducing the speed of the source pump/fan.

"Outp limit with mod source" (ACS) can be used to select in which operating situations this shall be permitted.

Using this measure, the heat pump can work near its operating limit for longer periods of time (e.g. during DHW charging at high flow temperatures). On the other hand, a lower COP and – in the case of air-to-water heat pumps – increased icing up of the evaporator must be accepted.

# Source pump/fan speed with special operating states

Generally, the speed of the source pump/fan is controlled according to the selected strategy (line 3009 ff.).

However, with certain operating states, the selected control strategy is not suited or cannot be applied.

The following table shows the speed behavior of the source pump/fan in such cases:

#	Plant state	Note	Speed behavior
1	Pump prerun	Line 2802	According to strategy 1)
2	Pump overrun	Line 2803	According to strategy 1)
3	Passive cooling mode		Maximum speed
4	Automatic sensor readjustment	Line 3030	Maximum speed
5	Defrost with fan		According to strategy 1)
6	Pump off refrigerant	Line 3058	According to strategy
7	Pump off refrigerant, manually	Line 7153	According to strategy

<sup>1)</sup> Usually means "minimum speed" in practical operation

### Silent mode

Line no.	Operating line
3025	Silent mode speed max
3026	Silent mode on
3027	Silent mode off
3028	Silent mode speed incr start
3029	Silent mode speed incr end

Silent mode serves for reducing noise by limiting the fan's speed during certain daylight or night hours. The limitation acts in all fan speed control modes and all heat pump operating modes.

What can be parameterized is a switch-on and a switch-off point and the possibility to appropriately adjust the silent mode at low outside temperatures.

Silent mode speed max

During a set time window (typically at night), the maximum fan speed is limited to the set value. If no maximum speed for silent mode is parameterized, the function is deactivated.

Silent mode on/off

A start and end time defines the time window for silent mode. Within this period of time, the fan's speed will not exceed the set maximum level.

Silent mode speed incr start/end

At low outside temperatures, the limitation can be canceled. If the outside temperature drops below the level set for the start of the increase, the maximum speed is raised in a linear manner to reach the initial value at the end of the increase (without silent mode).

The increase can be deactivated.



If the outside temperature (B9) is not available, the source inlet temperature (B91) is used to calculate the increase.

### **Sensor calibration**

The "Sensor calibration" function can be used to readjust the 2 heat pump sensors B21 (flow) and B71 (return) as well as B91 (source inlet) and B92 (source outlet) with the following parameters and to calibrate them against one another.

If the temperature differential of flow and return sensor is used to determine the energy delivered, the sensors need to be calibrated against one another due to the relative large sensor tolerances. The calibration must be made on the sensors actually used in the plant.

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If possible, the sensors should be calibrated at a temperature level of between 20 °C and 40 °C. The deviation of both sensors and the required readjustment should normally be <1 Kelvin and should not exceed 2 Kelvin.

Line no.	Operating line	
3030	Auto readj HP cond sensor	
	Off   Now   After pump prerun	
3031	Readj HP flow sensor	
3032	Readj HP return sensor	
3033	Readj status	
	Not readjusted   Manually readjusted   Automatically readjusted	
	Readjustment running	
3035	Readj source inlet sensor	
3036	Readj source outlet sens	
3038	Readj source int circ flow	
3039	Readj source int circ return	

### Automatic readjustment

Automatic readjustment ensures that with the same temperatures at the flow and return sensor, the values used for the control and the calculation of the yearly performance factor are the same. A calibration using absolute temperatures is not done.

**NOTE** 

Both sensor elements must be brought to the same temperature before making the automatic readjustment.

Auto readj HP cond sensor

### Now

Setting "Now" triggers instantly automatic sensor readjustment. During the calibration, "Readj HP flow sensor" is set based on the temperature differential acquired between flow and return sensor.

 $T_{readjB21} = T_{readjB71} + (T_{B71} - T_{B21})$ 



For the calibration to be made, the temperature at both sensor values must lie between 5 °C and 50 °C, the difference being a maximum of 3 Kelvin.

#### After pump prerun

If "After pump prerun" is selected, condensor pump Q9 is first switched on for 8 minutes, followed by the calibration.

The controller automatically activates function "Relay test Q9" to switch on the condensor pump. For this reason, the key symbol and special operating mode "Output test" are displayed during this time. The prerun time cannot be adjusted.

The readjustment can be immediately enforced at any time during pump prerun by selecting "Now". "Off" aborts the prerun without readjustment.

If a calibration at absolute temperatures is required, return temperature sensor B71 must be calibrated manually before making the automatic readjustment. The readjusted value of the return temperature sensor is not changed for automatic readjustment.

235 / 530

Readj HP flow sensor / return sensor

Using 2 separate parameters (3031 for the flow and 3032 for the return), the temperatures acquired by sensors B21 and B71 can be manually readjusted by a maximum of ±20 Kelvin.



Menu "Input/output test" displays the measured sensor values without any readjustment. The readjusted temperature values used for the control are shown on menu "Diagnostics heat generation".

# Readj status (Status display)

The readjustment state is displayed on the room unit/HMI directly by the readjustment parameters for the flow and the return sensor (double display). The ACS service tool displays the state on a separate operating line. The readjustment state is maintained even after power down.

### Not readjusted

The values were not readjusted, neither manually nor automatically, or automatic readjustment was aborted or did not work.

### Manually readjusted

At least one of the readjustment values was changed via operation.

### **Automatically readjusted**

The sensors were calibrated using automatic sensor readjustment. The readjustment values were not changed anymore afterwards.

### Readjustment running

Pump prerun was started for automatic sensor readjustment. The readjustment has not yet been made.

Readjustment source inlet sensor/source outlet sensor

Temperatures measured by sensors B91 and B92 can each be manually readjusted with a separate parameter (parameter 3035 for source inlet and parameter 3036 for source outlet) by a maximum of ±20 Kelvin.



The menu "Input/output test" displays the measured temperature without a readjustment and the temperature values used for control are displayed in menu "Diagnostics heat generation".

OL 3030 and 3033 have no impact on the source sensor.

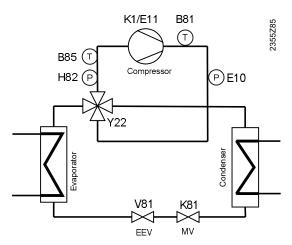
Readjustment Source intermediate circuit flow and return sensor

Temperatures measured at sensors B93 and B94 can each be manually readjusted with a separate parameter (parameter 3038 for the source intermediate circuit flow sensor and parameter 3039 for source intermediate circuit return) by maximum ±20 Kelvin.



In menu "Input/output test", the measured sensor values without readjustment are displayed and the readjusted temperature values used for control in the menu "Diagnostics heat generation".

OL 3030 and 3033 have no impact on the source intermediate circuit sensor.



B85 Suction gas temperature

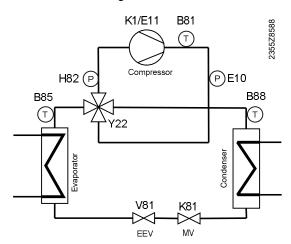
H82 Evaporation pressure (evaporation temperature calculated via refrigerant characteristic)

V81 Electronic expansion valve (EEV)

K81 Magnetic valve (MV)

# Operation with 2 suction gas sensors

In the case of reversible heat pumps, a separate suction gas sensor (B88) can be selected for cooling mode.



If 2 suction gas sensors B85 and B88 are installed and configured, the sensor for superheat control is selected depending on operation:

- B85: Heating mode.
- B88: Cooling mode, defrosting.
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- If one suction gas sensor is used for both heating and cooling mode, B85 must be configured.
- If only B88 is configured, a configuration error is displayed.

Line no.	Operating line
3042	Superheat setpoint
3043	Superheat controller Xp
3044	Superheat controller Tn
3045	Superheat controller Tv
3046	Expansion valve run time
3047	Min superheat
3049	Superheat setp cooling mode
3050	Superheat incr silent mode
ACS	SHC setp source 20
ACS	SHC setp source 15
ACS	SHC setp source 7
ACS	SHC setp source 2
ACS	SHC setp source -7
ACS	SHC setp source -15
ACS	SHC setp source -25

### Superheat controller

The superheat controller is a PID controller. P-, I- and D-action can be adjusted (lines 3043, 3044, and 3045).

### Parameters Xp, Tn and Tv

By setting the right proportional band Xp, the integral action time Tn, and the derivative action time Tv the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp, Tn and Tv can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

### Expansion valve run time

Setting the running time of the expansion valve. This is the time required by the valve to travel from the fully closed to the fully open position.

Parameter "Expansion valve run time" is used only if the valve is controlled via one of the outputs UX (DC 0...10 V).



If a WX output is parameterized for use with an expansion valve, the running time is calculated from the stepper motor data.

### Setting the superheat setpoint

To set the superheat setpoint, a number of parameters are available (3042, 3049, and 3050, plus various ACS settings).

Superheat setpoint

The control system stabilizes the temperature differential of suction gas and evaporation temperature (superheat) at the set "Superheat setpoint" by controlling the refrigerant flow via the electronic expansion valve.

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The control and the magnetic valve (MV) are released as soon as a compressor is put into operation. To ensure that refrigerant does not enter the evaporator during off times, the control is locked when the compressor is off, and the expansion and magnetic valve are shut.

Superheat setp cooling mode

For cooling mode, the superheat setpoint is adjusted separately.

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When changing from heating to cooling mode, or vice versa, the higher of the 2 setpoints applies during "Settl'time process reversal" (line 2838).

Superheat incr silent mode

When silent mode is active (line 3025 and subsequent lines), the superheat setpoint is increased by an adjustable value "Superheat incr silent mode".

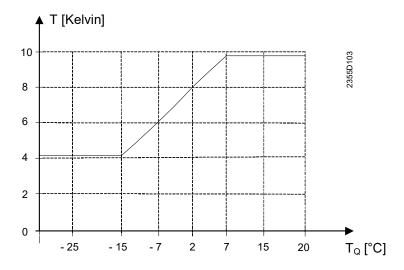
SHC setp source 20 to SHC setp source -25

The superheat setpoint is defined for different source temperatures. Values in between are interpolated in a linear manner. To activate dependency on the source temperature, the fixed "Superheat setpoint" needs to be deactivated (line 3042: "---").

There is no need to define all points. Deactivated points are not considered when generating the setpoint.

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This curve only applies to heating mode. In cooling mode, it is ways the fixed "Superheat setpoint" that is used.



T<sub>Q</sub>: Source temperature

Min superheat

The minimum superheat is continuously monitored. If the superheat falls below the set limit value "Min superheat", the superheat setpoint is increased, causing the expansion valve to reduce the refrigerant flow.

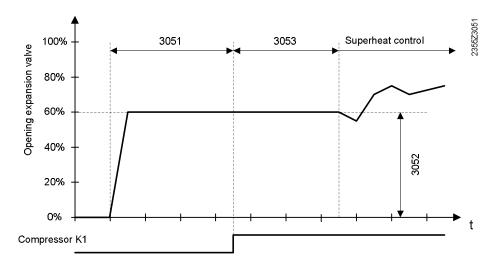
This is independent of the way the superheat setpoint is determined.

### Behavior on compressor start

Line no.	Operating line
3051	Delay compressor start
3052	Pos expansion valve start
3053	Delay superheat controller

The expansion valve's behavior on compressor start can be influenced via the following settings:

- Degree of valve opening when compressor is started: "Pos expansion valve start"
- Time period with valve fully open until compressor is started: "Delay compressor start"
- Delay time upon compressor start until superheat is released: "Delay superheat controller"



3051: Delay compressor start 3052: Pos expansion valve start 3053: Delay superheat controller

# Adaptive superheat setpoint

Line no.	Operating line	
3054	Superheat setp adaption	
	Off   Heating mode   Cooling mode   Heating and cooling mode	
ACS	Adaption lock upon compressor start	
ACS	Adaption lock upon change of superheat setp	
ACS	Wait time up to red superheat setp adapt	
ACS	Adaption lock upon increase of superheat setp	
ACS	Min deviation superheat setp adapt	
ACS	Max deviation superheat setp adapt	
ACS	Critical deviation superheat setp adapt	
ACS	Adaption step superheat setp	
ACS	Max increase superheat setpoint adapt	

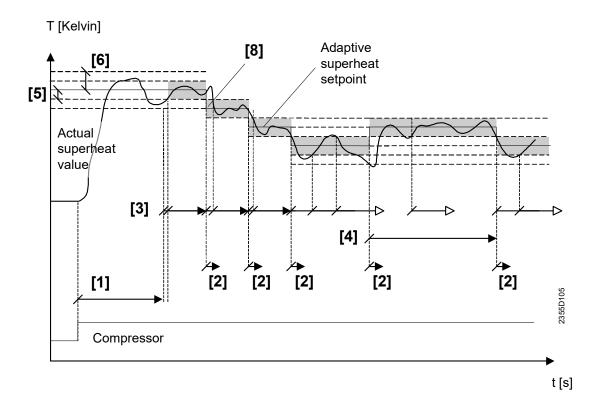
# Physical interrelationships

- Great superheat leads to a stable, less fluctuating evaporation process.
- Too little superheat leads to an instable, uncontrollable evaporation process.
- The smaller the superheat, the better the efficiency.
- The smallest, still stable superheat depends on a number of influencing factors and is difficult to calculate.

Adaptive superheat setpoint

Adaptive superheat control tries to find the minimum, still stable superheat under the current operating conditions.

- The fixed (parameter 3042) or source-dependent (various ACS parameters) superheat setpoint is used as the starting value.
- Adaption reduces the superheat in steps and, at the same time, monitors the
- Whenever there are signs of instable behavior, superheat is not reduced any further.



- [1] Adaption lock upon compressor start
- [2] Adaption lock upon change of superheat setp
- [3] Wait time up to red superheat setp adapt
- Adaption lock upon increase of superheat setp [4]
- [5] [6] Min deviation superheat setp adapt
- Max deviation superheat setp adapt
- [7] Critical deviation superheat setp adapt (not shown)
- [8] Adaption step superheat setp
- Max increase superheat setpoint adapt (not shown)

Superheat setp adaption

The function is enabled via "Superheat setp adaption".

It can be activated in "Heating mode", "Cooling mode", or "Heating and cooling mode".

Compressor start

Upon compressor start or changeover of the process reversing valve, adaption remains disabled for an adjustable period of time "Adaption lock upon compressor start" [1].

If adaption is disabled or deactivated, superheat is controlled according to the fixed (parameter 3042) or source-dependent (various ACS parameters) superheat setpoint.

Evaluation of control deviation

General rule: Evaluation of the control deviation always waits until the settling times "Adaption lock upon compressor start" [1], "Adaption lock upon change of superheat setp [2], and "Adaption lock upon increase of superheat setp" [4] have elapsed.

Decrease of superheat

If the deviation of the actual value from the adaptive setpoint always remains within "Wait time up to red superheat setp adapt" [5] during "Min deviation superheat setp adapt" [3], either upward or downward, the setpoint is lowered by one "Adaption step superheat setp" [8]. The magnitude of the adaption step can be adjusted.

Increase of superheat

If the deviation of the actual value from the adaptive setpoint exceeds "Max deviation superheat setp adapt" [6], either upward or downward, the setpoint is immediately increased by one adaption step.

If the deviation of the actual value from the adaptive setpoint exceeds "Critical deviation superheat setp adapt" [7, not shown in the graph], either upward or downward, the setpoint is immediately increased by 2 adaption steps.

After an increase, no more decrease is allowed during "Adaption lock upon increase of superheat setp" [4].

The superheat setpoint can also be increased to a level above the initial value, but by no more than "Max increase superheat setpoint adapt" [9, not shown in the graph].

Stabilization after a change

If the superheat setpoint is changed through adaption, the function remains disabled for further setpoint changes during "Adaption lock upon change of superheat setp" [2].

#### **MOP** control

At high source temperatures, temperatures above "Max evaporation temp" (line 2826) must be prevented.

By closing the expansion valve, the refrigerant flow is reduced so that the evaporation temperature drops. For that, the superheat setpoint is increased to such a degree that the evaporation temperature remains "Max evaporation temp reduction" (ACS) below "Max evaporation temp".



- For behavior of heat pump when "Max evaporation temp" is exceeded, refer to parameter 2826.
- MOP stands for Maximum Operating Pressure.

### Output limitation with SHC

Line no.	Operating line			
ACS	Output limitation with SHC			
	Off   Heating mode   Cooling mode   Heating and cooling mode			

The counter-measures described in connection with monitoring of "Max condensation temp" (line 2785) and "Switch-off temp max" (line 2844) try to reduce the cooling capacity to prevent the heat pump from shutting down.

This is reached preferably by reducing the compressor's output.

Another option is a reduction of the evaporation temperature by closing the expansion valve.

"Output limitation with SHC" (ACS) can be used to select in which operating situations this shall be permitted.

Using this measure, the heat pump can work near its operating limit for longer periods of time (e.g. during DHW charging at high flow temperatures). On the other hand, a lower COP and – in the case of air-to-water heat pumps – increased icing up of the evaporator must be accepted.

Line no.	Operating line
3056	Output control with SHC
	Off   Heating mode   Cooling mode   Heating and cooling mode
ACS	Output control with SHC Xp
ACS	Output control with SHC Tn

### Internal output control

The compressor's output can be influenced indirectly via superheat control. This internal output control is used when controlling to the flow temperature setpoint (B21).

Principle: Refrigeration output is reduced by increasing the superheat. The refrigerant flow is reduced, causing the evaporation temperature to drop and the superheat to increase.

### Output control with SHC

Internal output control is especially suited for multistage compressors, thus allowing the implementation of continuous output control.

When using modulating compressors: Internal and "normal" output control have their restricted fields of use:

- Internal output control (lower range) interferes only when the compressor's output cannot be reduced any further.
- "Normal" output control (upper range) is started only when internal output control no longer influences the superheat setpoint.

Internal output control lowers the evaporation temperature to a limit 3 Kelvin above "Min evaporation temp" (line 2825).

The use of internal "Output control with SHC" can be restricted to heating or cooling.

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SHC stands for Super Heat Control.

The increase of the superheat setpoint is calculated by a PI controller.

### Parameters Xp and Tn

By setting the right proportional band Xp and integral action time Tn, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp and Tn can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Max deviation superheat

# Max deviation superheat (ACS)

In situations where the evaporation temperature is artificially kept at a low level so that superheat exceeds the setpoint significantly (MOP control, output limitation via SHC, output control via SHC), superheat can be reduced again to a practical level by lowering the speed of the source pump. In addition:

- Too high hot-gas temperatures are prevented.
- Source pump/fan use less energy and noise is reduced.

### Principle of operation

If superheat exceeds the superheat setpoint by more than "Max deviation superheat" (ACS), the speed of the source pump/fan is reduced. As soon as the temperature differential becomes smaller again, speed reduction is negated in steps (neutral zone is 0.5 Kelvin).

### Cooling mode

In cooling mode, the function acts in the same way on the condenser pump.

# Detecting faulty expansion valves (V81)

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Delay expansion valve evaporator error

If the valve maintains one of the 2 stop positions beyond "Delay expansion valve evaporator error" (ACS), the heat pump is shut down and an error message ("505:Expansion valve evap") is delivered.

### **Pump off function**

Line no.	Operating line
3058	Pump off function
	Off   Automatic
3059	Pump off funct press limit

# Pumping off refrigerant (pumpdown)

### **Automatically**

Before the compressor is switched off, the pump evacuates the evaporator. This is accomplished by letting the compressor continue to run while the valve is shut until the low-pressure switch (E9) trips or, at H82, the pressure falls below an adjustable low-pressure threshold (line 3059, "Pump off funct press limit").

### Off

The function can be deactivated.

### Manually

If the function is activated manually (line 7153, "Pumping off refrigerant"), the compressor is switched on and the expansion valve shut.

The compressor is switched off when the low-pressure switch trips or when the adjustable low-pressure threshold (line 3059) is reached.

After manually pumping off, the compressor is locked. The heat pump can only be put back into operation after a "Heat pump reset" or power-down.

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If the low-pressure threshold is not reached after 2 minutes, the function is aborted.

Line no.	Operating line
3062	Superheat setpoint EVI
3063	EVI controller Xp
3064	EVI controller Tn
3065	EVI controller Tv
3066	Expansion valve EVI run time

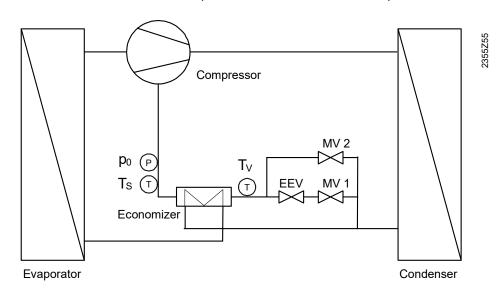
### Superheat setpoint EVI

The control system stabilizes the temperature differential of suction gas and evaporation temperature (superheat) at the set "Superheat setpoint EVI" by controlling the refrigerant flow with the electronic expansion valve.



To acquire the evaporation temperature, a pressure sensor H86 or temperature sensor B87 can be connected (between valve and economizer).

### **Electronic injection** valve



 $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{s}}$ Suction gas temperature (B86)

Evaporation pressure (H86); the evaporation temperature is calculated with the help of the Pο refrigerant characteristic

Τv Evaporation temperature (B87) EEV Electronic expansion valve (V82)

MV1 Magnetic valve vapor injection (K82)

MV2 Magnetic valve saturated vapor injection (K83)

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EVI stands for Enhanced Vapor Injection.

### Parameters Xp, Tn, and Τv

By setting the right proportional band Xp, integral action time Tn, and the derivative action time Tv, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp, Tn and Tv can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

Expansion valve EVI run time

Setting the running time of the injection valve (EVI).

If a WX output is parameterized for use with an injection valve, the running time is calculated from the stepper motor data.

Parameter "Expansion valve EVI run time" is only used if the valve is controlled via one of the outputs UX (DC 0...10 V).

Line no.	Operating line
3071	Threshold hot-gas temp EVI
3072	SD hot-gas temp EVI
3073	Threshold source temp EVI
3074	SD source temp EVI

### Vapor injection

Vapor injection is only on when the compressor is running.

Threshold hot-gas temp

EVI

Vapor injection is activated when the hot-gas temperature (B81) exceeds "Threshold hot-gas temp EVI".

SD hot-gas temp EVI

It is switched off again when the hot-gas temperature is at a level of "SD hot-gas temp EVI" (switching differential) below the switch-on threshold.

Threshold source temp EVI

Vapor injection is activated when the source temperature drops below "Threshold source temp EVI".

SD source temp EVI

It is switched off again when the source temperature is at a level of "SD source temp EVI" above the switch-on threshold.

Line no.	Operating line
3077	Swi-off temp sat vapor op
3078	Thresh hot-gas temp satur
3080	Thresh source temp satur

### Saturated vapor injection

Thresh hot-gas temp satur

Saturated vapor injection is activated when the hot-gas temperature (B81) exceeds "Thresh hot-gas temp satur".

It is switched off again when the hot-gas temperature is at a level of "SD hot-gas temp EVI" (line 3072) below the switch-on threshold.

Thresh source temp satur

Saturated vapor injection is activated when the source temperature drops below "Thresh source temp satur".

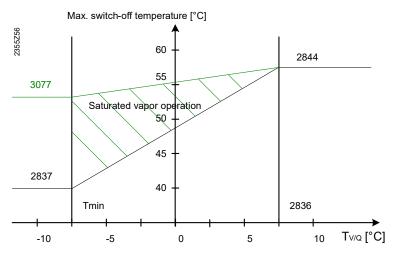
It is switched off again when the source temperature is at a level of "SD source temp EVI" (line 3074) above the switch-on threshold.

Switch-off temp max

Saturated vapor injection is also activated when the maximum switch-off temperature (line 2844, "Switch-off temp max") in the reduced range (see lines 2836 and 2837) is exceeded.

For operation with saturated vapor injection, a separate, reduced switch-off temperature (line 3077, "Swi-off temp sat vapor op") can be set.

The graph shows this range below the green line.



Tmin: Depending on the type of source (line 2812, 2815, 2816, or 2825) T<sub>V/Q</sub>: Evaporation/source temperature

2836: Start swi-off temp red 2837: Swi-off temp max reduced 2844: Switch-off temp max

### Behavior of the valve

Magnetic valve and injection capillary

As soon as one of the conditions for saturated vapor injection is satisfied, the magnetic valve "Valve EVI K82" (if installed) and "Valve injection capillary K83" are opened.

Electronic expansion valve

As soon as the hot-gas temperature exceeds "Thresh hot-gas temp satur" (line 3078), a change to hot-gas control is made. The setpoint used for control of the injection valve is also parameter 3078.

If saturated vapor injection is activated based on "Thresh source temp satur" (line 3080), the expansion valve is fully opened.

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Limitation of the maximum valve position can be effected via the stepper motor's parameterization (ACS).

### 6.11 Energy meters

The controller can measure and display the amount of energy drawn from the source, the electrical energy input and the amount of energy supplied to the heating system.

This way, information on the plant's efficiency (performance factor) can be provided.

The Hx inputs offer the following choice of functions:

### • Pulse count:

Connection of externally installed electricity, gas, heat or flow meters.

• Flow measurement:

Flow measurement; connection of flow sensors delivering voltage (10 V) or frequency signals (Hz).

### • Temperature measurement:

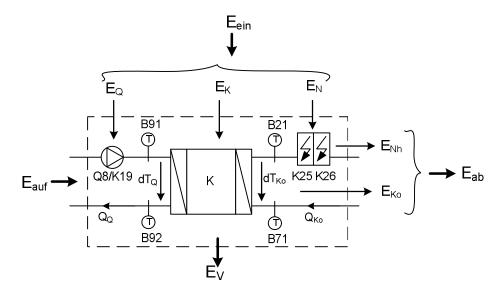
Connection of temperature sensors delivering voltage signals (10 V).

The availability of the functions at the respective inputs is as follows:

Inputs		H1/H3		H21	H22
Pulse count	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Flow measurement 10 V	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Flow measurement Hz		Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Temperature measurement 10 V		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

The heat pump's flow and return temperatures are acquired either via temperature measurement at one of the inputs Hx or via the resistance temperature sensors connected to Bx.

The functionality implemented in the controller, employed for acquiring the energy input/energy delivered and for calculating the yearly performance factor is based on the following model:



- $E_{ein}$  Energy input  $(E_Q + E_K + E_N)$
- $E_{ab}$  Energy/heat delivered for space and DHW heating ( $E_{Nh} + E_{Ko}$ )
- Eauf Energy drawn from the environment (geothermal heat, ground water, air) (dT<sub>Q</sub> x Q<sub>Q</sub>)
- E<sub>v</sub> Technical losses
- Eq Energy used to operate the source (pump/fan)
- E<sub>K</sub> Energy used to operate the compressor (electricity or gas)
- E<sub>N</sub> Electrical energy used to operate the electric immersion heaters K25/K26
- $E_{Nh}$  Energy/heat delivered by the electric immersion heaters K25/K26
- $E_{Ko}$  Energy/heat delivered by the condenser ( $dT_{Ko} \times Q_{Ko}$ )
- dT<sub>Ko</sub> Temperature differential across the condenser (B21 B71)
- $Q_{Ko}$  Volumetric flow through the condenser
- $dT_Q$  Temperature differential across the evaporator (B91 B92)
- Q<sub>Q</sub> Volumetric flow through the evaporator
- Q8 Brine-to-water heat pump
- K19 Fan (air-to-water heat pumps)
- K25 Electric immersion heater 1, flow
- K26 Electric immersion heater 2, flow
- B21 Flow sensor
- B71 Return sensor
- B91 Source flow sensor
- B92 Source return sensor

Size	Function in the controller	Reference
EQ	<b>Calculating</b> the electrical energy required to operate the source pump or the fan via adjustable output parameter [kW] and the effective running time.	Line 3108
Ек	Metering the electrical energy [kWh] to operate the compressor with an external electricity meter and connection to the pulse count input, or	Line 3100, Line 3102, Line 3103,
	<b>Metering</b> the volumetric gas flow [m3] with an external gas meter and connection to the pulse count input. Calculation of the gas energy [kWh] required to operate the compressor, based on the adjustable mean gas energy content [kWh/m3]. or	Line 3104, Line 3106
	Calculating the amount of energy used per the settings mentioned in Line 3197.	
En	<b>Decision</b> whether the thermal energy delivered ( $E_{Nh}$ ) by the electric immersion heater shall also be regarded and metered as electrical energy input ( $E_{N} = E_{Nh}$ ).	Line 3109
E <sub>ein</sub>	<b>Metering</b> the total amount of electrical energy [kWh] required to operate the system (compressor, source and electric immersion heater) with an external electricity meter and connection to the pulse count input,	Line 3113 (Display)
	or <b>Adding</b> the calculated energy required to operate the source and the electric immersion heater to the metered energy required to operate the compressor ( $E_Q + E_N + E_K$ ).	
E <sub>Nh</sub>	<b>Calculating</b> the thermal energy delivered by the electric immersion heaters via adjustable output parameters [kW] and the effective operating time.	Line 5811, Line 5813
Eĸo	<b>Metering</b> the volumetric flow through the condenser [l] with an external flow meter and connection to the pulse count input, or <b>metering</b> the volumetric flow [l/min] with an external flow meter and connection to the metering input.	Line 3090, Line 3092, Line 3093,
	<b>Measuring</b> the temperature differential of heat pump flow (B21) and return (B71) and calculation of the amount of heat delivered,	Line 3094, Line 3095
	or <b>Calculating</b> the volumetric flow through the condenser via the adjustable pump flow rate [I/h] and the effective running time/speed.	Line 3097, Line 3098
	<b>Measuring</b> the temperature differential of heat pump flow (B21) and return (B71) and calculation of the amount of heat delivered,	
E <sub>ab</sub>	Metering the total amount of thermal energy [kWh] delivered with an external heat meter and connection to the pulse count input,	Line 3110 (Display)
	or <b>Adding</b> the calculated and metered amounts of thermal energy of the electric immersion heater and the condenser ( $E_{Nh} + E_{Ko}$ ).	
Eauf	<b>Metering</b> the volumetric flow through the source [I] with an external flow meter and connection to the pulse count input, or <b>metering</b> the volumetric flow [I/min] with an external flow meter and connection to the metering input.	Line 3112 (Display) Line 3250,
	<b>Measuring</b> the temperature differential of source flow (B91) and return (B92) and calculating (based on volumetric flow and heat capacity of the source medium) the amount of heat drawn,	Line 3252, Line 3253, Line 3254,
	or <b>Calculating</b> the volumetric flow through the source via adjustable pump flow rate [I/h] and effective running time/speed.	Line 3255 BZ 3257
	<b>Measuring</b> the temperature differential of source flow (B91) and return (B92) and calculating (based on volumetric flow and heat capacity of the source medium) the amount of heat drawn,	BZ 3260, BZ 3261
Ε <sub>ν</sub>	Not acquired	

### **Heat delivered**

### **Pulse count**

Line no.	Operating line
3090	Pulse count heat
	None   With input H1   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2
	With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module
	2   With input H22 module 3   With input H3

#### Pulse count heat

Parameter "Pulse count heat" is used to select input Hx for metering the amount of heat or the volumetric flow of water:

#### None

No metering via input Hx. This setting is important if the inputs are used for other pulse counts.

### With input Hx

The pulse counter is read via the selected input and the energy determined from it is added to the meter reading for the amount of heat delivered.



It is important that input Hx selected here is also set in the configuration for the "Pulse count".

### **Pulse valency**

Line no.	Operating line
3092	Pulse unit heat
	None   kWh   Liter
3093	Pulse value heat numer
3094	Pulse value heat denom

The value of a pulse is entered with 3 setting parameters as a quotient (nominator and denominator) and the physical unit:

#### Pulse unit heat = kWh

The pulses or their energy values are added directly to the meter reading for the amount of heat delivered.

### Pulse unit heat = liters

Using the pulses or their volume value, the acquired temperature differential of flow and return plus the specific heat capacity of water, the thermal energy is calculated and then added to the meter reading for the amount of heat delivered.

Pulse valency = (numerator/denominator) \* unit

Example 1

Pulse value heat numer = 10 Pulse value heat denom = 1 Pulse unit heat = liters

→ Pulse valency = 10 liters/pulse

Example 2

Pulse value heat numer = 1
Pulse value heat denom = 1
Pulse unit heat = kWh

→ Pulse valency = 1 pulse/kWh

## Flow measurement 10 V/Hz

Line no.	Operating line				
3095	Flow measurement heat				
	None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 module 2				
	With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2				
	With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22				
	module 2   With input H22 module 3   With input H3				

In place of using the pulse count, the flow can also be measured with a flow sensor (10 V or Hz) connected to an Hx input.

#### Flow measurement heat

Parameter "Flow measurement heat" is used to select the Hx input for making the flow measurements:

#### None

No metering via input Hx. This setting is important if the inputs are used for making other flow measurements (e.g. solar yield).

#### With input Hx

The flow via the selected input is acquired and used for calculating the volume. The determined volume is multiplied by the acquired temperature differential and the specific heat capacity of water, and then added as thermal energy to the meter reading for the amount of heat delivered.



The Hx input selected here must be set in the configuration for flow measurement (10 V or Hz).

#### Calculation of flow

Line no.	Operating line
3097	Flow heating
3098	Flow DHW

Flow heating, Flow DHW

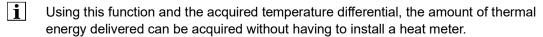
In place of pulse count or flow measurement, volume calculation can be used. Based on an adjustable flow output ("Flow heating", "Flow DHW"), running time and speed, this function calculates the theoretical volumetric flow through the condenser.

Volume [I] = running time [min]/60 \* speed [%] \* volumetric flow [I/h]

The volumetric flow can be set separately for heating mode and DHW heating.

The running time is acquired with an accuracy of 1 minute. In heating mode, the state of condenser pump Q9 is acquired, in DHW heating mode, the state of charging pump/diverting valve Q3.

The calculated volume is multiplied by the acquired temperature differential and the specific heat capacity of water, and then added as thermal energy to the meter reading for the amount of heat delivered.



To ensure sufficient accuracy for the temperature differential, we recommend to calibrate sensors B21 and B71 relative to one another.

i If the thermal energy shall not be metered through internal volume calculation, the function must be deactivated via both parameters ("---").

#### Energy input (electricity/gas)

Line no.	Operating line					
3100	Pulse count energy					
	None   With input H1   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2					
	With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module					
	2   With input H22 module 3   With input H3					

#### Pulse count energy

Parameter "Pulse count energy" is used to select an input Hx for metering the electrical energy or the volumetric flow of gas:

#### None

No metering via input Hx. This setting is important if the inputs are used for other pulse counts.

#### With input Hx

The pulse counter is read via the selected input and the energy determined from it (electricity or natural gas) is added to the meter reading for the amount of energy input.



The Hx input selected here must be set in the configuration for the pulse count.

### **Pulse valency**

Line no.	Operating line
3102	Pulse unit energy
	None   kWh   m3
3103	Pulse value energy numer
3104	Pulse value energy denom

The value of a pulse is entered with 3 setting parameters as a quotient (nominator and denominator) and the physical unit:

#### Pulse unit energy = kWh

The pulses or their energy values are added directly to the meter reading for the amount of energy input.

#### Pulse unit energy = m3

Using the pulses or their volume value and the mean gas energy content, the gas energy is calculated and then added to the meter used for metering the energy input.

Pulse valency = (numerator/denominator) \* unit

Example 1

Pulse value energy numer = 1 Pulse value energy denom = 100 Pulse unit energy = m3

→ Pulse valency = 0.01 m3/pulse (or 100 pulses/m3)

Example 2

Pulse value energy numer = 1 Pulse value energy denom = 100 Pulse unit energy = kWh

→ Pulse valency = 100 pulses/kWh (or 0.01 kWh/pulse)

## Gas energy content

Line no.	Operating line	
3106	Mean gas energy content	

If the pulse count is parameterized for volume (pulse unit energy = m3), the gas energy input is calculated based on the metered volume and the adjustable mean gas energy content:

Gas energy [kWh] = volume [m3] \* mean gas energy content [kWh/m3]

The value of the gas energy is then added to the meter reading for the amount of energy input.

# Electrical source output

Line no.	Operating line	
3108	Electrical source output	

Based on the adjustable electrical source output, the running time and speed, this function calculates the electrical energy theoretically required to operate the source (pump/fan):

Source operation [kWh] = running time [min]/60 \* speed [%] \* electrical source output [kW]

The running time is acquired with an accuracy of 1 minute. The state of source pump Q8 or air fan K19 is acquired.

The energy determined for source operation is added to the meter reading for the amount of energy input.

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If source energy metering is not desired, the function must be deactivated via the output parameter ("---").

Line no.	Operating line
3109	Int count el imm heater flow
	None   Heat delivered   Energy brought in   Both

Int count el imm heater flow

The energy input via the electric immersion heater installed in the flow can be added to one of the meter readings.

#### None

The energy input is not metered.

#### Heat delivered

The energy input is added to meter reading "Heat delivered".

## Energy brought in

The energy input is added to meter reading "Energy brought in".

#### Both

The energy input is added to meter readings "Heat delivered" and "Energy brought in".

The energy input is calculated based on the number of hours run and the output of the electric immersion heaters (lines 5811 and 5813).

#### **Energy meter/performance factor**

## Meters/performance factor

The following parameters are displayed values of the metered or calculated values.

Line no.	Operating line
3110	Heat delivered
3112	Heat drawn by source
3113	Energy brought in
3116	Performance factor

#### Heat delivered

The metered and calculated amounts of heat are added to meter reading "Heat delivered" at 1-minute intervals.

Heat delivered =

heat (metered) + dT \* volume (calculated) \* K + dT \* volume (metered) \* K + heat electric immersion heater

K: Heat capacity



- Inside the controller, the heat delivered for heating mode and DHW charging is acquired separately, but displayed is only the total. The fixed day storage shows the values separately, however (parameters 3120....3189).
- Heat acquired during cooling mode for room cooling, is not metered.
- The display shows "---" if no "Metering" function (pulse or calculation) is selected.
- With the respective access right, the counter can be set to zero via operation and, via the ACS tool, to any desired value. This leads to a fixed day entry.

## Heat drawn by source

The metered and calculated amounts of heat are added to meter reading "Heat drawn by source" at 1-minute intervals.

Heat drawn by source=

heat (metered) + dT \* volume (measured/metered) \* K + dT \* volume (calculated) \* K

K: Heat capacity

## **NOTE**

If the total amount of heat drawn is acquired by measuring/metering via input Hx, the respective internal calculation functions must be deactivated.



- Inside the controller, the amount of heat drawn for heating mode and DHW charging is acquired separately, but displayed is only the total.
- In the case of space cooling mode, the amount of energy drawn is not metered.
- The display shows "---" if no "Metering" function (pulse or volume/heat calculation) is selected.
- With the respective access right, the ACS tool can be used to set the meter to any desired value. This leads to a fixed day entry.

#### Energy brought in

The energy increase (electricity or gas) determined via the pulse count and the calculated energy increase for operation of the source are added to meter reading "Energy brought in" at 1-minute intervals.

#### Energy brought in =

energy source operation (calculated) + electrical energy or gas (metered or calculated) + energy electric immersion heater (calculated)



- Inside the controller, the energy required for heating mode and DHW heating is acquired separately, but displayed is only the total. The fixed day storage shows the values separately, however (parameters 3120....3188).
- Heat acquired during cooling mode for room cooling, is not metered.
- The display shows "---" if no "Metering" function (pulse or calculation) is selected
- With the respective access right, the ACS tool can be used to set the meter to any desired value. This leads to a fixed day entry.

#### Performance factor

The performance factor is calculated from the 2 meters used for metering the energy delivered (parameter 3110) and the energy input (parameter 3113):

Performance factor = Eab / Eein

If, in place of the amount of heat delivered, the amount of heat drawn from the source is acquired, the performance factor is calculated as follows:

Performance factor =  $(E_{auf} + E_{ein}) / E_{ein}$ 



The performance factor displays "---" if one of the 2 energy meters is not used (no "Metering" function set) and also displays "---".

#### Fixed day and fixed day storage

# Fixed day storage (yearly performance factor)

The fixed day storage retains the total of meter values on the fixed day to calculate the yearly performance factor for the previous period.

For consumption or plant analyses, the underlying yearly energy data (separately for space heating, DHW heating, and cooling) are stored as well.

The following values are displayed per entry:

- Fixed date (storage date).
- · Yearly perf factor 1...n
- Heat delivered heating 1...n
- Heat delivered DHW 1...n
- Cooling energy delivered 1...n
- Energy brought in heating 1...n
- Energy brought in DHW 1...n
- Energy brought in cooling 1...n

Displayed are the amounts of energy delivered and input over the course of one year (or between 2 fixed day entries).

Line no.	Operating line
3119	Fixed day yearly perf fact

# Fixed day yearly performance factor

Parameter "Fixed day yearly perf fact" is used to set the date of the fixed day (day/month).

An entry is generated in the storage at mid-night of the set fixed day. The process is repeated annually. Entry of the fixed day cannot be deactivated.

#### Meter values

The meter values shown in the fixed day storage are the energy values acquired over the time period between the 2 fixed day entries, which are used to calculate the associated yearly performance factor.

The energy delivered and energy input for space heating, DHW heating and cooling are shown separately.

The fixed day storage makes it possible to store up to 10 entries (10 years). The first entry (index 1) is always the latest and moves the older entries in the index back 1 place. If the storage entry is empty, "---" is displayed as the counter value.

Overview of the respective operating lines:

Fixed day storage	Yearly perf factor 110, Fixed day 110	Heat delivered heating 110	Heat delivered DHW 110	Cooling energy delivered 110	Energy brought in heating 110	· · · · ·	Energy brought in cooling 110
1. year	3120	3121	3122	3123	3124	3125	3126
2. year	3127	3128	3129	3130	3131	3132	3133
3. year	3134	3135	3136	3137	3138	3139	3140
4. year	3141	3142	3143	3144	3145	3146	3147
5. year	3148	3149	3150	3151	3152	3153	3154
6. year	3155	3156	3157	3158	3159	3160	3161
7. year	3162	3163	3164	3165	3166	3167	3168
8. year	3169	3170	3171	3172	3173	3174	3175
9. year	3176	3177	3178	3179	3180	3181	3182
10. year	3183	3184	3185	3186	3187	3188	3189

## Yearly performance factor

Calculation of the yearly performance factor is based on the following definition:

The yearly performance factor is the quotient of energy delivered ( $E_{ab}$ ) and energy input ( $E_{ein}$ ) over a period of one year.

Yearly performance factor = energy delivered/energy input (over a period of one year)

Energy deliveredThermal energy for space heating and DHW heating together.

Energy inputEnergy required to operate the heat pump (compressor, source pump and fan) and for the electric immersion heaters.

With air-to-water heat pumps, the electrical energy required for defrosting is added to the energy input.



When calculating the yearly performance factor, cooling mode is not taken into consideration.

#### **Definitions**

Assignment of the acquired flows of energy to space or DHW heating is based on the following operating state definitions:

Heating mode.

Heating mode is defined as follows:

 All operating states which, in the following, are not specifically defined as DHW heating, cooling or defrost mode.

In heating mode, ...

- the acquired energy input is metered as energy used for space heating,
- the acquired amount of energy delivered is metered as heat used for space heating.

#### DHW heating

DHW heating is defined as follows:

- When a charging request with absolute priority is active.
- When a charging request is active and a diverting valve or separate circuit is configured.

In DHW heating mode, ...

- the energy input is metered as energy used for DHW heating.
- the energy delivered is metered as heat used for DHW heating.

All other types of DHW heating are considered to be heating mode operation, especially when no or shifting charging priority is selected.

# Cooling mode (room cooling)

Cooling mode is defined as follows:

- Active cooling mode with process reversal is active.
- Passive cooling mode ex brine circuit is active.

In cooling mode, ...

- The amount of energy drawn is metered as energy used for cooling.
- The amount of energy delivered is metered as energy supplied for cooling.

## Defrost mode (air-towater heat pumps)

No special consideration is given to defrost mode. Depending on the plant's operating state, the amounts energy are added to space heating or DHW heating.

Line no.	Operating line
3190	Reset fixed day storage

#### Reset fixed day storage

Parameter "Reset fixed day storage" clears the entire storage with all entries. All entries or their values are displayed as "---".

## **Extended energy metering**

# Extended energy acquisition

Line no.	Operating line			
3192 Int count el imm heater DHW				
	None   Heat delivered   Energy brought in   Both			
3193 Int count el imm heat buffer				
	None   Heat delivered   Energy brought in   Both			

Int count el imm heater DHW / Int count el imm heat buffer

The energy fed to the DHW storage tank and buffer storage tank via the electric immersion heater can be added to the reading of one of the meters.

#### None

The energy of the electric immersion heater is not metered.

#### Heat delivered

The energy of the electric immersion heater is added to meter reading "Heat delivered".

#### Energy brought in

The energy of the electric immersion heater is added to meter reading "Energy brought in".

#### **Both**

The energy of the electric immersion heater is added to meter readings "Heat delivered" and "Energy brought in".



The energy input is calculated based on the number of hours run and the output of the electric immersion heaters (lines 5740 and 5872).

Line no.	Operating line
3195	Electric pump power heating
3196	Electric pump power DHW

Electric pump power heating / Electric pump power DHW

The electric pumping power set here is used by the controller to calculate the energy required for operating these pumps.

This energy is calculated based on the running time and, if required, and the degree of modulation to be added to the energy input according to operating line 3113.

This means that the performance factor also gives consideration to the pumps' power consumption (line 3116).

Line no.	Operating line
3197	Electric power compressor

# Electric power compressor

The electric compressor power is used by the controller to calculate the energy required to operate the compressor.

The calculation is enabled if the parameter "Electric power compressor" is set to on and no Hx input is configured for electric power consumption.

For "Electric power compressor", the electric power consumption must be set at 100 % compressor modulation (maximum power).

The present electric energy is calculated based on compressor power and the present operating point (source inlet temperature and flow temperature) per the characteristic curve for electrical power.

The function must be switched off ("---") if you do not want to calculate electric compressor power.

The following settings influence the calculation (for descriptions, see Compressor 2 / power data):

Line	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
3197	Electric power compressor	0.1	100	KW
ACS	El compr. power at source temp 1 and flow temp 1	0	600	%
ACS	El compr. power at source temp 1 and flow temp 2	0	600	%
ACS	El compr. power at source temp 2 and flow temp 1	0	600	%
ACS	El compr. power at source temp 2 and flow temp 2	0	600	%
ACS	OT limit compressor power	-25	35	°C
ACS	Minimum compressor power below OT limit	0	100	%
ACS	Minimum compressor power over OT limit	0	100	%

The present electric power consumption for the compressor is displayed in the Menu Energy meter / "Energy brought in" (Line 3113).

The present compressor power has no minimum limit if "OT limit compressor power" is switched off.

Compressor power has a minimum limit as set by the parameter "Minimum compressor power over OT limit" if there is no outside sensor (B9) and "OT limit compressor power" is switched on.

#### **Heat input (source)**

Line no.	Operating line
3250	Pulse count source
	None   With input H1   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2
	With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module
	2 ! With input H22 module 3 ! With input H3

#### Pulse count source

Parameter "Pulse count heat" is used to select an input Hx for metering the amount of heat or the volumetric flow of water:

#### None

No metering via input Hx. This setting is important if the inputs are used for other pulse counts.

#### With input Hx

The pulse counter is read via the selected input and the energy value or flow determined with it is used for metering the amount of heat drawn.



It is important that input Hx selected here is also set in the configuration for the "Pulse count".

## **Pulse valency**

Line no.	Operating line
3252	Pulse unit source
	None   kWh   Liter
3253	Pulse value source numer
3254	Pulse value source denom

The value of a pulse is entered with 3 setting parameters as a quotient (nominator and denominator) and the physical unit:

#### Pulse unit source = kWh

The pulses or their energy values are added directly to the meter reading for the amount of heat drawn.

#### Pulse unit source = liters

The pulses or their volume values are multiplied by the measured temperature differential and the heat capacity of the source medium, and then added as thermal energy to the meter used for the heat drawn.

Pulse valency = (numerator/denominator) \* unit

#### Example 1

Pulse value source numer = 10 Pulse value source denom = 1 Pulse unit source = liters

→ Pulse valency = 10 liters/pulse

#### Example 2

Pulse value source numer = 1
Pulse value source denom = 1
Pulse unit source = kWh

→ Pulse valency = 1 pulse/kWh

## Flow measurement 10 V/Hz

Line no.	Operating line	
3255	Flow measurement source	
	None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 module 2	
	With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2	
	With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22	
	module 2   With input H22 module 3   With input H3	

In place of using the pulse count, the flow can also be measured with a flow sensor (10 V or Hz) connected to an Hx input.

## Flow measurement source

Parameter "Flow measurement source" is used to select an input Hx for making volumetric flow measurements:

#### None

No measurement via input Hx. This setting is important in case inputs Hx are used for other volumetric flow measurements.

## With input Hx

The flow via the selected input is acquired and used for calculating the volume. The determined volume is multiplied by the measured temperature differential and the specific heat capacity of the source medium and then added as thermal energy to the meter reading for the amount of heat drawn.



It is important that the Hx input selected here is also set in the configuration for the volumetric flow measurement.

## Calculation of volumetric flow

Line no.	Operating line
3257	Flow source

Flow source

In place of the pulse count or flow measurement, volumetric flow calculation can be used. Based on an adjustable flow output ("Flow source"), the running time and speed, this function calculates the theoretical volumetric flow through the evaporator.

Volume [I] = running time [min]/60 \* speed [%] \* volumetric flow [I/h]

The running time is acquired with an accuracy of 1 minute.

The calculated volume is multiplied by the measured temperature differential and the specific heat capacity of the source medium and then added as thermal energy to the meter reading for the amount of heat drawn.

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If the thermal energy shall not be metered through internal volume calculation, the function must be deactivated via both parameters ("---").

## Measurement of temperature differential

The flow and the return temperature at the evaporator are measured. Based on the temperature differential, the water volume passing through the evaporator and the heat capacity of the source medium, the amount of thermal energy drawn can be calculated.

Temperature differential  $dT_Q$  [K] = source inlet temperature (B91) minus source outlet temperature (B92)

If both sensors (B93 and B94) are located in the intermediate source circuit, they are used to determine the temperature differential.

Temperature differential  $dT_Q[K] =$  source intermediate circuit flow temperature (B93) minus source intermediate circuit return temperature (B94)



To calculate the temperature differential, the sensors must always be used as pairs (e.g. combination B91 – B94 is not permitted).

# Heat capacity source medium

Line no.	Operating line
3260	Antifreeze source
	None   Ethylene glycol   Propylene glycol   Ethyl and propyl glycol
3261	Antifreeze concentr source

The controller calculates the heat capacity of the water as a function of its density or its temperature according to a stored algorithm.

In the case of brine-to-water heat pumps, the heat coefficient is also dependent on the type of antifreeze used:

- Use of antifreeze and type ("Antifreeze source": None, Ethylene glycol, Propylene glycol, Ethyl and propyl glycol)
- concentration of antifreeze ("Antifreeze concentr source": 1...100%)

## **Energy prices**

Line no.	Operating line
3264	E'gy price high-tariff
3265	E'gy price low/sm grid wish
3266	E'gy price sm grid imposed
3267	E'gy price altern source

E'gy price high-tariff

Price per kWh electrical energy, high-tariff.

E'gy price low/sm grid wish

Price per kWh electrical energy for low tariff or during smart grid state "Draw wish".

E'gy price sm grid imposed

Price per kWh electrical energy during smart grid state "Draw imposed".

E'gy price altern source

Price per kWh heating energy, delivered by the installed second generator (e.g. calculated from the gas or oil price).



- Energy prices are to be entered without their units. But to be able to make comparisons, a uniform currency unit (e.g. cent/kWh) must be used.
- The energy price information can be used to switch several generators according to ecological or economical criteria (see parameter 2903 ff.).

## 6.12 Cascade (heating and cooling)

#### Generator sequences

The basis used to operate heating or cooling cascades is the generators' sequence, that is, the order in which the different generators are switched on and off

To set the generator sequence, a number of parameters are available (e.g. selection of lead generator).

Basis for the generator sequence is the order of the device addresses.

## Heating and cooling cascades

This chapter describes heating and cooling cascades at the same time because many parameters apply to both applications. Main differences in terms of settings:

- There are no different switch-on strategies for cooling cascades (in contrast to lines 3510 and 3514 for heating cascades).
- In the case of cooling cascades, the existing generator sequence can be mirrored (line 3542).

# Operating mode/strategy [heating only]

Line no.	Operating line	
3510	Lead strategy	
	Late on, early off   Late on, late off   Early on, late off   According to buffer temp	
3511	Output band min	
3512	Output band max	
3514	Stage sequence	
	Serial, release all 2nd stage   Serial, release last stage   Parallel, release last stage	

#### Lead strategy

#### Late on, early off

Additional generators are switched on as late as possible ("Output band max") and switched off again as early as possible ("Output band max") to have the smallest possible number of generators in operation, or to obtain short running times for additional generators.

## Late on, late off

Additional generators are switched on as late as possible ("Output band max") and switched off again as late as possible ("Output band min"); in other words, the generators operate with the smallest possible number of switching cycles.

## Early on, late off

Additional generators are switched on as early as possible ("Output band min") and switched off again as late as possible ("Output band min") to have the largest possible number of generators in operation, or to obtain long running times for additional generators.

#### According to buffer temp

The generators are switched on and off depending on the storage tank temperatures.

If the temperature at all sensors (B4, B41, and B42) lies below the required flow temperature, the control system releases the first generator stage. Additional generator stages are released every time the set switch-on delay time has elapsed.

As soon as the setpoint is reached at the buffer storage tank sensor at the top, the control system locks the stage released last (provided more than one stage is released). If the temperature at the buffer storage tank sensor in the middle reaches the setpoint, release of the last but one stage is canceled. If the temperature drops below the setpoint, the stage is released again. The same behavior applies to the buffer storage tank sensor at the bottom.

If all buffer storage tank sensors acquire temperatures above the required flow temperature setpoint, and the generation lock is not yet active, additional stages are switched on or off depending on the temperature acquired by the common flow temperature sensor (B10) and the lead strategy "Late on, late off".

Output band min/max

The values are used as switching on/off criteria according to the selected lead strategy.

Stage sequence

Parameter "Stage sequence" is used to select the required sequence of stages.

The sequence of stages determines the order in which the cascade master releases and locks the available generator stages. The recommended sequence of stages depends on the types of generators used in the cascade (oil/gas boilers, heat pumps, etc.).

#### Serial, release all 2nd stage

With this sequence of stages, every generator is released with its basic stage first and then with its second stage/modulation stage, in accordance with its priorities. The second stages/modulation stages of all released generators are given release for control.

This means:

- Using their second stage, multistage generators may switch on/off in accordance with their setpoints and temperatures.
- Modulating generators may provide control with their modulation stage,
- but 1-stage generators are not allowed to use their stage for cycling.

This sequence of stages is used primarily in connection with oil or gas boilers.

#### Serial, release last stage

With this sequence of stages, every generator is released with its basic stage first and then with its second stage/modulation stage, in accordance with its priorities. The stage/modulation stage released last is the only stage given release of control.

This means:

- Only the output stage switched on last may switch on/off according to the setpoint and the generator's temperature.
- Modulating generators may provide control with their modulation stage.

This sequence of stages is used primarily in connection with heat pump cascades.

Generators with "optimum efficiency" If generators are employed that use function "Output optimum", parameter 2867, setting "Serial, release last stage" the following strategy is pursued:

- The stages are released in a way that the generators first put into operation within their optimum output are those operating with "optimum efficiency" (line 2867).
- Full capacity of these generators is released only when the initial output is no longer sufficient.
- When all generators with "optimum efficiency" operate at full output, the generators without "optimum efficiency" are switched on as well.
- In the case of requests forwarded to the generators with "optimum efficiency" only, outputs above this permitted limit will not be released.

#### Parallel, release last stage

With this sequence of stages, all generators are released with their basic stage first, in accordance with their priorities. Only when all generators with their basic stages are released will the second stages/modulation stages be switched on as well, if required.

The stage/modulation stage released last is the only stage given release of control.

#### This means:

 Only the output stage switched on last may provide control according to the setpoint and the generator's temperature.

This sequence of stages is used primarily in connection with condensing boilers.

# Forced charging [heating only]

Line no.	Operating line
3516	Max sources forced charg
3517	Max source force charg OT

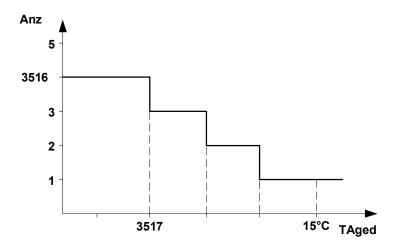
Max sources forced charg

Defines the maximum permissible number of generators used for forced charging. The number of released generators also depend on the attenuated outside temperature (see setting below, line 3517).

Max source force charg OT

Defines the attenuated outside temperature at which the maximum number of generators are released.

During forced charging, at least one generator is always released. Additional generators are released in a linear manner, depending on the temperature differential of 15 °C, "Max source force charg OT", and the attenuated outside temperature.



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- With setting "Max source force charg OT" = "- -", dependency on the outside temperature is deactivated, which means that the number of generators selected via parameter "Max source forced charg" are released.
- The number of generators to be released are calculated every time forced charging is started and do not change until forced charging is ended, even if the attenuated outside temperature changes.
- The generators are released at 1-minute intervals.

# Coordination defrosting

Line no.	Operating line
3518	Numb source defrost allowed

It must be prevented that all heat pumps involved in a cascade defrost at the same time.

For this reason, the controller only allows a certain proportion of generators ("Numb source defrost allowed") to start defrosting simultaneously – and thus only the respective proportion of heat pumps.



- For that purpose, the heat pumps send defrost requests to the controller and the controller sends defrost delays to the heat pumps.
- The order of the defrost requests received is taken into consideration.
- "Numb source defrost allowed" includes all generators, therefore non-heat pumps as well.

# Control [heating and cooling]

Line no.	Operating line
3522	Rel integr source seq cool
3523	Res integr source seq cool
3525	Switch-on delay cooling
ACS	Neutral zone cooling cascade
3530	Release integral source seq
3531	Reset integral source seq
3533	Switch on delay
ACS	Neutral zone heating cascade

Temperature integrals generator sequence (cooling)

Release and reset integral are calculated based on the temperature differential of setpoint and actual value of the common flow.

In the case of cooling via common cooling flow 1, "Common flow sensor B10" is considered, in the case of common cooling flow 2, "Common flow sensor 2 B11".

Rel integr source seq cool

If the common flow temperature (B10 or B11) exceeds the required flow temperature setpoint by more than half the "Neutral zone cooling cascade" (ACS) and if "Switch-on delay cooling" has elapsed, the release integral is calculated.

If the refrigeration produced drops below the demand by the "Rel integr source seq cool" set here, a second refrigeration generator is switched on.

When the value is increased, additional refrigeration generators are switched on at a slower rate.

When the value is decreased, additional refrigeration generators are switched on at a faster rate.

Res integr source seq cool

If the common flow temperature (B10 or B11) lies by more than half the "Neutral zone cooling cascade" below the required common flow temperature setpoint, the reset integral is calculated.

If the demand for refrigeration exceeds the "Res integr source seq cool" set here, the refrigeration generator with the lowest priority is switched off.

When the value is increased, refrigeration generators – in the case of excess refrigeration – remain in operation for longer periods of time .

When the value is decreased, refrigeration generators are switched off at a faster rate.

Temperature integrals generator sequence (heating)

Release and reset integral are calculated based on the temperature differential of setpoint and actual value of the common flow.

Release integral source seq

If the cascade flow temperature (B10) drops below its setpoint by the adjustable neutral zone (for explanation see below), the release integral is calculated.



If, in addition to the cascade flow temperature sensor, a cascade return temperature sensor is connected, the temperature acquired by the "warmer" sensor is used.

If the heat produced drops below the demand by the "Release integral source seq" set here, another generator is switched on.

When the value is increased, additional generators are switched on at a slower rate.

When the value is decreased, additional generators are switched on at a faster rate.

Reset integral source seq

If the cascade flow temperature (B10) exceeds its setpoint by the adjustable neutral zone (for explanation see below), the reset integral is calculated.



If, in addition to the cascade flow temperature sensor, a cascade return temperature sensor is connected, the temperature acquired by the "warmer" sensor is used.

If the demand for heat exceeds the "Reset integral source seq" set here, the generator with the lowest priority is switched off.

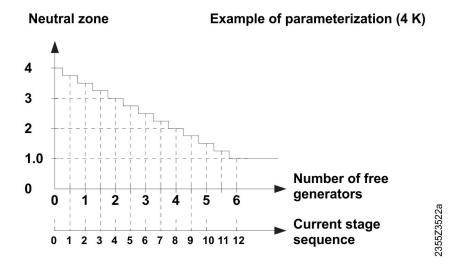
When the value is increased, the generators operate for longer periods of time (in the case of surplus heat).

When the value is decreased, the generators are switched off at a faster rate.

# Adjustable neutral zone (heating)

The neutral zone can be adjusted. It is also dependent on the number of generators released. The larger the number of generator stages released, the smaller the neutral zone becomes. The neutral zone is limited to a minimum of 1 Kelvin.

Neutral zone = "Neutral zone heating cascade" (ACS) minus (stage sequence state/4)



Switch on delay/ Switch-on delay cooling For a heat/refrigeration generator to switch on, "Switch on delay" or "Switch-on delay cooling" must at least have elapsed.

The locking time ensures that the lag generator is allowed enough time to switch on. This prevents too frequent cycling of the generators.

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When a DHW request is made, the locking time is a maximum of 1 minute.

Substitute common flow temp [Heating only/cooling common flow 1]

Line no.	Operating line
3538	Substitute common flow temp

#### • With common flow sensor B10:

Whenever a common flow sensor B10 is connected, is used for acquiring the cascade flow temperature.

• Without common flow sensor B10:

If a common flow sensor B10 is not connected, the cascade flow temperature is calculated depending on the setting of parameter "Substitute common flow temp".

#### None

No backup temperature is used for the cascade flow temperature. If a cascade is installed, the order the cascade operates is calculated solely based on the output balance.

#### **Highest source value**

The currently highest generator temperature determines the common flow temperature.

- When a heat request to the cascade is made, the generators considered are only those that currently deliver heat to it.
- When there is no request for heat, all existing generators are considered.

#### Internal source value

The cascade master's own generator determines the common flow temperature. If this generator is not available or if its temperature sensor is faulty, the common flow temperature is not valid.

#### Mean source value

The temperature values of the generators currently released are averaged.

The parameterized rated output of the individual generators is considered when averaging the common flow temperature: Generators with great capacity have a greater impact on common flow temperature averaging than generators with small capacity.

If no request to the cascade is made, a common flow temperature backup value is not calculated.

# Generator sequence [heating and cooling]

Line no.	Operating line
3540	Auto source seq ch'over
3541	Auto source seq exclusion
	None   First   Last   First and last
3544	Leading source
	/ 116

#### Absolute priority

If several generators use function "Output optimum" (parameter 2867), they are always the first to change over (regardless of the settings made on operating lines 3540, 3541 and 3544).

#### Auto source seg ch'over

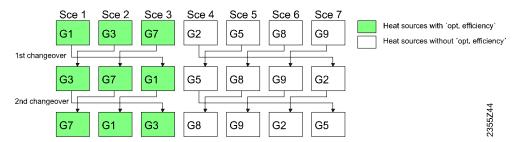
Function "Auto source seq ch'over" can be used to balance capacity utilization of the generators in a heating/cooling cascade. This is accomplished by defining the order of switching lead and lag generators.

"\_ \_ \_"

Setting "- - -" defines a **firm** order. The generators are switched in the order of the LPB device addresses.

## According to the number of hours run

On completion of the number of hours set, the order of generators within the cascade changes. When changing over, the generator with the next higher device address assumes the function of the lead generator, and the previous lead generator is moved to the end of the generators (or generator group).



Erz: Heat/refrigeration generator

Gx: Device address

Auto source seq exclusion

Setting the generator sequence exclusion is only used in connection with the activated generator sequence (line 3540).

With generator exclusion, the first and/or last generator can be exempted from automatic changeover.

#### None

The order of switching on the generators changes when the number of hours set is reached (line 3540).

#### First

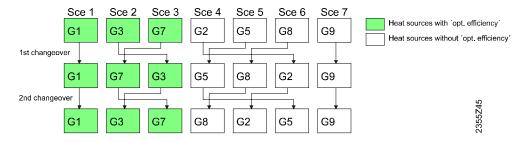
The first generator in the addressing scheme always remains the lead generator. With the other generators, the order of switching on changes when the set number of hours are reached (line 3540).

#### Last

The last generator in the addressing scheme always remains the last. The other generators change when the set number of hours are reached (line 3540).

#### First and last

The first generator in the addressing scheme always remains the lead generator. The last generator in the addressing scheme always remains the last. The generators in between change when the set number of hours are reached (line 3540).



Erz: Heat/refrigeration generator

Gx: Device address

Leading source

Setting of the "Leading source" is only used in connection with the fixed order of generator sequence (line 3540).

The generator defined as the lead generator is always the first to be switched on and the last to be switched off. The other generators are switched in the order of their device addresses.

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If generators with "optimum efficiency" are installed, the lead generator must also be able to ensure "optimum efficiency".

# Electric immersion heaters in the cascade

Many heat pumps are equipped with electric immersion heaters (K25) installed in the flow (directly after the condenser). The electric immersion heaters can be of the 2- or 3-stage type (K25 and K26).

If all compressor stages of the cascade are released, the electric immersion heater of the heat pump with first priority is released. Electric immersion heaters are released according to the same criteria as heat pumps (release and reset integral).

# Refrigeration generator sequence [cooling only]

The following switch-on criteria are predefined for cooling cascades:

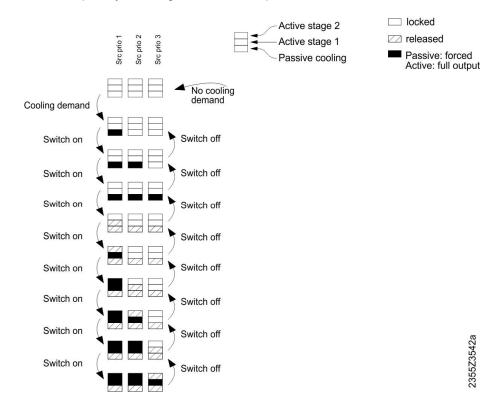
- First, all passive generators are released according to their priority.
- If this not sufficient to satisfy the demand, the active generators are released according to their priority.
- The stage/modulation stage released last is the only stage released for control, which means that only this stage is allowed to provide control based on the setpoint and the generator temperature.
- If active stages are enabled, the released passive generators are allowed to switch off passive cooling if their source temperature is too high (source temperature > setpoint + parameter 3004). This ensures that the common flow temperature will not be raised by a source that is too hot.

In addition: With "optimum efficiency"

- The stages are released in a way that the generators first put into operation within their optimum output are those operating with "optimum efficiency" (line 2867).
- Full capacity of these generators is released only when the initial output is no longer sufficient.
- When all generators with "optimum efficiency" operate at full output, the generators without "optimum efficiency" are switched on as well.

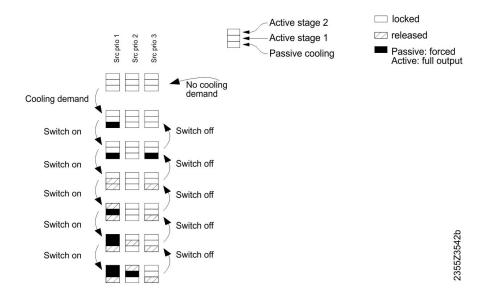
## Example 1

#### Generator priority 1 through 3: Active and passive



## Example 2

- Generator priority 1: Active and passive
- Generator priority 2: Active only
- Generator priority 3: Passive only



# Source seq cooling mirrored [cooling only]

Line no.	Operating line
3542	Source seq cooling mirrored
	No ! Yes

In addition to the fixed, predefined switch-on criteria, there is a special presetting for the generator sequence in connection with cooling cascades: "Source seq cooling mirrored".

The generator sequence is operated in reverse generator order ("Yes").

Mirroring can be practical when simultaneous heating and cooling is implemented (possible only with common cooling flow 2) or when, together with cooling mode, DHW shall be charged via the generator cascade.

When using this parameterization, the resulting generator sequence for cooling is started in the reverse order.



The priority shown on the "Diagnostics cascade" menu is mirrored as well.

# Source seq with opt energy [heating and cooling]

Line no.	Operating line
3543	Source seq with opt energy
	No ¦Yes

If the cascade contains generators that can be operated with optimum efficiency when a certain output is called for, the generator sequence is subdivided into 2 groups:

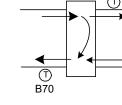
- 1. Generators that can be operated with optimum efficiency.
- 2. Generators that cannot be operated with optimum efficiency.
- When the generators are released, those of the first group are released first. The
  generators of the second group are switched on only when all generators of the
  first group are no longer able to satisfy the demand.
- If a request applies only for the generators with optimum efficiency, the generators of the second group will not be released.
- If the consumers make a request with optimum efficiency to a cascade without generators with optimum output, none of the generators will be released.

If the described functionality is deactivated via parameter "Source seq with opt energy" ("No"), the resulting generator sequence gives no consideration to optimum efficiency of the generators.

# Temperature differential [heating only]

Line no.	Operating line
3590	Temp differential min

This function prevents excessive cascade return temperatures and improves the cascade's switch-off behavior.



R10

If the temperature differential of flow and return sensor (B10 and B70) becomes smaller than the set minimum temperature differential (line 3550), one of the generators is switched off as early as possible, independent of the selected lead strategy.

When the temperature differential returns to the normal level, the selected lead strategy is resumed.



Switching off due to the minimum temperature differential does not apply to the last generator in the cascade.

## 6.13 Supplementary source (generator)

If the heat pump is complemented by a supplementary generator, 3 choices are available:

- 1. Supplementary generator in the common flow via relay K27/K32.
- 2. Supplementary generator (LMS...) with heat pump on the consumer side via BSB.
- 3. Supplementary generator with heat pump on the consumer side via relay K27/K32.

#### **Hybrid solutions**

Applications 2 and 3 are hybrid solutions, that is, the combination of main generator and supplementary generator forms one unit.

In the case of application 2, the supplementary generator is controlled by a boiler management unit LMS... via BSB.

In the case of application 3, the supplementary generator can be freely selected.

# Identification of diagram

The controller is capable of identifying the type of application (identification of diagram) based on the following conditions:

Application 1 (supplementary generator) Application 2 (LMS)

- Relays K27 and/or K32 are configured.
- Parameter "Use of supplementary source" = supplementary.
- A boiler management unit LMS... is connected to the BSB.

Application 3 (hybrid)

- Relays K27 and/or K32 are configured.
- Parameter "Use of supplementary source" = hybrid.

The following table shows the various functions possible with the applications including the parameters to be used for setting the functions:

Function	Application 1	Application 2 (LMS) **	Application 3
Control Ux heat request	(supplementary generator) Yes	LMS *	(hybrid) Yes
	Yes	LMS *	No
Control Ux output			
Feedback from operation Hx	Yes	LMS *	Yes
Setpoint increase main generator	Line 3690	Line 3690	Line 3690
Output limit main generator			
Release with output limit	Line 3691	Line 3691	Line 3691
Lock with output limit	No	SwitchDiffOutLimMainS (ACS)	No
Release of supplementary generator			
In heating mode	Yes	Yes	Yes
With DHW charging	Line 3692 (restrictions)	Line 3692	Line 3692 (restrictions)
OT limits with DHW	Line 3694	Line 3694	Line 3694
Operation limit according to OT	Lines 3700 and 3701	LMS *	Lines 3700 and 3701
Overrun	Line 3705	LMS *	Line 3705
Minimum flow temperature setpoint	Line 3710	LMS	BZ 3710
Control			
Release via K27/K32	Yes	No	Yes
Switch-on and -off integrals	Line 3720	Lines 3718/3719	Line 3720
Switch-off differential	Line 3722	LMS *	Line 3722
Locking time	Line 3723	Line 3723	Line 3723
Control sensor	Line 3725	Flow temperature hybrid source (ACS)	Line 3725
Generator pump	Yes (K27)	Pump hybrid source (ACS)	Yes (K27)
Release of burner	Yes (K32)	LMS*	Yes (K32)
Control of burner	Yes (K32)	LMS *	No

<sup>\*</sup> LMS with "\*"means that function is implemented on the LMS... side

<sup>\*\*</sup> Compatibility/functionality dependent on type/version of LMS... (Type on request)

Line no.	Operating line	
ACS	Use of supplementary source	
	Supplementary   Hybrid	

# Use of supplementary source (ACS)

Parameter used to distinguish between application 1 and 3.

Following is a detailed description of the functions used in connection with the applications. The notes in parentheses refer to the validity of the parameters for the applications (1/2/3).

### Overview of applications:

Application 1 Supplementary source with relay K27/K32 (setting

"Supplementary").

Application 2 Hybrid (LMS via BSB).

Application 3 Hybrid with relay K27/K32 (setting "Hybrid").

# Heat request Ux (1/-/3)

One of the outputs Ux can be used to send the supplementary generator a DC 0...10 V signal for the required temperature setpoint.

# Output request Ux (1/-/-)

One of the outputs Ux can be used to send the supplementary generator a DC 0...10 V signal for the required output setpoint.

# Feedback from operation Hx/EX (1/-/3) Setpoint incr main source (1/-/3)

Feedback from the supplementary generator can be routed to one of the Hx inputs.

Line no.	Operating line
3690	Setpoint incr main source

#### Setpoint incr main source

For the period of time the supplementary generator is released, the setpoint of the main generator is increased by the value set here, ensuring that it is not switched off or that the degree of modulation is not reduced.



- This prevents the main generator from reducing its output when the supplementary source is in operation.
- When locking the supplementary generator, the setpoint of the main source is continuously shifted again to its own setpoint.

# Output limit main generator

Line no.	Operating line
3691	Ouput limit main source
ACS	Switching differential ouput limit main source

# Ouput limit main source (1/2/3/)

The supplementary generator is released only when the main generator' output exceeds the level [%] set here. This prevents the supplementary generator from being switched on while the main generator modulates at low output.

The locking time starts only when the main generator's output exceeds the set level [%].

# Switching differential ouput limit main source (-/2/-)

In the case of application 2 (LMS), the output of the main generator can also influence the supplementary generator's lock, in addition to the release.

The supplementary generator is locked again when the main generator alone is capable of satisfying the current demand for heat.

The supplementary generator is locked when the main generator's output, after locking, does not exceed the switch-on limit minus the adjustable switching differential.

Output after locking < line – Switching differential ouput limit main source (ACS)

#### Release supplementary generator

In heating mode (1/2/3)

In heating mode, the supplementary generator is always switched on when there is demand.

If the main generator reports a fault or if it is locked (outside temperature limit, electrical utility lock or manual lock), the supplementary generator is immediately released when there is demand for heat.

Line no.	Operating line	
3692	With DHW charging	
	Locked   Substitute   Complement   Instantly   First   Alone	
3694	OT limit with DHW charging	
3695	Release with DHW charging	
	According to release   With load only   With load or heating	
3696	Lock with DHW charging	
	With end of charging   No heating and B3 hot   Sensor B3 hot	
3697	With DHW push	
	Off¦On	
3698	With warmer/cooler function	
	Off¦On	

#### With DHW charging

Defines the release of the supplementary source for DHW charging:

#### Locked

The supplementary generator will not be released.

#### **Substitute**

The supplementary generator is released only if the main generator cannot be put into operation (e.g. in the event of fault).

#### Complement

The supplementary generator is released if the output of the main generator cannot satisfy the demand.

#### Instantly

The primary generator and the supplementary generator are always released.

#### **First**

The supplementary generator is always on, the heat pump is locked. In the event of fault of the supplementary generator or when in Eco mode, charging is effected by the heat pump.

**i** On *i* 

On Application 1, the setting has the same meaning as the setting "Instantly".

#### Alone

DHW is always charged by the supplementary generator.

If the supplementary generator locked out, the electric immersion heater in the storage tank (K6) is requested.

During DHW charging, the heat pump is off.

If pump Q9 is used jointly, this pump is requested.

i On Application 1, the setting has the same meaning as the setting "Instantly".

For information in Applications 1 to 3 see ACS parameter "Use of supplementary source" prior to line 3690.

# OT limit with DHW charging (1/2/3)

Parameter "OT limit with DHW charging" can be used to negate the operating limit for DHW charging according to the outside temperature.

If "Ignore" is selected, the supplementary generator put into operation for DHW charging according to parameter setting 3692, although it would be locked because of the outside temperature level.

## Release with DHW charging

The parameter "Release with DHW charging" releases the supplementary generator for DHW charging restricted.

The parameter is only active if the setting "Complement" was selected on release "with DHW charging" (Line 3692).

#### According to release

Release with supplementary generator occurs only after the lockout time and switching integral (no influence on parameter 3692).

### With load only

Release occurs only if the DHW sensor B3 (top) sinks by more than half the switching differential (Line 5024) during DHW charging due to increased consumption.

#### With load or heating

Release occurs only if the DHW sensor B3 (top) sinks by more than half the switching differential (Line 5024) or when a heat request is present at the same time as DHW charging.

The lock time and the switch-on integral is calculated regardless of this setting. As a result, the supplementary generator is switched on immediately when it recognizes load or heating mode, if the lock time and integral are already fulfilled.

#### Lock with DHW charging

The supplementary generator can be locked as soon as the DHW sensor B3 is sufficiently warm for any DHW demand. The main generator takes care of the remaining charge, until the DHW sensor B31 is sufficiently warm.

## With end of charging

The supplementary generator remains in operation until the DHW storage tank is fully charged (no influence on parameter 3692).

#### No heating and B3 hot

The supplementary generator is locked as soon as the DHW sensor B3 achieves the nominal setpoint to the configured switching differential, if no heating mode is requested at the same time.

#### Sensor B3 hot

The supplementary generator is locked as soon as the DHW sensor B3 achieves the nominal setpoint to the configured switching differential, even if heating mode is requested.

#### With DHW push

The supplementary generator can be released immediately on a DHW push (manual triggering of a DHW charge outside the normal charging time).

#### Off

The supplementary generator is not released for a manual DHW push (no influence on parameter 3692).

#### On

The supplementary generator is released immediately for a manual DHW push. The lock out time and switching integral are ignored.

## With warmer/cooler function

The supplementary generator can be released immediately for an enabled "warmer" function (pressing the "warmer" button).

#### Off

The supplementary generator is not released for an enabled "warmer" function. The release occurs as per the lock time and switching integral.

#### On

The supplementary generator is released immediately for an enabled "warmer" function. The lock time and switching integral are ignored.

# Operating limit according to the outside temperature

Line no.	Operating line
3700	Release below outside temp
3701	Release above outside temp

Release below outside temp /above outside temperature (1/-/3) Operation of the supplementary source is released only when the composite outside temperature lies above or below the set temperature limit.

This enables the supplementary generator to lock in a selected outside temperature range to ensure bivalent operation of supplementary generator and heat pump. Also refer to operating lines 2909 and 2910.



- To ensure continuous release of the supplementary source, setting "---" must be selected on the respective operating lines.
- If both release values are enabled, the outside temperature must satisfy both criteria for the supplementary generator to be released.
- i

The function is also ensured with application 2 (LMS). The application limits are to be parameterized on the LMS...

## Release for generation lock

Line no.	Operating line
3704	With heat generation lock
	Off ¦ On DHW ¦ On

#### Off

The supplementary source is locked.

#### On DHW

The supplementary source is enabled for DHW charging.

 $\lfloor \mathbf{i} \rfloor$ 

The heating circuits are locked if the supplementary generator is released during an active generation lock or switched on Eco mode for DHW charging.

#### On

The supplementary source is enabled for all heat requests.

#### Overrun time

Line no.	Operating line
3705	Overrun time

#### Overrun time (1/-/3

Release relay K27 is deenergized at the earliest when the set overrun time has elapsed.

If the common flow temperature drops below its setpoint before the overrun time has elapsed, release relay K27 remains energized.

If the set overrun time elapses before the common flow temperature drops below its setpoint, release relay K27 is deenergized.

#### Overrun (-/2/-)

Overrun of the boiler pump is ensured by the LMS...

In addition, using a forced signal, the LMS... makes certain that the consumer pump or the DHW diverting valve also perform their overrun.



If a common hybrid pump is configured, that pump performs its overrun also.

#### **Setpoints**

Line no.	Operating line
3710	Setpoint min *
3711	Setpoint max
3712	Setpoint chimney sweep

<sup>\*</sup> Active only if a control sensor is used

#### Setpoint min (1/-/3

If the supplementary generator is released (relay K27 energized), that generator's setpoint is raised to the "Setpoint min" adjusted here.

During overrun, "Setpoint min" acts as the minimum switch-on temperature.

#### Setpoint max

Defines the flow setpoint maximum for the supplementary generator.

If a temperature sensor is available for the supplementary generator, (B10, B4, or common flow backup value), the supplementary generator is switched off as soon as the temperature sensor exceeds the flow setpoint maximum value.

The switching integral must be fulfilled to switch on again.

The lock time need not expire again.

In the event an output signal 0-10V is configured for the request to the supplementary generator, the output value is also limited by the flow setpoint maximum.

## Setpoint chimney sweep

The common flow temperature setpoint determines the value outputted over output Ux when the chimney sweep function is enabled (Line 7130).

The value is only exported if the supplementary generator is controlled using the Ux output.

#### Flow temperature control

Release via K27/K32 (1/-/3)

The 2 relays K27 and K32 operate as simple release control when the switching integral and the switch-on differential are deactivated or when the selected control sensor is not installed.

Line no.	Operating line
3718	Release integral
3719	Reset integral
3720	Switching integral *
ACS	Neutral zone switching integral
3722	Switching diff off *
3723	Locking time
3725	Control sensor
	Common flow temp   Buffer sensor B4
ACS	Flow temperature hybrid source
	Max value flow temp HP/boiler temp   Mean value flow temp HP/boiler temp   Flow
	temp heat pump ¦ Boiler temp

<sup>\*</sup> Active only if a control sensor is used

Release integral/ Reset integral (-/2/-) In the case of application 2 (LMS), specific parameters (lines 3718 and 3719) are available for both the switch-on and the switch-off integral.

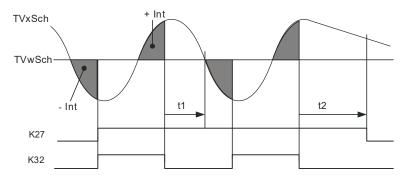


When an LMS... is used to control a gas boiler, a switch-on and switch-off differential can be parameterized for the basic stage. These switching differentials for space and DHW heating can be parameterized separately.

Switching integral (1/-/3)

The temperature-time integral is a continuous summation of the temperature differential over time. In this case, the decisive criterion is the difference by which the temperature lies above or below the common flow temperature setpoint.

The temperature-time integral gives consideration not only to the period of time, but also to the extent of over-/undershoot. This means that when the crossing is significant, the supplementary source is released earlier, or locked earlier, than with minor crossings.



TVx Actual value of flow temperature

TVw Flow temperature setpoint

+ Int Surplus integral

- Int Deficit integral

t1 Overrun time (not fully completed)

t2 Overrun time (fully completed)

K27 Release output K27

K32 Control K32



Integration re-starts for a change of setpoint.

The release/switching integral is restarted (the locking time does not restart) if the supplementary generator is not yet released and the temperature request to the generator changes by more than 2 K.

The reset/switching integral also restarts if the supplementary generator is already running and the temperature request changes by more than 2 K.

Neutral zone switching integral (ACS)

A neutral zone can be configured for the supplementary generator switching integral. Half neutral zone is above the common flow setpoint; the other half, below. No integration takes place if the common flow actual value is within this neutral zone.

Integration occurs as soon as the actual value exits the neutral zone. The entire control deviation (actual value minus setpoint) is considered for the integration.

The configured locking time (line 3723) must expire for the integral calculation to begin.

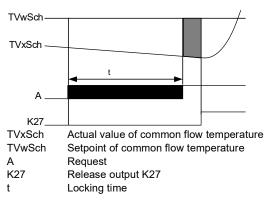
Switching diff off (1/-/3)

If the common flow temperature exceeds the flow temperature setpoint by the amount of the switch-off differential, switching off takes place immediately, independent of the switching integral of the supplementary source (K32), and the request for heat (K27) is aborted on completion of the overrun time.

Locking time (1/2/3)

The locking time enables the heat pump to reach a stable operating state before the supplementary source is allowed to switch on.

The supplementary generator is released only when the locking time has elapsed. The locking time starts as soon as a valid flow temperature setpoint is available. Calculation of the release integral starts only when the locking time has elapsed.





No consideration is given to the locking time, if the heat pump malfunctions or is locked, or if the supplementary generator must end DHW charging.

Setting "- - -" can be used to deactivate the function.

Control sensor (1/-/3)

Control of the supplementary generator is effected based on the temperature acquired by the sensor defined here.

- Common flow temp B10
- Buffer sensor B4

Control sensor (-/2/-)

To produce the generator temperature, the heat pump's generator sensor and/or that of the LMS... can be used.

The selection is made via parameter "Flow temperature hybrid source" (ACS):

## Max value flow temp HP/boiler temp

The generator temperature used is the higher temperature value of the 2 generators.

## Mean value flow temp HP/boiler temp

The generator temperature used is the mean temperature value of the 2 generators.

#### Flow temp heat pump

The sensor value of the heat pump is used.

#### **Boiler temp**

The sensor value of the LMS... is used.



For generation of the maximum and mean value, 2 exceptions are to be considered:

- The LMS... operates in instantaneous water heater mode and, at the same time, the heat pump is in heating mode (line 3692 ≠ Alone).
- The LMS... receives a request for separate DHW circuit and, at the same time, the heat pump is in heating mode (line 3692 = Alone).

In both cases, the generator temperature equals the sensor value of the heat pump.

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Pump hybrid source
	Separately   Boiler pump Q1   Condenser pump Q9

#### Pump hybrid source (-/2/-)

LMS.. and heat pump may have their own pump or a common pump.

"Pump hybrid source" (ACS) is used to configure if both have their own pump ("Separately"), or if there is only a boiler pump ("Boiler pump Q1") or only a condenser pump ("Condenser pump Q9").

- If a condenser pump is configured, the LMS... is put into operation only when the condenser pump runs.
- If a boiler pump is configured, the heat pump is put into operation only when the boiler pump runs.

# Source type (1/-/3)

Line no.	Operating line
3750	Source type
	Other   Solid fuel boiler   Heat pump   Oil/gas boiler

Defines the type of producer of the supplementary source. Hence, operating units supporting this function can display the type of supplementary source currently in operation.

# Delay lockout position (1/-/3)

Line no.	Operating line
3755	Delay lockout position

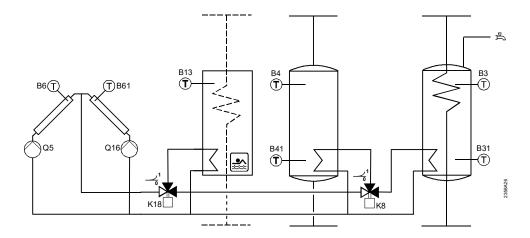
If an Hx input is configured as "Status info suppl source" and a delay time is set via parameter "Delay lockout position", following applies:

- After switching on, output "Supplementary source" (K32) must send status information to the respective Hx input within the delay time set here.
- If missing, the controller signals "Fault".



- If no output (relay) "Supplementary source" (K32) is configured, "Delay lockout position" starts from the release (K27).
- Should a fault occur, the controller deactivates the release (K27), but keeps output (relay) "Supplementary source" (K32) activated.
- If no supplementary source (K32) is configured, the controller also maintains the release (K27).
- The "Lockout position" function can be deactivated by switching off the delay time.

## **Summary**



If sufficient solar energy is available, the solar plant can charge the DHW storage tank and the buffer storage tank and heat the swimming pool.

Priorities for charging the individual storage tanks can be selected. The pumps can be speed-controlled. Protection for the plant is ensured by a "Frost protection" and an "Overtemperature protection" function.

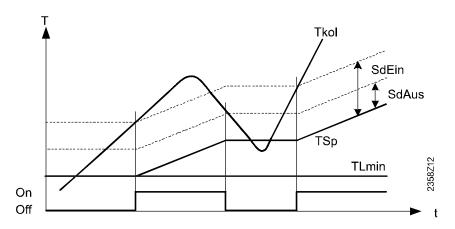
## Charging controller (dT)

Line no.	Operating line
3810	Temp diff on
3811	Temp diff off
3812	Charg temp min DHW st tank
3813	Temp diff on buffer
3814	Temp diff off buffer
3815	Charging temp min buffer
3816	Temp diff on swi pool
3817	Temp diff off swi pool
3818	Charging temp min swi pool

To charge the DHW storage tank/buffer/swimming pool via the heat exchanger, a sufficiently large temperature differential between collector and DHW storage tank/buffer/swimming pool is required.

Also, the collector temperature must lie above the "Minimum charging temperature" for the DHW storage tank/buffer/swimming pool.

When using setting "- - -" for lines 3813, 3814 and 3816, 3817, the values of lines 3810 and 3811 are adopted.



Tkol Collector temperature

SdEin Temperature differential On (DHW storage tank/buffer/swimming pool)
SdAus Temperature differential Off (DHW storage tank/buffer/swimming pool)
TSp Storage tank temperature (DHW storage tank/buffer/swimming pool)
TLmin Minimum charging temperature (DHW storage tank/buffer/swimming pool)

On/Off Collector pump

## **Priority**

Line no.	Operating line
3822	Charging prio storage tank
	None   DHW storage tank   Buffer storage tank
3825	Charging time relative prio
3826	Waiting time relative prio
3827	Waiting time parallel op
3828	Delay secondary pump

The priority circuit for the swimming pool ("Charging priority solar", line 2065) can influence the storage tank priority of solar charging and heat the swimming pool before charging the storage tanks.

Charging prio storage tank

If a plant uses several heat exchangers, it is possible to set a priority for the integrated storage tanks, which defines the charging sequence.

#### None

The storage tanks are charged alternately for a temperature increase of 5 Kelvin at a time, until every setpoint reaches the level of A, B or C (see below). The setpoints of the next higher level are approached only after all setpoints of the previous level have been reached.

#### DHW storage tank

During solar charging, preference is given to the DHW storage tank. At every level A, B or C (see table below), charging is effected with priority. Only then will the other consumers of the same level be charged (see table below).

When all setpoints of a level are reached, those of the next level are approached and here too, the DHW storage tank has priority.

## Buffer storage tank

During solar charging, preference is given to the buffer storage tank. At every level A, B or C (see table below), charging is effected with priority . Only then will the other consumers of the same level be charged.

When all setpoints of a level are reached, those of the next level are approached and here too, the buffer storage tank has priority.

#### Storage tank setpoints

Level	DHW storage tank	Buffer storage tank	Swimming pool
Α	Line 1610	Buffer setpoint (slave pointer)	Line 2055
В	Line 5050	Line 4750	Line 2055
С	Line 5051	Line 4751	Line 2070

<sup>\*</sup> When priority for the swimming pool is activated ("Charging priority solar", line 2065), the swimming pool is heated before the storage tanks are charged

1610: Nominal setpoint

5050: Charging temp max

5051: Storage tank temp max

4750: Charging temp max

4751: Storage tank temp max

2055: Setpoint solar heating

2070: Swimming pool temp max

## Charging time relative prio

If, for some reason, the preferred storage tank cannot be charged in accordance with charging control, priority is transferred to the next storage tank or the swimming pool for the period of time set (e.g. because the temperature differential of collector and storage tank is too great).

As soon as the preferred storage tank (according to setting "Charging prio storage tank") is again ready to be charged, the transfer of priority is immediately aborted.

If the parameter is disabled ("- - -"), priority always follows the settings for "Charging prio storage tank".

Waiting time relative prio

During the period of time set, the transfer of priority is delayed. This prevents relative priority from intervening too frequently.

Waiting time parallel op

If solar output is sufficient and solar charging pumps are used, simultaneous operation is possible. In that case, the storage tank of the priority model can be the next to be charged at the same time, in addition to the storage tank to be charged next. Simultaneous operation can be delayed by a waiting time. This way, in the case of simultaneous operation, switching on of the storage tanks can be effected in steps.

Setting "- - - " deactivates simultaneous operation.

Delay secondary pump

To remove cold water from the primary circuit, operation of the secondary pump of the external heat exchanger can be delayed.

### "Start" function

Line no.	Operating line
3830	Collector start function
3831	Min run time collector pump
3832	Collector start function on
3833	Collector start function off
3834	Collector start funct grad
3835	Min collector temp start fct

#### Collector start function

If the collector temperature cannot be accurately acquired during the time the pump is deactivated (especially in the case of vacuum tubes), the pump can be switched on from time to time. This setting defines the interval at which the collector pump is put into operation. Then, it always runs for the time set "Min run time collector pump" (line 3831).

Min run time collector pump

The function activates periodically the collector pump for at least the set minimum running time.

Collector start function on

Defines the time of day from which the collector start function is enabled.

Collector start function off

Defines the time of day from which the collector start function is deactivated (e.g. during the night).

Collector start funct grad

If the temperature increase at the collector sensor exceeds the set "Collector start funct grad", the collector pump is activated.

Min collector temp start fct

The collector pump may be activated only if the temperature acquired by the collector sensor reaches at least the level set here.

## Collector frost protection

Line no.	Operating line
3840	Collector frost protection

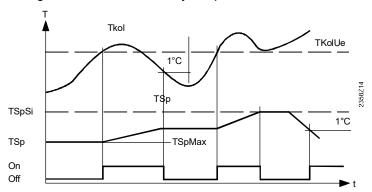
If there is risk of frost at the collector, the collector pump is put into operation to prevent the heat transfer medium from freezing.

- If the collector temperature falls below the frost protection level, the collector pump is activated
- When the collector temperature returns to a level 1 Kelvin above frost protection, the collector pump is deactivated again

# Collector overtemperature protection

Line no.	Operating line
3850	Collector overtemp prot

If there is a risk of overtemperature at the collector, storage tank charging is continued to reduce the amount of surplus heat. Charging is aborted when the storage tank reaches its safety temperature.



TSpSi Storage tank safety temperature TSp Storage tank temperature

TKolUe Collector temperature for overtemperature protection

TSpmax Maximum charging temperature

Tkol Collector temperature
On/Off Collector pump
T Temperature
t Time

## Supervision of evaporation

Line no.	Operating line
3860	Evaporation heat carrier
3862	Impact evaporation superv
	On own collector pump ¦ On both collector pumps

#### Evaporation heat carrier

If there is a risk of evaporation of the heat transfer medium due to high collector temperatures, the collector pump is deactivated to prevent it from overheating. This is a "Pump protection" function.

## Impact evaporation superv

In the case of collector fields equipped with 2 collector pumps, it can be selected if only the pump of the collector circuit with risk of evaporation or if both pumps shall be deactivated.

#### Speed control

Line no.	Operating line
3870	Pump speed min
3871	Pump speed max

## Pump speed min /max

The speed range of the solar pump is limited by a permissible minimum and maximum speed.

## Speed control

Line no.	Operating line
3872	Speed Xp
3873	Speed Tn

- For speed control, the charging setpoint for the storage tank with the first charging priority and the collector temperature are used. A PI controller calculates the speed required to ensure that the collector temperature lies 2 Kelvin below the switch-on temperature
- If the collector temperature rises due to increased solar irradiance, the speed is raised. If the collector temperature drops below this setpoint, the speed is reduced. Parameters can be set to define a minimum and maximum pump speed
- The resulting speed is delivered via the speed output selected during configuration
- If the charging priority is changed, the controller regulates the speed according to the new charging setpoint

### Parameters Xp and Tn

By setting the right proportional band Xp and integral action time Tn, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp and Tn can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

## Yield measurement

Line no.	Operating line
3880	Antifreeze
3881	Antifreeze concentration
3884	Pump capacity

To ensure accurate solar yield measurement, both additional sensors (B63 in the solar flow and B64 in the solar return) should be connected. If one or both sensors is/are missing, the controller uses collector sensor B6 or B61 and the respective storage tank sensor B31 or B41 to make the calculation.

More accurate measurements are made with B63/B64. The 24-hour and total solar energy yield (lines 8526 and 8527) are calculated based on these data.

#### Antifreeze

Since the mixing ratio of the collector medium has an impact on heat transfer, the type of antifreeze agent used and its concentration must be entered to be able to determine the energy yield.

#### Pump capacity

When establishing the yield without external pulse count or flow measurement, the flow (in liters per hour) must be determined according to the pump used und serves for calculating the volume input.

 $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{i} \end{bmatrix}$ 

If the flow is metered via an input Hx, this setting must be deactivated.

## Yield measurement pulse

Line no.	Operating line
3886	Pulse count yield
	None   With input H1   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2
	With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module
	2   With input H22 module 3   With input H3

#### Pulse count yield

Parameter "Pulse count yield" is used to select input Hx for metering the amount of heat or the flow of water:

#### None

No metering via input Hx. This setting is important if the inputs are used for other pulse counts (e.g. acquisition of energy input).

### With input Hx

The pulse counter is read by the selected input and the energy determined from it is added to the reading of the meter used for metering the heat delivered.



It is important that the count input selected here is set in the configuration for the pulse count as well.

### **Pulse measurement**

Line no.	Operating line
3887	Pulse unit yield
	None ¦ kWh ¦ Liter
3888	Pulse value yield numer
3889	Pulse value yield denom

Every pulse received can be interpreted as a value (kWh or liters).

The pulse value is defined on operating lines 3887...3889 (unit, numerator and denominator).

## Examples

1 pulse value corresponds to 
$$\frac{\text{Numerator}}{\text{Denominator}} * \text{Unit} = \frac{\text{Line 3888}}{\text{Line 3889}} * \text{Line 3887}$$

In other words, for example  $\frac{1}{10} * kWh$  or  $\frac{11}{2} * liters$ 



- The pulses are counted by input Hx selected via operating line 3886
- The sum of the counted pulses is displayed by the respective pulse counter (lines 7842, 7856, 7987, 7992 and 7997)

#### Pulse unit yield

#### None

The pulse value will not be counted.

#### kWh

The pulse value is interpreted as kWh and added to "24-hour yield solar energy" (line 8526).

#### Liter

The pulse value is counted as liters. The yield in kWh is determined based on the flow and the temperature differential of collector flow and return and then added to "24-hour yield solar energy" (line 8526).

## Flow measurement yield

Line no.	Operating line
3891	Flow measurement yield
	None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 module 2
	With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2
	With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22
	module 2   With input H22 module 3   With input H3

In place of using the pulse count, the flow can also be measured with a flow sensor (10 V or Hz) connected to input Hx.

## Flow measurement yield

Parameter "Flow measurement yield" is used to select input Hx used for making the flow measurement:

#### None

No measurement via input Hx. This setting is important if the inputs are used for making other flow measurements (e.g. heat pump).

## With input Hx

The flow via the selected input is acquired and used for calculating the volume. The determined volume is multiplied by the measured temperature differential and added to "24-hour yield solar energy" (line 8526).



The Hx input selected here must be set in the configuration for the flow measurement.

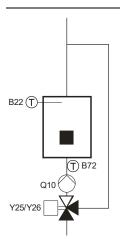
### **Sensor calibration**

Line no.	Operating line
3896	Readj solar flow sensor
3897	Readj solar return sensor

By making sensor readjustments, inaccuracies of the sensor's measured values can be compensated for.

## 6.15 Solid fuel boiler

#### **Summary**



When the temperature of the solid fuel boiler is high enough, the boiler pump is activated and the DHW storage tank and/or the buffer storage tank are charged.

The solid fuel boiler operates as follows:

- · Only with boiler sensor B22, or
- With boiler sensor B22 and return sensor B72

## **Operating mode**

Line no.	Operating line
4102	Locks other heat sources
4103	Charg prio DHW stor tank
	Off¦On

Locks other heat sources

When the solid fuel boiler is heated up, other heat sources, such as oil/gas boilers, are locked.

Locking takes place as soon as an increase of the boiler temperature is detected.

This predictive function allows locked heat sources to end any overrun of pumps before the solid fuel boiler pump is activated.

Also, in the case of a common flueway, it can be made certain that only one boiler is in operation at a time.

Charg prio DHW stor tank

When the solid fuel boiler is in operation, the DHW storage tank can be charged with priority (on) against the other consumers.

When selecting "Off", normal DHW charging priority applies (line 1630).

### **Setpoints**

Line no.	Operating line
4110	Setpoint min
4114	Temp differential min
4130	Temp diff on

Setpoint min

The boiler pump is put into operation when the boiler temperature reaches its minimum level plus "Temp diff on".

If the boiler temperature falls below its minimum level, the boiler pump is deactivated again when pump overrun is ended.

Temp differential min

If the temperature increase (differential of boiler flow and boiler return temperature) is too small, the boiler pump is deactivated when pump overrun is ended.

If a return sensor is not installed, the boiler temperature increase is calculated from the boiler temperature and the minimum return temperature setpoint (e.g. when using a thermal return temperature controller).

Temp diff on

Refer to description of "Setpoint min".

#### **DHW** charging

Line no.	Operating line
4134	Connection DHW stor tank
	None   With B3   With B31   With B3 and B31
4135	Boiler temp setp DHW charg
	Storage tank temp   Storage tank setpoint   Boiler temp setpoint min
4136	DHW charging with Q3
	No ¦ Yes

Connection DHW stor tank

When using a solid fuel boiler, the sensors must be selected.

Boiler temp setp DHW charg

This setting is used to select the required calculation of the boiler temperature setpoint during DHW charging.

#### Storage tank temp

The boiler temperature setpoint is calculated based on the DHW "Flow setpoint boost" (line 5020) and the current DHW storage tank temperature (according to line 4134).

#### Storage tank setpoint

The boiler temperature setpoint is calculated based on the DHW flow setpoint boost (line 5020) and the setpoint of the DHW storage tank (nominal or legionella setpoint).

## Boiler temp setpoint min

The boiler temperature setpoint corresponds to the minimum setpoint.

## DHW charging with Q3

Determines whether charging pump Q3 is used by the solid fuel boiler for DHW heating.

#### No

The solid fuel boiler charges the DHW storage tank directly via boiler pump Q10. Charging pump Q3 is not controlled by the solid fuel boiler.

#### Yes

For DHW charging with the solid fuel boiler, charging pump Q3 must run.

## Charging of buffer storage tank

Line no.	Operating line	
4137	Connection buffer	
	With B4   With B42/B41   With B4 and B42/B41	
4138	Boil temp setp buffer charg	
	Storage tank temp   Storage tank setpoint   Boiler temp setpoint min	

#### Connection buffer

When integrating a solid fuel boiler, the sensors must be selected.

## Boil temp setp buffer charg

This setting is used to select the required calculation of the boiler temperature setpoint during buffer storage tank charging.

### Storage tank temp

The boiler temperature setpoint corresponds to the current storage tank temperature (according to line 4137).

## Storage tank setpoint

The boiler temperature setpoint corresponds to the setpoint of the buffer storage tank (slave pointer).

#### Boiler temp setpoint min

The boiler pump remains in operation as long as the boiler temperature lies above the minimum setpoint.

#### **Pump overrun**

Line no.	Operating line
4140	Pump overrun time

#### Pump overrun time

If the temperature of the solid fuel boiler drops below the minimum temperature differential or the minimum setpoint, the boiler pump keeps running for the parameterized overrun time.

## Overtemperature protection

Line no.	Operating line
4141	Excess heat discharge

## Excess heat discharge

If the boiler temperature reaches the set maximum value, excess heat discharge is activated. This forces the connected consumers to draw heat from the solid fuel boiler. At the same time, the boiler pump is activated.

## Limitation of return temperature

Line no.	Operating line
4153	Return setpoint min
4158	Flow influence return ctrl
	Off¦On

Return setpoint min

The controller prevents the return temperature from falling below the level set here by adding hot flow water.

Flow influence return ctrl

If desired, the return temperature controller can help reach the flow temperature setpoint. Influence of the flow on the control of the return temperature can be switched on or off.

### **NOTE**

For both functions (4153 and 4158), a return sensor B72 must be connected.

## Maintained boiler return temperature

Line no.	Operating line
4163	Actuator running time
4164	Mixing valve Xp
4165	Mixing valve Tn

Actuator running time

Setting the running time for the actuator used with the mixing valve.

Parameters Xp and Tn

By setting the right proportional band Xp and integral action time Tn, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp and Tn can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

### **Frost protection**

Line no.	Operating line
4170	Frost prot plant boiler pump

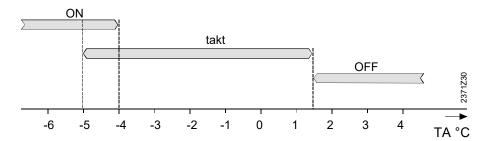
The solid fuel boiler pump is activated depending on the current outside temperature, even if there is no request for heat.

## CAUTION

"Frost prot plant boiler pump" works only if "Frost protection plant" (line 6120) is activated.

Below, the overriding settings resulting from "Frost protection plant" (line 6120) are summarized:

Outside	Pump	Diagram
temperature		
<= -4 °C	Continuously on	ON
-51.5 °C	10 minutes on at an interval of about 6 hours	takt (cycle)
>=1.5 °C	Continuously off	OFF



## "Residual heat" function

Line no.	Operating line
4190	Residual heat fct dur max
4192	Residual heat fct trigg
	Once   Several times

Overrun of the boiler pump ensures that the boiler circuit's residual heat is dissipated. This makes certain that overtemperatures will not occur, preventing the safety limit thermostat from tripping.

#### Residual heat fct dur max

The "Residual heat" function is aborted after the set maximum time at the latest.

### Residual heat fct trigg

The "Residual heat" function can be performed once or, if required, several times.

## Once

When ended, the "Residual heat" function remains deactivated.

#### Several times

The "Residual heat" function is resumed when the switch-on criteria are fulfilled.

Line no.	Operating line
4201	Pump speed min
4203	Pump speed max

Using these settings, minimum and maximum limitation of the pump speed is provided.

Line no.	Operating line
4203	Speed Xp
4204	Speed Tn

The speed of the solid fuel boiler pump can be controlled.

## Parameters Xp and Tn

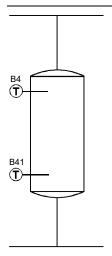
By setting the right proportional band Xp and integral action time Tn, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp and Tn can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

## 6.16 Buffer storage tank

#### Summary



A buffer storage tank can be integrated in the plant. It can be charged via the heat pump, by solar energy or by an electric immersion heater.

In the case of active cooling, it can also be used for storing cooling energy.

The controller controls heating / cooling and forced charging of the buffer storage tank, protects it against overtemperatures and maintains stratification whenever possible.

### Forced charging

Line no.	Operating line
4705	Forced charging
4706	Charging prio photovoltaics None   Priority 1   Priority 2   Priority 3
4708	Forced charging setp cooling
4709	Forced charg setp heat min
4710	Forced charg setp heat max
4711	Forced charging time
4712	Forced charg duration max

To benefit from low electricity tariffs, forced charging of the buffer storage tank usually can be triggered. As a result, operation of the heat pump is maintained until the required setpoint for forced buffer storage tank charging is reached, or until forced charging is no longer released.

#### Off

Forced charging of the buffer storage tank is not possible.

#### **Demand**

In summer operation, or when all heating circuits are in Protection mode, forced charging is locked.

#### **Always**

Forced charging of the buffer storage tank is always possible.



- When the plant operates in cooling mode, "Forced charging setp cooling" is used
- In heating mode, the slave pointer is used as the setpoint. It can be limited via operating lines "Forced charg setp heat min" and "Forced charg setp heat max".
- If forced charging is triggered by smart grid state "Draw forced", "Charging temp max" (line 4750) is used as the setpoint.

Forced charging can be triggered either via low-tariff input E5 (one of the Ex inputs) or "Forced charging time" (line 4711).

Smart grid states "Draw wish" and "Draw forced" are considered like low-tariff.

If forced charging is stopped because the heat pump had to be switched off, it will be resumed as soon as the buffer storage tank temperature drops by 5 Kelvin (heating) or rises by 5 Kelvin (cooling). At this point in time, forced charging must still be released, and the number of permissible charging abortions must not be exceeded (line 2893). Otherwise, the controller waits until forced charging is regularly triggered the next time.

In summer operation, or when all heating circuits are in protection mode, forced charging is locked.

## Charging prio photovoltaics

A photovoltaics plant can operate the heat pump via the EX input E64 (Line 5980...) and charge the storage tank using the generated thermal energy. The storage tank charging sequence is per the set priorities. Priorities can be set for the following storage tanks:

- Swimming pool, line 2066
- Buffer storage tank, line 4706
- DHW storage tank, line 5018

#### None

No buffer storage tank charging.

### **Priority 1**

Buffer storage tank charging is priority 1.

#### **Priority 2**

The buffer storage tank charging is priority 2 (after DHW storage tank, prior to swimming pool, or after swimming pool, prior to DHW storage tank).

#### **Priority 3**

Buffer storage tank charging has the lowest priority (after DHW storage tank and swimming pool).

Charging occurs as per the predefined sequence if storage tanks are set at the same priorities: DHW storage tank, buffer storage tank, swimming pool.

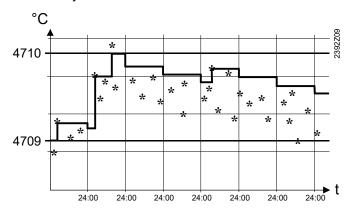
## Forced charging setp cooling

Forced charging of the buffer storage tank is completed when "Forced charging setp cooling" (4708) is reached. When using setting "---", forced charging for cooling is deactivated. For forced charging to start, the storage tank temperature at the bottom must lie at least 2 Kelvin above the adjusted setpoint. If there is no sensor at the bottom, the storage tank sensor at the top is used.

Forced charg setp heat min/Forced charg setp heat max

The slave pointer used as setpoint with forced charging heating can be limited at a minimum and a maximum.

The slave pointer collects the maximum values of the temperature requests from the heating circuit and stores them. Every midnight, the slave pointer setpoint is reduced by 10%.



<sup>\* =</sup> individual temperature requests

Forced charging time

Forced charging starts every day at the time of day set here (00:00...24:00). Setting "- - -", deactivates forced charging.

Forced charg duration max

Forced charging is aborted when the required setpoint has not been reached on completion of the period of time set here.

### **Automatic locks**

If the buffer storage tank is able to satisfy the heat request it receives, the request is **not** passed on to the producer.

Line no.	Operating line
4720	Auto generation lock
	None   With B4   With B4 and B42/B41   With B42   With B42 and B41   With B4 and
	B71
4721	Auto heat gen lock SD
4722	Temp diff buffer/HC
4723	Temp diff buffer/CC
4724	Min st tank temp heat mode
4726	Max st tank temp cool mode
4728	Rel temp diff buffer/HC
4735	Setpoint reduction B42/B41

If the temperature level of the buffer storage tank is high enough, the consumers draw the heat they require from the buffer storage tank. The heat sources are locked via "Auto generation lock".

## Auto generation lock

#### None

There will be no generation lock due to the buffer storage tank temperature. A heat request from the consumers is passed on directly to the heat sources.

#### With B4

If the temperature at sensor B4 is high enough, the heat source is locked. The consumers draw the heat they require from the buffer storage tank.

If the temperature at sensor B4 is too low, a heat request is passed on to the producers.

<sup>4709</sup> Forced charg setp heat min

<sup>4710</sup> Forced charg setp heat max

#### With B4 and B42/B41

If the temperature at both sensors B4 and B42 (or B41) is high enough, the heat source is locked. The consumers draw the heat they require from the buffer storage tank.

If the temperature at both sensors B4 and B42 (or B41) is too low, a heat request is passed on to the producers.

#### With B42

If the temperature at sensor B42 is high enough, the heat source is locked. The consumers draw the heat they require from the buffer storage tank.

If the temperature at sensor B42 is too low, a heat request is passed on to the producers.

#### With B42 and B41

If the temperature at both sensors (B42 and B41) is high enough, the heat source is locked. The consumers draw the heat they require from the buffer storage tank.

If the temperature at both sensors (B42 and B41) is too low, a heat request is passed on to the producers.

#### With B4 and B71

If the temperature at both sensors (B4 and B71) is high enough, the heat source is locked. The consumers draw the heat they require from the buffer storage tank.

Exception: If the temperature at sensor B4 is too low, a heat request is passed on to the producers.



For release of the producer with this setting, only the sensor in the buffer storage tank is considered (the return temperature sensor delivers a valid temperature only when the pump is in operation).

When there are no sensors, the following backup order applies:

Selection	Sensors	Backup 1	Backup 2	Backup 3
With B4 and B42/B41				Only B4
	B42	B41*	B71	
With B42	B42	B4		
With B42 and B41	B42	B4		
	B41*	B71		
With B4 and B71		Only B4		
	B71			

<sup>\*</sup> With solar integration, B41cannot be used or cannot replace a missing sensor

The heat/refrigeration source is put into operation only if the buffer storage tank is no longer capable of satisfying the current heat/cooling demand.

Auto heat gen lock SD

The switching differential can be adjusted. If there is only one sensor (B4) in the buffer storage tank, a minimum switching differential of 2 Kelvin applies, even if a smaller value is parameterized.

If 2 or more sensors are used, the parameterized value applies (see graph shown with lines 4720 and 4722) .

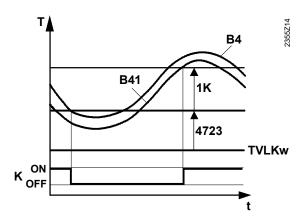
Temp diff buffer/HC

In plants with great switching differentials, a mixing valve boost is usually set to switch producers on and off. This mixing valve boost is not required when drawing heat from a storage tank and can be readjusted via parameter "Temp diff buffer/HC".

Temp diff buffer/CC

If the temperature differential  $\Delta T$  between the buffer storage tank and the cooling request from the cooling circuit is sufficiently large, the cooling energy required by the cooling circuit is drawn from the buffer storage tank. The refrigeration source is locked.

- The refrigeration source is released as soon as the temperature at both buffer storage tank sensors exceeds the required flow temperature by "Temp diff buffer/CC" plus 1 Kelvin
- The refrigeration source is locked as soon as the temperature at both buffer storage tank sensors exceeds the required flow temperature by less than "Temp diff buffer/CC"



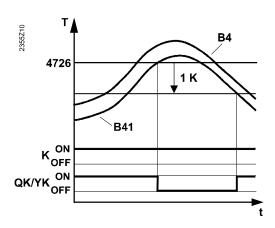
TVLKw Flow temperature setpoint in cooling mode K Refrigeration source

Min st tank temp heat mode

If the buffer storage tank temperature falls below the set value, the heating circuits are shut down, if no heat source is available, meaning that lockout occurred.

Max st tank temp cool mode

If the storage tank temperature lies above the set "Max st tank temp cool mode", cooling mode is locked. The cooling circuit pumps are switched off and the mixing valves close. The cooling request to the refrigeration sources is maintained. If the storage temperature falls below the maximum storage temperature minus 1 Kelvin, cooling will be enabled again.



K Refrigeration source
QK / YK Cooling circuit pumps/cooling circuit mixing valves

Rel temp diff buffer/HC

"Rel temp diff buffer/HC" (parameter 4728) can be used to parameterize an undersupply in relation to the setpoint (as a percentage). This means that higher temperature requests allow greater deviations than lower requests.

The reduction is calculated as follows, based on the entered percentage value (-50...50%):

Reduction = (TVLw - Ts) \* [Rel temp diff buffer/HC %] / 100

TVLw Flow temperature setpoint

Ts Basic request 20°C

% Percentage value (-50...50%)

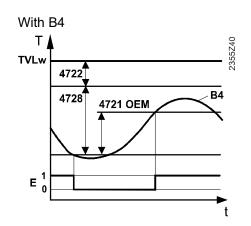
Example

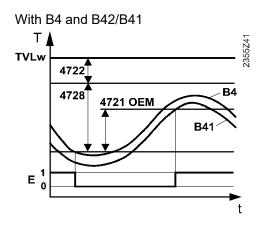
TVLw = 60 °C or 40 °C and a tolerance of -10% each:

Reduction<sup>60°</sup> = (60-20) \* (-10)/100 = -4 Kelvin

Reduction<sup> $40^{\circ}$ </sup> = (40-20) \* (-10)/100 = -2 Kelvin

Generation lock active/inactive





TVLw	Flow temperature setpoint (Buffer setpoint, line 8981)
B4	Buffer or combi storage tank sensor at the top
B41	Buffer or combi storage tank sensor at the bottom
4721	Auto heat gen lock SD
4722	Temp diff buffer/HC
4728	Rel temp diff buffer/HC
E	Generation lock (1 = active, 0 = inactive)

Generation lock inactive

As soon as the temperature at the selected buffer storage tank sensor(s) lies by "Temp diff buffer/HC" (line 4722) **plus** "Rel temp diff buffer/HC" (line 4728) below the required flow temperature setpoint, the generation lock is deactivated. The heat sources are released.

Generation lock active

When the temperature at the selected buffer storage tank sensor(s) lies less than "Temp diff buffer/HC" (line 4722) **plus** "Rel temp diff buffer/HC" (line 4728) **minus** "Auto heat gen lock SD" (line 4721) below the required flow temperature setpoint, the generation lock is active. The heat sources are locked.

Setpoint reduction B42/B41

When using a storage tank sensor at the bottom (B41, B42) or B71 (heat pump return), a setpoint reduction can be parameterized for it via "Setpoint reduction B42/B41".

The permissible differential of setpoint and sensor at the bottom is increased by the set value.

Line no.	Operating line
4721	Auto heat gen lock SD
4723	Temp diff buffer/CC
4724	Min st tank temp heat mode
4726	Max st tank temp cool mode

The heat/refrigeration source is put into operation only if the buffer storage tank is no longer capable of satisfying the current heat/cooling demand.

Auto heat gen lock SD

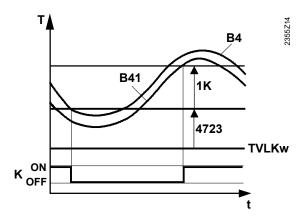
The switching differential can be adjusted. If there is only one sensor (B4) in the buffer storage tank, a minimum switching differential of 2 Kelvin applies, even if a smaller value is parameterized.

If 2 or more sensors are used, the parameterized value applies (see graph shown with lines 4720 and 4722).

#### Temp diff buffer/CC

If the temperature differential  $\Delta T$  between the buffer storage tank and the cooling request from the cooling circuit is sufficiently large, the cooling energy required by the cooling circuit is drawn from the buffer storage tank. The refrigeration source is locked.

- The refrigeration source is released as soon as the temperature at both buffer storage tank sensors exceeds the required flow temperature by "Temp diff buffer/CC" plus 1 Kelvin
- The refrigeration source is locked as soon as the temperature at both buffer storage tank sensors exceeds the required flow temperature by less than "Temp diff buffer/CC"



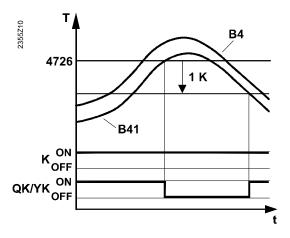
TVLKw Flow temperature setpoint in cooling mode K Refrigeration source

Min st tank temp heat mode

If the buffer storage tank temperature falls below the set value, the heating circuits are shut down, if no heat source is available, meaning that lockout occurred.

Max st tank temp cool mode

If the storage tank temperature lies above the set "Max st tank temp cool mode", cooling mode is locked. The cooling circuit pumps are switched off and the mixing valves close. The cooling request to the refrigeration sources is maintained. If the storage temperature falls below the maximum storage temperature minus 1 Kelvin, cooling will be enabled again.



K Refrigeration source
QK / YK Cooling circuit pumps/cooling circuit mixing valves

## Frost protection for the buffer storage tank

Frost protection for the buffer storage tank acts differently in heating and cooling mode.

In heating mode

If the temperature at the coldest buffer storage tank sensor drops below 5  $^{\circ}$ C, frost protection generates a temperature request to the heat sources and puts the electric immersion heater – if installed – into operation, until the storage tank temperature returns to a level above 10  $^{\circ}$ C.

In cooling mode

If, in cooling mode, one of the 2 storage tank temperatures (B4 or B41) drops below 5  $^{\circ}$ C, the refrigeration sources are shut down. They are released again when the temperature at both sensors exceeds 6  $^{\circ}$ C and the locking time of 15 minutes has elapsed.

For Eco function

Eco function is cancelled if the temperature in the buffer storage tank drops below the requested frost protection level while the Eco function is enabled. The generators are released until the temperature on the buffer storage tank exceeds the frost protection level by at least 5 °C.

#### Stratification protection

Line no.	Operating line
4739	Stratification protection
	Off ¦ Always
4740	Strat prot temp diff max
4743	Strat prot anticipation time
4744	Strat protection Tn

The buffer storage tank's "Stratification protection" function provides for hydraulic balancing between consumers and producer without the need for additional shutoff valves for the buffer storage tank.

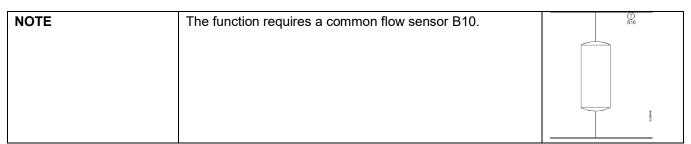
When the function is active, the volume of water on the consumer side is adjusted so that the addition of colder water from the buffer storage tank is avoided whenever possible.

#### Off

The "Stratification protection" function is deactivated.

## **Always**

The "Stratification protection" function is active when the heat source is in operation.



The buffer storage tank's "Stratification protection" function provides for hydraulic balancing between consumers and producer without the need for additional shutoff valves for the buffer storage tank.

When the function is active, the volume of water on the consumer side is adjusted such that the addition of colder water from the buffer storage tank is minimized. The function is active only if at least one of the heat sources delivers heat.

307 / 530

If the temperature acquired by the common flow sensor (B10 downstream from the buffer storage tank) drops below the heat source temperature by more than the parameterized temperature differential, the volume of water on the consumer side is reduced via locking signals (reduction of setpoints). If the locking signal reaches 100% for more than 10 minutes, it is canceled and recalculated after 1 minute. This prevents the water flow on the consumer side from being fully throttled in which case there would be no flow passing sensor B10.

Note: If a primary controller is configured downstream from the buffer storage tank, the function is calculated with the help of sensor B15 (if no sensor B10 is connected).

### Solar charging/solid fuel boiler

Line no.	Operating line
4749	Min charging setpoint solar
4750	Charging temp max

Min charging setpoint solar

For charging the buffer storage tank via solar energy, an additional "Min charging setpoint solar" can be defined.

This minimum setpoint only applies to solar charging and is always active. This means that solar energy charges the buffer storage tank also when the slave pointer is invalid (in summer mode or when the buffer storage tank receives no request for heat).

 $\mathbf{i}$ 

If the current slave pointer is greater than the parameterized "Min charging setpoint solar", the setpoint used is the slave pointer value.

Charging temp max

Solar energy charges the buffer storage tank up to the set "Charging temp max".

i

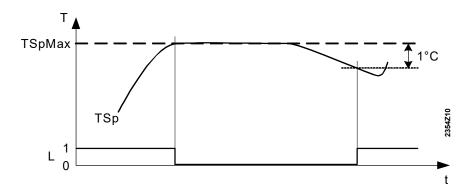
Function "Overtemperature protection for the collector" can reactivate the collector pump until the maximum storage tank temperature is reached.

## Overtemperature protection

Line no. Operating line
4751 Storage tank temp max

Storage tank temp max

If the storage tank reaches the maximum set here, the collector pump is deactivated. It is released again when the storage tank temperature drops 1 Kelvin below its maximum.



TSpMax Storage tank temp max, operating line 4751
TSp Current storage tank temperature
L Storage tank charging: 1 = on, 0 = off

### Recooling

Line no.	Operating line
4755	Recooling temp
4756	Recooling DHW/HCs
4757	Recooling collector
	Off   Summer   Always

### Recooling temp

If the buffer storage tank was charged via "Recooling temp" (e.g. with solid fuel boiler or solar), recooling to the recooling temperature set here is effected as soon as possible.

To recool the buffer storage tank, the 2 following functions are available:

### Recooling DHW/HCs

The heat can be drawn either by space heating or the DHW storage tank. The function is activated or deactivated via this operating line. The drawing of heat can be selected separately for each heating circuit (operating page "Heating circuit 1,  $\dots$ ").

## Recooling collector

When the collector is cold, the energy can be emitted to the environment via the collector's surfaces.

#### Off

Recooling via the collector is deactivated.

#### Summer

Recooling via the collector is permitted in summer only.

#### **Always**

Recooling via the collector is activated throughout the year.

### **Electric immersion heater**

Line no.	Operating line	
4760	Charg sensor el imm heater	
4761	Forced charging electric	
	No   Yes   Smart grid, draw forced	

The electric immersion heater in the buffer storage tank is released:

- · For forced charging.
- When none of the heat sources is able to deliver heat.
- When frost protection for the buffer storage tank is active.

## Charg sensor el imm heater

Defines the sensor to be used for charging with an electric immersion heater.

#### R4

The electric immersion heater is switched on and off via sensor B4.

#### B42/B41

The electric immersion heater is switched on via sensor B41 and off via sensor B42.

### Forced charging electric

If, within 1 minute after triggering forced charging, none of the heat sources in the system is put into operation for forced charging of the buffer storage tank, the electric immersion heater can do it.

#### No

Electric immersion heater K16 is not used for forced charging.

#### Yes

If no other heat source provides forced charging, electric immersion heater K16 is used.

#### Smart grid, draw forced

Forced charging always takes place via electric immersion heater K16 when the smart grid state is "Draw forced".

#### **Solar integration**

Line no.	Operating line
4783	With solar integration

Select here whether the buffer storage tank can be charged by solar energy.

### **Diversion of flow**

Line no.	Operating line
4830	Flow diversion temp
4831	Swi diff flow diversion
ACS	Delay flow diversion

If the heat pump's condenser is integrated directly in the combi storage tank, the storage tank temperature in the tank section intended for DHW can considerable rise, the reason being the high temperatures of the hot-gas.

To prevent this, common flow valve Y13 can be used to switch the supply for the heating circuit to the upper section of the storage tank.



For this function, "Special temp sensor 1" must be configured and located at the very top of the storage tank.

#### Principle of operation

If the temperature at "Special temp sensor 1" exceeds the set "Flow diversion temp", first the heating circuit mixing valves are temporarily closed; then, after "Delay flow diversion", common flow valve Y13 is driven to the position "Top of storage tank".

If the temperature drops by "Swi diff flow diversion" below the setpoint, common flow valve Y13 is driven back to the position "Middle of storage tank".

## 6.17 DHW storage tank

#### Release

Line no.	Operating line
5007	Charging request
	Setpoint   With B3   With B31

### Charging request

Parameter "Charging request" is used to select the flow temperature setpoint for charging by the generator:

#### **Setpoint**

The current DHW temperature setpoint is used as the flow temperature setpoint.

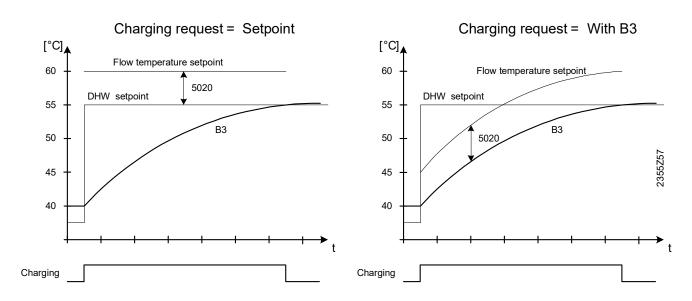
#### With B3

The temperature at the DHW sensor B3 is used as the flow temperature setpoint.

#### With B31

The temperature at the DHW sensor B31 is used as the flow temperature setpoint. If sensor B31 is not installed, sensor B3 is used as a substitute.

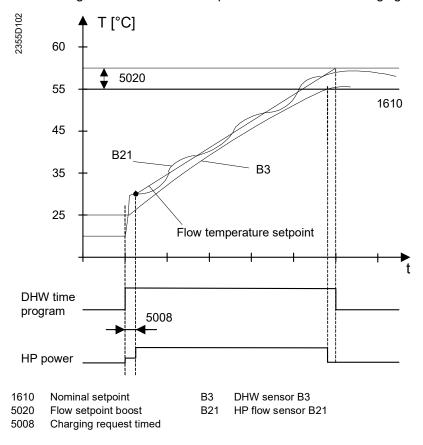
The flow temperature setpoint request (DHW request) to the generator is made up the value selected via the charging request plus the adjustable charging boost (line 5020, "Flow setpoint boost").



A comparison of the 2 graphs shows that in the case of a charging request "With B3", the setpoint increases continuously (applies analogously to "With B31"). This improves the performance from an energy efficiency point of view, if a modulating heat pump is used.

Line no.	Operating line
5008	Charging request timed
ACS	Heating output reduction per degree

The objective of this function is to make full use of the charging time and to keep the output of the generator at the lowest possible level. For that, the flow temperature setpoint to be delivered by the generator is calculated such that the DHW storage tank will reach its setpoint at the end of the charging time.



### Charging request timed

The initial value of the flow temperature setpoint is calculated while giving consideration to the charging return (B71) and the minimum output of the generator. From the initial value, the flow temperature setpoint progresses as a straight line until the point of intersection of charging time and increased DHW temperature setpoint is reached.

The calculated time during which the generator is released at its minimum output is the adjustable time "Charging request timed" (line 5008).

In the following cases, the flow temperature setpoint for DHW storage tank charging is changed, that is, function "Charging request timed" is aborted:

- The heating circuit also demands heat from the generator.
- DHW charging push will be activated (automatically or manually).

The change is made according to the parameterized charging strategy (parameter 5007).

Heating output reduction per degree (ACS)

The background for the function "Heating output reduction per degree" (ACS) is that when charging with a heat pump, the heating output is reduced (at the same amount of energy), the greater the difference between the flow temperature and the source inlet temperature (in other words, reduction is in line with the charging time).

The reduction to heating output can be configured with this parameter to compensate for losses.

The request for DHW charging is adapted using this correction so that the heating output remains unchanged throughout storage tank charging despite the drop in heating output.

Setting tips

- Increase the parameter if compressor output must be increased toward the end of DHW charging.
- The parameter can be decreased if DHW charging ends before the charging time expires or the compressor output is less than at the start of DHW charging.

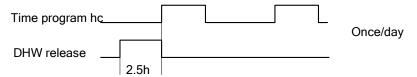
Line no.	Operating line
5010	Charging
	Once/day   Several times/day

Charging

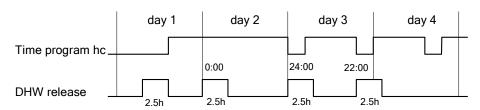
Selection of "Once/day" or "Several times/day" is active only if DHW heating release is set according to the heating circuits' time programs.

### Once/day

Release of DHW charging is given 2.5 hours before the first heat request from the heating circuit is received. Then, the reduced DHW setpoint applies for the whole day..

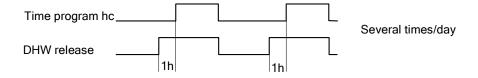


In the case of continuous heating (with no setback periods), release of DHW charging takes place at 0:00. This is also the case if the first request for heat from the heating circuit is received before 02:30. If a request for heat is made exactly at midnight, DHW charging is released after the first setback period, but no earlier than 2.5 hours before midnight.



## Several times/day

When selecting "Several times/day", release of DHW charging is put forward in time by 1 hour against the periods of time the heating circuit calls for heat, and is then maintained during these periods of time.



Line no.	Operating line
5013	Charging opt energy
	Off   Current setpoint   Nominal setpoint
5016	Charging opt energy contact
	Off   Nominal setpoint   Legionella funct setpoint

## Charging opt energy

In connection with generators delivering optimum efficiency (condensing boilers, heat pumps, etc.), the DHW storage tank can make a non-compelling charging request.

This request can only be satisfied by generators supporting the function "Heat sources with optimum efficiency" (selectable via parameter 2867, "Output optimum").

- Generally, this request is made before the normal request. If the storage tank
  reaches its required setpoint as a result of this conditioned charging request,
  normal charging is no longer required.
- If the setpoint cannot be attained within the period of time the conditioned charging request is active, the charging process is ended by normal charging which is subsequently released.



In the case of heat transfer (with Q3 or Q11), or if a wood-fired boiler is used for charging the DHW storage tank, "Charging opt energy" is switched off.

#### Off

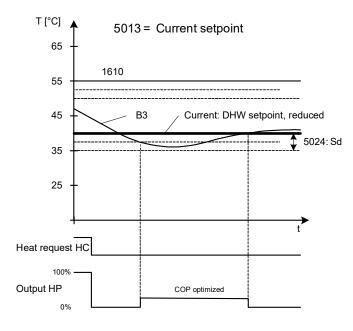
The function is deactivated (release of contact E5 still possible; see line 5016).

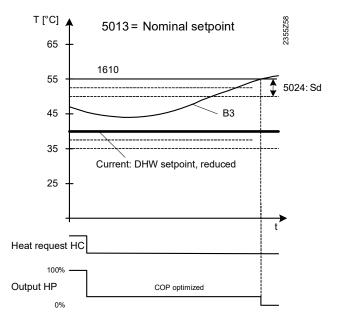
#### **Current setpoint**

The function is activated. If required, the DHW storage tank is heated up in "Charging opt energy" mode until the current setpoint is reached. The change from the reduced to the nominal setpoint is dependent on the release of normal charging.

### **Nominal setpoint**

The function is activated. If required, the DHW storage tank is always heated up in "Charging opt energy" mode until the nominal setpoint is reached (independent of the release time for normal charging).





## Charging opt energy contact

To perform DHW charging with optimum efficiency via contact release ("Low-tariff E5"), setting "Charging opt energy contact" is required (see line 5013).

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Smart grid states "Draw wish" and "Draw forced" are considered like low-tariff.

#### Off

No charging when contact is active.

#### **Nominal setpoint**

The DHW storage tank is charged to the nominal setpoint while observing optimum efficiency.

### Legionella funct setpoint

The DHW storage tank is charged to the legionella setpoint while observing optimum efficiency.



If the normal release of DHW heating is also set to low-tariff, the DHW is charged with full capacity.

#### **Photovoltaics**

Line no.	Operating line
5018	Charging prio photovoltaics
	None   Priority 1   Priority 2   Priority 3

## Charging prio photovoltaics

A photovoltaics plant can operate the heat pump via the EX input E64 (Line 5980...) and charge the storage tank using the generated thermal energy. The storage tank charging sequence is in accordance with the set priorities. Priorities can be set for the following storage tanks:

- Swimming pool, line 2066
- Buffer storage tank, line 4706
- DHW storage tank, line 5018

#### None

No DHW storage tank charging.

#### **Priority 1**

DHW storage tank charging is priority 1.

### **Priority 2**

The DHW storage tank charging is priority 2 (after buffer storage tank, prior to swimming pool, or after swimming pool, prior to buffer storage tank).

#### **Priority 3**

DHW charging has the lowest priority (after buffer storage tank and swimming pool).



Charging occurs as per the predefined sequence if storage tanks are set at the same priorities: DHW storage tank, buffer storage tank, swimming pool.

#### **Charging control**

Line no.	Operating line
5020	Flow setpoint boost
5021	Transfer boost
5022	Type of charging Recharging   Full charging   Full charging legio   Full charg 1st time day   Full charg 1st time legio
5023	Setpoint reduction B31
5024	Switching diff

Flow setpoint boost

The DHW request to the generator is made up of the current DHW setpoint and the adjustable setpoint boost.

Transfer boost

Heat transfer makes it possible to transport energy from the buffer storage tank to the DHW storage tank. For that, the current buffer storage tank temperature must exceed the current DHW storage tank temperature by the amount of the transfer boost.

The respective temperature differential can be set here.

Type of charging

DHW charging can be effected with 1 or 2 sensors.

If only 1 sensor is configured (installed), selection "Recharging" applies.

#### Recharging

The DHW storage tank is charged until the sensor at the top (B3) reaches its setpoint. The sensor at the bottom (B31) is not taken into consideration.

### **Full charging**

The DHW storage tank is fully charged. Storage tank sensors B3 and B31 must reach their setpoints.

### **Full charging legio**

The storage tank is charged with sensor B3 only.

For the "Legionella" function, both sensors (B3 and B31) must reach their setpoints.

### Full charg 1st time day

The first DHW storage tank charging in the morning means full charging with sensors B3 and B31. Further chargings and the "Legionella" function are performed with B3 only.

#### Full charg 1st time legio

The first DHW storage tank charging in the morning and the "Legionella" function mean full charging with sensors B3 and B31. Further chargings are effected with B3.

Setpoint reduction B31

When using stratification storage tanks with external heat exchanger and charging pump Q33, the DHW temperature setpoint for the lower storage tank section (B31) might have to be reduced (prerequisite: B3 and B31 are installed). For thermal reasons in the case of full charging, the charging temperature of the lower storage tank section remains below that of the upper storage tank section.

The factors that have an impact on the adjustment of "Setpoint reduction B31" are storage tank size, charging boost, and the location of sensor B31.

Switching diff

If the DHW temperature is lower than the current setpoint minus the "Switching diff" set here, DHW charging is started.

DHW charging is ended when the temperature reaches the current setpoint.

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The first DHW storage tank charging cycle in the morning is also started when the DHW temperature lies within the switching differential, provided it does not lie less than 1K below the setpoint.

#### **Charging time limitation**

Line no.	Operating line
5030	Charging time limitation
5031	Heating time limitation
5032	Max charg abortion temp
5033	Dynamic switching diff
	Off ¦ On

### Charging time limitation

During DHW charging, space heating may receive no or too little heat (depending on the selected charging priority (line 1630) and the type of hydraulic circuit). For this reason, it is often practical to set a time limit for DHW charging.

- - -

Charging time limitation and the heating time limitation (line 5031) are deactivated. The DHW is heated up until the current DHW temperature setpoint is reached.

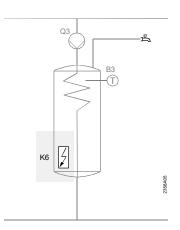
#### 10...600

DHW charging is stopped after the set period of time in minutes and then locked for the same time before it is resumed. During this time period, the heat produced is made available for space heating. This cycle repeats itself until the nominal DHW setpoint is reached.

 $\mathbf{i}$ 

When space heating is off (summer operation, "Eco" function, etc.), DHW charging is not interrupted, irrespective of the setting made.-{}-

# Abortion of DHW charging by the heat pump



If DHW charging is interrupted because the heat pump exceeded the permissible number of charging attempts (line 2893), the electric immersion heater (K6) – if installed – completes the charging process.

If no electric immersion heater is installed, DHW charging is resumed as soon as the DHW storage tank temperature drops by the preset DHW switching differential.

The following criteria can lead to abortion of DHW charging by the heat pump:

- The heat pump cannot end DHW charging due to a high-pressure fault.
- The heat pump must stop DHW charging because the hot-gas or flow temperature approaches its maximum value. The permissible approach to the maximum value is preset.

Heating time limitation

The controller switches to heating mode, if a heat request exists, after DHW charging is cancelled by the DHW charging time limitation (line 5030).

The parameter "Heating time limitation" (line 5031) can set the maximum time for heating mode before the controller switches again to DHW charging.

- - -

Heating time limitation is switched off. The DHW charging lock occurs as per charging time limitation on line 5030.

#### 10...600

Heating mode is stopped after the set time in minutes and DHW charging can resume until the time set in charging time limitation (line 5030) expires again. The cycle is repeated until the DHW nominal setpoint is achieved.

Max charg abortion temp

When the DHW storage tank reaches "Max charg abortion temp", DHW charging is aborted, but then ended by the electric immersion heater or the supplementary source. If, when DHW charging is started, the temperature at sensor B3 lies less than 1 °C below "Max charg abortion temp", charging is directly provided by the electric immersion heater or the supplementary producer.

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Function "Max charg abortion temp" is only available when both the DHW storage tank and the heat pump are controlled by the same controller.

#### Dynamic switching diff

In the event the maximum DHW charging temperature is less than the DHW storage tank setpoint minus the switching differential, the next charging request becomes active before the heat pump can be switched on as per the function "Max charg abortion temp" (line 5032).

Any available electric immersion heater DHW (K6) or supplementary generator would continue the charging.

The start to DHW charging can be delayed to first charge the storage tank with the heat pump. It can only take place if the storage tank actual value at B3 is at least 2 °C under the function "Max charg abortion temp".

#### Off

Charging at the present setpoint at B3 minus switching differential.

#### On

- Charging at the present setpoint at B3 minus the switching differential
- At the earliest, however, at "Max charg abortion temp" minus 2 °C
- i

The present switch-on point can be viewed in ACS in the Diagnostics menu in ACS: "**DHW switch-on point**" (ACS).

### **Discharging protection**

Line no.	Operating line
5040	Discharging protection
	Off   Always   Automatically
5041	Discharging prot sensor
	With B3   With B31

## Discharging protection

This function ensures that the DHW charging pump (Q3) is activated only when the temperature of the generator is sufficiently high.

The charging pump is only activated when the temperature of the heat source lies by half the charging boost above the DHW temperature. If, during the charging process, the temperature of the generator drops to a level below the DHW temperature plus 1/8 the charging boost, the charging pump is deactivated again. If 2 DHW sensors are parameterized for DHW charging, the lower temperature is considered for the "Discharging protection" function (usually sensor B31).

### Off

The function is deactivated.

#### **Always**

The function is always active.

### **Automatically**

The function is active only if the generator is not able to deliver heat, or is not available (fault, heat generation lock).

### Discharging prot sensor

If 2 DHW sensors are parameterized for DHW charging, the sensor intended for discharching protection can be selected via "Discharging prot sensor" (B3 or B31).

### Overtemperature protection

Line no.	Operating line
5050	Charging temp max

The DHW storage tank is charged by the solar collector until the set "Charging temp max" is reached.

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Function "Overtemperature protection for the collector" can reactivate the collector pump until the maximum storage tank temperature is reached.

**NOTE** 

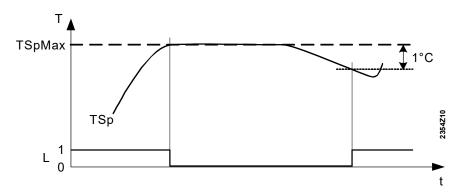
"Charging temp max" also applies to the "Legionella" function: "Charging temp max" must be set at least as high as the setpoint of the "Legionella" function plus switching differential.

## Overtemperature protection

Line no.	Operating line
5051	Storage tank temp max

Storage tank temp max

If the storage tank reaches the maximum set here, the collector pump is deactivated. It is released again when the storage tank temperature drops 1 Kelvin below "Storage tank temp max".



TSpMax TSp L Storage tank temp max, line 5051 Current storage tank temperature Storage tank charging: 1 = on, 0 = off

### Recooling

Line no.	Operating line
5055	Recooling temp
5056	Recooling heat gen/HCs
	Off   On
5057	Recooling collector
	Off   Summer   Always

Recooling temp

An activated "Recooling" function remains active until the set recooling temperature in the DHW storage tank is reached.

Recooling heat gen/HCs /consumer circuit

Surplus energy can be drawn off either by the heating circuits/consumer circuits or the generator. This can be selected separately for each heating circuit/consumer circuit (operating page "Heating circuit/Consumer circuit X ...").

Recooling collector

When the collector is cold, surplus energy can be emitted to the environment via the collector's surfaces

### Electric immersion heater

Line no.	Operating line
5060	El imm heater optg mode
	Substitute   Summer   Always   Cooling mode   Emergency operation
	Legionella function
5061	El immersion heater release
	24h/day   DHW release   Time program 4/DHW
5062	El immersion heater control
	External thermostat   DHW sensor
5066	El imm heater in legio funct
	According to operating mode   Alone

<b>⚠</b> WARNING	Electric immersion heaters must be fitted with a safety limit thermostat.					
NOTE	The DHW operating mode button $\stackrel{\longrightarrow}{\multimap}$ also acts on the electric immersion heater.					
	For the DHW to be heated, the DHW operating mode button must be pressed.					

## El imm heater optg mode

#### **Substitute**

The electric immersion heater provides DHW charging should the heat pump go to lockout, should it be off, or should DHW charging be aborted by the heat pump.

If the electric immersion heater needs to provide DHW charging because the heat pump was not able to end the charging process, the controller stores the DHW temperature at which the electric immersion heater took over via "Curr DHW charg temp HP" (line 7093).

Also, at the changeover point, the switch-on temperature is adapted. If the DHW temperature increases due to the electric immersion heater or some other generator (e.g. solar), the switch-on point also increases according to the slave pointer principle. The switch-on point increases to a maximum of current DHW setpoint minus switching differential. If the DHW temperature falls below the switch-on point, the heat pump is put into operation.

#### Summer

When all heating circuits have switched to summer operation, the electric immersion heater ensures DHW charging from the next day. This means that the heat pump remains deactivated during summer operation.

DHW heating via the heat pump is resumed only when at least one of the heating circuits has switched to heating mode.

In heating mode, the electric immersion heater is operated as described under setting "Substitute".

## **Always**

DHW charging is always effected by the electric immersion heater.

When using this setting, an electric immersion heater **must** be available. There will be no DHW charging by the heat pump!

#### Cooling mode

DHW charging is effected by the electric immersion heater when the producers operate in cooling mode.

Also, when using this setting, the electric immersion heater is released under the conditions mentioned under "Substitute".

### **Emergency operation**

The electric immersion heater is used only when emergency operation is selected on the controller.

## Legionella function

The electric immersion heater is only used when the DHW storage tank must be heated up to the legionella setpoint and the generators are not able to end the charging process ("Heat pump" function).

The electric immersion heater is also released in the event the heat pump has gone to lockout.

For all settings, following applies:

- If the electrical utility lock for the electric immersion heater is active, the heater remains locked for all applications.
- The electric immersion heater is used for the "Storage tank frost protection" function, irrespective of the parameterized operating mode.

The table below shows the changeover to the electric immersion heater:

Event	El imm heater optg mode							
	Substitute	Summer	Always	Cooling mode	Legionella function	Emergency operation		
Electrical utility lock active	No release							
High-tariff active		No release						
Wood-fired boiler, "Eco"	With frost protection.							
function or transfer active								
Generator, end of charging	Every request				With legionella	No release		
Cooling mode active	With frost protection.			Every request	No	release		
Source locked, fault		No release						
Summer operation	No release Every request No release					·		
Emergency operation		Every request						

El immersion heater release

### 24h/day

The electric immersion heater is always released, independent of time programs.

#### **DHW** release

The electric immersion heater is switched on/off according to setting "Release" (line 1620).

## Time program 4/DHW

The electric immersion heater is released according to the setting made on operating page "Time program 4/DHW" of the local controller.

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The release is effected only if the electric immersion heater may be operated according to setting "EI imm heater optg mode" (line 5060).

El immersion heater control

In the case of DHW heating with electric immersion heater, the storage tank temperature can be monitored either with an external thermostat in the heater or the controller's inbuilt sensors.

## Control with external thermostat

The controller releases constantly DHW heating with the electric immersion heater within the release period, regardless of the storage tank temperature. The controller's current DHW setpoint has no impact.

The required storage tank temperature must be adjusted on the external thermostat. The manual push cannot be activated. The "Legionella" function is deactivated.

#### Control with DHW sensor

The controller releases constantly DHW heating with the electric immersion heater within the release period, regardless of the storage tank temperature. The controller's current DHW setpoint is maintained.

The manual push can be activated. When the "Legionella" function is activated, charging to the legionella setpoint takes place.

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To ensure that setpoint compensation operates as required, the external thermostat must be set to the minimum storage temperature.

# El imm heater in legio funct

The electric immersion heater DHW K6 can be used alone for the legionella function.

### According to operating mode

The electric immersion heater DHW is enabled as per the settings at parameter "El imm heater optg mode" (line 5060).

### Alone

The electric immersion heater is released immediately for active legionella function. No other generator is released for the legionella function.

### DHW push

Line no.	Operating line
5070	Automatic push
	Off¦On
5071	Charging prio time push

### **Automatic push**

The DHW push can be triggered either manually or automatically. As a result, the DHW is charged once until the nominal setpoint is reached.

### Off

No automatic push.

#### On

If the DHW temperature falls by more than two switching differentials (line 5024) below the reduced setpoint (line 1612), one-time charging to the nominal DHW setpoint (line 1610) is effected again.



The automatic DHW push works only when the DHW heating is activated.

Notes on manual push

- An operator unit initiates a manual DHW push.
- A triggered manual push is cancelled by switching the operating mode to Eco or OFF.

### Charging prio time push

With a DHW push, the DHW storage tank is charged with absolute priority for the set period of time.

### Configuration

Line no.	Operating line
5085	Excess heat draw
	Off ¦ On

### Excess heat draw

Excess heat draw can be triggered by the following functions:

- Inputs Hx.
- Storage tank recooling.
- · Excess heat draw by the solid fuel boiler.

When dissipation of excess heat is activated, it can be discharged to the DHW storage tank.

### Plant hydraulics

Line no.	Operating line
5090	With buffer
	No ¦Yes
5092	With prim contr/system pump
	No ¦Yes
5093	With solar integration
	No ¦ Yes

With buffer

If a buffer storage tank is installed, enter whether the DHW storage tank can draw heat from it.

With prim contr/system pump

It must be selected whether the DHW storage tank shall be charged via the primary controller or the system pump.

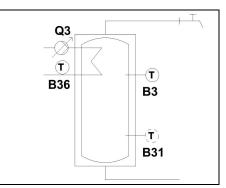
With solar integration

It must be selected whether the DHW storage tank can be charged by solar energy.

### Speed-controlled pumps, controlled mixing valve

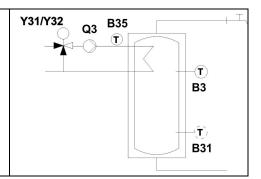
Heat exchanger in the storage tank and sensor B36 in the return.

The controller calculates the charging pump speed such that the return temperature acquired by sensor B36 is 2 Kelvin above the storage tank temperature (B3).



Heat exchanger outside the storage tank, with primary controller.

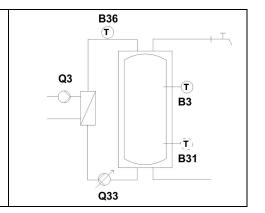
The controller calculates the charging pump speed such that the DHW setpoint plus charging boost at sensor B35 is achieved.



Heat exchanger outside the DHW storage tank and sensor B36 in the flow.

The controller calculates the speed of the speed-controlled pump such that the charging temperature at sensor B36 exceeds the DHW setpoint by "Intermediate circuit boost" (line 5140, and partial diagrams 22 and 23).

If the sensor fails, Q33 delivers the parameterized maximum speed.



Heat exchanger outside the storage tank, with primary controller.

### Without B36

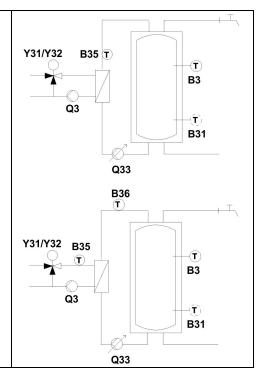
The controller calculates the speed of the speed-controlled pump such that the charging temperature at sensor B35 exceeds the DHW setpoint by "Intermediate circuit boost" (line 5140). In this case, primary controller sensor B35 must be located in the intermediate circuit.

### With B36

If B36 is connected as well, B35 must be positioned as the primary controller sensor. The controller calculates the speed of charging pump Q3 such that the temperature acquired by sensor B35 represents the DHW setpoint plus charging boost.

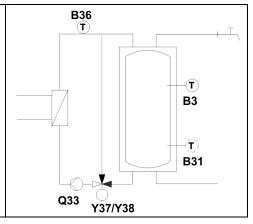
The controller calculates the speed of intermediate circuit pump Q33 such that the charging temperature at sensor B36 exceeds the DHW setpoint by "Intermediate circuit boost" (line 5140).

If the sensor fails, Q33 delivers the parameterized maximum speed.



Heat exchanger outside the storage tank, with intermediate circuit mixing valve.

The controller controls the mixing valve such that the charging temperature at sensor B36 exceeds the DHW setpoint by "Intermediate circuit boost" (line 5140). If the current DHW charging temperature at B36 is lower than the required setpoint plus intermediate circuit boost, the mixing valve is closed until the temperature at sensor B36 reaches the required level.



Acting direction of speedcontrolled pumps

#### Q3

- Charging temperature (B35/B36) below setpoint: Speed is increased
- Charging temperature (B35/B36) above setpoint: Speed is reduced

### **Q33**

- Charging temperature (B35/B36) below setpoint: Speed is reduced
- Charging temperature (B35/B36) above setpoint: Speed is increased

Line no.	Operating line
5101	Pump speed min
5102	Pump speed max

### Pump speed min/max

The speed range of the DHW pump is limited by the minimum and maximum permissible speed.

To ensure that the pump operates reliably on startup, it is operated at maximum speed for the first 10 seconds.

Line no.	Operating line
5103	Speed Xp
5104	Speed Tn
5105	Speed Tv
5108	Starting speed charg pump
5109	St speed interm circ pump

### Pump speed; parameter

Parameters can be set to define a minimum and maximum pump speed. The PID controller's control action can be influenced by parameters Xp, Tn, and Tv. The controller operates with a neutral zone of +/-1 Kelvin. The resulting speed is output via the configured speed output (ZX4 or DC 0...10 V).

# Parameters Xp, Tn, and Tv

By setting the right proportional band Xp, integral action time Tn, and the derivative action time Tv, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp, Tn and Tv can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

### Starting speed charg pump, St speed interm circ pump

When the plant is put into operation, the respective pump is started with the starting speed set here before being driven to the speed level demanded by speed control.

### Precontrol of mixing valve

Line no.	Operating line
5120	Mixing valve boost
5124	Actuator running time
5125	Mixing valve Xp
5126	Mixing valve Tn

Mixing valve boost

To ensure proper mixing valve flow temperature control, the flow temperature must be higher than the demanded setpoint of the mixing valve flow temperature. The set value is added to the request.

Actuator running time

Setting the valve running time.

Parameters Xp and TnBy setting the right proportional band Xp and integral action time Tn, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Parameters Xp and Tn

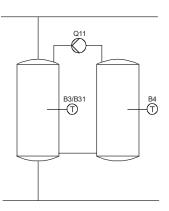
By setting the right proportional band Xp and integral action time Tn, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp and Tn can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

Line no.	Operating line
5130	Transfer strategy
	Off ¦ Always ¦ DHW release
5131	Comparison temp transfer
	With B3 ¦ With B31 ¦ With B3 and B31

### Transfer strategy



If the temperature level of the buffer storage tank is high enough, the DHW storage tank can be charged by the buffer storage tank.

Depending on the hydraulic circuit, the transfer of heat can be effected either with charging pump Q3 or transfer pump Q11, which is specifically parameterized for this function.

When DHW heating is deactivated, the transfer of heat is switched off as well.

The following transfer strategies are available:

### Off

The transfer of heat is deactivated.

### **Always**

When DHW heating is activated, the buffer storage tank always charges the DHW storage tank until the nominal setpoint is reached. If the "Legionella" function is activated and due, the heat is transferred until the legionella setpoint is reached.

#### **DHW** release

When DHW heating is activated, the buffer storage tank always charges the DHW storage tank until the current setpoint according to the DHW release times is reached (line 1620). If the "Legionella" function is activated and due, the heat is transferred until the legionella setpoint is reached.

- For charging with Q3 from the buffer storage tank, function "With buffer" (line 5090) needs to be activated (setting "Yes").
  - If Q3 was parameterized as a diverting valve (line 5731), or a specific transfer pump Q11 is installed, Q3 is not used for the transfer of heat.
- In the case of a manual DHW push during heat transfer, normal DHW charging to the nominal DHW setpoint is triggered.

If the buffer storage tank satisfies this temperature request as well (buffer storage tank temperature > nominal setpoint + charging boost), the transfer of heat remains active and the generator will not be put into operation.

Heat transfer with combi storage tank

If a specific transfer pump Q11 is installed, the transfer of heat is also effected when using a combi storage tank.

If only Q3 is used and heat transfer is in progress, the controller waits until the DHW section is heated up again by the surrounding storage tank; during this period of time, neither the generator nor Q3 is put into operation.

If this waiting time is not desired, the "Transfer" function must be deactivated.

# Comparison temp transfer

For the transfer of heat, the desired DHW sensor can be selected to get a comparative temperature.

#### With B3

Heat transfer is effected when the temperature at sensor B3 lies at least 1 Kelvin below the current transfer setpoint and the temperature at buffer storage tank sensor B4 exceeds the temperature at sensor B3 by at least the amount of the transfer boost.

i

If sensor B3 is not installed, there will be no transfer of heat.

Charging by the generator and simultaneous heat transfer are not possible.

### With B31

Heat transfer is effected when the temperature at sensor B31 lies at least 1 Kelvin below the current transfer setpoint and the temperature at buffer storage tank sensor B4 exceeds the temperature at sensor B31 by at least the amount of the transfer boost.

i

If B31 is not installed, sensor B3 is used for the transfer of heat.

Charging by the generator and simultaneous transfer of heat are possible, provided the transfer is effected via the separate transfer pump Q11.

### With B3 and B31

Both sensors B3 and B31 are considered for the transfer of heat.

Heat transfer is effected when the temperature at sensor B3 lies at least 1 Kelvin below the current transfer setpoint and the temperature at buffer storage tank sensor B4 exceeds the temperature at sensor B3 by at least the amount of the transfer boost.

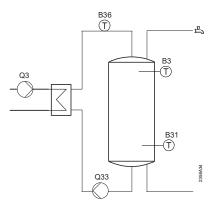
The transfer of heat is ended when the temperature at sensor B31 reaches the current transfer setpoint.



If B31 is not installed, sensor B3 is used for the transfer of heat.

Charging by the generator and simultaneous heat transfer are not possible.

Line no.	Operating line
5140	Intermediate circuit boost



Intermediate circuit boost

For charging, the flow temperature in the intermediate circuit (B36) needs to exceed the required DHW setpoint by the value set here because the heat exchanger is not able to transfer all energy.

The set value is added to the request.

# Flow temperature setpoint compensation

Line no.	Operating line
5142	Flow setp compensation delay
5143	Flow setp compensation Xp
5144	Flow setp compensation Tn
5145	Flow setp compensation Tv

Flow temperature setpoint compensation

Setpoint compensation adapts the heat request such that the intermediate circuit temperature at B36 reaches its setpoint (storage tank temperature setpoint plus intermediate circuit boost).

If the intermediate circuit temperature is too low, the request to the generator is increased.

The maximum increase of the setpoint is limited to half the setpoint boost (line 5020).

If the intermediate circuit temperature is too high, the request to the generator is reduced. The minimum temperature level to which the request to the generator can be reduced is the storage tank temperature setpoint.

Setpoint compensation can be switched on and off via parameter "Flow setp compensation delay" (line 5142) (off or value between 0...60 seconds).

Setpoint compensation with speed-controlled pump Q33

If, in addition to setpoint compensation, speed control of pump Q33 is active, the setpoint is increased only when speed control reached the allowed minimum and the temperature at B36 still lies below the setpoint.

Also, the request for heat is reduced only when speed control reaches the allowed maximum and the temperature at sensor B36 is still too high.

If the request had to be updated, the pump runs at the minimum or maximum speed.

This function is performed automatically and cannot be deactivated.

# Flow setp compensation delay

After switching on the intermediate circuit pump, short-time temperature fluctuations in the intermediate and primary circuit can occur.

These are ignored, due to the delay of setpoint compensation.

Setpoint compensation is released when intermediate circuit pump Q33 runs for at least the time set here.

Operation of pump Q33 is started with the setpoint plus charging boost.

# Flow setp compensation Xp /Tv/Tv

The PID controller's control action can be influenced by parameters Xp, Tn, and Tv. The controller operates with a neutral zone of +/- 1 Kelvin.

The resulting speed is delivered via the speed output selected according to the configuration (triac ZX4 or DC 0...10 V).

# Parameters Xp, Tn and Tv

By setting the right proportional band Xp, the integral action time Tn, and the derivative action time Tv the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp, Tn and Tv can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

Line no.	Operating line
5146	Full charging with B36
	No ¦ Yes

### Full charging with B36

To fully charge the DHW storage tank, DHW charging sensor B36 can be used in place of sensor B31.

The charging process is completed when sensor B36 reaches the required temperature (DHW setpoint **plus** line 5140 **plus** 3 Kelvin) and, at the same time, sensor B3 reaches the required setpoint.

When starting DHW storage tank charging, the intermediate circuit sensor is considered only if the intermediate circuit pump has been in operation for at least 30 seconds.

Line no.	Operating line
5147	Min overrun time Q33
5148	Min start temp diff Q33

### Min overrun time Q33

For the intermediate circuit pump, a minimum overrun time can be set. The time starts to lapse as soon as the request for heat to the generator drops.

The intermediate circuit pump always runs 10 seconds longer than charging pump Q3.

Using this parameter, it can be made certain that intermediate circuit pump Q33 always overruns for a minimum period of time.

# Q33 and discharging protection

If "Discharging protection" (line 5040) is parameterized, it must be performed for intermediate circuit pump Q33 to start.



When discharging protection is complied with, DHW charging pump Q3 is in operation or, with diverting valve Q3, the charging temperature reached the discharging protection level.

### Min start temp diff Q33

Another condition for intermediate circuit pump Q33 to start can be a parameterized minimum temperature differential of storage setpoint and generator temperature (B21, B10, B35, B15).

This function ensures that when starting intermediate circuit pump Q33, no cold water will reach the upper section of the stratification storage tank.

Special cases with regard to the minimum temperature differential:

- "Charging request" (line 5007) = "With B3", "Min start temp diff Q33" of storage tank sensor (B3) and generator temperature applies.
- "Charging request" (line 5007) = "With B31", "Min start temp diff Q33" of storage tank sensor (B31) and generator temperature applies.
- Intermediate circuit pump Q33 is activated independently of the set temperature differential when the generator temperature approaches from below the flow temperature setpoint demanded by the generator by less than 2 Kelvin (line 8951). This ensures activation of the intermediate circuit pump in the different charging modes.

# Intermediate circuit controller

Line no.	Operating line
5156	Int circuit actuator run time
5157	Int circuit mixing valve Xp
5158	Int circuit mixing valve Tn
5159	Use int circuit mixing valve
	Always   Only hi-temp charging

The charging temperature can be controlled with the help of a mixing valve installed in the intermediate circuit. For that, a mixing group or an extension module must be parameterized as "DHW interm circuit controller".

### Mixing valve settings

If the charging temperature in the intermediate circuit is controlled with a mixing valve, its "Int circuit actuator run time" as well as P- and I-action of PI control can be set (see below).



If an immediate circuit controller and a speed-controlled intermediate circuit pump are installed, the speed of intermediate circuit pump Q33 is increased only after the mixing valve has fully opened.

# Int circuit actuator run time

Setting the running time for the actuator used with the mixing valve.

### Parameters Xp and Tn

By setting the right proportional band Xp and integral action time Tn, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp and Tn can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

# Use int circuit mixing valve

For high-temperature charging of the heat pump, the use of the intermediate circuit mixing valve can be specifically adapted. For more detailed information about high-temperature charging, refer to parameter 5170 ff.

### Behavior with hightemperature charging

When using high-temperature charging of the heat pump and parameter 5159, "Use int circuit mixing valve", with setting "Only hi-temp charging", following applies:

- In the case of normal DHW charging, the intermediate circuit pump operates at maximum speed.
- The mixing valve is only controlled in connection with high-temperature charging.

With normal DHW charging, the mixing valve is fully opened.

### Mixing pump Q35/restratification

The mixing pump can be used either as a mixing pump in connection with the "Legionella" function or as a restratification pump.

Line no.	Operating line	
5160	Legionella funct mixing pump	
	Off   With charging   With charging and duration	
5165	Restratification	
	No   Yes	
5166	Restrat temp min	
5167	Restrat temp diff min	
5169	Functions Q35 with Q33	
	No¦Yes	

Legionella funct mixing pump

#### Off

With setting "Off", the mixing pump is not used when the "Legionella" function is active.

### With charging

Mixing pump Q35 is put into operation while the "Legionella" function is active.

### With charging and duration

Mixing pump Q35 is put into operation while the "Legionella" function is active and during the time that follows (line 1646).

Restratification

The "Restratification" function can be activated/deactivated.

#### No

There will be no restratification with the mixing pump.

Nevertheless, restratification can be activated during the time the "Legionella" function is active.

### Yes

The "Restratification" function compares the 2 DHW storage tank sensors B3 and B31.

Restrat temp min

For the "Restratification" function to be performed, storage tank sensor B31 at the bottom must have reached the set level.

Restrat temp diff min

When the temperature at sensor B31 at the bottom of the storage tank exceeds the temperature at sensor B3 at the top by more than the adjustable restratification temperature differential (line 5167), mixing pump Q35 is put into operation. The switching differential is 2 Kelvin.

### Functions Q35 with Q33

The function for Q35 can be fulfilled with the intermediate circuit pump Q33 if the mixing pump Q35 is not available.

### No

Q33 is only used as the intermediate circuit pump.

#### Yes

Q33 is used as an intermediate circuit pump and also assumes the tasks of the mixing pump Q35 in accordance to settings on lines 5160, 5165, 5166, and 5167. The following are differences to a separate mixing pump Q35:

- The intermediate circuit pump is only started once the start conditions are met during DHW charging using a generator to the legionella level.
- On a variable speed controlled intermediate circuit pump Q33, the minimum speed is outputted during the linger period for legionella function as well as restratifications.

### High-temperature charging with heat pump

With high-temperature charging, an extra hot-gas heat exchanger integrated in the heat pump is used to extract at a high temperature level part of the produced heat. This way, high DHW temperatures can be reached with good efficiency .

# High-temperature and normal charging

With high-temperature charging, the DHW storage tank is charged **along** with normal heating or cooling mode (not on request).

High-temperature charging runs along with heating or cooling mode, provided this is permitted by the plant's operating state.

If the storage tank temperature, the time program, etc., call for storage tank charging, normal DHW charging is started.



High-temperature charging has no impact on charging by the generator as described in this document. With normal DHW charging, following applies:

- High-temperature charging will be interrupted.
- The controlling elements (pump and mixing valve) are controlled based on the logic of normal DHW charging.

# Configuration and makeup

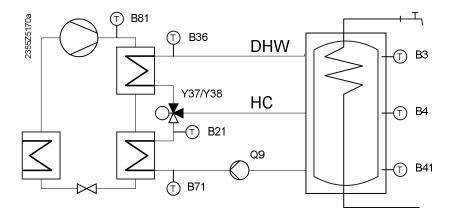
To control high-temperature charging, a "DHW interm circuit controller" or a speed-controlled "DHW interm circ pump Q33" is required.

Normally, a DHW intermediate circuit is used to make a separation between system and DHW. In the case of the hot-gas heat exchanger, this is not a mandatory requirement as shown by the plant examples illustrated below.

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The electric immersion heater can also be installed in the flow of the hot-gas heat exchanger. The position is selected via parameter 5805, "Location el imm heater flow".

# Plant diagram 1: Mixing valve

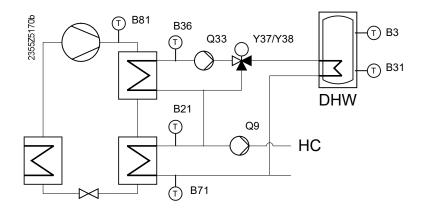


This type of plant requires a mixing group.

 $\mathbf{i}$ 

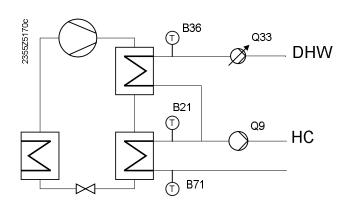
The associated pump relay can no longer be used.

Plant diagram 2: Mixing circuit



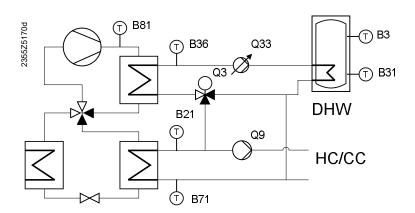
A pump and a mixing valve are required. Benefit of this solution: There is always circulation around sensor B36.

Plant diagram 3: Speed-controlled pump



Only an extra pump is required, but it must be speed-controlled.

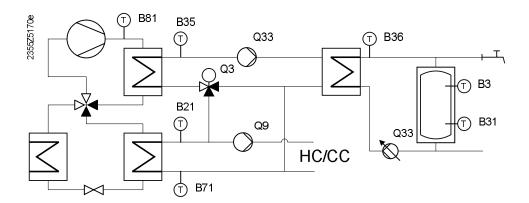
Plant diagram 4: Usage in active cooling mode also



This solution represents an extension of plant diagram 2: High-temperature charging is also possible in active cooling mode.

The same extension is also possible with plant diagram 3.

Plant diagram 5: With explicit DHW intermediate circuit



If, in addition, sensor B35 is installed, the speed-controlled pump can be activated with a delay.

i Physically speaking, Q33 in the plant diagram are 2 pumps which, logically, are configured as the same "Pump Q33".

> Here, the relay output is already energized while speed control still remains deactivated. Speed-controlled intermediate circuit pump Q33 is activated only when the temperature at B35 is high enough.

### **High-temperature** charging

Line no.	Operating line	
5170	Hi-temp charging	
	Off   Own source, heating mode   Own source heat/cool mode   All sources,	
	heating mode	

### Activating high-temperature charging

Parameter "Hi-temp charging" is used to activate the function and, at the same time, the configuration is adapted to the different types of usage resulting from the system hydraulics.

### Off

No high-temperature charging

### Own source, heating mode (Plant diagrams 1...3)

High-temperature charging is only effected by (own) heat pump. High-temperature charging in heating mode is possible. Heat pump and DHW storage tank are connected to the same controller.

### Own source heat/cool mode (plant diagrams 4 and 5)

High-temperature charging is only effected by (own) heat pump. High-temperature charging is possible in heating, cooling and defrost mode. Heat pump and DHW storage tank are connected to the same controller.

### All sources, heating mode

High-temperature charging is effected by all installed generators.

i DHW storage tank and heat pump can be connected to separate controllers. The same criterion applies to generator cascades: Several controllers are used.

In the case of separate controllers or a cascade, following applies:

- The function can only be used in heating mode (not in cooling mode).
- No consideration can be given to the hot-gas temperature (see parameter 5173).

### Setpoint(s) with hightemperature charging

Fixed setpoint

Line no.	Operating line
5171	Hi-temp charging setpoint

For high-temperature charging, a separate setpoint can be parameterized.

In this case, high-temperature charging charges the DHW storage tank to the set value: The charging setpoint at B36 is the "Hi-temp charging setpoint" plus "Intermediate circuit boost" (line 5140).

High-temperature charging is effected only when the set charging setpoint at B36 is reached.

Automatic generation of setpoint

Line no.	Operating line
5172	Hi-temp min ch diff flow

Charging setpoint, basic

If no specific setpoint for high-temperature charging is parameterized (Hi-temp charging setpoint = "- - -"), the nominal DHW setpoint (line 1610) plus "Intermediate circuit boost" (line 5140) is **basically** used as the charging setpoint for high-temperature charging.

Additional criteria

But depending on the plant's operating state (storage tank temperature B3/B31, hot-gas temperature B81, flow temperature B21), the charging temperature may also be higher or lower. In addition, the following 2 criteria apply:

- The charging setpoint must always be higher than the heat pump's flow temperature (B21). Otherwise, in the case of plants without Q3, this may lead to undesired normal charging. For this reason, a downward limitation of the charging setpoint at flow temperature (B21) plus "Hi-temp min ch diff flow" is made.
- To prevent mixing or even discharging of the DHW storage tank, the charging setpoint must not be lower than the current storage tank temperature. If 2 storage tank sensors are installed, parameter "Discharging prot sensor" (line 5041) can be used to select the sensor to be considered.

Storage tank setpoint

The storage tank setpoint used for high-temperature charging is the nominal DHW setpoint (line 1610), and "Legionella funct setpoint" (line 1645) when the "Legionella" function is activated.

When the temperature at storage tank sensor B3 reaches the setpoint, high-temperature charging is ended. This prevents the storage tank from exceeding a certain temperature level.

- Solar integration
- "Discharging prot sensor" (line 5041) = "B3"

i

In the case of a combi storage tank, high-temperature charging is also continued when the setpoint is reached. When the DHW section of the storage tank is fully charged, the hot water is fed to the tank's heating section.

# Start behavior with high-temperature charging

Start kick

Line no.	Operating line	
ACS	DHW high-temp charging, duration start kick	
5173	Hi-temp min ch diff hot-gas	

Depending on the type of plant (e.g. plant diagram 1), there is no circulation around control sensor B36 when the mixing valve is fully closed.

Or intermediate circuit pump Q33 is not allowed to run continuously run when the setpoint is not reached (plant diagram 3).

If, in addition, there is no hot-gas sensor, there is no criterion for the mixing valve to open or for the pump to switch on. In this case, the start kick enables high-temperature charging to start correctly.

After a delay time of 2 minutes upon the compressor's activation, the pump for "DHW high-temp charging, duration start kick" (ACS) is switched on and the mixing valve opens by 5%. If the setpoint is not reached after this period of time, the mixing valve is closed and the pump is switched off again.

A new start kick is made as soon as the temperature differential of the generator's current flow and the storage tank has dropped by 5 Kelvin.

Without start kick, with charging temperature

If the start kick is deactivated ("DHW HighT dur kick"= - - -), high-temperature charging is started as soon as the charging temperature is high enough.

In this case, it must be made certain that the temperature at charging sensor B36 reaches the required level automatically.

Impact of hot-gas temperature

The hot-gas temperature of the heat pump is the hottest point in this system and determines the maximum charging temperature in the current operating state. If hot-gas sensor B81 is installed, its information is used to start and stop high-temperature charging.

High-temperature charging is released as soon as the hot-gas temperature lies by at least "Hi-temp min ch diff hot-gas" (ACS) above "Hi-temp charging setpoint" (line 5171). High-temperature charging is locked as soon as the hot-gas temperature lies by less than half "Hi-temp min ch diff hot-gas" (ACS) below "Hi-temp charging setpoint" (line 5171).

In the case of 2-stage heat pumps with 2 hot-gas sensors, the higher value is used.



- The use of a hot-gas sensor (B81) is not mandatory, but recommended.
- If DHW and the heat pump are connected to different controllers, or in the case
  of high-temperature charging with several generators ("Hi-temp charging"
  (BZ 5170) = "All sources, heating mode"), the hot-gas temperature is not taken
  into consideration.

### **DHW** heat pump

This function releases an autonomous DHW heat pump for charging the DHW storage tank and frost protection for the DHW heat pump.

The additional and autonomous DHW heat pump obtains its energy from the return of a heating/cooling circuit.

Line no.	Operating line		
5177	DHW HP off time min		
5178	DHW HP source temp min		
5179	DHW HP source pump		
	None   Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2   Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6   Heat circuit		
	pump HC3 Q20   Condenser pump Q9   Cooling circ pump CC1 Q24		
	Cooling circ pump CC2 Q28		

#### Enable

Prerequisites for activating the function:

- A "Common return sensor B73" is connected and configured.
- A release relay for the DHW heat pump ("DHW heat pump K33") is connected and configured.
- Parameter 5179 "DHW HP source pump" has been used to determine which of the installed pumps shall be the source pump for the DHW heat pump.
- Setting "None" (source pump) is possible too. In that case, the source pump is controlled by the DHW heat pump itself.

### Control

If DHW charging is required, the source pump of the DHW heat pump is activated and the DHW heat pump is released (K33 = on).



- The DHW heat pump cannot send a heat request to the RVS61 controller.
- From the perspective of the RVS61 controller, the DHW heat pump behaves like an electric immersion heater with regard to switching program, setpoints and operating state.

# Frost protection for the return

If the return temperature (B73) drops below "DHW HP source temp min" (line 5178), the DHW heat pump is locked (K33 = off). The DHW source pump remains activated. This means:

- Circulation around the return sensor (B73) is maintained.
- As soon as the DHW heat pump extracts no more energy, the return temperature rises again.

If the return temperature drops further, the consumer associated with the source pump of the DH heat pump (e.g. heating circuit 1) sends a frost protection request to the generator, thus ensuring frost protection.



If the return temperature signal is missing or if its value is invalid, the source pump of the DHW heat pump and the DHW heat pump itself are shut down.

### Minimum off time

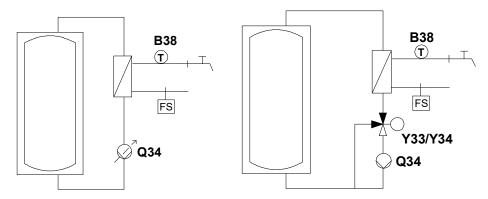
If the DHW heat pump and/or the source pump of the DHW heat pump are switched off by the RVS61 controller or are locked by a protection function, they will be released again only when "DHW HP off time min" (line 5177) has elapsed.

### 6.18 Instantaneous water heater

### Summary

The controller supports DHW heating via an external heat exchanger. In that case, the heat is delivered by the buffer, DHW or combi storage tank.

A speed-controlled pump (left) or pump with mixing valve (right) are used to supply heat to the instantaneous water heater, depending on demand:



When the DHW flow switch (FS) detects flow, sensor B38 provides control to the nominal setpoint (line 1610).

When the flow switch detects no more flow, pump Q34 is deactivated.

### Configuration

Speed-controlled (left)

When using a speed-controlled pump without mixing valve (left), the outputs and inputs need to be configured individually:

- Pump Q34 is configured to a multifunctional ZX or Ux output
- Water outlet sensor B38 is to be configured to a multifunctional Bx input
- The DHW flow switch (FS) is to be configured to a multifunctional input Hx

Mixing valve (right)

When using a mixing valve and a pump with a fixed speed (right), 2 configuration choices are available:

- "Function mixing group 1" (line 6014) is configured as "Instantaneous water heater"
- Function extension module 1...3 (line 7300, 7375 or 7450) is configured as "Instantaneous water heater"

In that case, pump Q34, mixing valve Y33/Y34, water outlet sensor B38 and the DHW flow switch (FS) are assigned to fixed inputs and outputs.

For assignment tables, refer to parameters 6014, 6455 and 7300, 7375 and 7450.

### Control with storage tank

Line no.	Operating line
5406	Min setp diff to tank temp
5407	Storage tank setpoint incr

Min setp diff to tank temp

The maximum DHW tap temperature setpoint controlled is the current storage tank temperature minus the adjustable setpoint differential. The function can be switched off with setting "- - -".

Storage tank setpoint incr

Charging of the storage tank is effected such that the nominal setpoint will be exceeded by an adjustable differential ("Storage tank setpoint incr"), thus ensuring that the DHW temperature will not drop below the parameterized setpoint.

i

"Storage tank setpoint incr" should be parameterized **above** the setpoint differential (line 5406).

# Speed-controlled pump

Line no.	Operating line
5530	Pump speed min
5531	Pump speed max
5532	Speed Xp
5533	Speed Tn
5534	Speed Tv

Pump speed min

The minimum permissible speed limits the permissible speed range of the instantaneous heater pump at the bottom.

Pump speed max

The maximum speed for the pump of the instantaneous water heater can be set.

The highest pump speeds can be locked.

The speed of the pump for the instantaneous water heater can be controlled.

Parameters Xp, Tn and Tv

By setting the right proportional band Xp, the integral action time Tn, and the derivative action time Tv the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled system).

Xp, Tn and Tv can be determined using common methods, e.g. the step response method depicted in Section "Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method".

Brochure BT\_0098\_EN provides additional notes on control technology in buildings.

### Control of mixing valve

Line no.	Operating line
5544	Actuator running time
5545	Mixing valve Xp
5546	Mixing valve Tn
5547	Mixing valve Tv

Setting the running time of the actuator used with the mixing valve for the instantaneous water heater.

Parameters Xp, Tn,

and Tv

By setting the right proportional band Xp, integral action time Tn, and derivative action time Tv, the control action can be matched to the type of plant (controlled

system).

Mixing valve Xp See parameter 5532.

Mixing valve Tn See parameter 5533.

Mixing valve Tv See parameter 5534.

### 6.19 General functions

### **Delta-T-controller**

Line no.		Operating line
5570	5580	Temp diff on dT contr 1, 2
5571	5581	Temp diff off dT contr 1, 2
5572	5582	On temp min dT contr 1, 2
5573	5583	Sensor 1 dT controller 1, 2  None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor B6   DHW sensor B31   DHW circulation sensor B39   Swimming pool sensor B13   Collector sensor 2 B61   Buffer sensor B42   Common flow sensor B10   Cascade return sensor B70   Special temp sensor 1   Special temp sensor 2   DHW sensor B3   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71   Outside sensor B9   Source inlet sensor B91   Source outl sens B92/B84   Room sensor B5   Room sensor B52   Room sensor B53   Flue gas temp sensor B8   Solid fuel boiler sensor B22   Solid fuel boil ret sens B72   Primary contr sensor B15
5574	5584	Sensor 2 dT controller 1, 2  None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor B6   DHW sensor B31   DHW circulation sensor B39   Swimming pool sensor B13   Collector sensor 2 B61   Buffer sensor B42   Common flow sensor B10   Cascade return sensor B70   Special temp sensor 1   Special temp sensor 2   DHW sensor B3   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71   Outside sensor B9   Source inlet sensor B91   Source outl sens B92/B84   Room sensor B5   Room sensor B52   Room sensor B53   Flue gas temp sensor B8   Solid fuel boiler sensor B22   Solid fuel boil ret sens B72   Primary contr sensor B15
5575	5585	On time min dT contr 1, 2

The "Delta-T-controller" function offers 3 choices:

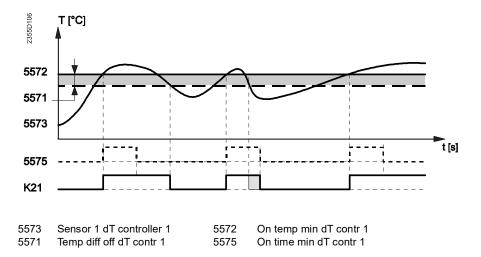
- Monitoring of maximum temperature limit crossings
- Monitoring of minimum temperature limit crossings
- Differential temperature controller

Two delta-T-controllers are available which can be independently configured and used.

The following graphs and explanations use the operating lines of delta-T-controller 1 as an example (parameters 5570...5575). All interrelationships apply analogously to delta-T-controller 2 (parameters 5580...5585).

# Exceeding the temperature limit

This function can be used to compare a freely selectable temperature value with an adjustable limit value. "Sensor value 2" (line 5574) must be deactivated ("None"). Here, the relay is energized when the temperature exceeds the limit value.



Relay energized

Relay K21 is energized when the following condition is satisfied:

• "Sensor value 1" (line 5573) exceeds "On temp min dT contr 1" (line 5572)

Relay deenergized

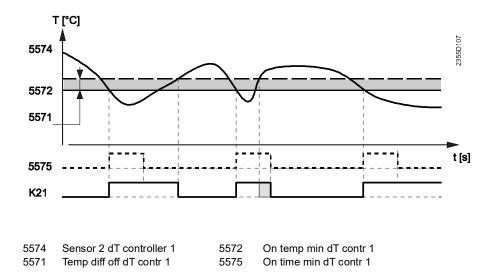
Relay K21 is deenergized when the following condition is satisfied:

• "Sensor value 1" (line 5573) drops below "On temp min dT contr 1" (line 5572) by more than "Temp diff off dT contr 1" (line 5571)

If "On time min dT contr 1" (line 5575) is parameterized, the relay will not be deenergized before this time has elapsed.

# Falling below the temperature limit

This function can be used to compare a freely selectable temperature value with an adjustable limit value. "Sensor value 1" (line 5573) must be deactivated ("None"). Here, the relay is energized when the temperature falls below the limit value.



Relay energized

Relay K21 is energized when the following condition is satisfied:

• "Sensor value 2" (line 5574) falls below "On temp min dT contr 1" (line 5572)

Relay deenergized

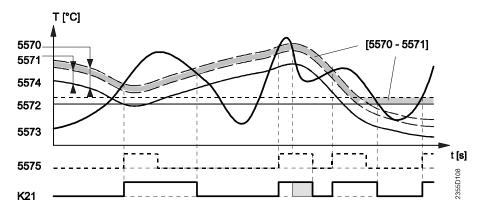
Relay K21 is deenergized when the following condition is satisfied:

• "Sensor value 2" (line 5574) exceeds "On temp min dT contr 1" (line 5572) by more than "Temp diff off dT contr 1" (line 5571)

If "On time min dT contr 1" (line 5575) is parameterized, the relay will not be deenergized before this time has elapsed.

# Differential temperature controller

This function can be used to compare 2 freely selectable temperature values. At the same time, an absolute minimum value is monitored.



5573	Sensor 1 dT controller 1	5571	Temp diff off dT contr 1
5574	Sensor 2 dT controller 1	5572	On temp min dT contr 1
5570	Temp diff on dT contr 1	5575	On time min dT contr 1

### Relay energized

Relay K21 is energized when the following condition is satisfied:

- "Sensor value 1" (line 5573) exceeds "Sensor value 2" (line 5574) by more than "Temp diff on dT contr 1" (line 5570), **and**
- "Sensor value 1" (line 5573) exceeds "On temp min dT contr 1" (line 5572) by more than ["Temp diff on dT contr 1" minus "Temp diff off dT contr 1"] (5570 minus 5571).

Note: Compare the last switch-on point in the graph.

### Relay deenergized

Relay K21 is deenergized when the following condition is satisfied:

- "Sensor value 1" (line 5573) approaches "Sensor value 2" (line 5574) from above by more than "Temp diff off dT contr 1" (line 5571), **or**
- "Sensor value 1" (line 5573) falls below "On temp min dT contr 1" (line 5572). Note: Compare the last switch-off point in the graph.

If "On time min dT contr 1" (line 5575) is parameterized, the relay will not be deenergized before this time has elapsed.

Line no.		Operating line
5577	5587	Pump/valve kick K21, K22 Off   On

# Pump/valve kick K21, K22

For relays K21 and K22, it can be selected whether they shall be included in the "Pump/valve kick" function ("On" per default).

For description of the "Pump/valve kick" function, refer to chapter 6.28.

Line no.		Operating line
5578	5588	Off temp max dT contr 1 und 2

# Off temp max dT contr 1 and 2

For the Delta T controller, in addition to:

- Temp diff on dT contr 1, 2,
- Temp diff off dT contr 1, 2
- On temp min dT contr 1, 2 for sensor value1

a maximum permitted value for sensor 2 can also be configured.

As soon as sensor value 2 is warmer than the set value, relay K21 or K22 is switched off.

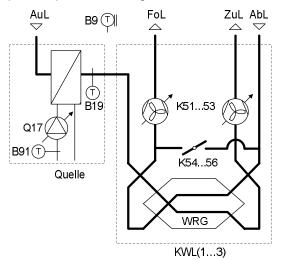
The switching differential for switching on again is fixed at 2K.

# Outside air temperature control

Outside temperature control via a water-air heat exchanger is possible if a brine or water source is available.

The outside air is preheated or precooled via the heat exchanger prior to the inlet.

Preheating protects against icing of heat recovery in winter, while precooling permits passive cooling is summer.



AuL	Outside air
FoL	Extract air
ZuL	Supply air (room)
AbL	Exhaust air (room)
V	Fan 1 / 2 (K51/K52/K53)
BP	Bypass damper (K54/K55/K56)

WRG Heat recovery

KWL1...3 Controlled apartment vent.

B9 Outside temp. sensor

B19 Outside air filter

B91 Source inlet filter

Q17 Pump outside temp. cont.

### Requirements

The following temperature sensors required for full functionality:

- Outside temperature sensor B9
- Outside air sensor B19 (value for B9 is used if unavailable)
- Source inlet sensor B91
   (as an operation to prevent cooling if the source is too warm)
- Room temperature sensor

Line no.	Operating line
L1L3	
ACS	Outside air temp control
	Off   Summer only   Winter only   Summer and Winter
ACS	Outside air temp control below outside temp
ACS	Outside air temp control, temp diff
ACS	Outside air temp control, on time min
ACS	Outside air temp control, off time min

Out side air temp control

### Off

Outside air temperature control is switched off.

### In summer only

Outside air temperature control only occurs during summer operation.

The warm outside air is precooled through the brine-air heat exchanger, enabling passive cooling. This reduces energy demand for any active cooling.

Precooling of outside air is locked if a heat circuit demands heat.

Precooling of outside air is activated if the room temperature and the temperate at the outside air sensor B19 is above the comfort setpoint (ACS).

It is switched off if the outside temperature B9 and all room temperatures in all zones is below the comfort setpoint (ACS).

### In winter only

Outside air temperature control only occurs in winter operation.

The outside air is preheated through the brine-air heat exchanger and prevents formation of ice in heat recover when outside temperature are too low.

As soon as the outside temperature B9 and the temperature at the outside air sensor B19 are located below the switching setpoint (outside air temper' under TA), preheating of outside air is activated.

It is switched off if both temperatures exceed the switching setpoint and the outside temperature has changed by at least 0.5 K.

#### Summer and winter

Outside air temperature control occurs throughout the entire year.

In summer, the outside air is precooled; in winter preheated.

Outside air temper' below TA

Outside air temperature control is enabled and locked in winter based on this switching setpoint. The setting should be a few degrees lower than the temperature at source inlet sensor B91.

Outside air temper' Temp'difference In winter mode (preheating), the temperature at source inlet sensor B91 must at a minimum be higher by the temperature difference entered here than the temperature at outside air sensor B19.

Outside air temper' on time min.

The activated outside air temperature control and thus pump Q17 remain on for at least the period entered here.

Outside air temper' pause min.

The function can only be reenabled after the period entered here after canceling.

### Air dehumidifier

Line no.	Operating line
5600	Air dehumidifier
	Off¦On
5602	Air dehumidifier r.h. on
5603	Air dehumidifier r.h. SD
5606	Release air dehumidifier
	24h/day ¦ Time program HC ¦ Time program 5
5608	Acquisition rel air humidity
	None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 module 2
	With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2
	With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22
	module 2   With input H22 module 3   With input H3

An external air dehumidifier is to be connected as follows:

- Configure one of the Qx relays as "Air dehumidifier K29".
- Set one of the inputs Hx to "Humidity measurement 10V".
- Set "Acquisition rel air humidity" (line 5608) to this input Hx.

Air dehumidifier

Parameter "Air dehumidifier" switches the external air dehumidifier on and off.

Off

Off.

#### On

According to parameter "Release air dehumidifier".

Release air dehumidifier

#### 24h/day

The air dehumidifier is released 24 hours a day.

#### Time program HC

The air dehumidifier is released according to "Time prog heating/cooling 1".

### Time program 5

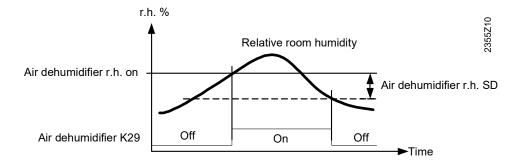
The air dehumidifier is released according to "Time program 5".

Air dehumidifier r.h. on

If the relative humidity acquired via the input Hx exceeds the setpoint adjusted here, the air dehumidifier is switched on.

Air dehumidifier r.h. SD

If the relative humidity falls by the switching differential set here below "Air dehumidifier r.h. on", the air dehumidifier is switched off again.



Acquisition rel air humidity

The relative humidity is acquired via one of the inputs Hx using setting "Humidity measurement 10V".

"Acquisition rel air humidity" must refer to this input Hx.

## 6.20 Configuration

#### **Procedure**

First, make use of the preselection and enter the plant diagram that comes closest to the plant in question. Then, modify manually the individual partial diagrams to match them to your requirements.

Select the extra functions only then and make the fine-tuning via the operating lines of the individual parameters.

### **Presetting**

Line no.	Operating line
5700	Presetting
ACS	Plant diagram selection validity
	Changed   Unchanged

### Presetting

The diagrams in chapter "Plant diagrams" can be preselected by entering a diagram number. The plant diagram is the result of presetting plus the connected sensors.

For more information about the selection of plant diagrams, refer to chapter "Application diagrams".

### Manual setting / adaption of partial diagrams

A plant diagram is made up of several partial diagrams.

The partial diagrams needed can be used to manually produce the required final plant diagram.

It is also possible to adapt partial diagrams of a plant diagram that were generated via "Presetting" (line 5700).

A separate catalog with partial diagrams contains the partial diagrams implemented in the controller (classified according to groups). Also listed in the catalog are the required operating lines which must be set to produce the respective partial diagrams, plus the sensors required for the relevant partial diagram.

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On operating lines 6212...6217, it can be checked whether the adjustments led to the right partial diagram. The check number shown there must accord with the relevant components group.

Plant diagram selection validity (ACS)

Display if the plant diagram selected with parameter 5700 was subsequently changed ("Changed") or not ("Unchanged").

### Heating circuits/cooling circuits

Line no.			Operating line
1	2	3	
5710	5715	5721	Heating circuit 1, 2, 3
			Off ¦ On
5711	5716	5722	Cooling circuit 1, 2, 3
			Off   4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling
5712	5717	5723	Use of mixing valve 1, 2, 3
			None   Heating   Cooling   Heating and cooling

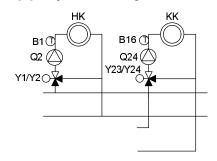
### Heating circuit 1, 2, 3 Using this setting, heating circuit 1/2/3 can be switched on and off.

### Cooling circuit 1, 2, 3

### Off

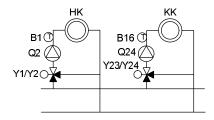
Cooling circuit 1/2/3 is switched off.

### 4-pipe system cooling



Cooling and heating circuit draw their cooling energy/heat from separate common flows.

### 2-pipe system cooling

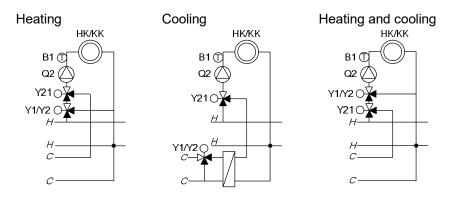


Cooling and heating circuit draw their cooling energy/heat from the same common flow.

# Use of mixing valve 1, 2, 3

The parameter is active under 2 conditions:

- Only with a 4-pipe system.
- If a relay output Qx is used as a diverting valve Y21 for cooling.



HC Heating circuit
KK Cooling circuit
H Common heating flow
C Common cooling flow

### **DHW**

Selection	Operating line
5728	DHW storage tank
	Off¦On
5731	DHW ctrl elem Q3
	No charging request   Charging pump   Diverting valve
5734	Basic position DHW div valve
	Last request   Heating circuit   DHW

### DHW storage tank

The parameter switches on and off the partial diagram DHW storage tank.

### Off

The partial diagram DHW storage tank is switched off. The DHW menu and the DHW operating mode button are hidden. All DHW sensors are no longer monitored (B3, B31, B35, B36, B39).

#### On

The partial diagram DHW storage tank becomes active, if the required sensors and actuators are available. All configured functions for the DHW storage tank are activated.

### DHW ctrl elem Q3

### No charging request

No DHW charging via Q3.

### **Charging pump**

DHW charging is effected with a pump connected to terminal Q3.

### Diverting valve

DHW charging is effected with a diverting valve connected to terminal Q3.

# Basic position DHW div valve

Defines the basic position of the diverting valve (Q3) in the waiting state:

### Last request

The diverting valve maintains the position assumed last.

### **Heating circuit**

When there is no request for heat, the diverting valve assumes the "Heating circuit" position.

### **DHW**

When there is no request for heat, the diverting valve assumes the "DHW" position.



The function acts only if "DHW ctrl elem Q3" is configured as "Diverting valve".

### Separate DHW circuit

Line no.	Operating line
5736	DHW separate circuit

In the case of multiboiler plants (cascades), one of the boilers can temporarily be used for DHW charging only. When DHW charging is activated, that boiler disconnects itself hydraulically from the system by means of the so-called separate circuit and is not available for space heating during that period of time.

On completion of DHW charging, the boiler is again available for space heating, which means that it informs the cascade about it.

#### Off

The separate DHW circuit is off. Every available generator can charge the DHW storage tank.

#### On

The separate DHW circuit is on. DHW charging takes place solely by the generator selected for it.

# Electric immersion heater

Selection	Operating line
5740	Output el imm heater K6

Defines the output of the electric immersion heater installed in the DHW storage tank.

The output entered is used for calculating the yearly performance factor.

Selection	Operating line
5742	Restart lock pump Q34
	Off¦On

### Restart lock pump Q34

Per default, pump Q34 of the instantaneous water heater is exempted from the restart lock (line 6123) (short response time).

This parameter can be used to include the pump.

Selection	Operating line
5743	Cooling during DHW charging
	Off¦On

# Cooling during DHW charging

Without "Div valve cooling flow Y29", cooling via the common cooling flow (1) is locked during DHW charging.

With "Div valve cooling flow Y29", the behavior during DHW charging can be selected:

### • Off:

Cooling via the common consumer cooling flow (1) is locked during DHW charging.

### • On:

Cooling via the common consumer cooling flow (1) is permitted during DHW charging.

Consumer circuits 1 and 2 can be used to operate as heating or cooling circuits (e.g. for a warm air curtain or cooling chamber).

The consumer circuit is activated when the demand signal (contact or DC 0...10 V) is parameterized at one of the Hx inputs **and** usage of the consumer circuit is selected. Usage of a pump is optional.

Line no.		Operating line
VK1	VK2	
	4	
5750	5751	Consumer circuit 1, 2

#### Off

The consumer circuit is off.

### Heating

The respective consumer circuit is used for heating purposes only.

### 4-pipe system cooling

The respective consumer circuit draws its cooling energy from the common cooling flow

### 2-pipe system cooling

The respective consumer circuit draws its cooling energy from the common heating flow.

### **Swimming pool**

Line no.	Operating line
5752	Swimming pool
	Off¦On

The parameter switches on and off the swimming pool partial diagram.

### Off

The swimming pool partial diagram is switched off. The swimming pool menu is hidden. The swimming pool sensor B13 is no longer monitored.

#### On

The swimming pool partial diagram becomes active if the required sensors and actuators are available. All configured functions for the swimming pool become active.

### Heat pumps, cooling

# Active and passive cooling

With heat pumps supporting both passive and active cooling, the controller switches automatically from passive to active cooling, and vice versa.

i Simultaneous active and passive cooling is not possible.

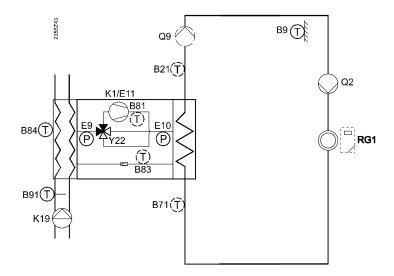
As long as the temperature acquired by the source inlet sensor (B91) lies below the cooling request, cooling is passive. If the source inlet temperature exceeds the cooling request, the controller switches to active cooling.

if no source inlet sensor (B91) is installed, the source outlet sensor (B92) is used as the changeover criterion.

### **Active cooling**

With active cooling, the heat pump operates as a refrigeration machine by reversing the process in the summer. A heat pump with a 4-way valve (Y22) is required for reversing the process.

### Plant example

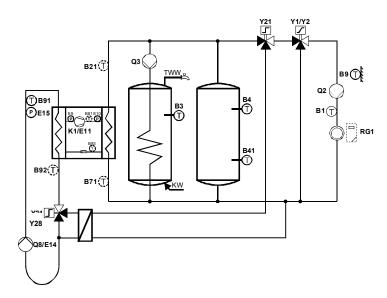


### **Passive cooling**

In the case of passive cooling, cooling is effected by letting the cold water circulate through the system without putting a refrigeration source into operation. For that, the heat pump's source pump and the cooling circuit are switched on.

With air-water heat pumps passive cooling is only possible with a source intermediate circuit.

### Plant example



### Parameterizing cooling

Line no.	Operating line
5807	Refrigeration
	Off   Active and passive cooling   Active cooling   Passive cooling
5808	Cooling system
	4-pipe system cooling   2-pipe system cooling

### Refrigeration

The setting defines the way the heat pump produces refrigeration.

#### Of

No generation of refrigeration.

### Active and passive cooling

Refrigeration is produced actively or passively.

### **Active cooling**

Refrigeration is always produced actively (process reversal).

### Passive cooling

Refrigeration is always produced actively (source).

### Cooling system

The setting defines the common flow over which the cooling energy reaches the consumer.

### 4-pipe system cooling

Cooling takes place via the separate common cooling flow (common flow 2). If a DHW request is pending, it is satisfied by the heat pump via the common heating/cooling flow. If there is a refrigeration request pending at the same time, it can simultaneously be satisfied via the common cooling flow.

### 2-pipe system cooling

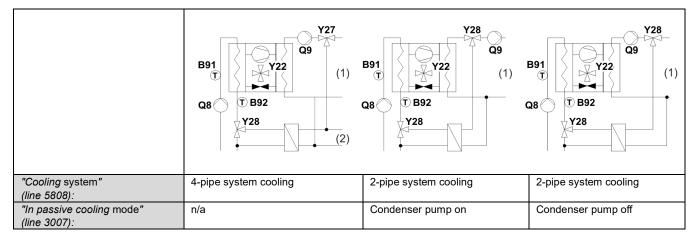
Cooling takes place via the common heating/cooling flow (common flow 1). If a DHW request is pending, it is satisfied by the heat pump via the common heating/cooling flow. If, at the same time, there is a refrigeration request pending, it cannot be satisfied.

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If passive cooling is effected via the common heating/cooling flow, parameter "In passive cooling mode" (line 3007) can be used to define whether condenser pump Q9 shall be switched on or off.

The following cooling choices are provided:

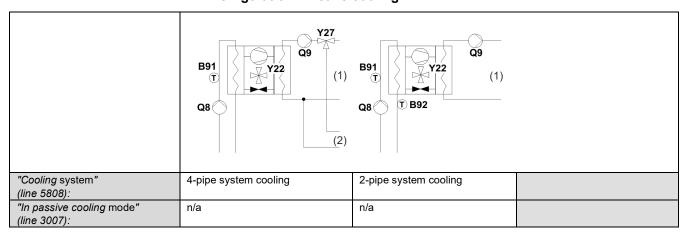
### 1. Refrigeration: "Active and passive cooling"



### The functions of the common flows are then as follows:

Common flow (1)	Heating	Heating/active or passive	Heating/active or passive
		cooling	cooling
Common flow (2)	Active or passive cooling	n/a	n/a

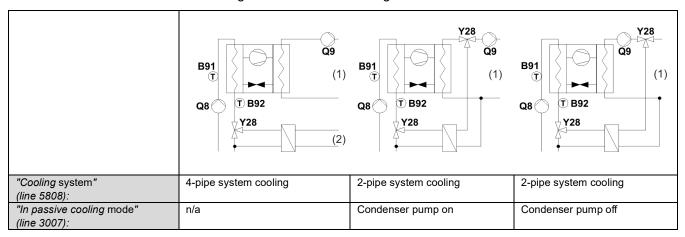
# 2. Refrigeration: "Active cooling"



#### The functions of the common flows are then as follows:

Common flow (1)	Heating	Heating/active cooling	
Common flow (2)	Active cooling	n/a	

# 3. Refrigeration: "Passive cooling"



#### The functions of the common flows are then as follows:

Common flow (1)	Heating	Heating/passive cooling	Heating/passive cooling
Common flow (2)	Passive cooling	n/a	n/a

# General configuration rules

For changeover of the refrigeration flow, the 2 valves Y27 and Y28 are available.
 Configuration of these outputs is optional; if omitted, there will be no configuration error.

Y27: Switches in active cooling mode

Y28: Switches in passive cooling mode

- For active cooling, process reversing valve Y22 must be installed and configured. If that is not the case, a configuration error will be reported.
- The cooling energy consumers must be set to the same type of cooling system (2-pipe or 4-pipe) as the heat pump.

# Cooling with hydraulic changeover

Heat pumps without built-in process reversing valve in the refrigeration circuit can also be used for passive and active cooling by implementing hydraulic changeover outside the heat pump unit (see parameter 2941).

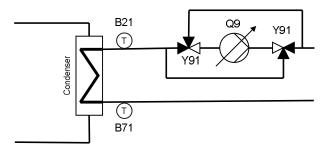
# Reversal of direction of flow

In active cooling mode, process reversal causes the direction of flow of the refrigerant through the heat exchanger to change.

To enable the heat exchanger to continue its operation with the more efficient counterflow, the direction of flow on the consumer side can be reversed as well.

If a buffer storage tank is integrated, a positive side-effect is that, when in cooling mode, the buffer storage tank is correctly charged from below.

The following hydraulic diagram shows one possibility how reversal of the direction of flow can be implemented.



If reversal of the direction of flow is accomplished with a "Cond reversing valve Y91", following applies:

• "Cond reversing valve Y91" is activated as soon as the heat pump operates in active cooling mode.

#### **Heat pump**

Line no.	Operating line
5800	Heat source
	Brine   Water   Air   Externally brine   Externally water   Externally air
5803	Device address ext source
5804	Source prot sens brine HP

#### Heat source

Selecting the generator used by the heat pump.

This selection defines the number and types of sensors required and matches functionality to the respective type of heat pump.

#### Brine

When using geothermal energy, for example.

#### Water

When using ground, lake or river water, for example.

#### Air

When using air.

# Externally brine | Externally water | Externally air

When using a generator with external control. The external heat pump can be controlled via the X75 outputs.

The connection of heat pump sensors to the RVS... controller is optional. Sensors connected to the controller are used and the associated functions are enabled.

# Device address ext source

Within a cascade, all heat pumps may use the same source pump. The source intermediate circuit pump is excluded from this.

But a common heat pump is only possible within the same cascade. The function supports both heat and refrigeration generators.

# Selection

The LPB address of the heat pump to which the source pump is connected is to be entered in "Device address ext source".



In addition, the own generator (line 5800) must be switched off or must be set to "Externally brine" or "Externally water". "Externally Air" cannot be selected, since defrost is not available for selection.

# Configuration errors

If, by mistake, reference is made to a heat pump or own source pump, a configuration error appears ("499:External source missing").

# Source prot sens brine HP

This selection defines whether the source inlet sensor (B91) or the source outlet sensor (B92) is used for the source protection function.

Line no.	Operating line
5810	Differential HC at OT -10°C

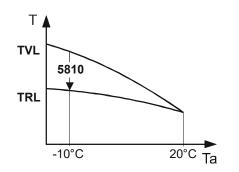
# Differential HC at OT - 10°C

For the heat pump to be controlled according to the return temperature setpoint, the latter needs to be determined first.

For that, the flow temperature setpoint (according to the heating curve) is reduced by the expected temperature differential across the condenser to be used as the return temperature setpoint.

The temperature differential at an outside temperature of -10 °C that is entered on this operating line is transformed to the current composite outside temperature.

At an outside temperature of -10 °C, the flow temperature setpoint is reduced by the set value. At an outside temperature of 20 °C, there will be no more reduction.



TVL Flow temperature
TRL Return temperature
Ta Outside temperature

- i
- Important: Instead of entering the correct temperature differential at -10 °C, it is also possible to enter "0" as the temperature differential. In that case, the heating curve must be set for the return temperature setpoint. But this choice only exists for plant without mixing heating circuit.
- Parameter 5810 is only active if there is no buffer storage tank.
- In cooling mode, the parameter has no impact. In the case of control to the return temperature, the cooling curve must be set based on the return temperature setpoint.

# Electric immersion heater and heat pump

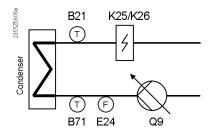
Selection	Operating line
5805	Location el imm heater flow
	After flow sensor B21   Before flow sensor B21   Flow desuperheater
5806	Type el imm heater flow
	None   3-stage   2-stage excluding   2-stage complementary   1-stage
5811	Output el imm heater K25
5813	Output el imm heater K26

Location el imm heater flow

To be able to ensure control and monitoring of the heat pump, parameter "Location el imm heater flow" is to be used to inform the controller about the location of the electric immersion heater.

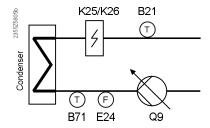
#### After flow sensor B21

The electric immersion heater is installed downstream from flow sensor B21. The electric immersion heater has no impact on the information provided by flow sensor B21. If possible, preference should be given to the following layout.



#### Before flow sensor B21

The electric immersion heater is installed upstream of flow sensor B21. Operation of the electric immersion heater has no impact on the information delivered by flow sensor B21.



i

With this layout, flow sensor B21 cannot and will not be used to monitor the heat pump (e.g. maximum switch-off temperature) when the electric immersion heater is on.

For this reason, this variant should be used only if – due to plant layout – the sensor cannot be installed between condenser and electric immersion heater.

# Overview enable/switching points for electric immersion heaters K25/K26

	9	Sensoi	rs	5810 <sup>1)</sup>		Control of elec. Immersion heaters K25/K26								
	B21	B71	B10		Fühler	Sollwert	Switching differential for Release integr electric flow (OL2882) and Reset integr electric flow (OL2883)	Location el imm heater flow (OL5805)	Switching differential for switching points					
No demand	No	No	No	Х	n/a	n/a	n/a	Х	n/a					
from storage tank	No	No	Yes	х	B10	TVw	±1°K	After flow sensor B21 Before flow sensor B21	±1°K Integral electrical					
	No	Yes	No	Х	B71	TRLw	±SD/2	х	±SD/2					
		No Yes	s Yes	= 0	B71	TRLw	±SD/2	x	±SD/2					
	No			> 0	D10	T) (	+1°K	After flow sensor B21	±1°K					
					B10	TVw		Before flow sensor B21	Integral electrical					
	Yes	No	.,	.,	B21	TVw	±1°K	After flow sensor B21	±1°K					
	res	NO	Х	Х	DZ I	IVW	±ικ	Before flow sensor B21	Integral electrical					
		Yes		= 0	B71	TRLw	±SD/2	х	±SD/2					
	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Х	> 0	B21	TVw	±1°K	After flow sensor B21	±1°K
				70	DZI	I V W	IIK	Before flow sensor B21	Integral electrical					
Demand from	No	No	No	Х	n/a	n/a	n/a	х	Ein					
storage tank2)	Yes			.,	,	B21	TVw	±1°K	After flow sensor B21	±1°K				
Ye		Х	х х	Х	DZ I	IVW	±ικ	Before flow sensor B21	Integral electrical					
	No	Yes	No	Х	B71	TRLw	±SD/2	Х	±SD/2					
	NI.		Yes		B10	TVw	±1°K	After flow sensor B21	±1°K					
	No	Х	168	Х	БЮ	I V W	IIV	Before flow sensor B21	Integral electrical					

<sup>1) &</sup>quot;Differential HC at OT -10°C" (OL5810)

TVw = Flow setpoint

TRLw = Return setpoint

SD = "Switching diff return temp" (OL2840)

Sensor states: yes (Sensor available), no (Sensor not available), x (no influence)

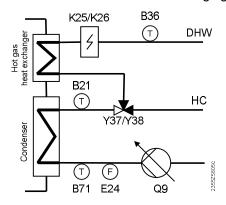
Parameter setting: x (no influence)

Result: n/a (not applicable)

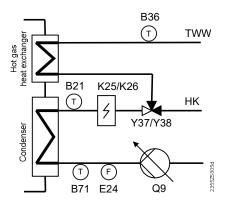
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Heat demand comes from the storage tank (DHW, heating circuit via buffer, forced charging)

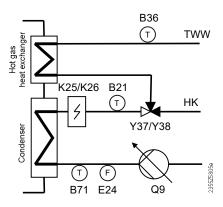
# Flow desuperheater

When using a hot-gas heat exchanger for DHW charging (see high-temperature charging, parameter 5170 ff.), it is possible to install the electric immersion heater in the flow of the hot-gas heat exchanger. In this case, the electric immersion heater can be used for DHW charging only.



Installation of the electric immersion heater in the flow of the hot-gas heat exchanger (configured with "Flow hot-gas heat exchanger") is possible, but not mandatory. The 2 first positions are possible too (see following layouts).





Type el imm heater flow

If both electric immersion heaters (K25/K26) are installed in the flow, "Type el imm heater flow" can be used to select how they shall be controlled.

#### None

No electric immersion heater available.

(On QX, can be configured as electric immersion heating, but cannot be connected).

#### 3-stage

Used when ...

- · the electric immersion heaters have different capacities,
- the electric immersion heaters may be operated simultaneously.

#### 2-stage excluding

Used when ...

- the electric immersion heaters have different capacities,
- the electric immersion heaters must not be operated simultaneously.

# 2-stage complementary

Used when ...

- · both electric immersion heaters have the same capacity,
- the electric immersion heaters may be operated simultaneously.

#### 1-stage

Only one electric immersion heating available.

stage, if only K25 is parameterized.

Must be connected to K25; K26 is switched off.

In the electric immersion heaters are of different capacity, the heater with the greater capacity must be connected to output K26.

Type el imm heater flow	3-stage				2-stage complementary		1-stage	
Output stage	K25	K26	K25	K26	K25	K26	K2 5	K26
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
2	0	1	0	1	1	1		
3	1	1	-		-	-		

With "2-stage excluding", both outputs (K25 and K26) are deactivated for 5 seconds when changing from one output stage to the next.

If only one electric immersion heater (K25) is parameterized, it is always considered 1-stage as long as the parameter setting is not set to "none". Even with a setting, for example, of "3-stage", the electric immersion heater is operated a 1-

Output el imm heater K25, K26

Defines the output of the electric immersion heaters installed in the heat pump's flow.

The output entered is used to calculate the yearly performance factor.

# Acquisition of pressure, acquisition of humidity

Line no.	Operating line
5822	Press acquisition evap H82  None   With input H1   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module 2   With input H22 module 3   With input H3
5823	Press acquisition cond H83  None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 module 2   With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module 2   With input H22 module 3   With input H3
5826	Press acquisition EVI H86 Same as 5822
5827	Hum acquis air inlet H91 Same as 5823

Press acquisition evap H82

Selection of input Hx to be used for acquiring the evaporation pressure for the superheat controller and for (minimum and maximum) pressure supervision.

Press acquisition cond H83 Press acquisition EVI

H86

Selection of Hx input to be used for acquiring the condensation pressure.

Selection of Hx input to be used for acquiring the evaporation pressure for vapor injection.

Hum acquis air inlet H91

Selection of input Hx to be used for acquiring the humidity at the air inlet.

# Solar

Line no.	Operating line
5840	Solar controlling element
	Charging pump   Diverting valve
5841	External solar exchanger
	Jointly   DHW storage tank   Buffer storage tank

#### Solar controlling element

In place of a collector pump and diverting valves for integrating the storage tanks, the solar plant can also be operated with charging pumps.

When using a diverting valve, the flow can only pass through one heat exchanger at a time. Only alternative operation is possible.

When using a charging pump, the flow can pass through all heat exchangers at the same time. Parallel or alternative operation is possible.

#### External solar exchanger

In the case of solar plants with 2 storage tanks, it must be selected whether the external heat exchanger shall be used for DHW and as a buffer storage tank, or for one of the two only.

# **Buffer storage tank**

Line no.	Operating line
5870	Combi storage tank
	No ¦Yes

#### No

If, hydraulically speaking, a combi storage tank is used, a partial diagram "Buffer" and partial diagram "DHW" become active in the device software. This means that with the combi storage tank, the functions are performed the same way as if buffer storage tank and DHW storage tank were separate.

#### Yes

The DHW request is always forwarded to the buffer storage tank, regardless of the setting for DHW storage tank with buffer storage tank. DHW pump Q3 is activated only when the temperature at buffer storage tank sensor B4 also lies under the DHW setpoint minus the switching differential.

During heat transfer, the DHW controlling element (Q3) is not switched on. The system allows a certain waiting time for the temperatures to level out.

# Electric immersion heater and buffer storage tank

Selection	Operating line
5872	Output el imm heater K16

Defines the output of electric immersion heater K16 installed in the buffer or combi storage tank. The output entered is used to calculate the yearly performance factor.

The use of relay outputs 1...5 and triac output ZX6 can be individually defined.

Line no.	Operating line
5890 5903	Relay output QX13, Triac output ZX4, QX513  None   Compressor 2 K2   Process revers valve Y22   Hot-gas temp K31   El imm heater 1 flow K25   El imm heater 2 flow K26   Div valve cool source Y28   System pump Q14   Cascade pump Q25   Heat gen shutoff valve Y4   El imm heater DHW K6   Circulating pump Q4   St tank transfer pump Q11   DHW interm circ pump Q33   DHW mixing pump Q35   Collector pump Q5   Collector pump 2 Q16   Solar pump ext exch K9   Solar ctrl elem buffer K8   Solar ctrl elem swi pool K18   El imm heater buffer K16   Cons circuit pump VK1 Q15   Cons circuit pump VK2 Q18   Swimming pool pump Q19   Heat circuit pump HC3 Q20   2nd pump speed HC1 Q21   2nd pump speed HC2 Q22   2nd pump speed HC3 Q23   Div valve HC/CC1 Y21   Air dehumidifier K29   Heat request K27   Refrigeration request K28   Alarm output K10   Time program 5 K13   Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2   DHW ctrl elem Q3   Source pump Q8/fan K19   Condenser pump Q9   Compressor stage 1 K1   Suppl source control K32   Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6   Instant WH ctrl elem Q34   Common flow valve Y13   Div valve HC/CC2 Y45   Div valve HC/CC3 Y46   Cooling circ pump CC1 Q24   Cooling circ pump CC2 Q28   Cooling circ pump CC3 Q29   Solid fuel boiler pump Q10   Flue gas relay K17   Assisted firing fan K30   Crankcase heater K40   Drip tray heater K41   Valve evaporator K81   Valve EVI K82   Valve injection capillary K83   dT controller 1 K21   dT controller 2 K22   Ventilation fan 1 K51   Ventilation fan 2 K52   Ventilation fan 3 K53   Ventilation bypass 1 K54   Ventilation bypass 2 K55   Ventilation bypass 3 K56   Outside air temp contr Q17   Source int circ pump Q81   Source int circ div Y81   DHW heat pump K33   System pump 2 Q44   Div valve cooling cond Y27   Div valve cooling flow Y29   Cond reversing valve Y91   Buffer reversing valve Y47   Status info heating K42   Status info cooling K43   Status info DHW charg K44   Heat/cool circ pump 1 Q2   Heat/cool circ pump 2 Q6   Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20   Status info generation K45   Fault info generat

# Relay outputs QX...None

The relay output is not assigned any function. The relay is deenergized.

# Compressor 2 K2

The signal is used to control a diverting valve.

# **Process revers valve Y22**

Control of process reversing valve Y22. The process reversing valve is required for changeover from heating to cooling mode and for the heat pump's "Defrost" function.

# Hot-gas temp K31

The relay is energized when a connected hot-gas temperature sensor (B81 or B82) exceeds "Setpoint hot-gas temp" (line 2849), and is deenergized when the temperature drops by one switching differential (line 2850) below the setpoint. The type of contact (line 2851) can be selected.

### El imm heater 1 flow K25

**MARNING** 

Electric immersion heaters must be fitted with a safety limit thermostat.

The relay is used to control an electric immersion heater installed in the flow (K25) or, in the case of a 2-stage electric immersion heater, to control the first stage.

# El imm heater 2 flow K26

**MARNING** 

Electric immersion heaters must be fitted with a safety limit thermostat.

The relay is used to control the second stage of an electric immersion heater installed in the flow (K26).

# Div valve cool source Y28

Control of optional diverting valve Y28 in the source circuit. For changeover to passive cooling.

#### System pump Q14

The connected pump serves as a system pump for supplying heat to other consumers.

The system pump is put into operation when one of consumers calls for heat. If there is no request for heat, the pump is deactivated followed by overrun.

#### Cascade pump Q25

Common pump for all generators in a cascade.

#### Heat gen shutoff valve Y4

If the buffer storage tank holds a sufficient amount of heat, the consumers can draw their heat from it (no need to put the heat sources into operation).

Automatic generation lock locks the generators and hydraulically disconnects them from the rest of the plant with the help of a diverting valve Y4.

This means that the heat consumers draw the energy they require from the buffer storage tank and wrong circulation through the generators is prevented.

#### El imm heater DHW K6



Electric immersion heaters must be fitted with a safety limit thermostat.

Using the connected electric immersion heater, the DHW can be charged according to "El imm heater optg mode" (line 5660) and "El immersion heater release" (line 5061).

| i |

"El imm heater optg mode" must be appropriately set.

#### (DHW) Circulating pump Q4

The connected pump serves as a DHW circulating pump. The time schedule for the circulating pump can be set and adjusted via "Circulating pump release" (line 1660). "Circulating pump cycling" (line 1661) and "Circulation setpoint" (line 1663) can be set.

#### St tank transfer pump Q11

If the temperature level of the buffer storage tank is high enough, the DHW storage tank can be charged by the buffer storage tank.

Depending on the hydraulic circuit, the transfer of heat can be effected either with charging pump Q3 or transfer pump Q11, which is specifically parameterized for this function.

The parameter settings for "Transfer strategy" (line 5130), "Comparison temp transfer" (line 5131) and "Transfer boost" (line 5021) apply to both plant configurations.

If a transfer pump Q11 is installed, charging pump Q3 is only used for recharging by the generator.

| i |

Heat transfer with Q11 is effected independently of function "With buffer" (line 5090).

| i |

If a combi storage tank is used (see line 5870) and a transfer pump Q11 is defined, the "Transfer" function is active as well.

### DHW interm circ pump Q33

Charging pump with DHW storage tank using an external heat exchanger.

# **DHW mixing pump Q35**

Separate pump for storage tank circulation during the time the "Legionella" function is active.

# Collector pump Q5

For control of the collector pump of the solar collector circuit.

# Collector pump 2 Q16

For control of the circulating pump of a second solar collector circuit.

# Solar pump ext exch K9

For the external heat exchanger, "Solar pump ext exch K9" must be selected at the multifunctional relay output (QX).

If both a DHW and a buffer storage tank are installed, "External solar exchanger" (line 5841) must be set as well.

#### Solar ctrl elem buffer K8

If several heat exchangers are used, the buffer storage tank must be set at the respective relay output and, in addition, the type of solar controlling element must be defined ("Solar controlling element", line 5840).

# Solar ctrl elem swi pool K18

If several heat exchangers are used, the swimming pool must be set at the respective relay output and, in addition, the type of solar controlling element needs to be defined ("Solar controlling element", line 5840).

#### El imm heater buffer K16



Electric immersion heaters must be fitted with a safety limit thermostat.

The relay is used for control of an electric immersion heater installed in the buffer storage tank.

#### Cons circuit pump VK1 Q15

Consumer circuit pump 1 can be used for an additional consumer.

Together with the respective external request for heat/cooling energy at input Hx, the application is suited for an air heating coil/air cooling coil, for instance.

# Cons circuit pump VK2 Q18

Consumer circuit pump 2 can be used for an additional consumer.

Together with the respective external request for heat/cooling energy at input Hx, the application is suited for an air heating coil/air cooling coil, for instance.

#### Swimming pool pump Q19

The connected pump is used for the swimming pool circuit. The respective heat request is made via one of the Hx inputs.

# Heat circuit pump HC3 Q20

The relay is used for the control of heating circuit pump 3.

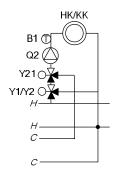
# 2nd pump speed HC1 Q21 /HC2 Q22/HC3 Q23

This function facilitates the control of a 2-speed heating circuit pump, allowing the pump's capacity to be lowered in "Reduced" mode (e.g. during night setback). In that case, after pump speed 1, pump speed 2 is switched on as follows:

1.Speed	2.Speed	Pump state
Output Q2/Q6/Q20	Output Q21/Q22/Q23	
Off	Off	Off
On	Off	Part load
On	On	Full load

#### Div valve HC/CC1 Y21 / HC/CC2 Y45 / HC/CC3 Y46

Control of the diverting valve for cooling. This necessitates a 4-pipe system. The diverting valve for cooling is required in the case of a jointly used heating and cooling flow for changeover from heating to cooling when the heat pump is used not only for heating but also and **simultaneously** for cooling.



# Example: 4-pipe system

#### Air dehumidifier K29

When room humidity rises, an external dehumidifier can be switched on. In this case, a humidity sensor must be connected to input Hx.

# **Heat request K27**

Release relay K27 is used together with control relay K32 for flow temperature control of the supplementary source (see lines 3690...3755).

#### Refrigeration request K28

Output K28 is activated whenever there is a request for refrigeration. This can be used to switch on an external refrigeration machine.

In the case of the device with address 1, a request for refrigeration from the system can also activate output K28. For that, on operating page "LPB system", "Refrigeration request" (line 6627) must be set to "Centrally".

#### Alarm output K10

If a fault occurs in the controller or the system, one of the alarm relays delivers a signal. The relevant contact makes with a delay (line 6612).

When the fault is corrected, that is, when the error message is no longer pending, the contact opens with no delay.



If the fault cannot immediately be rectified, it is still possible to reset the alarm relay. This is made via operating line 6710.

# Time program 5 K13

The relay switches any connected plant component at the points in time set in time program 5 (lines 601...616).

# Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2

The connected pump serves as a circulating pump for heating circuit 1.

#### DHW ctrl elem Q3

Depending on the hydraulic system in use, output Q3 serves for control of a connected DHW charging pump or diverting valve.

#### Source pump Q8/fan K19

Source pump for brine-to-water or water-to-water heat pumps. Fan for air-to-water heat pumps.

#### Condenser pump Q9

The relay is used to control the condenser pump.

# Compressor stage 1 K1

The relay is used for control of the first compressor stage.

#### Suppl source control K32

Control relay K32 is used together with release relay K32 for control of the supplementary source (see lines 3690...3755).

The control relay provides 2-position control of the supplementary source to the setpoint of the selected control sensor.

#### Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6

The connected pump serves as circulating pump for heating circuit 2.

#### Instant WH ctrl elem Q34

The connected pump serves as circulating pump for the instantaneous water heater.

#### Common flow valve Y13

Switches the heating circuit connection at the combi storage tank between top and middle.

# Cooling circ pump CC1 Q24/CC2 Q28 / CC3 Q29

The connected pump serves as a circulating pump for heating circuit 1/2.

# Solid fuel boiler pump Q10

Connection of a solid fuel boiler requires a circulating pump for the boiler circuit.

#### Crankcase heater K40

The relay is used for the crankcase heater of the compressor.

# Drip tray heater K41

The relay is used for the drip tray heater of the evaporator.

#### Valve evaporator K81

The relay is used for the magnetic valve of the superheat controller.

#### Valve EVI K82

The relay is used for the magnetic valve of vapor injection.

#### Valve injection capillary K83

The relay is used for the magnetic valve of saturated vapor injection.

#### dT controller 1 K21, K22

Relays K21 and K22 are used for the delta-T-controllers.

#### Ventilation fan for zone 1 / 2 / 3

The relay switches ventilation fan 1 / 2 / 3 (K51 / K52 / K53)

#### Ventilation bypass for zone 1 / 2 / 3

The relay switches ventilation bypass 1 / 2 / 3 (K54 / K55 / K56)

# Outside air temp contr Q17

The relay is used for outside air temperature cont Q17.

# Source int circ pump Q81

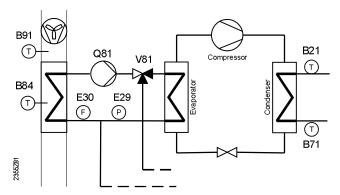
Circulating pump in the source intermediate circuit. Provides extra functionality in connection with:

- The defrost process with air-to-water heat pumps: When defrosting with the compressor (process reversal), Q81 remains activated while the fan (K19) is switched off.
- Brine-water and water-water heat pumps with common source pump Q8: Q81 is controlled individually by each HP.

#### Source int circ div Y81

Diverting valve in the source intermediate circuit. For plants using extraneous heat to defrost (see parameter 2955).

Y81 is activated during the defrost phase (see diagram below) where in the other cases defrosting is ensured by the compressor (process reversal).



Another application are plants that use both geothermal energy and air as a source. In this type plant, Y81 is used to disconnect the geothermal probe during the defrost process with the compressor (no diagram).

# DHW heat pump K33

For the control of an external DHW heat pump.

#### System pump 2 Q44

The connected pump serves as a system pump for the supply of cooling energy to other consumers in a 4-pipe system.

The system pump is put into operation when one of consumers calls for cooling energy. If there is no request for refrigeration, the pump is deactivated followed by overrun.

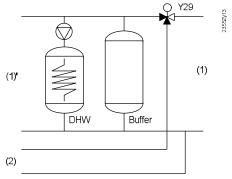
# Div valve cooling cond Y27

If the heat pump is configured for active cooling (process reversal), a 4-pipe system requires a "Div valve cooling cond Y27" to divert the cooling energy to common flow 2. The valve is switched on as soon as the heat pump switches to cooling mode, and is switched off again when there is a request for heat.

# Div valve cooling flow Y29

Common diverting valve of all cooling circuits between heating and cooling.

To switch over consumers with a 2-pipe cooling system to the common cooling flow (2) of the generators, a free relay for function "Div valve cooling flow Y29" must be configured.



(1) Common heating/cooling flow

(1)' Common heating flow

(2) Common cooling flow

Diverting valve Y29 is switched on when there is at least one valid refrigeration request on the consumer side (common heating and cooling flow) and when at least one valid refrigeration generator is able to supply cooling energy via the common cooling flow.



The diverting valve must be installed on the consumer side, upstream of the buffer storage tank and upstream of the DHW storage tank.

# Cond reversing valve Y91

Changes the direction of flow in cooling mode through the heat pump's condenser.

# **Buffer reversing valve Y47**

Switches over the connections of the buffer storage tank in cooling mode (top/bottom).

# Status info heating K42

Output of current operating state for heating mode (space heating), e.g. to an external energy allocation system.

# Status info cooling K43

Output of current operating state for cooling mode, e.g. to an external energy allocation system.

#### Status info DHW charg K44

Output of current operating state for DHW charging, e.g. to an external energy allocation system.

Heating circuit/cooling circuit pumps HC/CC 1 Q2, HC/CC2 Q6, HC/CC3 Q20

The connect pump is the heating circuit/cooling circuit pump for heating circuit/cooling circuit 1 / 2 / 3.

# Status info generation K45

Output of present operating message from the heat pump to K45.

Relay K45 is switched on, if the HP is operating (regardless of compress state).

# Fault info generation K46

Output of the present fault message from the heat pump to K46.

Relay K46 is switched on, if the HP has a fault.

Invalid settings

The following settings are invalid and do not provide any functions:

Flue gas relay K17, Assisted firing fan K30

# Function output ZX4-Mod

Line no.	Operating line
5909	Function output ZX4-Mod
	None   Source pump Q8/fan K19   DHW pump Q3   DHW interm circ pump
	Q33   Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2   Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6   Heat circuit
	pump HC3 Q20   Collector pump Q5   Solar pump ext exch K9   Solar pump
	buffer K8   Solar pump swi pool K18   Collector pump 2 Q16   Instant WH
	pump Q34   Solid fuel boiler pump Q10   Condenser pump Q9   Heat/cool
	circ pump 1 Q2   Heat/cool circ pump 2 Q6   Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20
	Compressor modulation   Ventilation fan 1 K51   Ventilation fan 2 K52
	Ventilation fan 3 K53

This setting determines the pump or fan to be modulated. Modulation is effected via triac control (full-wave control).

# CAUTION

Observance of the minimum and maximum loads according to the technical data is mandatory.

The settings made via parameter 5909 take priority over those made via parameter 5894.

# BX basic unit

Sensor input BX1, BX2, BX13, BX14  None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor B6   DHW sensor B31   Hot-gas sensor B82   Refrig sensor liquid B83   DHW charging sensor B36   DHW outlet sensor B38   DHW circulation sensor B39   Swimming pool sensor B13   Collector sensor 2 B61   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   Buffer
None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor B6   DHW sensor B31   Hot-gas sensor B82   Refrig sensor liquid B83   DHW charging sensor B36   DHW outlet sensor B38   DHW circulation sensor B39   Swimming pool sensor B13
DHW outlet sensor B38   DHW circulation sensor B39   Swimming pool sensor B13
, , ,
sensor B42   Common flow sensor B10   Cascade return sensor B70   Special temp sensor 1   Special temp sensor 2   DHW sensor B3   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71   Hot-gas sensor B81   Outside sensor B9   Source inlet sensor B91   Source outl sens B92/B84   Room sensor B5   Room setp readjustment 1   Room sensor B52   Room setp readjustment 2   Room sensor B53   Room setp readjustment 3   Flue gas temp sensor B8   Solid fuel boiler sensor B22   Solid fuel boil ret sens B72  Suction gas sensor B85   Suction gas sensor EVI B86   Evaporation sensor EVI B87   DHW prim contr sensor B35   Outside air sensor B19   Common flow sensor 2 B11   Common return sensor B73   Source int circ flow B93   Source int circ return B94   Suction gas sensor cool B88
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :

The settings for the sensor inputs determine the basic plant diagrams and extra functions. Refer to chapter "Application diagrams".

Line no.	Operating line
Line no. 5932 5941	Operating line  Sensor input BX312  None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B4   Collector sensor B6   DHW sensor B31   Hot-gas sensor B82   Refrig sensor liquid B83   DHW charging sensor B36   DHW outlet sensor B38   DHW circulation sensor B39   Swimming pool sensor B13   Collector sensor 2 B61   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   Buffer sensor B42   Common flow sensor B10   Cascade return sensor B70   Special temp sensor 1   Special temp sensor 2   DHW sensor B3   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71   Hot-gas sensor B81   Outside sensor B9   Room sensor B5   Room setp readjustment 1   Room sensor B52   Room setp readjustment 2   Room sensor B53   Room setp readjustment 3   Flue gas temp sensor B8   Solid fuel boiler sensor B22   Solid fuel boil ret sens B72   DHW prim contr sensor B35   Outside air sensor
	B19   Common flow sensor 2 B11   Common return sensor B73

The settings for the sensor inputs determine the basic plant diagrams and extra functions. Refer to chapter "Application diagrams".

The operating lines determine the function of input H1 or H3.

Line no.	Operating line				
5950	Function input H1				
5960	None   Op'mode change zones+DHW   Optg mode changeover DHW   Op'mode				
	changeover zones   Op'mode changeover zone 1   Op'mode changeover zone 2				
	Op'mode changeover zone 3   Error/alarm message   Consumer request VK1				
	Consumer request VK2   Release swi pool source heat   Release swi pool solar				
	Operating level DHW   Operating level HC1   Operating level HC2   Operating level				
	HC3   Room thermostat HC1   Room thermostat HC2   Room thermostat HC3   DHW				
	flow switch   Pulse count   Dewpoint monitor   Flow temp setp incr hygro   Swi-on				
	command HP stage 1   Swi-on command HP stage 2   Status info suppl source   Charge				
	prio DHW sol fuel boil   Ventilation switch 1   Ventilation switch 2   Ventilation switch 3				
	Flow measurement Hz   Consumer request VK1 10V   Consumer request VK2 10V				
	Pressure measurement 10V   Humidity measurement 10V   Room temp 10V   Flow				
	measurement 10V   Temp measurement 10V   Air quality measurement 10V				

#### Zones 1, 2, 3

# Changeover of operating mode (digital)

The current operating mode of the respective zone is changed to the setting made under "Operating mode changeover" (Protection, Reduced, Comfort, Automatic) when contact Hx closes.

For heating and cooling, the changeover is possible to one of the following operating modes: Protection, reduced, comfort, automatic.

For ventilation, changeover is possible to the following operating modes: Off, stage 1, stage 2, stage 3.

The settings are made on the following operating lines:

- Line 900 "Optg mode changeover" for heating circuit 1.
- Line 969 "Optg mode changeover" for cooling circuit 1.
- Line 995 "Optg mode changeover" for ventilation 1
- Line 1200 "Optg mode changeover" for heating circuit 2.
- Line 1269 "Optg mode changeover" for cooling circuit 2
- Line 1295 "Optg mode changeover" for ventilation 2
- Line 1500 "Optg mode changeover" for heating circuit 3.
- Line 1569 "Optg mode changeover" for cooling circuit 3
- Line 1595 OL 1295 "Optg mode changeover" for ventilation 3 line
- Line 1680 "Optg mode changeover" for DHW heating.

When the contact opens, the various consumers resume the operating mode initially selected.



The contact serves for remote control of the operating mode (e.g. via a remote telephone switch). When the contact is closed, local operation of the operating mode is locked.

The current operating mode of DHW charging changes to the setting made under "Optg mode changeover" (off, on) when contact Hx is closed. DHW charging is only changed when using setting "HCs+DHW" or "DHW". When DHW charging is deactivated, frost protection remains ensured.

# Error/alarm message (digital)

By closing input Hx, an external error message can be forwarded and displayed.

DHW

# Consumer request VK1 and VK2 (digital)

When input Hx closes, a consumer request (heating or cooling) is forwarded to the controller. The value of the request is set on operating line 1859 or 1909.



A voltage-proportional temperature request is made with settings "Consumer request VK1 10V" and "VK2 10V".

# Release swi pool source heat (digital)

When input Hx closes (e.g. via a manual switch), swimming pool heating is released. Heating is provided by the generator.

#### Release swi pool solar (digital)

When using **1** Hx input, solar swimming pool heating can be released from a remote location (e.g. via a manual switch).

When using **2** Hx inputs, the charging priority of swimming pool heating against the storage tanks can be defined (for function description, refer to "Charging priority solar", line 2065).

# **Operating level DHW**

When the contact closes, the operating level changes to "Nominal".

The settings can be used, for example, for control by an external time switch.

# Operating level HC1, HC2, HC3 (digital)

If the selected heating circuit operates in Automatic mode and the respective contact is closed, a change to the Reduced level is made.

The setting can be used to control the heating circuits via an external time switch, for instance.

#### Room thermostat HC1, HC2, HC3

A connected room thermostat sends the Hx input a signal "Demand" or "No demand".

If there is demand for heat in Comfort mode, the room thermostat forwards a heat request for the respective heating circuit to ensure control to the flow temperature setpoint selected under "Flow temp setpoint room stat" (line 742 for HC1, 1042 for HC2, and 1342 for HC3).

#### DHW flow switch (digital)

A DHW flow switch is connected to the respective input; it detects flow to the point of consumption.

This enables the controller to detect the start and end of DHW consumption.

#### Pulse count (pulse input)

Pulse count input for the connection of electricity, gas, heat or flow meters.



Parameter "Contact type Hx" has no meaning in terms of pulse counting.

# **Dewpoint monitor** (digital)

To detect the formation of condensation in the cooling circuit, a dewpoint monitor can be connected to input Hx.

If the dewpoint monitor trips, the cooling circuit is immediately switched off.

The cooling circuit is released when the dewpoint monitor becomes inactive and an adjustable locking time (line 946) has elapsed.

#### Flow temp setp incr hygro (digital)

To prevent the formation of condensation due to high indoor air humidity, a hygrostat can be connected to input Hx.

If the hygrostat trips, the flow temperature setpoint is increased by the fixed value of "Flow temp setp incr hygro" (line 947).

# Swi-on command HP stage 1 and stage 2 (digital) (heating only)

By closing a contact connected to this input (e.g. by an external controller or a superposed building automation and control system), the heat pump is put into operation. It remains in operation until contact Hx opens again or until the heat pump is shut down by a safety function (e.g. due to high-pressure, low-pressure, or hot-gas temperature).

Internal requests and requests forwarded via bus are suppressed. Minimum off times are observed. The prerun and overrun times of the condenser pump and source pump are taken into account. Defrosting is normally possible.

#### Status info suppl source (digital)

The contact's closing informs the controller that the supplementary source has been successfully started. Also refer to setting "Delay lockout position" (line 3755).

# Charg prio DHW sol fuel boil

When the contact closes, the DHW storage tank is charged by the solid fuel boiler.

#### Ventilation switch 1, 2, 3

By closing the contact, ventilation of the corresponding zone is driven to a predefined stage (OL 997, 1297, 1597).

The state is maintained as long as the switch is actives, at a minimum for the "Period ventilation switch" (OL 996, 1296, 1596).

# Flow measurement Hz (frequency input)

The controller receives a signal for the flow measured.

The respective flow is calculated via the linear characteristic which is defined by 2 fixed points (input value 1/function value 1 and input value 2/function value 2).

Consumer request VK1 10V and Consumer request VK2 10V (analog input) The controller receives a voltage signal (DC 0...10 V) for the heat/refrigeration demand (flow temperature) of consumer circuit 1 or 2.

The required flow temperature is calculated via the linear characteristic which is defined by 2 fixed points (input value 1/function value 1 and input value 2/function value 2).

A constant temperature request via contact is made with settings "Consumer request VK1" and "VK2".

# Pressure measurement 10V (analog input)

The controller receives a voltage signal (DC 0...10 V) for the pressure.

The respective flow is calculated via the linear characteristic which is defined by 2 fixed points (input value 1/function value 1 and input value 2/function value 2).

#### **Humidity measurement 10V (analog input)**

The controller receives a voltage signal (DC 0...10 V) for the relative humidity.

The respective humidity is calculated via the linear characteristic which is defined by 2 fixed points (input value 1/function value 1 and input value 2/function value 2).

#### Room temp 10V (analog input)

The controller receives a voltage signal (DC 0...10 V) for the room temperature. The room temperature (together with the relative room humidity) is used primarily to calculate the dewpoint in the cooling circuit.

If there is no room unit with a room sensor connected for heating/cooling circuit 1 (via BSB), the room temperature acquired via Hx is also used for space heating/space cooling 1 (compensation variant and room influence).

The respective room humidity value is calculated via the linear characteristic which is defined by 2 fixed points (input value 1/function value 1 and input value 2/function value 2).

# Flow measurement 10V (analog input)

The controller receives a voltage signal (DC 0...10 V) for the flow measured.

The respective flow is calculated via the linear characteristic which is defined by 2 fixed points (input value 1/function value 1 and input value 2/function value 2).

# Temp measurement 10V (analog input)

The controller receives a voltage signal (DC 0...10 V) for the acquired temperature.

The respective temperature is calculated via the linear characteristic which is defined by 2 fixed points (input value 1/function value 1 and input value 2/function value 2).

Usage of the acquired temperature is defined via parameter "Temperature sensor H1 or H3" (lines 5957 and 5967) of the controller.

# Air quality measurement 10V

The controller receives a voltage signal (DC 0...10 V) for measured air quality.

The use of measured air quality is described at OL 6296.

# Contact type: Contacts H1, H3

Line no.	Operating line
5951	Contact type H1, H3
5961	NC   NO

# Contact type H1, H3

#### NC

The contact is normally closed and must be opened to activate the selected function.

#### NO

The contact is normally open and must be closed to activate the selected Hx function.

# Input/function value H1, H3

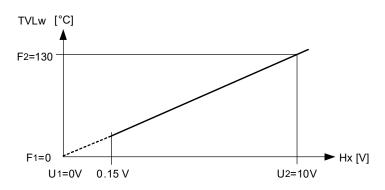
Line no.	Operating line
5953, 5963	Input value 1 H1, H3
5954, 5964	Function value 1 H1, H3
5955, 5965	Input value 2 H1, H3
5956, 5966	Function value 2 H1, H3

Input value 1 Function value 1 Input value 2 Function value 2

Example of consumer circuit request VK1 10V

These settings are available for each Hx input.

The linear characteristic is defined via 2 fixed points. The setting is made with 2 pairs of parameters for input value and function value.

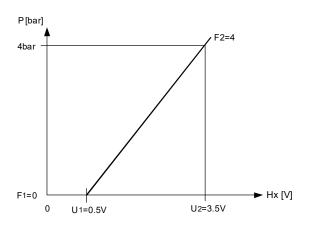


TVLw Flow temperature setpoint

Hx Input value at Hx
U1 Input value 1
F1 Function value 1
U2 Input value 2
F2 Function value 2

i If the input signal drops below the limit value of 0.15 V, the heat request is invalid and therefore inactive.

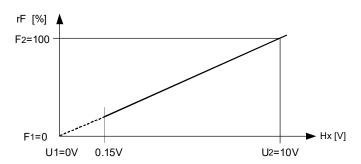
# Example of pressure measurement 10 V



B Pressure value
Hx Input value at Hx
U1 Input value 1
F1 Function value 1
U2 Input value 2
F2 Function value 2

if the measured value lies below 0.15 V, it is regarded invalid.

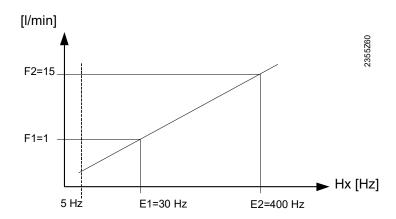
# Example of Humidity measurement 10V



r.h. Relative humidity
Hx Input value at Hx
U1 Input value 1
F1 Function value 1
U2 Input value 2
F2 Function value 2

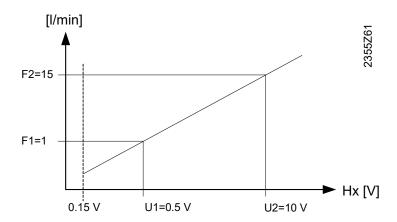
if the measured value lies below 0.15 V, it is regarded invalid.

# Example of flow measurement Hz



I/min Flow rate in liters/minute
Hx Input value at Hx
E1 Input value 1 [Hz]
F1 Function value 1
E2 Input value 2 [Hz]
F2 Function value 2

# Example of flow measurement 10 V



I/min Flow rate in liters/minute

Hx Input value at Hx
E1 Input value 1
F1 Function value 1
E2 Input value 2
F2 Function value 2



If the measured value lies below 0.15 V (or 5 Hz), it is seen as "No flow".

# Temperature sensors at H1 and H3

Line no.	Operating line
5957,	Temperature sensor H1, H3
5967	None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP flow sensor B21
	¦HP return sensor B71

Defines the temperature acquired by the sensor connected to input H1 or H3. The controller uses the acquired temperature to control the respective plant component.

This operating line is used to define the function of inputs Ex (230 V).

Input EX1...EX4, EX9...EX11

Line no.	Operating line				
5980	Function input EX14, Function input EX911				
5986,	None   Electrical utility lock E6   Low-tariff E5   Overload compressor 2 E12				
5996 5998	Overload source E14   Pressure switch source E26   Flow switch source E15   Flow switch consumers E24   Manual defrost E17   Common fault HP E20   Fault soft starter E25   Low-pressure switch E9   High-pressure switch E10   Overload compressor 1 E11   Error/alarm message   Mains supervision E21   Fault soft starter 2 E27   Pressure diff defrost E28   Pres sw source int circ E29   Flow sw source int circ E30   Smart grid E61   Smart grid E62  Low-pressure switch 2 E31   High-pressure switch 2 E32   Defrost message E33   Photovoltaics E64   SHC error message E34   SHC 2 error message E35				

#### Input EX5...EX7

Line no.	Operating line				
5988	Function input EX57				
5992	None   Electrical utility lock E6   Low-tariff E5   Overload compressor 2 E12				
	Overload source E14   Pressure switch source E26   Flow switch source E15   Flow				
	switch consumers E24   Manual defrost E17   Common fault HP E20   Fault soft				
	starter E25   3-phase current   Low-pressure switch E9   High-pressure switch E10				
	Overload compressor 1 E11   Error/alarm message   Mains supervision E21   Fault				
	soft starter 2 E27   Pressure diff defrost E28   Pres sw source int circ E29   Flow sw				
	source int circ E30   Smart grid E61   Smart grid E62   Low-pressure switch 2 E31				
	High-pressure switch 2 E32   Defrost message E33   Photovoltaics E64   SHC error				
	message E34   SHC 2 error message E35				

#### None

Activation of input Ex has no impact.

#### **Electrical utility lock E6**

Takes an external locking signal (e.g. from the electrical utility) for the heat pump and locks the heat pump. If, in the case of air-to-water heat pumps, locking occurs during defrost, the controller completes the defrost process before locking the heat pump. Electric immersion heaters are locked during the electrical utility lock.

### Low-tariff E5

The low-tariff signal delivered by the electrical utility can be routed via an Ex input. When the input is activated, forced charging of the buffer storage tank is triggered.



The point in time for forced storage tank charging can also be set as a fixed time on operating lines 4711 and 4712.

#### **Overload source E14**

Takes the overload message delivered by the source pump/fan. When the contact closes, the controller switches the heat pump off. For the heat pump to resume operation, the minimum off time must have elapsed.

If "Overload source" responds several times within the preset "Duration error repetition", the controller locks the heat pump. Operation can only be resumed by making a reset.

#### **Pressure switch source E26**

Takes the signal delivered by pressure switch source. If, during source pump operation, the contact closes for at least 3 seconds, preselected monitoring (Always | With source operation | According to heat source) is active and the prerun time has elapsed, the heat pump is shut down.

When "Min off time" has elapsed, the heat pump is switched on again. If the pressure switch trips again within "Duration error repetition", the heat pump initiates lockout and operation can only be resumed by making a reset.

#### Flow switch source E15

Takes the signal delivered by flow switch source. If, during source pump operation, the contact closes for at least the preset delay time (line 2895), preselected monitoring (always or in heating mode only) is active and the prerun time has elapsed, the heat pump is shut down.

When "Min off time" has elapsed, the heat pump is switched on again. If the flow switch trips again within "Duration error repetition", the heat pump goes to lockout and can only resume operation with a reset.

# Flow switch consumers E24

Takes the signal delivered by flow switch consumers.

The flow switch is active only when the condenser pump runs and the prerun time has elapsed. The compressor is not switched on when, on completion of the prerun time and the preset delay time (line 2895), the flow switch signal is pending.

When "Min off time" has elapsed, the heat pump is switched on again. If the flow switch trips again within "Duration error repetition", the heat pump goes to lockout. Operation can only be resumed by making a reset.

Manual defrost E17
Manual defrost is triggered by activating the appropriately defined Ex input.

#### Common fault HP E20

Takes a common fault and sets the heat pump to the fault state.

For the heat pump to be switched on again, the common fault must disappear and "Min off time" (line 2843) must have elapsed.

#### Fault soft starter E25

Takes the fault status signal delivered by an external compressor soft starter. In the event of an active fault, the controller switches the compressor off.

When the fault status message is no longer present, the heat pump is released again.

#### 3-phase current

For monitoring the 3-phase current, the 3 phases must be connected to inputs Ex5, Ex6 and Ex7 in the correct order (L1, L2, and L3).

The controller monitors the correct temporal order of the 3 phases. Any phase asymmetry, phase interruption or too low rated voltage of one or several phases is regarded as a 3-phase error.

If the 3-phase error is continuously present during the period of time set under "Delay mains fault" (line 2894), the compressor is shut down for the minimum off time. The controller delivers status message "355:3-ph curr asymmetric".

If the 3-phase error occurs again within "Duration error repetition" (line 2889) for at least the delay time, the heat pump initiates lockout, if the preselected permitted number of faults have been exceeded. The controller delivers error message "355:3-ph curr asymmetric". The heat pump must be manually reset.

#### Low-pressure switch E9

Input of a low-pressure switch (AC 230 V) upstream of the compressor.

# **High-pressure switch E10**

Input of a high-pressure switch (AC 230 V) downstream from the compressor.

# Overload compressor 1 E11

Input of an overload protection signal (AC 230 V) at compressor 1.

#### Error/alarm message

Input of an external error/alarm signal (AC 230 V).

# Mains supervision E21

For mains supervision, the phase needs to be connected to the appropriately defined Ex input. Mains supervision monitors power supply to the compressor.

If a mains fault is continuously present during the period of time set under "Delay mains fault" (line 2894), the compressor is shut down for the minimum off time. The controller delivers error message "Mains fault".

If the mains fault occurs again within "Duration error repetition" (line 2889) for at least the delay time, the heat pump initiates lockout, if the preselected permitted number of faults have been exceeded.

The controller delivers error message 385:Mains undervoltage.

The heat pump must be manually reset.

#### Pressure diff defrost E28

Receives the signal delivered by a differential pressure switch. Due to the pressure differential across the evaporator, the switch detects the formation of ice and triggers defrosting.

#### Pres sw source int circ E29

Takes the signal delivered by the pressure switch of the source intermediate circuit. If, during source pump operation, the contact closes for at least 3 seconds, preselected monitoring (Always | With source operation) is active and the prerun time has elapsed, the heat pump is shut down.

When "Min off time" has elapsed, the heat pump is switched on again. If the pressure switch trips again within "Duration error repetition", the heat pump initiates lockout and operation can only be resumed by making a reset.

#### Flow sw source int circ E30

Takes the signal delivered by the flow switch of the source intermediate circuit. If, during source pump operation, the contact closes for at least the preset delay time (line 2895), preselected monitoring (always or in heating mode only) is active and the prerun time has elapsed, the heat pump is shut down.

When "Min off time" has elapsed, the heat pump is switched on again. If the flow switch trips again within "Duration error repetition", the heat pump goes to lockout and can only resume operation with a reset.

# Smart grid E61, Smart grid E62

Smart grid information can be read in via inputs E61 and E62:

E61	E62	Operating state "SG Ready"	Smart grid state
1	0	1	Draw locked
0	0	2	Draw free
0	1	3	Draw wish
1	1	4	Draw forced

#### Low-pressure switch 2 E31

Input from a low pressure switch (230 V) upstream of compressor 2. Monitoring acts on both compressors, if only E9 is configured on a two-staged heat pump. Each input acts on only the applicable compressor if error inputs E9 and E31 are configured.

# High-pressure switch 2 E32

Input from an high-pressure switch (230 V) downstream of compressor 2. Monitoring applies to both compressors if only E10 is configured for a two-staged heat pump. Each input acts on only the applicable compressor if error inputs E10 and E32 are configured.

# **Defrost message E33**

The defrost message from an outside unit (split) can be read via input Ex. On these types of plants, defrost is not controlled by a RVS, but rather by an external refrigeration circuit controller. Returning this status information guarantees flow at the condenser and, with it, the required heat supply, during defrost. The condenser could be at risk of freezing and destroyed without this return loop.

#### **Photovoltaics E64**

#### Technical principal

The photovoltaic plant can force heat pump switch-on, even without a present request, via input E64.

The energy generated by the photovoltaic plant, is converted by the heat pump to thermal energy and used to charge the DHW storage tank, buffer storage tank, or swimming pool.

#### **Priority**

The charging priority can be selected for charging with photovoltaic through the following operating lines:

- Swimming pool charging priority photovoltaics (line 2066)
- Buffer storage tank charging priority photovoltaics (line 4706)
- DHW storage tank charging priority photovoltaics (line 5018)

It switches to the next consumer, once a consumer is charged to its permitted setpoint or does not exist.

# Prerequisites

- A DHW storage tank, buffer storage tank, or swimming pool is required that is not already charged beyond the setpoint permitted for photovoltaic.
- The maximum permissible heat pump output is defined with the settings "Producers with optimum efficiency" (line 2867). It is the same for all producers.

The overview below details the consumer setpoints and the corresponding heat pump requests. The following applies:

- Charging occurs up to the entered setpoint for the applicable consumer
- The flow temperature setpoints for the heat pump are based on the consumer for charging

	DHW storage tank *	Buffer storage tank	Buffer storage tank	Swimming
		(heating mode)	(cooling mode)	pool
Setpoint of applicable consumer	line 1610 + line 5024	line 4750	line 4708, if not switched off	line 2055
Request on heat pump	line 1610 + line 5020	line 4750	line 4708, if not switched off	line 1959

<sup>\*</sup>The DHW storage tank is charged to the Legionella setpoint if the legionella function is enabled for this day

# Notes on heat pump request

- Upon reaching the setpoint, the heat pump may, if modulated, control output back to the minimum basic level output.
- It switches to the next consumer once the heat pump reaches the switch off limit (switch off temperature max., line 2844, high pressure, etc.).
- Charging continues until the compressor is switched off (switch off temperature max.), if no other consumer can be charged. A renewed charging can be started at the earliest the next day (after 00:00 am).

#### SHC error message E34

Error message input for the internal SHC.

#### SHC 2 error message E35

Error message input for external SHC 2.

If only E34 is configured on one of the 2-stage heat pumps, the monitoring applies to both SHCs. If error inputs E34 and E35 are configured, each input acts only on the applicable SHC.

# Inputs EX1, EX2, EX3, EX4, EX5, EX6, EX7, E9, E10, E11

Line no.	Operating line
5981	Cont type input EX1, EX2, EX3, EX4, EX5, EX6, EX7, EX9,
5983	EX10, EX11
5985	NC ¦ NO
5987	
5989	
5991	
5993	
5999	
6000	
6001	

# Contact type

The type of contact can be selected:

#### NC

The input's function is active when voltage is not present.

#### NO

The input's function is active when voltage is present.

The descriptions of the functions of the EX contact apply when an NO contact is selected.

# Mixing group 1 basic unit

Line no.	Operating line		
6014	Function mixing group 1		
	Multifunctional   Heating circuit 1   Heating circuit 2   Heating circuit 3   Primary		
	contr/system pump   DHW primary controller   Instantaneous water heater   Cooling		
	circuit 1 ¦ Heating circ/cooling circ 1 ¦ Ret temp contr sol fuel boil ¦ Cooling circuit 2 ¦		
	Heating circ/cooling circ 2   Cooling circuit 3   Heating circ/cooling circ 3   DHW		
	interm circuit controller		

Terminals BX11, QX10, QX11 and QX9 are assigned as follows, depending on the setting of parameter 6014:

Function mixing group 1	Terminal BX11	Terminal QX10	Terminal QX11	Terminal QX9
None	Without function	Without function	Without function	Without function
Multifunctional	BX4	QX1	QX2	QX5
Heating circuit 1	B1	Y1	Y2	Q2
Heating circuit 2	B12	Y5	Y6	Q6
Heating circuit 3	B14	Y11	Y12	Q20
Primary contr/system pump	B15	Y19	Y20	Q14
DHW primary controller	B35	Y31	Y32	Q3
Instantaneous water heater *	B38	Y33	Y34	Q34
Cooling circuit 1	B16	Y23	Y24	Q24
Heating circ/cooling circ 1	B1	Y1	Y2	Q2
Ret temp contr sol fuel boil	B72	Y9	Y10	Q10
Cooling circuit 2	B17	Y41	Y42	Q28
Heating circ/cooling circ 2	B12	Y5	Y6	Q6
Cooling circuit 3	B18	Y43	Y44	Q29
Heating circ/cooling circ 3	B14	Y11	Y12	Q20
DHW interm circuit controller	B36	Y37	Y38	Q33

<sup>\*</sup> DHW flow switch (FS) ready connected to H1

#### Multifunctional

With setting "Multifunctional", the terminals intended for use with the mixing group (BX11, QX10, QX11 and QX9) can be used for other applications.

# Heating circuit 1...3

According to the settings in chapter "Heating circuits".

#### Primary contr/system pump

According to the settings in chapter "Primary controller/system pump".

# **DHW** primary controller

According to the settings in chapter "DHW".

#### Instantaneous water heater

According to the settings in chapter "Instantaneous water heater".

# Cooling circuit 1, 2, 3

According to the settings in chapter "Cooling circuits".

# Heating circ/cooling circ 1, 2, 3

According to the settings in chapters "Heating circuits" and "Cooling circuits".

# Ret temp contr sol fuel boil

According to the settings in chapter "Solid fuel boiler".

#### **DHW** interm circuit controller

According to the settings in chapter "DHW".

# UX1, 2 (10V/PWM) basic unit

Line no		Operating line
UX1	UX2	1,000
6070	6078	Function output UX1 und UX2  None   Source pump Q8/fan K19   DHW pump Q3   DHW interm circ pump Q33   Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2   Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6   Heat circuit pump HC3 Q20   Collector pump Q5   Solar pump ext exch K9   Solar pump buffer K8   Solar pump swi pool K18   Collector pump 2 Q16   Instant WH pump Q34   Solid fuel boiler pump Q10   Condenser pump Q9   Heat/cool circ pump 1 Q2   Heat/cool circ pump 2 Q6   Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20   HP setpoint   Output request   Heat request   Refrigeration request   Compressor modulation   Expansion valve evapor V81   Expansion valve EVI V82   Ventilation fan 1 K51   Ventilation fan 2 K52   Ventilation fan 3 K53
6071	6079	Signal logic output UX1 and UX2 Standard   Inverted
6072	6080	Signal output UX1 and UX2
6075	6084	Temp value 10V UX1 and UX2
6076	6087	Output voltage UX1 and UX2

#### Function output UX1/2

Voltage- or PWM-modulated output for speed control of pumps and fans or for temperature and/or output requests.

# Speed-controlled pumps

The output signal at UX corresponds to the speed required for the selected pump.

CA	۱U	TIC	NC

If the pump is controlled in a way that voltage output UX modulates while a triac output (ZX4) switches power on and off, it must be made certain that modulation of the triac output is switched off ("None", see line 5909).

#### **Ventilation fans**

3-stage ventilation fans can be controlled via output UX.

This is typically accomplished using a fan box, that receives the voltage signal UX and operates the fan at the desired stage accordingly.

The voltage signal corresponding to the desired fan stage is outputted at output UX:

- for "off" 0 V
- for stage 1 3.3 V
- for stage 2 6.7 V
- for stage 3 10 V

#### **HP** setpoint

The output signal at UX corresponds to the heat pump setpoint for heating or cooling.

#### **Output request**

The output signal at UX is proportional to the demand via the common flow.

# Heat request and Refrigeration request

The output signal at UX corresponds to the common flow temperature setpoint.

# **Compressor modulation**

The output signal at UX corresponds to the required compressor output.

# **Expansion valve evapor V81**

The output signal at UX corresponds to the required position of the electronic expansion valve for superheat control.

# **Expansion valve EVI V82**

The output signal at UX corresponds to the required position of the electronic expansion valve for vapor injection.

Signal logic output UX1/2 The voltage signal can be inverted. This means that inverted signal logic can also

be used to control variable speed pumps or equipment receiving the temperature

request.

Signal output UX1/2 Determines whether the signal shall be delivered as a DC 0...10 V signal or pulse

width-modulated signal (PWM).

Temp value 10V UX1/2 This operating line is used to define the temperature for the maximum output

voltage of 10 V or for the value set with "Output voltage UX1/2".

Output voltage UX1/2 "Output voltage UX1/2" is used to set the maximum output voltage. This value is

> reached when the positioning signal is 100% or when the temperature equals the value set on line BZ 6075/6084. This enables the control range to be mapped on a

smaller voltage range (e.g. on DC 0...5 V in place of DC 0...10 V.

#### Sensor types/readjustments

Line no.	Operating line
6096	Sensor type device
	NTC 10k/1k   NTC 5k
6097	Sensor type collector
6098	Readjustm collector sensor
6099	Readjustm coll sensor 2
6100	Readjustm outside sensor
6101	Sensor type flue gas temp
6102	Readjustm flue gas sensor
6104	Sensor type solar flow/ret

Sensor type device

Setting the NTC sensor characteristic used by the controller (see chapter 8.5).

Sensor type collector and flue gas temperature

Selecting the type of sensor for B6, B61 and B8. The controller uses the respective temperature characteristic.

For tables showing the temperatures and corresponding resistances, refer to chapter "Sensor characteristics" at the end of the document.

Sensor readjustments

The measured value of the temperature sensors can be corrected.

Sensor type solar flow/ret

Selection of the type of sensor for B63 and B64. The controller uses the respective temperature characteristic.

For tables showing the temperatures and corresponding resistances, refer to chapter "Sensor characteristics" at the end of the document.

# **Building and room model**

Line no.	Operating line
6110	Time constant building

As the outside temperature varies, the room temperature changes at different rates, depending on the type of building construction .

The above setting is used to adjust the rate of response of the flow temperature setpoint when the outside temperature varies.

Exampl	е
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> 20	Room temperature responds more slowly to outside temperature variations
1020	This setting is suited for most types of buildings
< 10	Room temperature responds more quickly to outside temperature variations

Setting "0"

The function is deactivated. The attenuated and the composite temperature are the same as the current outside temperature.

# **Setpoint compensation**

Line no.	Operating line
6114	Setp compensation Xp
6115	Setp compensation Tn
6116	Time constant setp compens
6117	Central setp compensation
6119	Central setp compens cooling

#### Setting the attenuation

As long as only one generator is released, the attenuated common flow temperature (B10) is calculated. To calculate the attenuation, the following settings can be made:

- Setp compensation Xp
- Setp compensation Tn
- Time constant setp compens

Central setp compensation Central setp compens cooling In the case of cascades, the common flow temperature may be too low (with cooling cascades too high), the reason being larger water volumes on the consumer side, although all generators have reached their required setpoints.

Too low (with cooling loads too high) common flow temperatures can also occur when – due to their own maximum temperature or output limitation – released generators do not reach the required generator setpoint.

Function "Central setp compensation"/"Central setp compens cooling" increases/decreases with cooling cascades the setpoints to the individually released generators in a way that the common flow temperature at sensor B10 (with cooling cascades B10 or B11) will be reached.

The controller calculates the difference between the current heat request sent to the generator and the common flow temperature currently acquired by sensor B10.

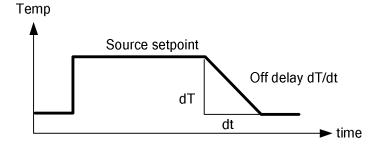
The previous heat request is adjusted upward by this differential and sent to the generators as the new heat request.

Line no.	Operating line
6118	Setpoint drop delay

# Setpoint drop delay

Multistage sources are prevented from being switched off too quickly or freely modulating sources from being switched off promptly due to their output control. The entered value determines the slope of the drop off.

The setpoint follows the actual value if the actual value drops faster than the calculated ramp.



The drop off delay acts only when there is a setpoint change, but not when there is no more request for heat.

| i |

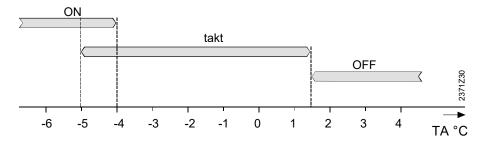
Line no.	Operating line	
6120	Frost protection plant	
	Off! On	

The following pumps can be activated depending on the current outside temperature, even if there is no request for heat.

The pumps' behavior can be individually selected.

Heating circuit pumps	Q2,Q6,Q20
Cooling circuit	Q24, Q28, Q29
Consumer circuits	Q15, Q18
Swimming pool circuit	Q19
System pump	Q14
Condenser pump	Q9
Solid fuel boiler pump	Q10

Outside temperature	Pump	Diagram
4 °C	Continuously on	ON
-510.5 °C	10 minutes on at intervals of about	takt (cycle)
	6 hours	
1.5 °C	Continuously off	OFF



Line no.	Operating line
6123	Restart lock pumps

For high-efficiency pumps with high starting currents that might reduce the life of the relays or even damage them in the long-term, the "Restart lock pumps" function is available.

To make use of the pump's built-in current limitation, this type of pump needs to be deactivated for about 2 minutes before it is switched on again (cooling down of NTC resistor). This is accomplished by the "Restart lock pumps" function.

- If the function is activated, the "Restart lock pumps" function applies to all relays configured for pumps.
- The function has no impact on relays configured for valves.
- It also covers handling of power failures (process as described above).

The function secures the following plant states:

- Heat or refrigeration requests from the consumers are delivered only when the pump can be activated again.
- Heat or refrigeration sources are switched on again only when the pump is again allowed to be activated.

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## Static monitoring of pressure 1...3

	Line no.		Operating line
1	2	3	
6140	6150	6180	Water pressure max
6141	6151	6181	Water pressure min
6142	6152	6182	Water pressure critical min

### Water pressure max

If the water pressure acquired via input Hx exceeds the limit value set here, the respective error message is delivered:

- 117:Water pressure too high
- 176:Water press 2 too high
- 322:Water press 3 too high

If the pressure drops by one switching differential below the limit value, the error is cleared.

### Water pressure min

If the water pressure acquired via input Hx drops below the set limit value, an appropriate maintenance message is delivered:

- 5:Water pressure too low
- 18:Water pressure 2 too low
- 22:Water pressure 3 too low

If the water pressure exceeds the limit value by one switching differential, the message is cleared.

# Water pressure critical min

If the water pressure acquired via input Hx drops below the limit value set here, the respective error message is delivered and the heat pump switched off.

- 118:Water pressure too low
- 177:Water press 2 too low
- 323:Water press 3 too low

If the water pressure exceeds the limit value by one switching differential, the error is cleared.

Line no	).		Operating line
1	2	3	
6148	6154	6184	Static press supervision 1, 2, 3
			None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input
			H2 module 2   With input H2 module 3   With input H21
			module 1   With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module
			3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module 2   With
			input H22 module 3   With input H3

# Static press supervision 1, 2, 3

i

Defines the Hx input to be used for the respective static pressure supervision.

The Hx input needs to be appropriately defined and a pressure sensor must be connected.

## Parameter reset

Line no.	Operating line
6200	Save sensors

Using this setting, the sensors can immediately be stored. This is necessary when, for instance, a sensor is removed because it is no longer needed.

At midnight, the controller stores the states at the sensor terminals, provided the controller has previously been in operation for at least 2 hours.

If, after storage, a sensor fails, the controller delivers an error message.

Line no.	Operating line
6201	Reset sensors

This setting is used to clear the stored state of the sensors.

The sensors are read in again using function "Save sensors" (line 6200), or automatically at midnight, provided the controller was previously in operation for at least 2 hours.

### Parameter reset

i

Line no.	Operating line
6204	Save parameters

The current parameter settings can be stored as new default settings. Exempted from this are the settings made on the OEM level, the time of day and date, the operator section, wireless and all time programs, plus the number of hours run and the various meters.

CAUTION	With this process, the factory settings are overwritten and can no longer be
	retrieved! This might cause damage, depending on the plant's operating state.

Line no.	Operating line
6205	Reset to default parameters

The parameters can be reset to their default values. Exempted from this are the following operating pages: "Time of day and date", "Operator section", "Wireless", and all time programs, plus the number of hours run and the various meters.

# Plant diagram

Line no.	Operating line
6212	Check no. heat source 1
6213	Check no. heat source 2
6215	Check no. storage tank
6217	Check no. heating circuits

### **Check numbers**

To identify the current plant diagram, the controller generates a check number. The check number is made up of the lined up partial diagram numbers (without the preceding zeros).

Structure of check numberEvery check number consists of 3 columns, each representing the application of a plant section. Every column is shown with 2 digits. All preceding zeros before the first numeral deviating from zero are hidden.

1st column 2 digits	2nd column 2 digits	3rd column 2 digits	
Blank	Solar	00	
Blank	Solid fuel boiler	Heat pump	
	Buffer storage tank	DHW storage tank	
Heating/cooling circuit 3	Heating/cooling circuit 2	Heating/cooling circuit 1	

Line 6213 Line 6215 Line 6217 The following tables show the meaning of the numbers on the lines:

## Check no. heat source 1

Solar						
3,07						
One collector field with sensor B6 and collector pump Q5	2 collector fields with sensors B6 and B61 and collector pumps Q5 and Q16	Storage tank charging pump buffer K8	ar Solar diverting valve buffer K8	Solar charging pump swimming pool K18	Solar diverting valve swimming pool K18	External solar heat exchanger pump K9 DHW = domestic hot water, P = buffer
0		No sol	ar plant			
1						*
3						DHW/B
3 5 6 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 17 18 19 20 22 23 24 25 26		Х				
6			Х			
8		Х				DHW+B
9			Х			DHW/B DHW DHW
10		Х				DHW
11			Х			DHW
12		Х				В
13			Х			В
14				Х		
15					Х	
17				Х		DHW/B
18					Х	DHW/B
19		Х		Х		
20			Х		х	
22		Х				DHW+B
23			Х		х	DHW/B
24		X		Х		DHW DHW
25			Х		Х	DHW
26		Х		Х		В
27			Х		Х	B *
	31					*
	33 35					DHW/B
	35		Х			
	37	х				DHW+B
	38		х			DHW/B
	39	х				DHW
	40		х			DHW
	41		х			В
	42				х	
	44			х		DHW/B
	45				х	DHW/B
	46		х		х	
	48	х		х		DHW+B
	49		х		х	DHW/B
	50	х		х		DHW
	51		х		х	DHW
	52		х		х	В

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  The DHW storage tank is charged via collector pump Q5

Check no. heat source 2: Solid fuel boiler

	Solid fuel boiler
0	No solid fuel boiler
1	Solid fuel boiler, boiler pump
2	Solid fuel boiler, boiler pump, integration DHW storage tank

# Check no. heat source 2: Heat pump

Hea	Heat pump				
0	No heat pump				
10	Brine-to-water heat pump, 1-stage				
14	Brine-to-water heat pump, 1-stage, with passive cooling				
18	Brine-to-water heat pump, 1-stage, with process reversing valve				
22	Brine-to-water heat pump, 1-stage, with process reversing valve and passive cooling				
30	Water-to-water heat pump, 1-stage				
34	Water-to-water heat pump, 1-stage, with passive cooling				
38	Water-to-water heat pump, 1-stage, with process reversing valve				
42	Water-to-water heat pump, 1-stage, with process reversing valve and passive cooling				
50	Air-to-water heat pump, 1-stage, with process reversing valve				
60	Heat pump, 1-stage, for external monitoring				

# Check no. storage tank

Buf	fer storage tank	DHW storage tank		
0	No buffer storage tank	00	No DHW storage tank	
1	Buffer storage tank	01	Electric immersion heater	
2	Buffer storage tank, solar connection	02	Solar connection	
4	Buffer storage tank, generator	04	charging pump	
	shutoff valve	05	Charging pump, solar connection	
5	Buffer storage tank, solar connection,	13	Diverting valve	
	generator shutoff valve	14	Diverting valve, solar connection	
		16	Primary controller, without heat exchanger	
		17	Primary controller, 1 heat exchanger	
		19	Intermediate circuit, without heat exchanger	
		20	Intermediate circuit, 1 heat exchanger	
		22	Charging pump/intermediate circuit, without hea exchanger	
		23	Charging pump/intermediate circuit, 1 heat exchanger	
		25	Diverting valve/intermediate circuit, without heat exchanger	
		26	Diverting valve/intermediate circuit, 1 heat exchanger	
		28	Primary controller/intermediate circuit, without heat exchanger	
		29	Primary controller/intermediate circuit, 1 heat exchanger	

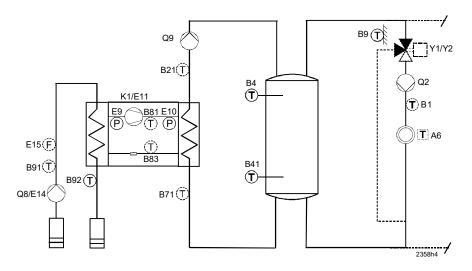
# Check no. heating circuits/cooling circuits

Heating circuit 3	Heating circuit 2	Heating circuit 1	
0 No heating circuit	00 No heating circuit	00 No heating circuit	
<ol> <li>Heating circuit pump</li> </ol>	02 Heating circuit pump	01 Circulation via boiler pump	
3 Heating circuit pump,	03 Heating circuit pump,	02 Generator pump	
mixing valve	mixing valve	03 Heating circuit pump,	
57 Heating/cooling, 2-wire,	0507Heating/cooling, 2-wire,	mixing valve	
common distribution	common distribution	0507 Heating/cooling, 2-pipe,	
810 Cooling only, 2-wire	0810 Cooling only, 2-wire	common distribution	
12 Heating/cooling, 4-wire,	12 Heating/cooling, 4-wire,	0810 Cooling only, 2-pipe	
common distribution	common distribution	12 Heating/cooling, 4-pipe,	
1416 Heating/cooling, 4-wire,	1416Heating/cooling, 4-wire,	common distribution	
common distribution	common distribution	1416Heating/cooling, 4-pipe,	
2027 Heating/cooling, 2-wire,	2027 Heating/cooling, 2-wire,	common distribution	
separate distribution	separate distribution	2027 Heating/cooling, 2-pipe,	
3038 Heating/cooling, 4-wire,	3038 Heating/cooling, 4-wire,	separate distribution	
separate distribution	separate distribution	3038 Heating/cooling, 4-pipe,	
4042 Cooling only, 4-wire	4042 Cooling only, 4-wire	separate distribution	
		4042Cooling only, 4-pipe	

Example

Source 2: Water-to-water heat pump, 1-stage
Storage tank: Buffer storage tank
Heating circuit 1: Heating circuit pump and mixing vol

Heating circuit 1: Heating circuit pump and mixing valve



Displays on the operator unit:

Line 6213	Check no. generator 2	30
Line 6215	Check no. storage tank	100
Line 6217	Check no. heating circuit	3

## **Device data**

Line no.	Operating line
6220	Software version

The software version installed represents the state of the software available at the time the unit was produced.

The first 2 digits denote the software version, the third digit indicates the software upgrade (e.g. 01.0).

Line no.	Operating line
6221	Development index
6222	Device hours run
6228	Bootloader version
6229	Eeprom version

Development index

Controller's firmware version.

Device hours run

Shows the total number of operating hours since the controller was first commissioned.

Bootloader version

Controller's firmware update version.

Eeprom version

Device data version.

# Codes of operating levels

Line no.	Operating line
6345	Code commissioning
	099999
6346	Code engineer
	099999

Operating levels "Commissioning", and "Heating engineer" can be assigned individual codes between 0 and 99999. These operating levels can only be accessed after entering the respective code.

The codes can only be changed at the OEM level.

The code for the OEM cannot be changed on its own.

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Setting "0" requires no code entry.

### Room sensors 10V to Hx

# Measurement room temperature 1, 2, 3

Line no.			Operating line	
L1	L2	L3		
6290	6291	6292	Acquisition room temp 1, 2, 3	
			None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2	
			module 2   With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 1   With	
			input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input H22	
			module 1   With input H22 module 2   With input H22 module 3   With	
			input H3   With input H31   With input H32   With input H33	

Instead of or in addition to the temperature sensor in the room unit (BSB or B5/B52/B53), a room temperature sensor with 0...10V signal can be connect to an Hx input. The following also must be configured:

• The "Room temp 10V" function is assigned to the Hx input.

The value at the Hx input and the value of the room unit sensor are used for the various functions as per the following priority:

Room temp	erature	Use of room temperature		
From Hx From RU		For dewpoint	For cooling circuit	
No	No	-	-	
No	Yes	Value room unit	Value room unit	
Yes	Yes	Value Hx	Value RU	
Yes	No	Value Hx	Value Hx	

# Measurement of relative room humidity

Line no.			Operating line	
HC/CC1	HC/CC2	HC/CC3		
6293	6293 6294 6295		Acquisition room rh 1, 2, 3	
			None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2	
			module 2   With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 1	
			With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input	
			H22 module 1   With input H22 module 2   With input H22	
			module 3   With input H3   With input H31   With input H32   With	
			input H33	

A humidity sensor with 0...10~V signal can be connected to an Hx input. The following must also be configured:

• The "Humidity measurement 10V" function is assigned to the Hx input.

The measured relative humidity is used to calculate the dewpoint and the flow increase of the cooling circuit.

During active humidity measurement, ventilation is controlled to the set limit values as per the relative room humidity (OL 985 and 987).

The value at the Hx input and the value oft the room unit sensor are used in accordance with the following priority:

Relative room humidity		Use of room humidity		
from Hx from RU		For dewpoint	Other room functions	
No	No	-	-	
No	Yes	Value RU	Value RU	
Yes	Yes	Value Hx	Value RU	
Yes	No	Value Hx	Value Hx	

# Air quality measurement

Line no.			Operating line
L1	L2	L3	
6296	6297	6298	Acquis room air quality 1, 2, 3  None   With input H1   With input H2 module 1   With input H2 module 2   With input H2 module 3   With input H21 module 1   With input H21 module 2   With input H21 module 3   With input H22 module 1   With input H22 module 2   With input H22 module 3   With input H32 module 3   With input H32 module 3   With input H33

Activate the air quality measurement by selecting the H input to which the air quality sensor is used for measurement.

There is no air quality measurement with setting "none".

For active air quality measurement, ventilation is controlled to the entered setpoints according to air quality (OL 974 and 975).

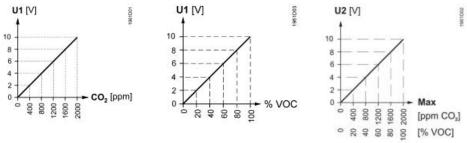
The controller measures air quality of the air quality sensor connected to the H input or assumes the air quality provided by the room unit.

The higher measured value is taken if the measured values are available from both sources.

The following Siemens air quality sensors are supported:

- QPA10.../QPA20... (room sensor)
- QPM11.../QPM21... (duct sensor)

Depending on type, there is either a CO<sup>2</sup>, a VOC (volatile, carbon elements) or a mixed measurement. The measured values are converted into a 0...10 V signal based on the following output curve:



The current room air load (ppm) is displayed on operating lines 8935 / 8940 / 8945.

# Partial diagrams

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Partial diagram heat circuit 1
ACS	Partial diagram cooling circuit 1
ACS	Partial diagram heat circuit 2
ACS	Partial diagram cooling circuit 2
ACS	Partial diagram heat circuit 3
ACS	Partial diagram cooling circuit 3
ACS	Partial diagram ventilation 1
ACS	Partial diagram ventilation 2
ACS	Partial diagram ventilation 3
ACS	Partial diagram Consumer circuit 1
ACS	Partial diagram Consumer circuit 2
ACS	Partial diagram swimming pool circuit
ACS	Partial diagram swimming pool
ACS	Partial diagram converter
ACS	Partial diagram converter 2
ACS	Selection of partial diagram heat pump
ACS	Partial diagram suppl source
ACS	Partial diagram hydraulic balancing
ACS	Partial diagram solar collector
ACS	Partial diagram solid fuel boiler
ACS	Partial diagram buffer
ACS	Partial diagram dhw storage
ACS	Partial diagram instantaneous heater

Indicates the number of the active partial diagram.

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Cascade status
	Inactive   Active

Indicates the current state of cascade detection.

## Inactive

Only one generator installed.

# **Active**

Several generators installed.

Line no.	Operating line	
ACS	LPB interface available	
ACS Modbus interface available		

Information whether LPB or Modbus interface is available.

# 6.21 LPB

## Address/power supply

Line no.	Operating line
6600	Device address
6601	Segment address
6604	Bus power supply function
	Off   Automatic
6605	Bus power supply state
	Off¦On

# Device address and Segment address

The controller's LPB address consists of two 2-digit numerals.

Example

14	16
Segment address	Device address

# Bus power supply function

Bus power supply enables the bus system to be powered directly by the individual controllers (no central bus power supply). The type of bus power supply can be selected.

### Off

No bus power supply via the controller.

### **Automatic**

The bus power supply (LPB) via the controller is automatically switched on and off depending on the power requirements of the LPB.

## Bus power supply state

The display shows whether the controller currently supplies power to the bus:

#### Off

The bus power supply via controller is currently inactive.

### On

The bus power supply via controller is currently active. At the moment, the controller supplies some of the power required by the bus.

# Errors/maintenance/ alarms

Line no.	Operating line
6610	Display system messages
6612	Alarm delay

Display system messages

This setting allows system messages transmitted via LPB to be suppressed at the connected operator unit.

Alarm delay

Delivery of an alarm to the OCI can be delayed in the basic unit by setting a delay. This ensures that unnecessary notifications by a service center resulting from short-time errors (e.g. temperature limiter tripped, communication error) will be suppressed.



- The alarm delay also applies to "Alarm output K10"
- It is to be noted that in this case, errors occurring for a short time and recurring constantly and rapidly will be filtered as well

### **Central functions**

Line no.	Operating line
6620	Action changeover functions
	Segment   System
6621	Summer changeover
	Locally¦ Centrally
6623	Optg mode changeover
	Locally¦ Centrally
6625	DHW assignment
	All HC/CC locally   All HC/CC in segment   All HC/CC in system
6627	Refrigeration request
	Locally¦ Centrally
6630	Cascade master
	Always   Automatically
6632	Note OT limit ext source
	No ¦Yes

i

These settings only apply to device address 1.

# Action changeover functions

The range of action for the central changeover functions can be defined. This applies to the following changeover actions:

- Operating mode changeover via input Hx (with setting "Centrally" on operating line 6623)
- Summer changeover (when selecting "Centrally" on operating line 6621)

Choice of settings:

### Segment

Changeover takes place with all controllers in the same segment.

## **System**

Changeover takes place with all controllers in the entire system (that is, in all segments). For that, the controller must be located in segment "0".

## Summer changeover

The range of action of summer changeover is as follows:

### Locally

Local action; the local heating circuit is switched on and off according to operating lines 730, 1030, and 1330.

## Centrally

Central action; depending on the setting made on operating line "Action changeover functions", either the heating circuits in the segment or those of the entire system are switched on and off according to operating line 730.

# Optg mode changeover

The range of action of operating mode changeover via input Hx is as follows:

### Locally

Local action; the local heating circuit is switched on and off

### Centrally

Central action; depending on the setting made on operating line "Action changeover functions", either the heating circuits in the segment or those of the entire system are switched on and off.

### DHW assignment

DHW assignment defines the heating/cooling circuits of which the operating state for the control of DHW heating (forward shift for charging, operation of circulating pump, "Holiday" function) shall be considered.

### All HC/CC locally

DHW heating only considers own, controller-internal heating/cooling circuits.

### All HC/CC in segment

DHW heating considers the heating/cooling circuits of the controllers in the same segment.

### All HC/CC in system

DHW heating considers the heating/cooling circuits of all controllers in the system.

## Refrigeration request

A QX output parameterized as "Refrigeration request K28" delivers a refrigeration request. Depending on setting "Refrigeration request", the request is delivered by the local cooling circuit or all cooling circuits in the system.

### Locally

Only cooling circuit 1 is considered. The refrigeration request is not forwarded to the system.

### Centrally

Consideration is given to the refrigeration requests from the entire system.

### Cascade master

The "Cascade" menu (lines 3510....3590) can always be shown, or only under certain conditions.

### **Always**

The "Cascade" menu is always shown, irrespective of the number of producers installed.

### **Automatically**

The "Cascade" menu is only shown when several producers are installed and the controller cascade is the master (device address 1).

## Note OT limit ext source

Additional producers connected via LPB can be locked or released according to their own parameters based on the outside temperature (e.g. air-to-water heat pump). This state is distributed via LPB. In a cascaded system, the master therefore knows whether or not an additional producer (slave) according to own operating limits (outside temperature) is available so that it can be switched on, if required.

### No

The Ecobit of the external producer is not considered.

### **NOTE**

If some other heat source with an LMU boiler management unit (slave) is connected as an additional producer, this parameter must be set to "No".

### Yes

The Ecobit of the external producer is considered and the cascade is controlled according to the available producers.

### Clock

6640	Clock mode
	Autonomously   Slave without remote setting   Slave with remote setting   Master
6650	Outside temp source

### Clock mode

This setting defines the action of the system time on the controller's time settings. The effects are as follows:

## **Autonomously**

The time of day can be readjusted on the controller.

The controller's time of day is not matched to the system time.

### Slave without remote setting

The time of day on the controller cannot be readjusted.

The controller's time of day is constantly and automatically matched to the system time

## Slave with remote setting

The time of day can be readjusted on the controller; at the same time, the system time is adapted since the change is adopted from the master.

Nevertheless, the controller's time of day is automatically and continuously matched to the system time.

#### Master

The time of day can be readjusted on the controller.

The time of day on the controller is used for the system: The system time is adapted.

### Outside temp source

The LPB plant requires only 1 outside sensor. This sensor is connected to any controller and delivers via LPB the signal to the controllers with no sensor. The first numeral that appears on the display is the segment number followed by the device number.

# Loss of communication, error recognition

Error "489:No cascade master" is issued if the RVS61, as the cascade slave in the LPB linked system, does not receive a telegram from the cascade master after a timeout of 11 minutes.

Error "81:LPB short-circuit/comm" is detected without delay in the event of a short circuit.

### Note

The response to errors is described in Section 6.25 "Maintenance/special operation".

# 6.22 Modbus

Modbus-compatible Modbus clip-in OCI351.01 makes the RVS61 Modbus-compatible.

Modbus applications

The RVS61 supports 3 applications via the Modbus interface:

#	Application		RVS is
1	Actuators	<ul> <li>Controls pumps, fans, and compressors</li> <li>For select manufacturers, preconfigured Modbus settings are available (see section "Apply preconfigured Modbus settings for select manufacturers").</li> <li>All other actuators addressable over Modbus can be self-configured (see section "Actuators self-configuration" in section "Modbus expert".</li> </ul>	Modbus master
2	Controler gouping	Exchanges process data with a third-party controller	Modbus slave
3	Control system/Operator unit	Exchanges process data, parameters, operating values	Modbus slave

Important note

With applications "Controller network" and "BACS/operating unit", the simultaneous control of actuators is not possible – and vice versa – the reason being this assignment.

# **Specification of Modbus**

The table below shows the Modbus specification for the RVS61:

Mode	RTU
Protocol	Master or slave (depending on the application)
Slave addresses	1247
Number of slave ports	8
Broadcast (as master)	No
Baud rate	1'200, 2'400, 4'800, 9'600, <b>19'200</b> , 38'400, 57'600, 76'800, 115'200 baud
Start bit	1 (fix)
Data bit	8 (fix)
Stop bit	1 or 2
Parity	Even, Odd, None
Function codes	0x01 Read Coils
	0x02 Read Discrete Inputs
	0x03 Read Holding Registers
	0x04 Read Input Registers
	0x05 Write Single Coils
	0x06 Write Single Register (not for structured data types)
	0x10 Write multiple Register*
Data register	2 byte
Data types	Boolean
	Signed/Unsigned integer 16 bit
	Structured (across several registers)*
Byte order	Big-Endian, Little-Endian
Telegram length	Max. 44 data byte
Response Timeout	Default: 300 ms. Setting: 10010'000 ms

<sup>\*</sup> only if RVS.. is slave

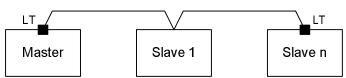
## Recommended settings

• Baud rate: 19200 baud (when cable length < 500 m)

Parity: EvenStop bit: 1

## Topology

The Modbus devices should be interconnected in the form of a line structure. The 2 line ends must have a terminating resistor fitted.



LT: Line termination)

### **Modbus settings**

Line no.	Operating line
6651	Slave address
6652	Baud rate
	1'200   2'400   4'800   9'600   19'200   38'400   57'600   76'800   115'200
6653	Parity
	Even   Odd   None
6654	Stop bit
6655	Modbus OV version

# Master or slave via "Slave address"

Every device in the Modbus network must be assigned a communication role.

- One of the devices in the network is the master. The master has no address.
- All other devices are slaves and are assigned an unambiguous slave address, enabling them to be distinguished.

Whether the RVS61 is to be configured as a master or slave depends on the type of application.

- "Slave address" = "---"
  - RVS61 is the master. This setting is required for the control of actuators (pumps, fans and compressors).
- "Slave address" = 1...247
   RVS61 is a slave with the set address. This setting is required with the applications "Controller network" and "BACS/operating unit".

### Baud rate

All devices in the Modbus network must use the same setting for the rate of transmission.

The higher the rate of transmission, the shorter the lines between the devices must be



Rule of thumb: When baud rate is doubled, line length needs to be cut in half. For more information, refer to "Technical data".

### **Parity**

Parity identifies erroneously transmitted data bytes.

All devices in the Modbus network must use the same parity setting.

Stop bit

All devices in the Modbus network must use the same setting for the number of stop bits.

If 2 stop bits are set, parity must be set to "None".

### Modbus OV version

The controller supports object from the Modbus parameter list up to and including "Modbus OV version". The Modbus parameter list is an integral part of document A6V11625981.

# Loss of communications

Line no.	Operating line
6658	Master loss detection

# Error recogntion

Error 495 "No communication on Modbus" is issued if the RVS43 (Modbus slave) does not receive a telegram addrees to it (read or write) over a configured time (OL 6658).

The error is delete one a telegram is receive again. Error recognition is only enabled if there is a Modbus interface (OCI350/351 excluded).

Note

The error response is described in 6.25 "Maintenance/special operation".

# 1. Actuators: Pumps, fans and compressors

The RVS61 is capable of controlling up to 8 actuators via Modbus.

The RVS61 must be configured as the master, the actuators as slaves.

Each actuator/slave is assigned a virtual port on the RVS61. A total of 8 ports are available.

The following documented parameters are set for each port in use:

Line no.	Operating line
66606695	Slave address port 18

## Slave address port 1...8

"\_\_\_"

No actuator/slave connected. If the port is not used, a slave address must not be set. If not observed, an error message is delivered.

### 1...247

Communication address of an actuator/slave controlled by the RVS61. If the RVS61 (being the master) at this address receives no reply after several queries (after a total of about 1 minute), an error message is delivered.

# Apply preconfigured Modbus settings for select manufacturers

Line no.	Operating line	
66616696	Device port 18	
	None   OEM   Pump Grundfos   Pump Wilo   Fan Ebm-papst	
	Inverter Invertek	
66626697	Function port 18	
	None     Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20 (see next page)	

### Device port 1...8

Data formats and data addressing of Modbus actuators are not standardized and therefore supplier-specific. The RVS61 provides a list of actuators from certain suppliers:

Selection	Туре
Pump Grundfos	Grundfos E-pumps with CIM/CIU200 Modbus interface
Pump Wilo	Wilo pumps with DigiCon IF module
Fan Ebm-papst	Ebm-papst fans of the 84/112/150 line
Inverter Invertek	Invertek VSD OPTIDRIVE
OEM *	Setting for "Actuators self configuration"

### Function port 1...8

Selecting the use or the function of the actuator in the field.

The RVS61 does not provide a speed control signal for all types of pumps. These pumps are then only controlled as single speed pumps (on/off).

Function	Speed-controlled
System pump Q14	No
Cascade pump Q25	No
Circulating pump Q4	No
St tank transfer pump Q11	No
DHW interm circ pump Q33	Yes
DHW mixing pump Q35	No
Collector pump Q5	Yes
Collector pump 2 Q16	Yes
Solar pump ext exch K9	Yes
Solar ctrl elem buffer K8	Yes
Solar ctrl elem swi pool K18	Yes
Cons circuit pump VK1 Q15	No
Cons circuit pump VK2 Q18	No
Swimming pool pump Q19	No
Heat circuit pump HC3 Q20	Yes
Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2	Yes
DHW ctrl elem Q3	Yes
Source pump Q8/fan K19	No
Condenser pump Q9	Yes
Compressor stage 1 K1	Yes
Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6	Yes
Instant WH ctrl elem Q34	Yes
Cooling circ pump CC1 Q24	No
Cooling circ pump CC2 Q28	No
Cooling circ pump CC3 Q29	No
Solid fuel boiler pump Q10	Yes
Ventilation fan 1 K51	Yes
Ventilation fan 2 K52	Yes
Ventilation fan 3 K53	Yes
Outside air temp contr Q17	No
Source int circ pump Q81	No
System pump 2 Q44	No
Heat/cool circ pump 1 Q2	Yes
Heat/cool circ pump 2 Q6	Yes
Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20	Yes



For every port, menu "Input/output test" offers 4 ACS parameters used to check the functioning of an actuator.

For description of the test parameters and display values, refer to the respective chapter.

# Important note

Parameters "Devices Port 1..." and "Function Port 1..." write setting **Sets** to the same Modbus expert parameters (ACS), the are **individually** documented in section "Actuators self configuration".

In other words, for your engineering going back and forth between setting sets and individual settings is possible and even makes sense. Note that the settings cannot be saved so that the "last wins" principle applies.

### 2. Controller network

Using Modbus, the RVS61 can be connected to a controller of other manufacture.

The RVS61 must be configured as the slave with a "Slave address" (line 6651), the controller of other manufacture is the master.

### Settings

The parameters to be set are Slave address, Baud rate, Parity and Stop bit. With no meaning or function:

- · Port parameter.
- Input/output test parameter.
- $\mathbf{i}$
- The RVS61 is either a generator or consumer controller, depending on the controller's configuration.
- Interconnected RVS controllers cannot be connected via Modbus.
- The list and description of possible data points that are available can be found in document A6V11625981.

## 3. BACS/operating unit

Using Modbus, the RVS61 can be connected to a BACS or operating unit.

The RVS61 must be configured as the slave with a "Slave address" (line 6651), BACS or the operating unit is the master.

### Settings

The parameters to be set are Slave address, Baud rate, Parity and Stop bit.

With no meaning or function:

- · Port parameter.
- Input/output test parameter.
- The majority of operating parameters and display values of the RVS61 can be read and written via the Modbus.
- The list and description of possible data points that are available can be found in document A6V11625981.

# 6.23 Modbus expert

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Modbus response timeout
ACS	Source error by Modbus error

Modbus response timeout

Response time to a query.

Source error by Modbus error

Byte order (per port)

The impacted source is switched to fault if Modbus fails (setting "Yes", default).

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Byte order

Transmission format or byte sequence on the bus.

# **Actuators self configuration**

The Modbus expert menu offers access to the following virtual inputs and output for each port:

ACS parameter	Type of input/output	Description
Modbus function QX	Virtual multifunctional digital output	The function of the virtual QX output can be defined (dito OL6070).
Modbus function UX	Virtual multifunctional output (modulating)	The funciton of the virtual UX output can be defined (dito OL5890). For speed-controlled pumps and fans or for temperature and/or power demands.
'Status'	Feedback from Modbus function QX	State (ON/OFF) of the defined Modbus actuator.
'UX feedback'	Feedback from Modbus function UX	Modulation actual value of the defined Modbus actuators.
Modbus function BX	Virtual sensor input	Note: The settings of the sensor inputs determine the basic diagrams and auxiliary functions. See Section "".
Modbus function EX *	Virtual multifunctional digital input	The funciton of the virtual EX input can be defined (dito OL5980).
Modbus function	Virtual multifunctional output	Sends a freely defined or internal Modbus register value**
output 1		
'Input 1'	Virtual input	Pure display value

<sup>\*)</sup> The 'Modbus compare EX' parameter offers a compare query for non-boolean values

The menu Modbus experts is relevant for actuator applications (RVS as master) and only displayed in the ACS tool. The setpoint is designed for users who know Modbus specifications and protocols.

<sup>\*\*)</sup> The internal Modbus register addresses can be found in document A6V11625981 (Albatros2\_Modbus\_Paralist)

# Data points / Register format & addressing

The parameters described below permit the RVS controller to set the various formats and addressing of the Modbus registers. This permits also connecting actuators under certain circumstances that are not predefined on the controller.

ACS-Parameter	Kürzel	Einstellungen
Modbus function code	FnCode	• For virtual inputs: No function   Read Coils   Read Discrete Inputs   Read Holding Registers
		Read Input Registers
		For virtual outputs: No function   Write Single Coil   Write Single Register
Modbus register address	RegAdr	065535
Modbus data type	DataTyp	Boolean   sign 16 bit   unsign 16 bit
Modbus bit mask	BitMask	065535
Modbus multiplicator	Mul	-3276832767
Modbus divisor	Div	-3276832767
Modbus offset	Offset	-3276832767 (for Modbus data type = unsigned: Positive values only)

## Important note

The individual parameters described here are the same settings as described in section "Preconfigured Modbus settings for select manufacturers" (descriptions "Devices Port 1..." and "Function Port 1..."). The latter write the entire setting **Sets**. In other words, for your engineering going back and forth between setting sets and individual settings is possible and even makes sense. Note that the settings cannot be saved so that the "last wins" principle applies.

# 6.24 Errors

Pending errors are displayed with the Alarm symbol  $\Delta$  together with a brief description. Additional information is available on the Info pages.

### Reset

Line no.	Operating line
6710	Reset alarm relay
	No ¦ Yes
6711	Reset HP
	No ¦ Yes

Reset alarm relay

When a fault is pending, an alarm can be set off via relay Qx. Relay Qx must be configured accordingly.

This setting is used to reset the relay, but the alarm is maintained.

Reset HP

Pending error messages from the heat pump are reset via this operating line. The preset switch-on delay is bridged, thus avoiding undesirable waiting times during commissioning or fault tracing. This function should not be used in normal operation.

# Temperature alarms

Line no.	Operating line		
6740	Flow temp 1 alarm		
6741	Flow temp 2 alarm		
6742	Flow temp 3 alarm		
6745	DHW charging alarm		
6746	Flow temp cooling 1 alarm		
6747	Flow temp cooling 2 alarm		
6748	Flow temp cooling 3 alarm		

The temperatures are constantly monitored. If an actual value deviates from the setpoint for a period of time exceeding the time set here, an alarm is delivered, including display of the associated error message.

Error code 121: Flow temperature heating circuit 1 too low (line 6740).

Error code 122: Flow temperature heating circuit 2 too low (line 6741).

Error code 371: Flow temperature heating circuit 3 too low (line 6742).

Error code 126: Monitoring DHW charging (line 6745).

Error code 357: Flow temperature cooling circuit 1 not reached (line 6746).

Error code 474: Flow temperature cooling circuit 2 not reached (line 6747).

Error code 475: Flow temperature cooling circuit 3 not reached (line 6748)

The flow temperature is regarded as having been maintained if the deviation from the setpoint is less than 1 Kelvin. If the flow temperature setpoint is reduced by more than 4 Kelvin, the monitoring function will be deactivated until the flow temperature has dropped to the new setpoint.

The function is also passive when the heating circuit pump is off due to an "Eco" function or quick setback.

### **Error history**

Line no.	Operating line
68006819	[Time stamp and error history 110]

The controller stores the last 10 errors in a nonvolatile error memory. Any additional entry clears the oldest entry in the memory.

For each error entry, error code and time of occurrence are stored.

 $\mathbf{i}$ 

The ACS tool can be used to display the relevant actual values, setpoints and relay outputs for each error.

Error codes

A list of possible error codes is available in section 6.34.1.

## History 1...10

Line no.	Operating line	
6820	Reset history	
	No ¦ Yes	

Reset history

The error history with the last 10 errors, the associated actual values and setpoints and the relay output states will be deleted.

# Number of error repetitions

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Repetition Error 107:Hot-gas compressor 1
ACS	Repetition Error 108:Hot-gas compressor 2
ACS	Repetition Error 134:Disturbance heat pump
ACS	Repetition Error 204:Fan fault (overload)
ACS	Repetition Error 222:High-pressure HP
ACS	Repetition Error 225:Low-pressure HP
ACS	Repetition Error 226:Compressor 1 overload
ACS	Repetition Error 227:Compressor 2 overload
ACS	Repetition Error 228:Flow switch heat source
ACS	Repetition Error 229:Pressure switch heat source
ACS	Repetition Error 230:Source pump overload
ACS	Rep Error 355/385:Three-phase current/undervolt
ACS	Repetition Error 356:Flow switch consumers
ACS	Repetition Error 358/483: Soft starter
ACS	Repetition Error 491:Max evaporation temp
ACS	Repetition error 504:Press diff process reversal
ACS	Repetition error 529/530: Superheat controller

Number of error repetitions (only via ACS tool)

When the set value is exceeded, the heat pump shuts down and can only be unlocked by making a reset.

# 6.25 Maintenance/special operation

# "Maintenance" functions

"Maintenance" functions can be used as a preventive measure to ensure periodic monitoring of plant. All "Maintenance" functions can be switched individually. The controller generates maintenance messages automatically should maintenance function settings be violated.

Line no.	Operating line		
7070	HP interval		
7071	HP time since maint		
7072	Max starts compr1/hrs run		
7073	Cur starts compr1/hrs run		
7074	Max starts compr2/hrs run		
7075	Cur starts compr2/hrs run		
7076	Diff condens max/week		
7077	Cur diff condens max/week		
7078	Diff condens min/week		
7079	Cur diff condens min/week		
7080	Diff evap max/week		
7081	Cur diff evap max/week		
7082	Diff evap min/week		
7083	Cur diff evap min/week		
7084	Maint interval ventilation 1		
7085	Time since maint vent'n 1		
7086	Maint interval ventilation 2		
7087	Time since maint vent'n 2		
7088	Maint interval ventilation 3		
7089	Time since maint vent'n 3		
7090	DHW storage tank interval		
7091	DHW stor tank since maint		
7092	DHW charg temp HP min		
7093	Curr DHW charg temp HP		

HP interval

Setting the interval (in months) at which the heat pump requires service.

HP time since maint

Display of the period of time (in months) since the last service visit. If the value lies above setting "HP interval", ...

- symbol of appears on the display, and
- a maintenance message on the info level: 17:HP interval (priority 6).

Reset

This parameter can be reset, provided the respective access right is granted.

## Maximum number of starts of compressors 1, 2 per hour run

Max starts compr1/hrs run

Max starts compr2/hrs Curr starts compr1/hrs run Cur starts compr2/hrs run

Setting the maximum permissible number of starts of compressor 1 or 2 per hour run.

Average number of starts of compressor 1 or 2 per hour run reached over the last 6 weeks. If the value lies above setting "Max starts compr1/hrs run" or "Max starts compr2/hrs run"...

- symbol appears on the display, and
- on the info level maintenance message 8:Too many starts compr1 or 9:Too many starts compressor 2 (both having priority 9).

Reset

This parameter can be reset, provided the respective access right is granted.

# Number of times per week the temperature differential across the condenser exceeded the maximum

Diff condens max/week

Setting the number of times within a 7-day period the temperature differential across the condenser may exceed the maximum.

Cur diff condens max/week

Number of times within a 7-day period the temperature differential across the condenser exceeded the maximum. If the value lies above setting "Diff condens max/week", ...

- symbol papears on the display, and
- a maintenance message on the info level: 13:Diff condenser max (priority 3).

Reset

This parameter can be reset, provided the respective access right is granted.

# Number of times per week the temperature differential across the condenser dropped below the minimum

Diff condens min/week

Indicates how many times within a 7-day period the temperature differential across the condenser may drop below the minimum.

Cur diff condens min/week

Number of times within a 7-day period the temperature differential across the condenser dropped below the minimum. If the value lies above setting "Diff condens min/week", ...

- symbol f appears on the display, and
- a maintenance message on the info level: 14:Diff condenser min (priority 3).

Reset

This parameter can be reset, provided the respective access right is granted.

# Number of times per week the temperature differential across the condenser exceeded the maximum.

Diff evap max/week

Indicates how many times within a 7-day period the maximum temperature differential across the evaporator may be exceeded.

Cur diff evap max/week

Number of times within a 7-day period the temperature differential across the condenser exceeded the maximum. If the value lies above setting "Diff evap max/week", ...

- symbol papears on the display, and
- a maintenance message on the info level: 15:Diff evaporator max (priority 3).

Reset

This parameter can be reset, provided the respective access right is granted.

# Number of times per week the temperature differential across the evaporator dropped below the minimum

Diff evap min/week

Indicates how many times within a 7-day period the temperature differential across the evaporator may drop below the minimum.

Cur diff evap min/week

Number of times within a 7-day period the temperature differential across the evaporator dropped below the minimum. If the value lies above setting "Diff evap min/week", ...

- symbol # appears on the display, and
- a maintenance message on the info level: 16:Diff evaporator min (priority 3).

Reset

This parameter can be reset, provided the respective access right is granted.

### Time interval for ventilation maintenance

# Maintenance interval ventilation

Setting of the time interval (in hours) in which the ventilation must be maintained.

# Time since maintenance ventilation

Expired time (in hours) since the last maintenance. If the value is above the setting "Maintenance interval ventilation", ...

- On the display, the symbol  $\mathcal{J}$  displays and
- On the info level, the corresponding maintenance message:
  - 26:Maintenance interval ventilation 1 expired (priority 6)
  - 27:Maintenance interval ventilation 2 expired (priority 6)
  - 28:Maintenance interval ventilation 3 expired (priority 6)

#### Reset

The parameter can be reset with the appropriate access rights.

## Interval for maintenance of DHW storage tank

# DHW storage tank interval DHW stor tank since maint

Setting the interval (in months) at which the DHW storage tank must be serviced.

Period of time (in months) since the last service visit. If the value lies above setting "DHW storage tank interval", ...

- symbol appears on the display, and
- a maintenance message on the info level: 11:DHW stor tank interval (priority 6).

### Reset

This parameter can be reset, provided the respective access right is granted.

## Minimum DHW charging temperature

### DHW charg temp HP min

Minimum temperature level to which the DHW storage tank needs to be charged by the heat pump without aborting charging.

# Curr DHW charg temp HP

The controller stores the DHW temperature at which charging by the heat pump was aborted last because the heat pump reached the limitation for high-pressure, hot-gas, or the maximum switch-off temperature. If the value lies below setting "DHW charg temp HP min", ...

- symbol appears on the display, and
- a maintenance message on the info level: 12:DHW charg tempHP low (priority6).

### Reset

This parameter can be reset, provided the respective access right is granted.

If the minimum DHW charging temperature is exceeded again next time the DHW storage tank is charged, the "Maintenance" function is canceled. But if not reached again, the maintenance message is maintained.

Line no.	Operating line		
ACS	Maintenance message		
ACS	Responsibility for message		
	No display of responsibility   Only display phone no   Service   Customer		
	service   Installer   Janitor   Administration   Refrigeration engineer   Hotline		
ACS	Telephone responsibility for message		
ACS	Displ event message electr immers heater		
	Yes   No		

Maintenance message Display of the currently pending maintenance message.

Responsibility for message Display of responsibility for the currently pending maintenance message.

Telephone responsibility for message

Display of phone number of individual responsible for the currently pending maintenance message.

Display of text and phone number of the responsible individual are entered on operating lines 7180 through 7189.

Displ event message electr immers heater

An activated electric immersion heater (K6, K16, K25, K26) can be displayed on the connected operator unit with "EI imm heater on".

i Older operator units display the text "Event 5" rather than El imm heater on".

Yes

The message is displayed on the operator unit.

Nο

The message is not displayed on the operator unit.

Maintenance messages A list of maintenance messages is available in Section 6.34.2.

### Special operating functions

### **Economy mode**

During intermediate seasons, the demand for heat can possibly be met by ecological heat sources, such as solar or wood-fired boilers. In that case, conventional producers such as heat pumps or electrical immersion heaters are locked. This option can be released or locked via "Economy function" (line 7119). Using operating line "Economy function", the enduser can switch off the heat pump or electrical immersion heaters for any desired period of time.

Line no.	Operating line			
7119	Economy function			
	Locked   Released			
7120	Economy mode			
	Off¦On			

## **Economy function**

### Locked

"Economy" mode is not possible.

### Released

"Economy" mode can be activated.

### Economy mode

### Off

Economy mode is deactivated.

### On

Economy mode is activated; all electric immersion heaters are locked and the heat pump is put into operation only if DHW charging is required.

### **Error response**

Line no.	Operating line	
7124	7124 Substitute setpoint source	
7125	Modbus T'out sub setpsourc	
7126	Modbus T'out sub setpcasc	
7127	LPB T'out sub setp source	

### **Modbus**

The error response can be configured. Parameters are available for souce and cascade master.

Note

Error recognition is described in section 6.22 "Modbus" at parameter 6658.

### Source

Modbus T'out sub setpsourc

---

The souce is and/or remains switched off.

### 0...600 min

For a Modbus communications error, the substitute value (OL 7124: "Substitute setpoint source") is enabled after the timeout.

### Cascade master

Modbus T'out sub setpcasc

---

The casecade is and/or remains switched off ausgeschaltet.

### 0...600 min

For a Modbus communications error, the substitute value (OL 7124: "Substitute setpoint source") is enabled after the timeout.

## LPB

The error response can be configured. One parameter is available for the source and predefined response for the cascade master.

Note

Error recognion is described at the end of section 6.21 "LPB".

## Source

LPB T'out sub setp source

---

The source is and/or remains switched off.

### 0...600 Mir

The substitute value (OL 7124: "Substitute setpoint source") is enabled after timeout and the source is enabled.

### Cascade master

For local heat request (internal device requests) from the cascade master, the internal souce is enabled inspite of the LPB error.

No error response can be enabled for cascade slaves in the event of an LPB error, since the master no longer has access to these participants.

Heat requests, sent via LPB, become invalid after a timeout of 11 minutes.

### Chimney sweep function

Line no.	Operating line	
7130	Chimney sweep function	
	Chilling Group function	

The parameter or the chimney sweep function can trigger the chimney sweep function for the supplementary generator.

The heating oil or natural gas boiler, integrated as a supplementary generator, starts operation. All other heat generators are switched off.

Control occurs in one of the following variants:

- 2-position control to the setpoint on the selected control sensor via control relay K32 and the release relay K27 (see Line 3690...3755).
- Output of a 0..10V signal for a heat or temperature request via a Ux output.
   The signal corresponds to the setpoint for the common flow temperature setpoint (see Line 6070 / 6078).

i	The setting on this operating line or the chimney sweep button switches off this
	function, or automatically after a timeout of 1 hour.

Relay states and Ux for a chimney sweep function

Configuration		Response on ch	Response on chimney sweep function Burner output (preset via HW parameter 7131)	
-				
K27	K32	Ux	Off	On
Yes	-	-	K27 =Off	K27 = On
-	Yes	-	K32=Off	K32 = On
-	-	Yes	Output Ux = 0	Output Ux = Setpoint Chimney
				sweep (line 3712)
Yes	Yes	-	K27 = On	K27 = On
			K32 = Off	K32 = On
Yes	-	Yes	K27 = On	K27 = On
			Output Ux = 0	Output Ux = Setpoint Chimney
				sweep (line 3712)
Yes	Yes	Yes	K27 = On	K27 = On
			K32 = Off	K32 = On
			Output Ux = 0	Output Ux = Setpoint Chimney
				sweep (Line 3712)

## Manual interventions/simulations

# **Emergency operation**

If the heat pump does not operate properly, emergency operation can be started. Emergency operation allows the plant to be operated with the available electric immersion heaters (flow, buffer storage tank, DHW storage tank). In that case, the compressor remains off.

Line no.	Operating line	
7141	Emergency operation	
	Off ¦ On	
7142	Emergency op function type	
	Manually   Automatically	

## **Emergency operation**

Emergency operation can be manually switched on and off.

### Off

Emergency operation is off.

## On

Emergency operation is on.

# Emergency op function type

## **Manually**

Emergency operation can only be switched on and off via parameter "Emergency operation" (line 7141).

## **Automatically**

- Emergency operation switches itself on whenever the heat pump becomes faulty. It switches itself off again when the fault is rectified and if required a reset is made.
- The functionality described under "Manual" is also available

### Simulation

Line no.	Operating line
7150	Simulation outside temp

## Simulation outside temp

To facilitate commissioning and fault tracing, outside temperatures in the range from -50...50 °C can be simulated. During simulation, the current, the composite and the attenuated outside temperature are overridden by the set simulated temperature.

During the simulation, calculation of the 3 mentioned outside temperatures continues and the temperatures are available again when the simulation is completed.

The function is deactivated by setting "- - -" on this operating line, or automatically after a timeout of 5 hours.

### Defrosting, refrigerant

Line no.	Operating line
7152	Triggering defrost
	No ¦Yes
7153	Pumping off refrigerant
	Off¦On

### Triggering defrost

The heat pump's "Defrost" function can be manually triggered via this operating line.

### Pumping off refrigerant

Pumping off the refrigerant can be manually triggered via this operating line.

### Release wo source prot

Line no.	Operating line
7154	Release without source protection

The heat pump can be released without source monitoring as an exception.

The function allows plants to operate during a defined time until the necessary repairs can be made.

# **CAUTION**

Only a properly trained heating technician may trigger this function. Switching on the heat pump without source protection can damage the pump depending on present operating conditions.

### Triggering the function

The desired release time can be set to between 1 and 240 h with this parameter. The heat pump can be released without source protection as needed during this period.

Incorrect values or an interruption/short circuit of the source protection sensor is ignored.

The remaining time for heat pump operation without source protection is displayed at parameter 7154.

### Ending the function

The function ends automatically after the set time expires.

The function ends immediately is parameter 7154 is manually set to 0 h.

### Commissioning wizard

Line no.	Operating line
7167	Commissioning wizard
	On   Off

The setting "on" starts the commissioning wizard when the controller is powered up. It permits a guided configuration of the basis unit (plant configuration, functions, system settings, and backup).

The commissioning wizard is only available on the UI operator units.

# Definition of responsibilities

Line no.	Operating line
7180	Text responsibility
	No display of responsibility   Only display of phone no.   Service   Customer
	service   Installer   Janitor   Administration   Refrigeration engineer   Hotline
7181	Phone no. responsibility 1
7182	Text responsibility 2
7183	Phone no. responsibility 2
7184	Text responsibility 3
7185	Phone no. responsibility 3
7186	Text responsibility 4
7187	Phone no. responsibility 4
7188	Text responsibility 5
7189	Phone no. responsibility 5

## Text responsibility...5

These operating lines are used to select the responsibility for text display of the relevant error and maintenance messages..

# Phone no. responsibility 1...5

These operating lines are used to enter the phone nos. of personnel responsible for the relevant error and maintenance messages.

 $\mathbf{i}$ 

The assignment of error and maintenance messages to the 5 optional responsibilities is made via the ACS tool (parameter not documented).

### Commissioning

Line no.	Operating line
7202	Commissioning heat pump
	Off   Heating   Cooling
7207	Outp selection HP modulating
7212	Outp selection HP multistage
	Off   Compressor 1   Compressor 2   Compressor 1+2

### Commissioning function

The commissioning function permits heat pump operations based on consumer requirements. Setting 7202 determines whether the heat pump is used for heating or cooling.

But the heat pump only turns on if the output selection (OL 7207 or 7212) was made.

The commissioning function ends for a power loss (7202 = Off).

The compressor does not automatically switch back on if the heat pump achieves a safety limit value during active commissioning. The output selection is reset in this case (7207 = 0%, 7212 = Off), but the actual commissioning function (OL 7202 = e.g. heating) remains active.

The commissioning function automatically switches off after 2 hours without manual changes to parameters 7202-7212.

Settings 7207, 7212, and 7226 are reset to default vaues after cancelation or manually switcing off the commissioning function.

The parameters must be re-enter to reactive the commissioning function.

Outp selection HP modulating

The setting defines the output (0...100 %) of a modulating heat pump during active commissioning. The heat pumpt is operated during active commissioning function at a set output.

Outp selection HP multistage

The setting defines the compressor stages of a staged heat pump during active commissioning function.

Special operating codes

A list of special operating codes is available in section 6.34.3.

### Disable heat pump

Line no.	Operating line
7223	Disable heat pump
	Inactive   Active

The heat pump can be disabled. This prevents, for example, the heat pump from operating before configuration is completed.

The function disables all components on the heat pump (compressor, pumps, valves). The "Manual disabled" appears in the "Status heat pump".

The consumers are no restricted by the parameter.

### Exception

The heat pump or components thereof can be switched on in the following special operations despite active disable:

- Emergency operation, manual (OL 7141)
   Permits temporary commissioning of the heat pump (pre-commissioning) to supply the plant with heat to protect the plant against frost. The automatic emergency mode is not released.
- Commissioning heat pump
- Relay test, output test

## **CAUTION**

Improper use of special operations can damage the plant. Special operations may only be undertaken by heating engineers after ensuring that all requirements are met.

#### Heat pump monitoring

Line no.	Operating line
7226	Monitoring heat pump
	On! Critical only

A portion of the monitoring functions are disabled with parameter 7226 for the final check. The reduced monitoring only acts during active commissioning function (OL 7202).

The monitoring functions are active with **On**, only the most important monitoring functions are active with **Critical only**.

			OL	OL 7226		
Sensor	OL	Monitoring function	On	Critical only		
-	6123	Restart lock pumps	Active	Active		
E9	-	Low pressure	Active	Active		
E10	-	High pressure	Active	Active		
E11, E12	-	Overload compressor 1	Active	Active		
E14	-	Overload source	Active	Active		
E20	-	Common fault HP	Active	Active		
E21-E23	-	Network monitoring, Three phase monitoring	Active	Active		
E25, E27	-	Fault soft starter	Active	Active		
E26, E29	-	Pressure detector source	Active	Active		
Hx	6142	Water pressure critical min (critical limit)	Active	Active		
E15, E30	-	Flow detector source	Active	Inactive		
E24	-	Flow detector consumer	Active	Inactive		
Нх	2898	Min flow switch source	Active	Inactive		
Нх	2899	Min flow switch consumers	Active	Inactive		
B21, B71	2810	Condenser frost protection	aktiv <sup>1)</sup>	Inactive		
B21	2809	Temp frost alarm	Active	Inactive		
B21, B71	2970	Switch-off temp min	Active	Inactive		
B21, B71	2844	Switch-off temp max	Active	Inactive		
B91, B92	2815	Source temp min water	Active	Inactive		
B91, B92	2814	Source temp max	Active	Inactive		
B9	2812	Operation limit OT min air	Active	Inactive		
B9	2813	Operation limit OT max air	Active	Inactive		
B81, B82	2846	Hot-gas temp max	Active	Inactive		
H82	2825	Min evaporation temp	Active	Inactive		
H82	2826	Max evaporation temp	Active	Inactive		
H83	2785	Max condensation temp	Active	Inactive		

<sup>1)</sup> Only switching off actions are active during cooling. During active commissioning function, the compressor and electrical immersion heating are no switched on by the frost protection function.

## 6.26 Configuring the extension modules

## Function of extension modules

Line no.	Operating line
7300	Function extension module 1, 2 und 3
7375	None   Multifunctional   Heating circuit 1   Heating circuit 2   Heating circuit 3   Solar
7450	DHW   Primary contr/system pump   DHW primary controller   Instantaneous water
1 .00	heater   Cooling circuit 1   Heating circ/cooling circ 1   Solid fuel boiler   Cooling
	circuit 2   Heating circ/cooling circ 2   Cooling circuit 3   Heating circ/cooling circ 3
	DHW interm circuit controller

When selecting a function, the extension module's inputs and outputs are assigned functions according to the following table:

## Electrical connections

Connection terminal on the module	QX21	QX22	QX23	BX21	BX22	H2/H21	H22
Multifunctional	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Heating circuit 1	Y1	Y2	Q2	B1	*	*	*
Heating circuit 2	Y5	Y6	Q6	B12	*	*	*
Heating circuit 3	Y11	Y12	Q20	B14	*	*	*
Solar DHW	*	*	Q5	B6	B31	*	*
Primary contr/system pump	Y19	Y20	Q14	B15	*	*	*
DHW primary controller	Y31	Y32	Q3	B35	*	*	*
Instantaneous water heater	Y33	Y34	Q34	B38	B39	FS	*
Cooling circuit 1	Y23	Y24	Q24	B16	*	*	*
Heating circ/cooling circ 1	Y1	Y2	Q2	B1	*	*	*
Solid fuel boiler	Y9	Y10	Q10	B72	B22	*	*
Cooling circuit 2	Y41	Y42	Q28	B17	*	*	*
Heating circ/cooling circ 2	Y5	Y6	Q6	B12	*	*	*
Cooling circuit 3	Y43	Y44	Q29	B18	BX22	*	*
Heating circ/cooling circ 3	Y11	Y12	Q20	B14	BX22	*	*
DHW interm circuit controller	Y37	Y38	Q33	B36	*	*	*

<sup>\*</sup> Freely selectable in QX.../BX...

## **QX extension module** Defines usage of the Qx relay outputs.

Line no.			Operating line
Mod 1	Mod 2	Mod 3	
7301	7376	7451	Relay output QX21 module 1, 2, 3
7302	7377	7452	Relay output QX22 module 1, 2, 3
7303	7378	7453	Relay output QX23 module 1, 2, 3  None   Compressor 2 K2   Process revers valve Y22   Hot-gas temp K31   El imm heater 1 flow K25   El imm heater 2 flow K26   Div valve cool source Y28   System pump Q14   Cascade pump Q25   Heat gen shutoff valve Y4   El imm heater DHW K6   Circulating pump Q4   St tank transfer pump Q11   DHW interm circ pump Q33   DHW mixing pump Q35   Collector pump Q5   Collector pump 2 Q16   Solar pump ext exch K9   Solar ctrl elem buffer K8   Solar ctrl elem swi pool K18   El imm heater buffer K16   Cons circuit pump VK1 Q15   Cons circuit pump VK2 Q18   Swimming pool pump Q19   Heat circuit pump HC3 Q20   2nd pump speed HC1 Q21   2nd pump speed HC2 Q22   2nd pump speed HC3 Q23   Div valve HC/CC1 Y21   Air dehumidiffer K29   Heat request K27   Refrigeration request K28   Alarm output K10   Time program 5 K13   Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2   DHW ctrl elem Q3   Source pump Q8/fan K19   Condenser pump Q9   Compressor stage 1 K1   Suppl source control K32   Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6   Instant WH ctrl elem Q34   Common flow valve Y13   Div valve HC/CC2 Y45   Div valve HC/CC3 Y46   Cooling circ pump CC1 Q24   Cooling circ pump CC2 Q28   Cooling circ pump CC3 Q29   Solid fuel boiler pump Q10   Flue gas relay K17   Assisted firing fan K30   Crankcase heater K40   Drip tray heater K41   Valve evaporator K81   Valve EVI K82   Valve injection capillary K83   dT controller 1 K21   dT controller 2 K22   Ventilation fan 1 K51   Ventilation bypass 3 K56   Outside air temp contr Q17   Source int circ pump Q81   Source int circ div Y81   DHW heat pump K33   System pump 2 Q44   Div valve cooling cond Y27   Div valve cooling flow Y29   Cond reversing valve Y91   Buffer reversing valve Y47   Status info heating K42   Status info cooling K43   Status info DHW charg K44   Heat/cool circ pump 1 Q2   Heat/cool circ pump 2 Q6   Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20   Status info generation K45   Fault info generation K46

Refer to the function descriptions, operating line "Relay output QX1".

FS = DHW flow switch; AVS75.390 = H2; AVS75.370 = H21

#### BX extension module

Defines usage of the BX sensor inputs.

Line no.			Operating line
Mod. 1	Mod. 2	Mod. 3	
7307	7382	7457	Sensor input BX21 module 1, 2, 3
7308	7383	7458	Sensor input BX22 module 1, 2, 3  None   Buffer sensor B4   Buffer sensor B41   Collector sensor B6   DHW sensor B31   Hot-gas sensor B82   Refrig sensor liquid B83   DHW charging sensor B36   DHW outlet sensor B38   DHW circulation sensor B39   Swimming pool sensor B13   Collector sensor 2 B61   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   Buffer sensor B42   Common flow sensor B10   Cascade return sensor B70   Special temp sensor 1   Special temp sensor 2   DHW sensor B3   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71   Hot-gas sensor B81   Outside sensor B9   Source inlet sensor B91   Source outl sens B92/B84   Room sensor B5   Room setp readjustment 1   Room sensor B52   Room setp readjustment 2   Room sensor B53   Room setp readjustment 3   Flue gas temp sensor B8   Solid fuel boiler sensor B22   Solid fuel boil ret sens B72   Suction gas sensor B85   Suction gas sensor EVI B86   Evaporation sensor EVI B87   DHW prim contr sensor B35   Outside air sensor B19   Common flow sensor 2 B11   Common return sensor B73   Source int circ flow B93   Source int circ return B94   Suction gas sensor cool B88

Refer to function descriptions, operating line "Sensor input BX1".

## H2 on extension - modules 1, 2 and 3

Line no.			Operating line
Mod. 1	Mod. 2	Mod. 3	operating into
7311	7386	7461	Function input H2 module 1, 2, 3
			None   Op'mode change zones+DHW   Optg mode changeover DHW   Op'mode changeover zones   Op'mode changeover zone 1   Op'mode changeover zone 2   Op'mode changeover zone 3   Error/alarm message   Consumer request VK1   Consumer request VK2   Release swi pool source heat   Release swi pool solar   Operating level DHW   Operating level HC1   Operating level HC2   Operating level HC3   Room thermostat HC1   Room thermostat HC2   Room thermostat HC3   DHW flow switch   Dewpoint monitor   Flow temp setp incr hygro   Swi-on command HP stage 1   Swi-on command HP stage 2   Status info suppl source   Charg prio DHW sol fuel boil   Ventilation switch 1   Ventilation switch 2   Ventilation switch 3   Consumer request VK1 10V   Consumer request VK2 10V   Pressure measurement 10V   Humidity measurement 10V   Room temp 10V   Flow measurement 10V   Temp measurement 10V
7312	7387	7462	Contact type H2 module 1, 2, 3
7314	7389	7464	Voltage value 1 H2 module 1, 2, 3
7315	7390	7465	Funct value 1 H2 module 1, 2, 3
7316	7391	7466	Voltage value 2 H2 module 1, 2, 3
7317	7392	7467	Funct value 2 H2 module 1, 2, 3

The settings for input H2 on the extension module correspond to a large extent to those for the HX inputs on the basic unit (without pulse count, flow measurement Hz). For descriptions, refer to operating line "Function input H1, H3" and following.

#### Temperature sensor H2

Line no.			Operating line
Mod. 1	Mod. 2	Mod. 3	
7318	7393	7468	Temp sensor H2 module 1, 2, 3
			None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP flow
			sensor B21 ¦ HP return sensor B71

Defines the temperature acquired by the sensor connected to "Input H2 module 1....3" (solar flow/return or heat pump flow/return). The controller uses the acquired temperature to control the respective plant component.

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If, for temperature acquisition, the same sensor is defined at Bx and Hx, the sensor connected to Bx is given priority.

#### **Function input H21**

Line no.			Operating line
Mod. 1	Mod. 2	Mod. 3	
7321	7396	7471	Function input H21 module 1, 2, 3  None   Op'mode change zones+DHW   Optg mode changeover DHW   Op'mode changeover zones   Op'mode changeover zone 1   Op'mode changeover zone 2   Op'mode changeover zone 3   Error/alarm message   Consumer request VK1   Consumer request VK2   Release swi pool source heat   Release swi pool solar   Operating level DHW   Operating level HC1   Operating level HC2   Operating level HC3   Room thermostat HC1   Room thermostat HC2   Room thermostat HC3   DHW flow switch   Pulse count   Dewpoint monitor   Flow temp setp incr hygro   Swi-on command HP stage 1   Swi-on command HP stage 2   Status info suppl source   Charg prio DHW sol fuel boil   Ventilation switch 1   Ventilation switch 2   Ventilation switch 3   Flow measurement Hz   Consumer request VK1 10V   Consumer request VK2 10V   Pressure measurement 10V   Humidity measurement 10V   Air quality measurement 10V
7322	7397	7472	Contact type H21 module 1, 2, 3 NC   NO
7324	7399	7474	Input value 1 H21 module 1
7325	7400	7475	Funct value 1 H21 module 1
7326	7401	7476	Input value 2 H21 module 1
7327	7402	7477	Funct value 2 H21 module 1
7328	7403	7478	Temp sensor H21 module 1 None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP flow sensor B21   HP return sensor B71

The settings for input H21 on the extension module correspond to those for the Hx inputs on the controller. For descriptions, refer to operating line "Function input H1, H3" and following.

#### **Function input H22**

Line no.			Operating line
Mod. 1	Mod. 2	Mod. 3	
7331	7406	7481	Function input H22 module 1, 2, 3
			Ditto 7321
7332	7407	7482	Contact type H22 module 1, 2, 3
7334	7409	7484	Input value 1 H22 module 1, 2, 3
7335	7410	7485	Funct value 1 H22 module 1, 2, 3
7336	7411	7486	Input value 2 H22 module 1, 2, 3
7337	7412	7487	Funct value 2 H22 module 1, 2, 3
7338	7413	7488	Temp sensor H22 module 1, 2, 3
			None   Solar flow sensor B63   Solar return sensor B64   HP flow
			sensor B21 ¦ HP return sensor B71

The settings for input H22 on the extension module correspond to those for the Hx inputs on the controller. For descriptions, refer to operating line "Function input H1, H3" and following.

## Voltage output GX21

Line no.			Operating line
Mod. 1	Mod. 2	Mod. 3	
7341	7416	7491	Voltage out GX21 module 1, 2, 3
			5 Volt ! 12 Volt

Defines the voltage used by the extension module for powering the external sensor.

## **Function input EX21**

Line no.			Operating line
Mod. 1	Mod. 2	Mod. 3	
7342	7417	7492	Funct input EX21 module 1, 2, 3  None   Electrical utility lock E6   Low-tariff E5   Overload compressor 2 E12   Overload source E14   Pressure switch source E26   Flow switch source E15   Flow switch consumers E24   Manual defrost E17   Common fault HP E20   Fault soft starter E25   Low-pressure switch E9   High-pressure switch E10   Overload compressor 1 E11   Error/alarm message   Mains supervision E21   Fault soft starter 2 E27   Pressure diff defrost E28   Pres sw source int circ E29   Flow sw source int circ E30   Smart grid E61   Smart grid E62   Low-pressure switch 2 E31   High-pressure switch 2 E32   Defrost message E33   Photovoltaics E64   SHC error message E34   SHC 2 error message E35

The settings for input EX21 on the extension module correspond to those for the EX inputs on the controller. For descriptions, refer to operating line "Function input EX1".

## **Contact type EX21**

Ī	Line no.			Operating line
Ī	Mod. 1	Mod. 2	Mod. 3	
	7343	7418	7493	Cont type inp EX21 module 1, 2, 3
L				NC ¦ <b>NO</b>

The type of contact can be selected:

#### NC

The input's function is active when voltage is not present.

#### NO

The input's function is active when voltage is present.

The descriptions of the functions of the EX contact apply when an NO contact is selected.

## Function output UX21

Line no.			Operating line	
Mod. 1	Mod. 1 Mod. 2 Mod. 3			
7348	7423	7498	Funct output UX21 module 1, 2, 3  None   Source pump Q8/fan K19   DHW pump Q3   DHW interm circ pump Q33   Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2   Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6   Heat circuit pump HC3 Q20   Collector pump Q5   Solar pump ext exch K9   Solar pump buffer K8   Solar pump swi pool K18   Collector pump 2 Q16   Instant WH pump Q34   Solid fuel boiler pump Q10   Condenser pump Q9   Heat/cool circ pump 1 Q2   Heat/cool circ pump 2 Q6   Heat/cool circ pump 3 Q20   HP setpoint   Output request   Heat request   Refrigeration request   Compressor modulation   Expansion valve evapor V81   Expansion valve EVI V82   Ventilation fan 1 K51   Ventilation fan 2 K52   Ventilation fan 3 K53	
7349	7424	7499	Sign logic out UX21 module1, 2, 3 Standard   Inverted	
7350	7425	7500	Signal output UX21 module 1, 2, 3 010V   PWM	
7354	7429	7504	Temp val 10V UX21 module1, 2, 3	

The settings for output UX21 on the extension module correspond to those for the UX outputs on the controller. For descriptions, refer to operating line "Function output UX1 and UX2" and following.

## **Function output UX22**

Line no.			Operating line
Mod. 1	Mod. 2	Mod. 3	
7355	7430	7505	Funct output UX22 module 1, 2, 3 Ditto 7348
7356	7431	7506	Sign logic out UX22 module1, 2, 3
7330	7431	7 300	Standard   Inverted
7357	7432	7507	Signal output UX22 module 1, 2, 3
			010V   PWM
7361	7436	7511	Temp val 10V UX22 module1, 2, 3

The settings for output UX22 on the extension module correspond to those for the Ux outputs on the controller. For descriptions, refer to operating line "Function output UX1 and UX2" and following.

#### **Electronic expansion valves**

The RVS61 heat pump controller (including its extension modules) is capable of controlling electronic expansion valves for 2 different applications:

- Expansion valve evapor V81: Control valve for the superheat controller (SHC).
- 2. Expansion valve EVI V82: Control valve for vapor injection (EVI).

The electronic expansion valves are controlled either via a stepper motor (output WX) or a voltage signal DC 0....10 V (output UX).

For both applications, 2 additional sensors are required, 1 for pressure (input HX) and 1 for temperature (input BX).

For DC 0...10 V signal control, parameter "Expansion valve run time" (line 3046) is required, for control with the stepper motor, a number of settings are required; for description, refer to line 7362 ("Funct output WX21 module 1").

# Restrictions in connection with extension modules

When controlling electronic expansion valves via extension modules (connected to outputs UX21, UX22, WX21), the following restrictions should be considered:

- Per extension module, only 1 electronic expansion valve for application 1 (V81 or V82) can be controlled
- Valve and sensor of an application must be connected to and configured for the same extension module (no split between basic unit and extension module or several extension modules)

## Function of output WX21

Line no.			Operating line
Mod. 1 Mod. 2 Mod. 3		Mod. 3	
7362 7437 7512		7512	Funct output WX21 module 1, 2, 3
			None   Expansion valve evapor V81   Expansion valve EVI V82

- "Expansion valve evapor V81" for superheat control (SHC).
- "Expansion valve EVI V82" for vapor injection (EVI).

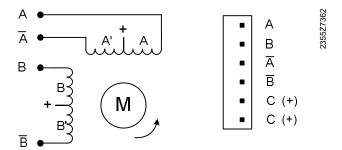
## Connection WX21 for stepper motors

Output WX21 controls valves driven by stepper motors.

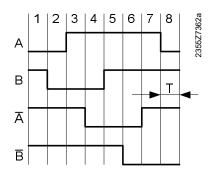
The controller's standard settings are suited for use with Siemens valves VEL 71.xx and coils SRA91.xx (refer to chapter "Summary").

The parameters required for stepper motor control are accessible via the ACS tool.

Connections of extension module AVS75.370:



The stepper motor is excited via 8 successive cyclic electrical states. Each change of state performs a single step.



T [s] = 1/step rate

For the other direction of rotation, the states are run through in the reverse order.

#### **Basic settings**

Line no.	Operating line
ACS Rotating direction WX21 module 1, 2, 3	
	Standard   Inverted
ACS	Operating mode WX21 module 1, 2, 3
	Halbschritt   Vollschritt 1-phasig
ACS*	Step rate WX21 module 1, 2, 3

<sup>\*</sup> Number of steps are always calculated as half-steps

## Rotating direction WX21 module 1, 2, 3 (ACS)

The direction of rotation required to open or close a valve depends on the valve supplier.

Parameter "Rotating direction WX21 module 1..3" (ACS) can be used to adjust the step sequence and thus the direction of rotation.

#### **Standard**

Closing: Steps 1...8, opening: Steps 8...1

#### Inverted

Closing: Steps 8...1, opening: Steps 1...8

## Operating mode WX21 module 1, 2, 3 (ACS)

The step sequence is run through depending on the selected operating mode.

#### Halbschritt

All steps 1...8 are run through.

#### Vollschritt 1-phasig

Only steps 1, 3, 5, and 7 are run through. This leads to a smaller resolution and lower power consumption.

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Usually, electronic expansion valves (EEV) use the half-step mode.

Step rate WX21 module 1, 2, 3 (ACS)

The step rate (number of steps per second) can be set via parameter "Step rate WX21 module 1...3" (ACS). It defines the temporal output of the step sequence.

#### **Position model**

Line no.	Operating line
ACS*	Number of steps WX21 module 1, 2, 3
ACS*	Steps at setpoint 0% WX21 module 1, 2, 3
ACS*	Steps at setpoint 100% WX21 module 1, 2, 3
ACS*	Steps overdrive WX21 module 1, 2, 3

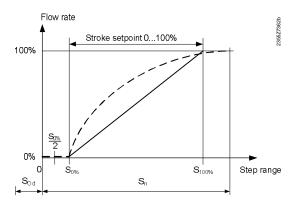
<sup>\*</sup> Number of steps are always calculated as half steps

To map the actual behavior of a valve under control conditions, the controller uses a position model.

Usually, in the valve's lower positioning range, the flow rate is close to zero and only the valve's closing force changes.

Even in the upper positioning range, the flow rate changes only slightly.

The position model takes this into consideration and shifts the control range (stroke setpoint 0...100%) to the step range ( $S_{0\%}$ ... $S_{100\%}$ ), where the flow rate changes significantly.



- - -: Real valve characteristic
- ---: Valve model

Number of steps WX21 module 1, 2, 3

Steps at setpoint 0% WX21 module 1, 2, 3

Steps at setpoint 100% WX21 module 1, 2, 3

- The valve can travel in both directions by a maximum number of steps S<sub>n</sub>
- Setting the number of steps reached when the stroke setpoint is 0%
- Setting the number of steps reached when the stroke setpoint is 100%

Step position =  $(S_{100\%} - S_{0\%})/100 \, [\%] * stroke setpoint \, [\%] + S_{0\%}$ 

- If the stroke setpoint becomes invalid (control off), the valve is not fully closed, but only until position S<sub>0%</sub>/2 is reached, which extends the valve's life considerably
- If the valve is operated in reverse mode (process reversal), the valve is pushed open at high pressure differentials. For this reason, when in reverse mode and closing, the valve is always driven to position 0 to ensure tightness at maximum pressure
- In the control range, the valve's characteristic is assumed to be linear

Steps overdrive WX21 module 1, 2, 3

Overdriving means to go through additional steps ( $S_{Od}$ ) starting from position 0. This ensures that the valve is securely closed, which means that it has reached its mechanical end position.

The number of overdrive steps can be set via "Steps overdrive WX21 module 1...3" (ACS).

#### Calibration

Stepper motors can lose steps. This means that, over time, the actual position deviates from the calculated position. And, in the event of a power failure, the valve's position is lost altogether. For this reason, the valve must be calibrated.

There are 2 types of calibration methods available:

- The valve is driven toward its mechanical end position 0 by the total number of steps Sn, regardless of its position and, in addition, overdriven by the number of steps S<sub>Od</sub>.
- 2. **Starting from the calculated position**, the valve is driven to its mechanical end position 0 and, in addition, overdriven by the number of steps Sod.
- Calibration method (1) is only used after a power failure, with Power-Up, calibration method (2) is used periodically
- After calibration, the mechanical valve position accords again with the internally stored step position (end position 0)

## Calibration WX21 module 1, 2, 3

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Calibration WX21 module 1, 2, 3

"Calibration WX21 module 1...3" (ACS) is used to set the time for the next periodic calibration.

For periodic calibration, calibration method (2) is always used.

The overview below shows events and settings as well as the associated calibration methods and valve behaviors:

Event/setting	Calibration/method	Response
Periodic calibration		
Compressor off and	No	Closing to position S <sub>0%</sub> /2
calibration period not reached		
Compressor off and	Yes, method 2	Closing to position S <sub>0%</sub> + S <sub>Od</sub>
calibration period reached		
Compressor off and	Yes, method 2 with	Closing to position S <sub>0%</sub> + S <sub>Od</sub>
calibration period = "0 h"	each off	
Compressor off and	Never	Closing to position S <sub>0%</sub> /2
calibration period = ""		
Non-periodic calibration		
Power up upon power down	Yes, method 1	Closing by S <sub>n</sub> + S <sub>Od</sub>
Quit output test	Yes, method 2	Closing to position S <sub>0%</sub> + S <sub>Od</sub>

## 6.27 Diagnostics Modbus slave

Line no.	Operating line
Port 1	, ,
7610	Input signal BX port 1
7611	Input signal UX port 1
7612	Input state QX port 1
7613	Input state EX port 1
7614	Input signal 1 port 1
7616	Output signal UX port 1
7617	Output state QX port 1
7618	Output signal 1 port 1
Port 28	
7620	dito
7688	dito

Display of virtual Modbus inputs/outputs. See section "6.23".

## 6.28 Input/output test

The input/output test is used to check the correct functioning of the connected plant components.

#### **Output test relays**

When selecting a setting from the relay test, the relevant relay is energized, thus putting the connected component into operation.

Line no.	Operating line
7700	Relay test
	No test   Everything off   Relay output QX1   Relay output QX2   Relay
	output QX3   Output QX4/ZX4   Relay output QX5   Relay output QX6   Relay
	output QX7 ¦ Relay output QX8 ¦ Relay output QX9 ¦ Relay output QX10 ¦
	Relay output QX11   Relay output QX12   Relay output QX13   Relay output
	QX21 module 1 ¦ Relay output QX22 module 1 ¦ Relay output QX23 module
	1 ¦ Relay output QX21 module 2 ¦ Relay output QX22 module 2 ¦ Relay
	output QX23 module 2   Relay output QX21 module 3   Relay output QX22
	module 3   Relay output QX23 module 3

#### **CAUTION**

When making the relay test, limitations are not active.



- When using a multifunctional output for compressor K1, the output will be deactivated for about 1 to 2 seconds.
- After 8 minutes, the relay test switches itself automatically off (timeout).

## Triac output test (ZX4 modulated)

By selecting a setting from output test ZX4, an appropriate signal is delivered, allowing checking.

Line no.	Operating line
7705	Mod setpoint ZX4 relay test
7708	Modulation signal ZX4

Mod setpoint ZX4 relay test

When the relay test is active ("Relay test" = "Output QX4/ZX4"), the modulation value set here is delivered via triac output ZX34.

Modulation signal ZX4

Shows the modulation value currently delivered via triac output ZX4.

#### Output test: UX1/UX2

By selecting a setting from output test UX1 or UX2, an appropriate signal is delivered or displayed, allowing checking.

Line no.	Operating line
7710	Output test UX1
7711	Output signal UX1
7711	[Output signal UX1]
	Voltage V ¦ PWM %
7716	Output test UX2
7717	Output signal UX2
7717	[Output signal UX2]
	Voltage V   PWM %

Output test UX1/UX2

The value entered here is delivered via output UX.

"---": Test is not active. Controller sets the value.

Output signal UX1/UX2, [Output signal UX1/UX2]

Shows the value currently delivered and its type of signal.

#### Output test UX21/UX22

By selecting a setting from output test UX21 or UX22, an appropriate signal is delivered or displayed, allowing checking.

Line no.			Operating line
Mod. 1	Mod. 2	Mod. 3	
7780	7784	7788	Output test UX21 module 1, 2, 3
7781	7785	7789	Output signal UX21 module 1, 2, 3
7781	7785	7789	[Output signal UX21 module 1, 2, 3]
			Voltage V   PWM %
7782	7786	7790	Output test UX22 module 1, 2, 3
7783	7787	7791	Output signal UX22 module 1, 2, 3
7783	7787	7791	[Output signal UX22 module 1, 2, 3]
			Voltage V   PWM %

i

See operating line 7710 ff.

## Stepper motor output test

By selecting a setting from the stepper motor output test, an appropriate signal is delivered or displayed.

Line no.			Operating line
Mod. 1	Mod. 2	Mod. 3	
7796	7798	7800	Output test WX21 module 1, 2, 3
7797	7799	7801	Pos step motor WX21 mod 1, 2, 3

Output test WX21

The stepper motor is driven to the position set here.

Pos step motor WX21

Shows the current position of the stepper motor.

### Sensor input test

By selecting a setting from the sensor input test, the relevant input is displayed, allowing checking.

Line no.	Operating line
7804	Sensor temp BX1
7805	Sensor temp BX2
7806	Sensor temp BX3
7807	Sensor temp BX4
7810	Sensor temp BX7
7811	Sensor temp BX8
7812	Sensor temp BX9
7813	Sensor temp BX10
7814	Sensor temp BX11
7815	Sensor temp BX12
7816	Sensor temp BX13
7817	Sensor temp BX14
7830	Sensor temp BX21 module 1
7831	Sensor temp BX22 module 1
7832	Sensor temp BX21 module 2
7833	Sensor temp BX22 module 2
7834	Sensor temp BX21 module 3
7835	Sensor temp BX22 module 3

Sensor temperature Bx

Shows the temperature acquired by the sensor. The selected sensor values are refreshed within a maximum of 5 seconds. The display is made with no measured value correction.

#### Input test Hx

By selecting a setting from the Hx input test, the respective input is displayed.

Line no.	Operating line
7844	Input signal H1
7844	[Output signal H1]
	None   Closed (ooo), Open ()   Pulse   Frequency Hz   Voltage V
7858	Input signal H3
7858	[Output signal H3]
	None   Closed (ooo), Open ()   Pulse   Frequency Hz   Voltage V

## Input signal H1/H3 [Output signal H1/H3]

Shows the current input value and its type of signal.

By selecting a setting from the Hx input test, the respective input is displayed.

Line no.			Operating line	
Mod. 1	Mod. 2	Mod. 3		
7845	7847	7849	Input signal H2 module 1, 2, 3	
7845	7847	7849	[Output signal H2 module 1, 2, 3]	
			None   Closed (ooo), Open ()   Frequency Hz   Voltage V	
7845	7847	7849	Input signal H21 module 1, 2, 3	
7845	7847	7849	[Output signal H21 module 1, 2, 3]	
			None   Closed (ooo), Open ()   Pulse   Frequency Hz	
			Voltage V	
7846	7848	7850	Input signal H22 module 1, 2, 3	
7846	7848	7850	[Output signal H22 module 1, 2, 3]	
			None   Closed (ooo), Open ()   Pulse   Frequency Hz	
			Voltage V	

i

H2 and H21 never occur at the same time.

Input signal H2/H21/H22, [signal type H2/H21/H22]

Shows the current input value and its type of signal.

## Input test EX...

By selecting a setting from the sensor input test, the relevant input is displayed, allowing checking.

Line no.	Operating line
7911	Input EX1
7912	Input EX2
7913	Input EX3
7914	Input EX4
7915	Input EX5
7916	Input EX6
7917	Input EX7
7919	Input EX9
7945	Input EX10
7946	Input EX11
7950	Input EX21 module 1
7951	Input EX21 module 2
7952	Input EX21 module 3

The display of "0 V" means that no voltage is applied. "230 V" means that AC 230 V is available at the respective input.

## Modbus test parameters

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Output test Modbus Port 18
ACS	Output state Modbus Port 18
ACS	Output signal Modbus Port 18
ACS	Input signal Modbus Port 18

Every Modbus port offers the following test parameters and display values:

## Output test Modbus Port

#### rt 0...100

1...8

The actuator is controlled with the degree of modulation set here (in %), regardless of the current control state.

\*\*\_\_\_\*

The output test is deactivated. The control determines the output value.

## Output state Modbus

#### 0 or 1

Port 1...8

Shows the positioning command currently output to the actuator (0: off, 1: on).

## Output signal Modbus

#### 0...100

Port 1...8

Shows the degree of modulation (in %) currently output to the actuator.

### Input signal Modbus Port

#### 0...100

1...8

Shows the degree of modulation (in %) currently fed back by the actuator.

## Putting Modbus in operation

Steps to be taken to put Modbus in operation:

- 1. Connect Modbus clip-in OCI350.01/OCI351.01 via the enclosed 6-pole connecting cable to the RVS61 (socket X60).
- 2. Interconnect the Modbus devices (A+, B-, REF).
- 3. Switch on the terminating resistor at the first and last Modbus device (on OCI350.01/OCI351.01 via DIP switches).
- 4. Perform Power Up on the RVS61.
- 5. Make the parameter settings ("Modbus" menu).

#### Function test

- 1. Check LED (yellow) on the OCI350.01/OCI351.01:
  - Off: No communication (e.g. no connection).
  - Flashing: Telegrams are received or sent.
- 2. The following error messages must no longer appear:
  - "495:Modbus no comm'cation"; e.g. actuator missing.
  - "500:Modbus configuration"; e.g. device other than the selected connected.
- 3. Check actuator functions using the "Modbus test parameters".
- Also, the Modbus actuators might offer additional test choices.

## **6.29** State

The current operating state of the plant is visualized in the form of state displays. Usually, this takes place in the form of info texts.

## Messages

Line no.	Operating line
8000	State heating circuit 1
8001	State heating circuit 2
8002	State heating circuit 3
8003	State DHW
8004	State cooling circuit 1
8006	State heat pump
8007	State solar
8008	State solid fuel boiler
8010	State buffer
8011	State swimming pool
8022	State supplementary source
8025	State cooling circuit 2
8026	Status cooling circuit 3
8027	State ventilation 1
8028	State ventilation 2
8029	State ventilation 3
8030	State consumer circuit 1
8031	State consumer circuit 2

The following state messages (all tables) represent messages of the Albatros2 range which do not necessarily apply to all types of controllers.

## State heating circuit 1...3

End-user (info level)	Commissioning, heating engineer	State code*
Limiter has tripped	Limiter has tripped	3
Manual control active	Manual control active	4
Floor curing function active	Floor curing function active	102
	Overtemp prot active	56
	Restricted, boiler protection	103
	Restricted, DHW priority	104
	Restricted, buffer	105
Heating mode restricted		106
	Forced draw buffer	107
	Forced draw DHW	108
	Forced draw source	109
	Forced draw	110
	Overrun active	17
Forced draw		110
Party function active	Party function active	236
Warmer function active	Warmer function active	298
Cooler function active	Cooler function active	299
	Opt start ctrl+boost heating	111
	Optimum start control	112
	Boost heating	113
Comfort heating mode	Comfort heating mode	114
	Optimum stop control	115
Reduced heating mode	Reduced heating mode	116
	Frost prot room active	101
	Frost protection flow active	117
	Frost prot plant active	23
Frost protection active		24
Continuous pump operation	Continuous pump operation	248
Summer operation	Summer operation	118
	24-hour Eco active	119
	Setback reduced	120
	Setback frost protection	121
	Room temp limitation	122
	Locking time after cooling	288
Off	Off	25

## **State DHW**

End year (info love)	Commissioning besting angineer	Ctata anda*
End-user (info level)	Commissioning, heating engineer	State code*
Limiter has tripped	Limiter has tripped	4
Manual control active	Manual control active	
Consumption	Consumption	199
Kaan hak maada an	Keep hot mode active	222
Keep hot mode on	Keep hot mode on	221
	Recooling via collector	77
Decealing active	Recooling via heat gen/HCs	78
Recooling active	Discharging protective	53
	Discharging prot active Charg time limitation active	79 80
	Charging locked	81
	El imm heater locked	271
	Limit source temp min	28
Charging lock active	Limit source temp min	82
Charging lock active	Forced, max st tank temp	83
	Forced, max strank temp	84
	Forced, legionella setp	85
	Forced, regioneria setp	86
Forced charging active	Forced, norminal setp	67
Charg opt energy, nominal	Charg opt energy, nominal	249
Charg opt energy, licinilial	Charg opt energy, legio	250
Charg opt energy EU, nom	Charg opt energy EU, nom	251
Charg opt energy EU, legio	Charg opt energy EU, legio	252
Charg opt energy Eo, legio	El charging, legionella setp	87
	El charging, legionella setp	88
	El charging, riollinal setp	89
	El charging, reduced setp	90
	El imm heater released	90
Charg el imm heater	Li illilli lleater released	66
Charg of Illini fleater	Push, legionella setp	92
	Push, nominal setp	93
Push active	r dan, nonmar actp	94
	Charging, legionella setp	95
	Charging, nominal setp	96
	Charging, reduced setp	97
Charging active	onal ging, readed cosp	69
Frost protection active	Frost protection active	24
Overrun active	Overrun active	17
	Transfer, legionella setpoint	237
	Transfer, nominal setpoint	238
	Transfer, reduced setpoint	239
	Frost protection active	24
Transfer active	,	240
Hi-temp charging active	Hi-temp charging active	272
Restratification active	Restratification active	242
Standby charging	Standby charging	201
, ,	Charged, max st tank temp	70
	Charged, max charging temp	71
	Charged, legionella temp	98
	Charged, nominal temp	99
	Charged, reduced temp	100
Charged		75
	Keep hot mode released	243
Off	Off	25
Ready	Ready	200
,	1 ,	

## State cooling circuit 1...2

End-user (info level)	Commissioning, heating engineer	State code*
Dewpoint monitor active	Dewpoint monitor active	133
Manual control active	Manual control active	4
Fault	Fault	2
	Frost protection flow active	117
Frost protection active	·	24
	Locked, heating mode	204
	Locking time after heating	135
	Locked, source	205
	Locked, buffer	206
Cooling mode locked		146
	Temp drop protection active	247
	Flow temp setp incr hygro	136
	Limit flow min dewpoint	177
	Limit flow min OT	178
Cooling mode restricted		144
Cooler function active	Cooler function active	299
Warmer function active	Warmer function active	298
	Cooling mode Comfort	150
	Overrun active	17
Cooling mode Comfort		150
Cooling mode Reduced	Cooling mode Reduced	285
Protection mode cooling	Protection mode cooling	149
	Frost prot plant active	23
Frost protection active		24
Cooling limit OT active	Cooling limit OT active	134
	24-hour Eco active	119
	Room temp limitation	122
	Flow limit reached	179
Off		25
Cooling mode off	Cooling mode off	138

## State heat pump

End-user (info level)	Commissioning, heating engineer	Statuscode*
Emergency operation	Emergency operation	26
Fault	Fault	2
Water pressure too low	Water pressure too low	235
	Locked, manual	8
	Locked, outside temp	176
	Locked, externally	27
	Locked, Economy mode	198
	Locked, solid fuel boiler	172
	Disabled, COP min	294
	Disabled, energy price	295
	Operation limit OT min	187
	Operation limit OT max	188
Locked		10
	Mains undervoltage	246
	3-ph current asymmetric	180
	Low-pressure	181
	Limitation evap temp min	268
	Limitation evap temp max	270
	Fan overload	182
	Fault soft starter 1	273
	Fault soft starter 2	274
	Compressor 1 overload	183
	Compressor 2 overload	184
	Limit pres diff proc revers	289
	Source pump overload	185
	Flow switch consumers	186
	Limit source temp min water	189
	Limit source temp min brine	190
	Limit source temp max	191
	High-press HP in operation	29
	Limitation cond temp max	269
	Flow switch heat source	30
	Press switch heat source	31
	Flow switch source int circ	275
	Press switch source int circ	276
	Limit hot-gas compr1	32
	Limit hot-gas compr2	33

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	Limit switch-off temp max	34
	Limit swi-off temp max cool	145
	Limit switch-off temp min	139
	Compr off time min active	35
	Compens surplus heat	36
Limitation time active	Compone can place head.	37
Pumping off refrig, man	Pumping off refrig, man	254
· amping on ronig, man	Frost protection HP	48
Frost protection active	7 7 5 5 7 F 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1	24
	Forced defrost compressor	192
	Forced defrost fan	193
	Dripping	126
	Defrost with compressor	194
	Defrost with fan	195
Defrost active	Defrost active	125
20501 4515	Pumping off refrigerant	256
	Comp run time min activ,cool	207
	Compr 1 and 2 on, cooling	208
	Compr 1 on, cooling mode	209
	Compr 2 on, cooling mode	210
Active cooling mode	Compr 2 on, cooling mode	127
7 touve cooming mode	Cooling down evaporator	129
	Start delay defrost	257
	Compr run time min active	38
	Compensation heat deficit	39
	Preheating for defrost	130
	Pumping off refrigerant	256
	Limit diff condens max	40
	Limit diff condens min	41
		42
	Limit diff evap max Limit diff evap min	43
	Compr and electric on	44
	Compressors 1 and 2 on	45
	Compressors 1 and 2 on	46
	Compressor 2 on	47
	Electric on	197
Heating mode	Electric on	137
Heating mode	Locked, source temp max	259
	Locked, source temp max  Locked, source temp min	260
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	260
	Locked, return temp max Locked, return temp min	262
	'	262
	Locked, flow temp min	264
	Locked, flow temp min Locked, cond temp max	
	'	265
	Locked, evap temp min	266
Communication	Locked, hot-gas temp max	267
Compressor locked	1	258
	Limit source temp min cooling	196
	Passive cool mode disabled	296
Passive cooling mode	Passive cooling mode	128
	Frost prot plant active	23
Frost protection active		24
	Flow active	49

## State solar

End-user (info level)	Commissioning, heating engineer	State code*
Manual control active	Manual control active	4
Fault	Fault	2
Frost prot collector active	Frost prot collector active	52
Recooling active	Recooling active	53
Max st tank temp reached	Max st tank temp reached	54
Evaporation prot active	Evaporation prot active	55
Overtemp prot active	Overtemp prot active	56
Max charging temp reached	Max charging temp reached	57
Charg DHW+buffer+swi pool	Charg DHW+buffer+swi pool	151
Charging DHW+buffer	Charging DHW+buffer	152
Charging DHW+swi pool	Charging DHW+swi pool	153
Charging buffer+swi pool	Charging buffer+swi pool	154
Charging DHW	Charging DHW	58
Charging buffer	Charging buffer	59
Charging swimming pool	Charging swimming pool	60
	Min charg temp not reached	61
	Temp diff insufficient	62
Radiation insufficient	Radiation insufficient	63

#### State solid fuel boiler

End-user (info level)	Commissioning, heating engineer	State code*
Manual control active	Manual control active	4
Fault	Fault	2
Overtemp prot active	Overtemp prot active	56
Assisted firing active	Assisted firing active	163
Protective start	Protective start	11
Return limitation	Return limitation	13
Overrun active	Overrun active	17
Residual heat usage	Residual heat usage	241
Charging DHW	Charging DHW	58
Charging buffer	Charging buffer	59
In operation	In operation	18
	Frost prot plant active	23
	Boiler frost prot active	141
Frost protection active		24
Off	Off	25

## State buffer

End-user (info level)	Commissioning, heating engineer	State code*
Frost prot cooling active	Frost prot cooling active	202
	Locking time after heating	135
	Charging locked	81
Charging restricted		124
	Forced charging active	67
	Full charging active	203
Charging active		69
	Charged, forced temp	72
	Charged, required temp	73
	Charged, min charging temp	143
Charged		75
Hot	Hot	147
No request	No request	51
Frost protection active	Frost protection active	24
	Electric charging, forced	164
	Electric charging, substitute	165
Charg el imm heater		66
	Charging locked	81
	Restricted, DHW priority	104
Charging restricted		124
	Forced charging active	67
	Full charging active	203
Charging active		69
Source released	Source released	244
	Recooling via collector	77
	Recooling via DHW/HCs	142
Recooling active		53
	Charged, max st tank temp	70
	Charged, max charging temp	71
	Charged, forced temp	72

Charged	Charged, required temp Charged, min charging temp	73 143 75
Cold	Cold	76
No request	No request	51

## State swimming pool

End-user (info level)	Commissioning, heating engineer	State code*
Manual control active	Manual control active	4
Fault	Fault	2
Heating mode restricted	Heating mode restricted	106
Forced draw	Forced draw	110
	Heating mode source	155
Heating mode		137
Heated, max swi pool temp	Heated, max swi pool temp	156
	Heated, setpoint solar	158
	Heated, setpoint source	157
Heated		159
	Heating mode solar off	160
	Heating mode source off	161
Heating mode off		162
Cold	Cold	76

## State supplementary source

End-user (info level)	Commissioning, heating engineer	State code*
Fault	Fault	2
Flow switch suppl source	Flow switch suppl source	297
	Locked, solid fuel boiler	172
	Locked, outside temp	176
	Locked, Economy mode	198
Locked	Locked	10
Charging buffer	Charging buffer	59
In op for HC, DHW	In op for HC, DHW	170
Released for HC, DHW	Released for HC, DHW	173
In operation for DHW	In operation for DHW	168
Released for DHW	Released for DHW	174
In operation for HC	In operation for HC	166
Released for HC	Released for HC	175
Overrun active	Overrun active	17
Off	Off	25

<sup>\*</sup> HMI Basic (without text)

## Status ventilation 1...3

End user (Info level)	Commissioning, heating engineer	Statuscode*
Ventilation switch	Ventilation switch	279
Boost ventilation	Boost ventilation	284
Manual operation	Manual operation	293
Humidity limitation	Humidity limitation	278
Air quality control	Air quality control	277
Night cooling	Night cooling	280
Automatic operation	Automatic operation	292

## State consumer circuit

End-user (info level)	Commissioning, heating engineer	Statuscode*
Manual control active	Manual control active	4
Heating mode restricted	Heating mode restricted	106
Cooling mode restricted	Cooling mode restricted	144
Forced draw	Forced draw	110
Heating mode	Heating mode	137
Cooling mode	Cooling mode	301
Frost prot plant active	Frost prot plant active	24
Off	Off	25

### History

Line no.	Operating line
80508069	History 110, State code 110

The last 10 status messages are stored or displayed together with their state codes.

History 1 keeps the latest message, history 10 the oldest.

- The status displays currently valid for the end-user can be retrieved directly via the room unit's info level.
- Using the ACS 700 PC tool, the relevant actual values, setpoints and relay outputs can be displayed for each status message.

### **History**

Line no.	Operating line
8070	Reset history
	No ¦ Yes

Reset historyThe state history with the last 10 status messages and the relevant status codes, actual values and setpoints plus the relay output states is cleared.

## 6.30 Diagnostics cascade

### List of generators

Line no.	Operating line
8100,	Priority/state source 1
8102,	
8130	Priority/state source 16
8101,	Status producer 1
8103,	
8131	Status producer 16
ACS	Priority cooling source 116

Display of state and priority of the generators.

#### Setpoints/actual values

Line no.	Operating line
8138	Cascade flow temp
8139	Cascade flow temp setp
8140	Cascade return temp
8141	Cascade return temp setp
8144	Cooling casc flow temp
8145	Cooling casc flow temp setp

Display of setpoints and actual values of the cascade.

**i** Line 8144

Common cooling flow 1 uses common flow temperature sensor B10. Common cooling flow 2 uses common flow temperature sensor B11.

**i** Line 8145

The currently valid setpoint is displayed. The displayed value is not influenced by any setpoint compensation.

## Operating mode/strategy

Line no.	Operating line
8150	Source seq ch'over current
8155	Source seq ch'ov cool, curr

Display of operating mode and strategy of the cascade.

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	State cascade pump (Q25)
ACS	Switching sequence actual
ACS	Number of cooling sources
ACS	Number of sources with active cooling
ACS	Number of sources with passive cooling
ACS	Number of cooling sources with optimum energy
ACS	Common cooling

State cascade pump (Q25) (ACS)

Present state for Q25.

common cooling.

Switching sequence actual (ACS) Number of cooling sources (ACS) Displays the actual switching sequence.

Number of sources with active cooling (ACS)

common cooling (active or / and passive).

Displays the number of cooling source that can supply active cooling on the valid

Displays the number of cooling sources that can supply refrigeration on the valid

Number of sources with passive cooling (ACS)

Displays the number of cooling source that supply passive cooling on the valid common cooling.

Number of cooling sources with optimum energy (ACS) Displays the number of cooling sources that can supply cooling with optimum energy on valid common cooling.

Common cooling (ACS)

Displays the common cooling valid for the source.

0

No valid common cooling. No available cooling source can cool.

1

No cooling source can supply cooling on common 2, but at least one cooling source can supply cooling on common coolin 1.

2

At least one cooling source can supply cooling on common cooling 2.

i

Common 2 has priority. Only common cooling 2 is valid if at least one cooling source is available on common cooling 2. Cooling sources on common cooling 1 are not considered.

## 6.31 Diagnostics heat generation

#### Heat pump brine-water-air

Line no.	Operating line
8395	Heat delivered
8396	Heat draw source
8397	Power consumption
8398	Coefficient of performance

COP based on measurement of output

The measuring equipment used to determine the yearly performance factor can also be used to determine the coefficient of performance (COP). At the same time, the current output is calculated.

These output values are displayed together with the COP.

COP based on characteristic

Alternatively, the COP can be roughly calculated based on the COP characteristic entered by the heat pump supplier (chapter 6.9, section "Output data").

The COP can be determined only if the required measured values are acquired or if the COP characteristic is defined. If the COP cannot be determined, line 8398 displays "---".

### Components

Line no.	Operating line
8400	Compressor 1
	On ¦ Off
0.404	
8401	Compressor 2
	On¦Off
8402	El imm heater 1 flow
	On ¦ Off
8403	El imm heater 2 flow
	On ¦ Off
8404	Source pump
	On ¦ Off
8405	Speed of source pump
8406	Condenser pump
	On ¦ Off
8407	Speed condenser pump
8408	Diverting valve cool source
	On ¦ Off

These operating lines can be used to check the operating states of the plant components controlled via the heat pump relays.

## Setpoints and actual values

Line no.	Operating line
8410	Return temp HP
8411	Setpoint HP
8412	Flow temp HP
8413	Compressor modulation
8415	Hot-gas temp 1
8417	Hot-gas temp 2
8420	Refrig temp liquid
8423	Condensation temp
8423	Condensation pressure
8425	Temp diff condenser
8426	Temp diff evaporator
8427	Source inlet temp
8427	Switch-off threshold
8428	Source inlet temp min
8429	Source outlet temp
8429	Switch-off threshold
8430	Source outlet temp min
8431	Source int circ flow temp
8432	Source int circ return temp

These operating lines can be used to query the different setpoints and actual values of the heat pump.

### Superheat controller

8434	Suction gas temp
8435	Evaporation temp
8435	Evaporation pressure
8436	Superheat
8436	Superheat setpoint
8437	Expansion valve
8438	Magnetic valve

Shows the current values of superheat control.

## Remaining times

Line no.	Operating line
8440	Remain stage 1 off time min
8441	Remain stage 2 off time min
8442	Remain stage 1 on time min
8443	Remain stage 2 on time min

If the "Min off time" or "Min on time" of stage 1 or 2 is active, these operating lines show the remaining off time/on time.

"- - -" is displayed only when the minimum off times have elapsed so that the heat pump can be released again.

Line no.	Operating line
8444	Remain limit source temp

If the source inlet temperature (B91) is too low, the pumps and the compressor are locked for the period of time "T'limit source temp min brine" (line 2822). This operating line shows the remaining time for pumps and the compressor to be released again.

#### Compressor

Line no.	Operating line
8446	Compressor sequence
	1-2:2-1

Shows the current compressor sequence, that is, the order in which the compressors are put into operation:

#### 1-2

First, compressor 1 is put into operation, then compressor 2.

#### 2 - 1

First, compressor 2 is put into operation, then compressor 1.

#### Hours run/start counter

Line no.	Operating line
8448	Optg hours ext evap temp
8449	Operating hours refrig circ
8450	Hours run compressor 1
8451	Start counter compressor 1
8452	Hours run compressor 2
8453	Start counter compressor 2

Optg hours ext evap temp

Meters the time the heat pump operated in the extended range (see parameter 2829).

Operating hours refrig circ

Meters the period of time during which at least one compressor is in operation.

Hours run compressor 1,2/ Start counter compressor 1,2 These operating lines show the total number of hours run and the number of starts of compressor 1 and 2 since they were first commissioned.

Line no.	Operating line
8454	Locking time HP

This operating line shows the total number of heat pump locking hours enforced by the electrical utility (via E6) since the plant was first commissioned.

Line no.	Operating line
8455	Counter number of locks HP

This operating line shows the total number of heat pump locking actions enforced by the electrical utility (via E6) since the plant was first commissioned.

Line no.	Operating line	
8456	Hours run el flow	
8457	Start counter el flow	

The hours run and the number of starts of the electric immersion heater installed in the flow can be read out here.

Line no.	Operating line	
8458	State smart grid	
	Draw disabled   Draw free   Draw wish   Draw forced	

To read in smart grid information, inputs "Smart grid E61" and "Smart grid E62" are used. Meaning of the 4 smart grid states:

#### **Draw disabled**

Same behavior as with the active electrical utility lock (E6): Heat pump and all electric immersion heaters are locked.

#### **Draw free**

Normal operation, no measures to be taken.

#### Draw wish

Same behavior as with low-tariff (E5).

#### **Draw forced**

- Buffer storage tank
  - Forced charging is activated (see parameter 4705 ff.).
  - Optionally with electric immersion heater K16 (see parameter 4761).
- DHW storage tank
  - Charging with optimum efficiency (see parameter 5016), or
  - Release of charging with DHW release (see parameter 1620).

Line no.	Operating line
8460	Heat pump throughput

This operating line shows the current volumetric flow through the heat pump in [l/min].

#### Vapor injection

Line no.	Operating line
8462	Suction gas temp EVI
8463	Evaporation temp EVI
8463	Evaporation pressure EVI
8464	Superheat EVI
8464	Superheat setpoint EVI
8465	Expansion valve EVI
8466	Magnetic valve EVI
	Off ¦ On
8467	Magn valve injection cap
	Off ¦ On

Shows the current values of vapor injection.

#### Air-to-water heat pumps

Line no.	Operating line
8469	Fan speed
8470	Fan
	On ¦ Off
8471	Process revers valve
	On ¦ Off
8475	Evaporator temp

Fan K19

Shows the current operating state of fan K19 for the air-to-water heat pump (off/on).

Process revers valve Y22

Shows the current state of the process reversing valve (on: process reversed, off: process runs normally).

Evaporator temp

Shows the current evaporator temperature at sensor B84.

Line no.	Operating line
8477	Temp diff defrost act value
8478	Temp diff defrost setpoint
8480	Remain time defrost lock
8481	Remain time forced defrost
8482	Remain time defrost settling
8485	Number defrost attempts
8487	Defrost state
8488	Relative humidity air inlet

Temp diff defrost act value

Shows the present temperature differential between source inlet (B91) and evaporator temperature (B84).

Temp diff defrost setpoint

This shows the setpoint of the temperature differential of source inlet (B91) and evaporator temperature (B84) to be reached for the evaporator to become completely defrosted ( $\Delta T$  defrosted).

Remain time defrost lock

Shows after successful or unsuccessful defrosting, for what period of time the "Defrost" function is locked until a new defrost attempt may be started/new defrost process may be performed.

Remain time forced defrost

Shows the period of time to elapse until the next forced defrost process is due if automatic or manual defrosting is not triggered before.

Remain time defrost settling

Shows the period of time to elapse until the defrost settling process is completed. For a description of the defrost settling time, refer to operating line 2959.

Number defrost attempts

Shows the maximum number of defrost attempts required until defrosting was successful or until the heat pump was locked.

Defrost state

Shows the current state of the "Defrost" function.

Relative humidity air inlet

Shows the current humidity of air at the source inlet.

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	Zustand Ölsumpfheizung (K40)
ACS	Drip tray heater K41
ACS	State of source interm circuit pump (Q81)
ACS	State of source interm circuit div valve (Y81)
ACS	State of diverting valve cooling condenser (Y27)
ACS	State of condenser reversing valve (Y91)
ACS	State status information heating (K42)
ACS	State status information cooling (K43)
ACS	State status information DHW (K44)

Shows the current state of the outputs.

#### Solar collector field

Line no.	Operating line
8499	Collector pump 1
8505	Speed collector pump 1
8506	Speed solar pump ext exch
8507	Speed solar pump buffer
8508	Speed solar pump swi pool
8510	Collector temp 1
8511	Collector temp 1 max
8512	Collector temp 1 min
8513	dT collector 1/DHW
8514	dT collector 1/buffer
8515	dT collector 1/swimming pool
8519	Solar flow temp
8520	Solar return temp
8521	Solar throughput
8526	24-hour yield solar energy
8527	Total yield solar energy
8530	Hours run solar yield
8531	Hours run collect overtemp
8542	Collector pump 2
8543	Speed collector pump 2
8547	Collector temp 2
8548	Collector temp 2 max
8549	Collector temp 2 min
8550	dT collector 2/DHW
8551	dT collector 2/buffer
8552	dT collector 2/swimming pool
ACS	Status solar pump ext. Exchanger K9
ACS	Status solar actuator buffer (K8)
ACS	Status solar actuator pool (K18)

Collector pump 1 and 2 Shows the current state of the collector pumps.

Speed collector pump 1 and 2

Shows the current speed of collector pumps 1 and 2.

Speed solar pump ext exch

Shows the current speed of the solar pump of an external heat exchanger 1.

Speed solar pump buffer

Shows the current speed of the solar pump for buffer storage tank charging.

Speed solar pump swi pool

Shows the current speed of the solar pump used for heating the swimming pool.

Collector temp 1 and 2

Current collector temperature at sensor B6/B61

462 / 530

Collector temp 1 max and 2 max	Display of the maximum temperature acquired by sensor B6/B61.
Collector temp 1 min and 2 min	Display of the minimum temperature acquired by sensor B6/B61.
dT collector 1/DHW and 2/DHW	Display of the temperature differential of collector sensor B6/B61 and DHW sensors B3 and B31.
dT collector 1/buffer and 2/buffer	Display of the temperature differential of collector sensor B6/B61 and buffer storage tank sensors B4 and B41.
dT collector 1/swimming pool and 2/swimming pool	Display of the temperature differential of collector sensor B6/B61 and swimming pool sensor B13.
Solar flow temp	Display of the solar flow temperature acquired by sensor B63.
Solar return temp	Display of the solar return temperature acquired by sensor B64.
Solar throughput	Display of the current flow through the solar circuit in [l/min].
24-hour yield solar energy	Display of the energy input to the plant by the solar collector in the course of the day.
Total yield solar energy	Display of the total of all 24-hour solar yields since the controller was reset last.
Hours run solar yield	Display of the number of hours the solar plant produced energy (hours run).
Hours run collect overtemp	Display of the number of hours during which overtemperature protection for the collector was active.
Status solar pump ext. Exchanger K9 (ACS)	Current state of output K9.
Status solar actuator buffer (K8) (ACS)	Current state of output K8.
Status solar actuator pool (K18) (ACS)	Current state of output K18.

#### Solid fuel boiler

Line no.	Operating line
8560	Solid fuel boiler temp
8561	Solid fuel boiler setpoint
8563	Solid fuel boiler return temp
8564	Solid fuel boiler return setp
8565	Flue gas temp
8567	Flue gas temp max
8568	Speed solid fuel boiler pump
8570	Hours run solid fuel boiler
ACS	Status Solid fuel boiler pump (Q10)
ACS	Solid fuel boiler mixing valve opens (Y9)
ACS	Solid fuel boiler mixing valve closes (Y10)

Displays the current values of the solid fuel boiler.

## Supplementary generator

Line no.	Operating line
8585	Control temperature
8586	Suppl source setpoint
8590	Hours run suppl source
ACS	Status heat demand (K27)
ACS	State suppl source control (K32)

Displays the current values of the supplementary generator.

## 6.32 Diagnostics consumers

For diagnostic purposes, the various setpoints, actual values, relay switching states and meter readings can be displayed.

#### Meteo

Line no.	Operating line
8700	Outside temp
8701	Outside temp min
8702	Outside temp max
8703	Outside temp attenuated
8704	Outside temp composite

Display of the actual, minimum, maximum, attenuated and composite outside temperature.

The minimum, the maximum and the attenuated outside temperature can be reset directly on the operating lines.

#### **Definitions**

- The composite outside temperature is the outside temperature filtered by the "Time constant building" (line 6110). Also, a 50% direct impact of the outside temperature is considered. Temperature variations are slightly averaged
- The attenuated outside temperature is the outside temperature filtered twice by the "Time constant building" (line 6110). Temperature variations are strongly averaged

#### **Dehumidifier**

Line no.	Operating line
8723	Relative air humidity
ACS	State air dehumidifier (K29)
	On ¦ Off

Display of the measured relative air humidity and of the state of a connected external dehumidifier.

#### Heating circuits/cooling circuits

#### Heating circuit 1, 2, 3

Line no.	Operating line
8730, 8760, 8790	Heating circuit pump 1, 2, 3
	On ¦ Off
8731, 8761, 8791	Heat circ mix valve 1 open
	Heat circ mix valve 2 open
	HC mixing valve 3 open
	On   Off
8732, 8762, 8792	Heat circ mix valve 1 close
	Heat circ mix valve 2 close
	HC mixing valve 3 closed
	On ¦ Off

The display of "Off" means that the relevant plant component is currently off. The display of "On" means that the relevant plant component is currently on.

#### Setpoints / actual values

Line no.	Operating line
8735, 8765, 8795	Speed heating circuit pump 1, 2, 3
8739, 8769, 8799	Relative room humidity 1, 2, 3
8740, 8770, 8800	Room temp 1, 2, 3
8741, 8771, 8801	Room setpoint 1, 2, 3
8742, 8772, 8802	Room temp 1 model, 2, 3
8743, 8773, 8803	Flow temp 1, 2, 3
8744, 8774, 8804	Flow temp setpoint 1, 2, 3
8747, 8777, 8807	Dewpoint temp 1, 2, 3
8749, 8779, 8809	Room thermostat 1, 2, 3
	No demand   Demand
ACS	State 2nd speed heating circuit pump (Q21),(Q22), (Q23)
	Off¦On
ACS	Operating mode changeover zone 1, 2, 3
	Inactive   Active

Speed heating circuit pump 1...3

Display of the speed of the relevant heating circuit pump as a percentage of maximum speed.

Relative room humidity 1...3

Displays the relative room humidity.

Room temp 1...3

Displays the room temperature.

Room setpoint 1...3

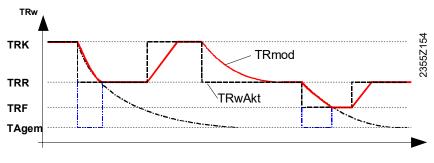
"Room setpoint 1...3, is used for the display of both setpoints, for heating and cooling.

In heating mode, the setpoint for heating is displayed, in cooling mode, the setpoint for cooling. If neither heating nor cooling takes place, the setpoint used last is displayed.

Room temp 1 model... Room temp 3 model The room model calculates a fictive room temperature for rooms without room sensor. The value calculated for each heating circuit appears on these operating lines.

This allows boost heating, quick setback, and optimum start and stop control to be implemented with no need for using a room sensor.

The calculation takes into account the "Outside temp composite" (OL 8704), the room model gradient (lines 794, 1094, and 1394) to switch to a higher setpoint, and the building time constant (line 6110) to switch to a lower setpoint.



TRwAkt Current room temperature setpoint

TRmod Room temperature model TRK Comfort setpoint

TRR Reduced setpoint
TRF Frost protection setpoint

Flow temp 1...3 Displays the flow temperature.

Flow temp setpoint 1...3 Displays the flow temperature setpoint.

Dewpoint temp 1...3 Displays the dewpoint temperature.

Room thermostat 1...3 Shows whether or not there is currently a demand from the respective room

thermostat.

State 2nd speed heating circuit pump (Q21), (Q22), (Q23) (ACS)

Displays the state of the second speed of the heating circuit pump.

Operating mode changeover heating circuit 1, 2, 3/P (ACS)

Shows whether operating mode changeover of the heating circuit is active.

Cooling circuit 1...3

Line no.	Operating line
8751, 8781, 8811	Cooling circuit pump 1, 2, 3
8752, 8782, 8812	Cool circ mix valve 1 open, 2 Auf, 3 Auf
8753, 8783, 8813	Cool circ mix valve 1 close, 2 Zu, 3 Zu
8754, 8784, 8814	Diverting valve cooling 1, 2, 3
8756, 8786, 8816	Flow temp cooling 1, 2, 3
8757, 8787, 8817	Flow temp setp cooling 1, 2, 3

Show the states of the cooling circuit pump, the cooling circuit mixing valve and the diverting valve, plus the actual value and the setpoint of the flow temperature for cooling 1...3.

The room temperature setpoint for cooling mode is displayed on operating line 8741.

#### **DHW**

	·
Line no.	Operating line
8820	DHW pump
	Off¦On
8821	El imm heater DHW
	Off¦On
8825	Speed DHW pump
8826	Speed DHW interm circ pump
8827	Speed inst DHW heater pump
8830	DHW temp 1
8831	DHW temp setpoint
8832	DHW temp 2
8835	DHW circulation temp
8836	DHW charging temp
8837	DHW charging setpoint
8840	Hours run DHW pump
8841	Start counter DHW pump
8842	Hours run el DHW
8843	Start counter el DHW
8850	DHW primary controller temp
8851	DHW primary controller setp
8852	DHW consumption temp
8853	Instant WH setpoint
<u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Display of the actual values and setpoints of DHW, the current speed of the DHW pumps as percentages, the DHW circulation and charging temperature, plus the hours run and start counters and temperatures and setpoints of the primary controller and instantaneous water heater.

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	State DHW circulating pump (Q4)
ACS	State of DHW precontr mix valve Open (Y31)
ACS	State of DHW precontr mix valve Closed (Y32)
ACS	Status instantaneous heater opens (Y33)
ACS	Status instantaneous heater closes (Y34)
ACS	State storage transfer pump (Q11)
ACS	State DHW stirring pump (Q35)
ACS	DHW intermediate circuit pump (Q33)
ACS	Zustand TWW-Zwischenkreismischer Auf (Y37)
ACS	Zustand TWW-Zwischenkreismischer Zu (Y38)
ACS	State DHW Heatpump (K33)
ACS	Operating mode changeover DHW
ACS	Flowswitch

Shows various states of DHW.

#### **Consumer circuits**

Line no.	Operating line
8875	Flow temp setp VK1
8885	Flow temp setp VK2
8895	Flow temp setp swimming pool
ACS	State CC1 pump (Q15)
ACS	State CC2 pump (Q18)

Display of the flow temperature setpoints for consumer circuits 1 and 2 and the swimming pool circuit.

## **Swimming pool**

Line no.	Operating line
8900	Swimming pool temp
8901	Swimming pool setpoint
ACS	Swimming pool pump (Q19)

Display of the current swimming pool temperature and setpoint.

## **Primary controller**

Line no.	Operating line
8930	Primary controller temp
8931	Primary controller setpoint
ACS	Status primary pump (Q14)
ACS	Status precontroller mixing valve opens (Y19)
ACS	Status precontroller mixing valve closes (Y20)
ACS	Status primary pump 2 (Q44)

Display of the current primary controller temperature and setpoint.

Line no.	Operating line		
8932	Outside air temp		
ACS	State of outside air temp control (Q17)		
	On ¦ Off		
8935	Indoor air quality 1		
8937	Ventilation stage 1		
	Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3		
ACS	State of ventilation fan 1 (K51)		
	On ¦ Off		
ACS	State of ventilation bypass 1 (K54)		
	On ¦ Off		
ACS	Room temp setpoint air cooling 1		
8940	Indoor air quality 2		
8942	Ventilation stage 2		
	Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3		
ACS	State of ventilation fan 2 (K52)		
	On ¦ Off		
ACS	State of ventilation bypass 2 (K55)		
	On ¦ Off		
ACS	Room temp setpoint air cooling 2		
8945	Indoor air quality 3		
8947	Ventilation stage 3		
	Off   Stage 1   Stage 2   Stage 3		
ACS	State of ventilation fan 3 (K53)		
	On ¦ Off		
ACS	State of ventilation bypass 3 (K56)		
	On ¦ Off		
ACS	Room temp setpoint air cooling 3		

Display of outside temperature, state of outside status control, ventilation stages, and states of ventilation fans and bypasses, room setpoints air cooling and room air quality.

#### **Common flow values**

Line no.	Operating line
8950	Common flow temp
8951	Common flow temp setpoint
8952	Common return temp
8956	Common flow temp 2
8957	Common flow setp refrig
ACS	Status heat demand (K27)
ACS	Status cool demand (K28)
ACS	State of diverting valve cooling, flow (Y29)

Display of the current common flow temperature and of the setpoints for heating and cooling mode.

#### Buffer storage tank

Line no.	Operating line	
8970	El imm heater buffer	
	Off   On	
8980	Buffer temp 1	
8981	Buffer setpoint	
8982	Buffer temp 2	
8983	Buffer temp 3	
8990	Hours run el buffer	
8991	Start counter el buffer	
ACS	Output heat generation lock (Y4)	

Display of the buffer storage tank's actual values and setpoints. Also displayed are the operating state, the number of hours run and the start counter of the electric immersion heater.

#### Inputs H

Line no.	Operating line
9005	Water pressure 1
9006	Water pressure 2
9009	Water pressure 3

Display of the water pressure of static pressure monitoring, measured via the assigned Hx input with setting "Pressure measurement 10V".

#### Room temperature

Line no.	Operating line
9010	Measurement room temp 1
9011	Measurement room temp 2
9012	Measurement room temp 3

Display of the room temperature, acquired at the assigned Hx input with setting "Room temp 10V".

#### **Special temperature**

Line no.	Operating line
9016	Special temp 1
9017	Special temp 2
9018	Special temp 3
9019	Special temp 4
9020	Special temp 5
9021	Special temp 6
9022	Special temp 7
9023	Special temp 8

Display of the measured values if, at one of the sensor inputs Bx, a "Special temp sensor 1" to 8 is configured.

Line no.	Operating line
9031	Relay output QX1
9032	Relay output QX2
9033	Relay output QX3
9034	Triac output ZX4
9035	Relay output QX5
9036	Relay output QX6
9037	Relay output QX7
9038	Relay output QX8
9039	Relay output QX9
9040	Relay output QX10
9041	Relay output QX11
9042	Relay output QX12
9043	Relay output QX13

The switching states of each of the multifunctional relays 1...13 can be queried via these operating lines.

- The display of "Off" means that the plant component assigned to the output is currently off
- The display of "On" means that the relevant plant component is currently on

Relay states of extension modules 1, 2 and 3

1	On south a Pro-
Line no.	Operating line
9050	Relay output QX21 module 1
9051	Relay output QX22 module 1
9052	Relay output QX23 module 1
9053	Relay output QX21 module 2
9054	Relay output QX22 module 2
9055	Relay output QX23 module 2
9056	Relay output QX21 module 3
9057	Relay output QX22 module 3
9058	Relay output QX23 module 3

The switching states of each of the relays on extension modules 1 and 2 can be queried via these operating lines.

- The display of "Off" means that the plant component assigned to the output is currently off
- The display of "On" means that the relevant plant component is currently on

### Other relays

Line no.	Operating line
ACS	State alarm relay (K10)
ACS	Status time program 5 relais (K13)
ACS	Status delta-T controller 1 K21
ACS	Status delta-T controller 2 K22

States of other relays.

## 6.33 Pump and valve kick

To ensure that pumps and valves do not suffer from standstill damage, they are operated for a short time at regular intervals ("Kick" function).

The table below lists the relays controlled by the "Kick" function and the associated pumps or valves.

- The "Kick" function is performed every Friday morning at 10:00 o'clock (non-adjustable)
- The "Kick" function is performed only if the pump or the valve has not been operated since the last "Kick" function
- The "Kick" function activates the pump or the valve one by one, the interval being 30 seconds. The pumps and valves are kicked for 20 seconds
- In the case of speed-controlled pumps, modulation output ZX or UX used is set to the parameterized start speed, together with the relay. If no starting speed is parameterized, the maximum speed is used
- UX outputs that have no relay assigned use the starting speed or maximum speed for the kick
- Mixing valves are driven to their fully open and then back to their fully closed position. They are kicked only if, at the time of kicking, they receive no valid request

Relay	Type of pump or valve	Note	
Heat pump			
Q8	Source pump Q8/fan K19		
Q9	Condenser pump Q9		
Q81	Source int circ pump Q81		
Y27	Div valve cooling cond Y27		
Y28	Div valve cool source Y28	When no request is pending	
Y81	Source int circ div Y81		
Y91	Cond reversing valve Y91		
Cascade		,	
Q25	Cascade pump Q25		
Q26	Cascade bypass pump		
Y25	Return mixing valve open		
Y26	Return mixing valve close		
Y13	Common flow valve		
Solar			
Q5	Collector pump Q5		
Q16	Collector pump 2 Q16		
K9	Solar pump ext exch K9		
K8	Solar ctrl elem buffer K8		
K18	Solar ctrl elem swi pool K18		
Solid fuel boiler			
Q10	Solid fuel boiler pump Q10		
Y9	Return mixing valve open		
Y10	Return mixing valve close		

Relay	Type of pump or valve	Note	
Buffer storage tank			
Y4	Heat gen shutoff valve Y4		
Y15	Return valve		
Y47	Buffer reversing valve Y47		
DHW			
Q3	DHW ctrl elem Q3	When no request is pending	
Y31	Primary controller mixing valve open		
Y32	Primary controller mixing valve close		
Q35	DHW mixing pump Q35		
Q33	DHW interm circ pump Q33		
Y37	Intermediate circuit mixing valve open		
Y38	Intermediate circuit mixing valve close		
Q11	St tank transfer pump Q11		
Instantaneo	us water heater		
Q34	Instant WH ctrl elem Q34	When no request is pending	
Y33	Instantaneous water heater mixing valve open		
Y34	Instantaneous water heater mixing valve close		
Q4	Circulating pump Q4		
General fund	ctions		
K11	Overtemperature protection K11		
K21	Delta-T-controller 1 K21	Depending on parameter 5577	
K22	Delta-T-controller 2 K22	Depending on parameter 5587	
Precontrolle	r		
Q14	System pump Q14		
Q44	System pump 2 Q44		
Y19	Status precontroller mixing valve opens (Y19)		
Y20	Status precontroller mixing valve closes (Y20)		
Heating circ	uit 13		
Q2	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2		
Q6	Heat circuit pump HC2 Q6		
Q20	Heat circuit pump HC3 Q20		
Y1	Heating circuit mixing valve 1 open		
Y5	Heating circuit mixing valve 2 open		
Y11	Heating circuit mixing valve 3 open		
Y2	Heating circuit mixing valve 1 close		
Y6	Heating circuit mixing valve 2 close		
Y12	Heating circuit mixing valve 3 close		

Relay	Type of pump or valve	Note		
Cooling circu	Cooling circuit 13			
Q24	Cooling circ pump CC1 Q24			
Q28	Cooling circ pump CC2 Q28			
Q29	Cooling circ pump CC3 Q29			
Y23	Cooling circuit mixer openCC1			
Y41	Cooling circuit mixer openCC2			
Y43	Cooling circuit mixer openCC3			
Y24	Cooling circuit mixer closedCC1			
Y42	Cooling circuit mixer closedCC2			
Y44	Cooling circuit mixer closedCC3			
Y21	Div valve HC/CC1 Y21			
Y45	Diverting valve HC/CC2			
Y46	Diverting valve HC/CC3			
Consumer c	ircuit 12			
Q15	Cons circuit pump VK1 Q15			
Q18	Cons circuit pump VK2 Q18			
Q19	Swimming pool pump Q19			
Ventilation				
Q17	Outside air temp contr Q17			

# 6.34 Display lists

Error codes are assigned priorities. As of priority 5 (also priorities 5...9, alarm messages are sent out that are used for remote monitoring (OCI). The alarm relay is also set.

#### 6.34.1 Error codes

The following error codes may occur:

No.:Error text	Place	Error	Acknowled gement	Functi	on "Error repetition"	Heat pump operation	Responsibility
		prio	manually	active	1st status message		No.
10:Outside sensor	B9	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
25:Boiler sensor solid fuel	B22	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
26:Common flow sensor	B10	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
27:Common flow sensor 2	B11	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
28:Flue gas temp sensor	B8	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
30:Flow sensor 1	B1	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
31:Flow sensor cooling 1	B16	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
32:Flow sensor 2	B12	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
33:Flow sensor HP	B21	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
35:Source inlet sensor	B91	9	No	No		No (param.)	1 (Installer)
36:Hot-gas sensor 1	B81	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
37:Hot-gas sensor 2	B82	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
38:Flow sensor prim contr	B15	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
39:Evaporator sensor	B84	9	No	No		No (air-HP)	1 (Installer)
	B72	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
44:Return sensor HP	B71	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
45:Source outlet sensor	B92	9	No	No		No (param.)	1 (Installer)
	B70	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
	B73	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
48:Refrigerant sensor liquid	B83	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
<u> </u>	B3	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
	B31	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
54:DHW flow sensor	B35	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
57:DHW circulation sensor	B39	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
60:Room sensor 1	200	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
65:Room sensor 2		6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
68:Room sensor 3		6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
70:Storage tank sensor 1	B4	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
<u> </u>	B41	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
	B42	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
<u> </u>	B6	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
74:Collector sensor 2	B61	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
	Bx	3	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
81:LPB short-circuit/comm	DX .	6	No	No		Yes	5 (None)
82:LPB address collision		3	No	No		Yes	5 (None)
83:BSB short-circuit		8	No	No		Yes	5 (None)
84:BSB address collision		3	No	No		Yes	5 (None)
85:BSB Radio communication		8	No	No		Yes	5 (None)
98:Extension module 1		8		No		Yes	5 (None)
99:Extension module 2		8	No	No		Yes	5 (None)
100:2 clock time masters		3	No	No		Yes	5 (None)
102:Clock without backup		3	No	No		Yes	5 (None)
105:Maintenance message		5	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
106:Source temp too low		6	Yes	No		No	1 (Installer)
107:Hot-gas compressor 1		9	Yes	Num*	Limit hot-gas compr1	No	· /
108:Hot-gas compressor 2		9	Yes		Limit hot-gas compr1 Limit hot-gas compr2	No	2 (Customer service) 2 (Customer service)
	Hx	6	No Yes	Num <sup>-</sup> No	Limit not-gas comprz	Yes	1 (Installer)
117:Water pressure too high							

No.:Error text	Place	Error	Acknowled gement	Functi	on "Error repetition"	Heat pump operation	Responsibility
		prio	manually	active	1st status message		No.
121:Flow temp HC1 (too low)		3	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
122:Flow temp HC2		3	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
(too low) 126:DHW charg temp		6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
127:Legionella temp		6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
134:Common fault HP	E20	9	Yes	Num*	Fault	No	1 (Installer)
138:No control sensor HP	E20	1	No	No		No	1 (Installer)
146:Configuration error		3	No	No		Yes	5 (None)
	H1/H31	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
172:Alarm contact 2 active	H2/H21/H22/H32	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
173:Alarm contact 3 active	Ex	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
174:Alarm contact 4 active	H3/H33	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
176:Water press 2 too high	Нх	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
177:Water press 2 too low	Hx	6	No	No		No	1 (Installer)
178:Limit thermostat HC1		3	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
179:Limit thermostat HC2		3	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
201:Frost alarm	B21	9	Yes	No		No	1 (Installer)
	E14	9	Yes	Num*	Fan overload	No	1 (Installer)
222:Hi-press on HP op	E10	9	Yes	Num*	High-press HP in operation	No	1 (Installer)
223:Hi-press on start HC	E10	9	Yes	No		No	1 (Installer)
224:Hi-press on start DHW	E10	9	Yes	No		No	1 (Installer)
225:Low-pressure	E9	9	Yes	Num*	Low-pressure	No	2 (Customer service)
226:Compressor 1 overload	E11	9	Yes	Num*	Compressor 1 overload	No	2 (Customer service)
227:Compressor 2 overload	E12	9	Yes	Num*	Compressor 2 overload	No	2 (Customer service)
228:Flow swi heat source	E15	9	Yes	Num*	Flow switch heat source	No	1 (Installer)
229:Press swi heat source	E15	9	Yes	Num*	Press switch heat source	No	1 (Installer)
230:Source pump overload	E14	9	Yes	Num*	Source pump overload	No	1 (Installer)
241:Flow sensor yield	B63	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
242:Return sensor yield	B64	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
243:Swimming pool sensor	B13	6	No	No		Yes	1 (Installer)
247:Defrost fault		9	Yes	Num*	Preheating for defrost	No	1 (Installer)
260:Flow sensor 3	B14	6	No	No		Yes	
3 3	B36	6	No	No		Yes	
321:DHW outlet sensor	B38	6	No	No		Yes	
322:Water press 3 too high	Hx	6	No	No		Yes	
323:Water press 3 too low	Hx	6	No	No		No	
324:BX same sensors		3	No	No		Yes	
325:BX/e'module same sens		3	No	No		Yes	
326:BX/m'grp same sens		+	No No	No		Yes	
327:E'module same funct 328:Mix group same funct		3	No	No No		Yes Yes	
329:E'mod/m'grp same funct		3	No	No		Yes	
330:BX1 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
331:BX2 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
332:BX3 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
333:BX4 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
334:BX5 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
335:BX21 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
336:BX22 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
337:B1 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
338:B12 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
339:Coll pump Q5 missing		3	No	No		Yes	
340:Coll pump Q16 missing		3	No	No		Yes	
341:Coll sensor B6 missing		3	No	No		Yes	
342:Solar DHW B31missing		3	No	No		Yes	
343:Solar integration missing		3	No	No		Yes	<b> </b>
344:Solar buffer K8 missing		3	No	No		Yes	
345:Sol swi pool K18 missing		3	No	No		Yes	
346:Boiler pump Q10 missing		3	No	No		Yes	
347:Solid fuel boil comp sens		3	No	No		Yes	
348:Solid fuel boil addr err		3	No	No		Yes	
349:Buff valve Y15 missing		3	No	No		Yes	
350:Buffer address error		3	No	No		Yes	
351:Prim/sys pump addr err		3	No	No		Yes	

No.:Error text	Place	Error	Acknowled gement	Functi	ion "Error repetition"	Heat pump operation	Responsibility
		prio	manually	active	1st status message	орогалоп	No.
352:Pr'less header addr err		3	No	No		Yes	
353:Casc sens B10 missing		3	No	No		Yes	
354:Special sensor 2	Bx	3	No	No		Yes	
355:3-ph curr asymmetric	E21/E22/E23	9	Yes	Num*	3-ph current asymmetric	No	
356:Flow switch consumers	E24	9	Yes	Num*	Flow switch consumers	No	
357:Flow temp cooling 1 (not achieved)		6	No	No		Yes	
358:Soft starter	E25	9	Yes	Num*		No	
359:Div valve cool Y21 miss	220	3	No	No		Yes	
360:Proc rev va Y22 miss		3	No	No		Yes	
361:Source sens B91 miss		3	No	No		Yes	
362:Source sens B92 miss		3	No	No		Yes	
363:Compr sens B84 miss		3	No	No		Yes	
364:Cool system HP wrong		3	No	No		No	
365:Inst heater Q34 miss		3	No	No		Yes	
366:Room temp sensor Hx		6	No	No		Yes	
367:Room humidity sens Hx		6	No	No		Yes	
368:Flow temp setp readjHx		6	No	No		Yes	
370:Thermodynamic source		9	No	No		No	
369:External		9	No	No		No	
371:Flow temp HC3		3	No	No		Yes	
(too low)							
372:Limit thermostat HC3		3	No	No		Yes	
373:Extension module 3		3	No	No		Yes	
385:Mains undervoltage	E21	9	Yes	Num*	Mains undervoltage	Yes	
388:DHW sensor No function		3	No	No		Yes	
441:BX31 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
442:BX32 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
443:BX33 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
444:BX34 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
445:BX35 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
446:BX36 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
447:BX6 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
452:HX1 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
453:HX3 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
454:HX31 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
455:HX32 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
456:HX33 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
457:BX7 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
462:BX8 No function		3	No No	No No		Yes Yes	
463:BX9 No function 464:BX10 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
465:BX11 No function		3	No	No		Yes	 
466:BX12 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
467:BX13 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
468:BX14 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
469:HX21 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
470:HX22 No function		3	No	No		Yes	
472:Flow sensor cooling 2	B17	6	No	No		Yes	
473:Flow sensor cooling 3	B18	6	No	No		Yes	
474:Flow temp cooling 2 (not	-	6	No	No		Yes	
achieved)		1					
475:Flow temp cooling 3 (not		6	No	No		Yes	
achieved)	D05	6	No	No		No	
476:Suction gas sensor	B85	6	No	No		No	
477:Evapor press sensor	H82	6 3	No	No No		No No	
479:No refrigerant selected 480:Suction gas sensor EVI	B86	6	No No	No No		No No	 
481:Evap press sensor EVI	H86	6	No	No		No	 
482:Evapor temp sensor EVI	B87	6	No	No		No	 
482:Evapor temp sensor EVI 483:Soft starter 2	וסטו	9	Yes	No Num*		No No	 
484:Div valve cool Y45 miss		3	No	Num <sup>-</sup>		Yes	 
488:Condens press sensor	H83	8	No	No		Yes No	 
489:No cascade master	1100	3	No	No		Yes	 
490:Cascade master		3	No	No No		Yes	
491:Max evaporation temp		9	Yes	Num*	Limitation evap temp max		
TO LIVIAN EVAPOLATION LEMP	<u>I</u>	J	169	INUITI	Irminanon evah rembiliax	1140	<u></u>

No.:Error text	Place	Error	Acknowled gement	Function "Error repetition"		Heat pump operation	Responsibility
		prio	manually	active	1st status message		No.
492:K2/modulat incompatible		3	No	No		No	
493:Outside air sensor	B19	6	No	No		Yes	
496:Flow sw source int circ	Q17	3	No	No		Yes	
495:Modbus No comm'cation		6	No	No		Yes	
496:Flow sw source int circ		9	Yes	Num*	Flow switch source int circ	No	
497:Pres sw sourc int circ		9	Yes	Num*	Press switch source int circ	No	
498:Air quality sensor Hx	Hx	6	No	No		Yes	
499:External source missing		3	No	No		No	
500:Modbus configuration		3	No	No		Yes	
501:Suction gas sensor 2	B88	6	No	No		No	
502:Sourc int circ flow sens	B93	6	No	No		No	
503:Sourc int circ ret sens	B94	6	No	No		No	
504:Pres diff proc reversal		6	Yes	Yes	Limit pres diff proc revers	No	1 (Installer)
505:Expansion valve evap		6	Yes	No		No	
506:Suppl source missing		6	No	No		Yes	
511:Leg temp circ pipe		6	No	No		Yes	
517:Room humidity sensor 1		6	No	No		Yes	
518:Room humidity sensor 2		6	No	No		Yes	
519:Room humidity sensor 3		6	No	No		Yes	
521:Modbus slave port 1		6	No	No		Yes/No**	
522:Modbus slave port 2		6	No	No		Yes/No**	
523:Modbus slave port 3		6	No	No		Yes/No**	
524:Modbus slave port 4		6	No	No		Yes/No**	
525:Modbus slave port 5		6	No	No		Yes/No**	
526:Modbus slave port 6		6	No	No		Yes/No**	
527:Modbus slave port 7		6	No	No		Yes/No**	
528:Modbus slave port 8		6	No	No		Yes/No**	
529:Superheat controller		6	No	No		No	
530:Superheat controller 2		6	No	No		No	
531:Special sensor 3		6	No	No		Yes	
532:Special sensor 4		6	No	No		Yes	
533:Special sensor 5		6	No	No		Yes	
534:Special sensor 6		6	No	No		Yes	
535:Special sensor 7		6	No	No		Yes	
536:Special sensor 8		6	No	No		Yes	

<sup>\*</sup> Num: These plant states do not directly lead to an error message, but first deliver a status message upon initial startup. An error message is delivered only if the error recurs the number of times set for an adjustable period of time

#### The LPB system displays the following error messages only as collective errors:

No.:Error text	Place	Acknowled gement	Functi	•	Heat pump operation	Responsibility
			active	1. 1st status message	,	No.
103:Communication failure	LPB	 				1 (Installer)
207:Fault cooling circuit	LPB	 				1 (Installer)
208:Flow supervision	LPB	 				1 (Installer)
209:Fault heating circuit	LPB	 				1 (Installer)
212:Internal comm failure	LPB	 				1 (Installer)
216:Boiler fault	LPB	 				1 (Installer)
217:Sensor fault	LPB	 				1 (Installer)
218:Pressure supervision	LPB	 				1 (Installer)
219:Fault DHW	LPB	 				1 (Installer)
244:Fault source cascade	LPB	 				1 (Installer)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Yes/No: As per ACS Parameter "Source fault for Modbus failure" in menu "Setup for Modbus experts" (see section 6.23).

# Notes relating to the tables

Error textThe error text in the tables corresponds to the clear-text on the display of the operator unit.

Place

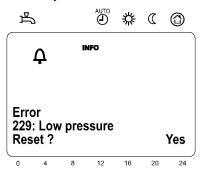
Sensor or contact or bus in connection with the error message.

Reset

The errors are reset either manually or automatically, depending on the type of error.

#### Manual reset

With error displays on the info level where "Reset?" appears, the error can be reset manually.



After pressing the OK button once, "Yes" is displayed flashing. Pressing the OK button a second time confirms the "Yes" and resets the error.

#### **Automatic reset**

Automatic acknowledgement takes place when the minimum compressor off time has elapsed (line 2843). On completion of this period of time, the controller tries to reset the error.

If the table indicates "Number", it can be selected how many times the error shall be reset before the heat pump goes to lockout.

Heat pump operation

This indicates whether or not the heat pump can continue to operate should a fault occur.

#### Yes

Heat pump operation is continued although an error message was delivered.

#### No

Error causes the heat pump to shut down.

Error messages, alarm messages

The errors are assigned priorities. From priority 5 (priorities 5....9), alarm messages are delivered, which are used for remote monitoring (OCI). In addition, the alarm relay is set.

## 6.34.2 Maintenance codes

Maintenance text	Prio	Cause
0:No maintenance message pending	0	
5:Water pressure too low	9	Water pressure 1 in heating circuit is below the set limit
6:Heat pump hours run	6	Hours or operation since maintenance
7:Number heat pump starts exceeded	6	Number of starts since maintenance
8:Too many starts compressor 1	9	Ratio of heat pump starts to runtime is too high
10:Change battery outside sensor	6	Battery is nearly empty
11:DHW storage tank time interval exceeded	6	Time since maintenance
12:DHW charging temp heat pump too low	6	Minimum DHW temperature is not reached with the heat pump
13:Differential condenser max / week exceeded	3	To little flow in heating circuit (e.g. due to a closed thermostatic valve)
14:Differential condenser min / week exceeded	3	Too much flow in the heating circuit or heat pump does not supply sufficient
		output (e.g. loss of refrigerant)
15:Differential evaporator max / week exceeded	3	Too little flow in source circuit (e.g. dirty heat exchanger)
16:Differential evaporator min / week exceeded	3	Too much flow in source circuit or heat pump does not supply sufficient output
		(e.g. loss of refrigerant)
17:Heat pump time interval exceeded	6	Time since maintenance
18:Water pressure 2 too low	9	Water pressure 2 in heating circuit is under the set limit
21:Flue gas temp too high	6	Maximum flue gas temperature is exceeded
22:Water pressure 3 too low	9	Water pressure 3 in the heating circuit is below the set limit
26:Maintenance interval ventilation 1 expired	6	The set maintenance interval for ventilation 1 was exceeded
26:Ventilation 1		
27:Maintenance interval ventilation 2 expired	6	The set maintenance interval for ventilation 2 was exceeded
27:Ventilation 2		
28:Maintenance interval ventilation 3 expired	6	The set maintenance interval for ventilation 3 was exceeded
28:Ventilation 3		

# 6.34.3 Special operating codes

Special operating text	Code	Cause
303:Chimney sweep function	303	Chimney sweep function activated by parameter 7130
307:Emergency operation	307	HP emergency operation is manually activated by parameter 7141 or, if automatic emergency functions is permitted (parameter 7142= automatic), activated due to a HP fault
308:Output test	308	Output test activated by parameter 7700
309:Simulation outside temp	309	Outside air temperature simulation activated by parameter 7150
311:Commissioning function	311	Commissioning function activated
314:Economy operation	314	Eco function activated by button or parameter 7120
316:DHW Push	316	DHW push activated by button or parameter 5072
317:Release wo source prot	317	HP release without source protection activated by parameter 7154. The HP is locked and the fault displayed after the release time expires.
297:Floor curing funct HC1	297	Function activated by parameter 850
298:Floor curing funct HC2	298	Function activated by parameter 1150
299:Floor curing funct HCP	299	Function activated by parameter 1450

The various applications are shown in the form of basic diagrams, producer variants and auxiliary functions.

Variants of producers can be selected by making appropriate parameter settings.

To include extra functions, the multifunctional inputs and outputs must be appropriately set.

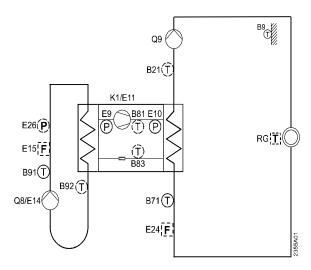
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For producer variants and extra functions, refer to the separate TS catalog U2359.

## 7.1 Basic plant diagrams

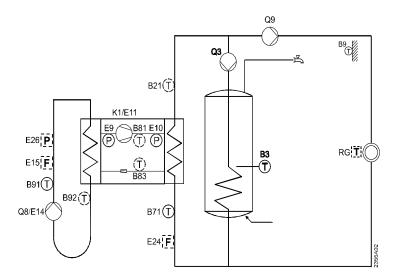
The following plant diagrams can be preselected by entering a number (line 5700). The plant diagram is the result of preselection plus the connected sensors.

Brine-to-water heat pump with pump heating circuit.



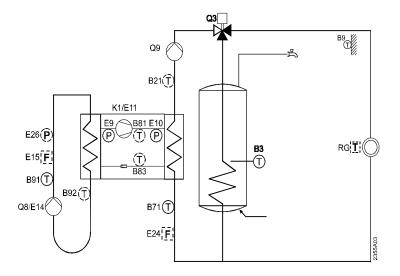
RVS61	
BX1	
BX2	
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B92
QX1	
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	
QX9	
QX10	
QX11	
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 Q8
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Brine-to-water heat pump with pump heating circuit and DHW storage tank with DHW charging pump Q3.



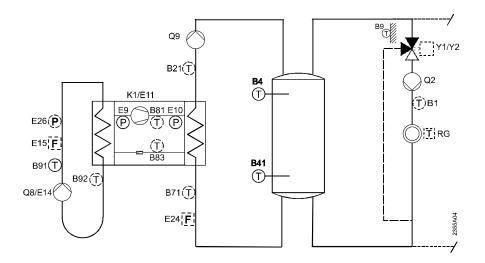
RVS61	
BX1	
BX2	
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B92
QX1	
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	
QX10	
QX11	
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 Q8
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Brine-to-water heat pump with pump heating circuit and DHW storage tank with DHW charging pump Q3.



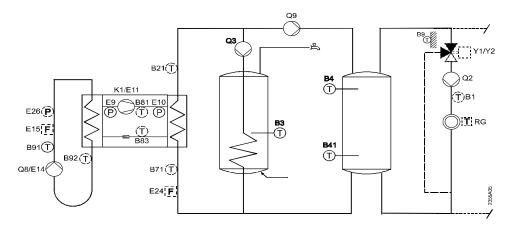
RVS61	
BX1	
BX2	
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B92
QX1	
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	
QX10	
QX11	
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 Q8
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Brine-to-water heat pump with buffer storage tank and mixing or pump heating circuit.



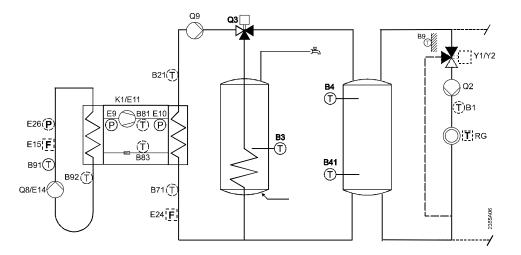
RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B92
QX1	
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 Q8
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Brine-to-water heat pump with buffer storage tank, DHW storage tank with charging pump Q3 and mixing or pump heating circuit.



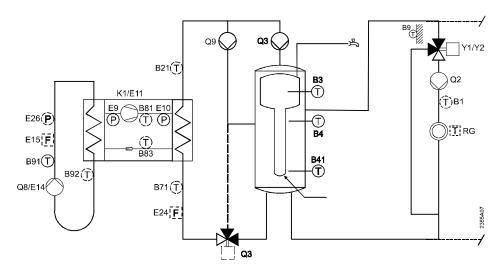
RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B92
QX1	
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 Q8
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Brine-to-water heat pump with buffer storage tank, DHW storage tank with diverting valve Q3 and mixing or pump heating circuit.



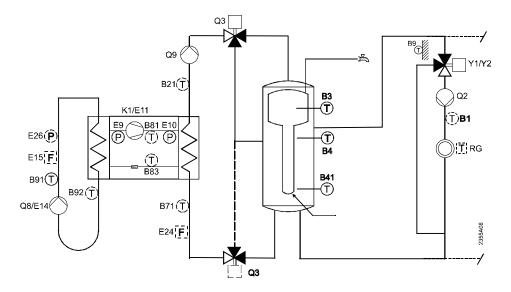
RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B92
QX1	
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 Q8
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Brine-to-water heat pump with combi storage tank and DHW charging pump Q3, mixing or pump heating circuit.



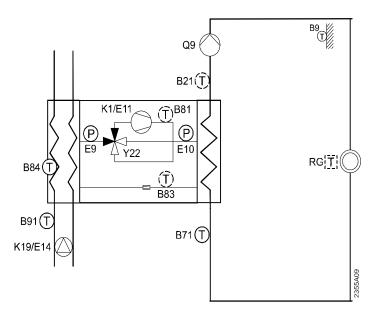
RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B92
QX1	
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 Q8
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Brine-to-water heat pump with combi storage tank and DHW diverting valve Q3, mixing or pump heating circuit.



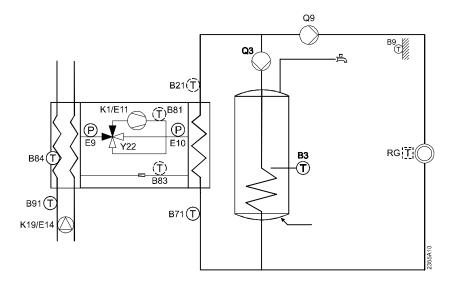
RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B92
QX1	
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 Q8
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Air-to-water heat pump with pump heating circuit.



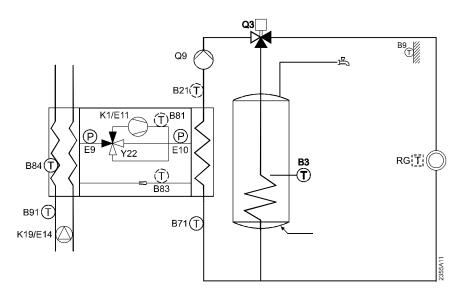
RVS61	
BX1	
BX2	
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B84
QX1	Process revers valve Y22
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	
QX9	
QX10	
QX11	
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 (K19)
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Air-to-water heat pump with pump heating circuit and DHW storage tank with DHW charging pump Q3.



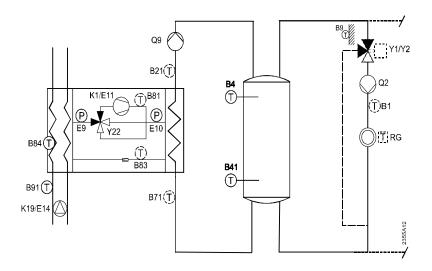
RVS61	
BX1	
BX2	
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B84
QX1	Process revers valve Y22
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	
QX10	
QX11	
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 (K19)
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Air-to-water heat pump with pump heating circuit and DHW storage tank with DHW diverting valve Q3.



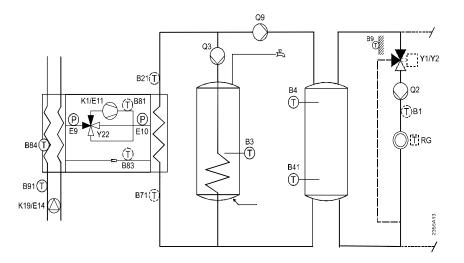
RVS61	
BX1	
BX2	
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B84
QX1	Process revers valve Y22
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	
QX10	
QX11	
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 (K19)
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Air-to-water heat pump with buffer storage tank and mixing or pump heating circuit.



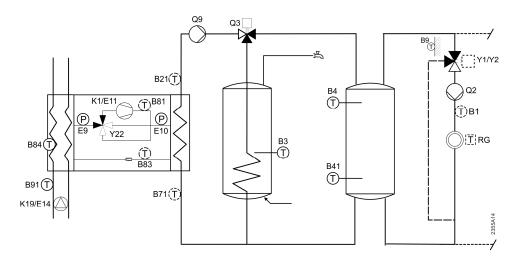
RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B84
QX1	Process revers valve Y22
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 (K19)
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Air-to-water heat pump with buffer storage tank, DHW storage tank with charging pump Q3 and mixing or pump heating circuit.



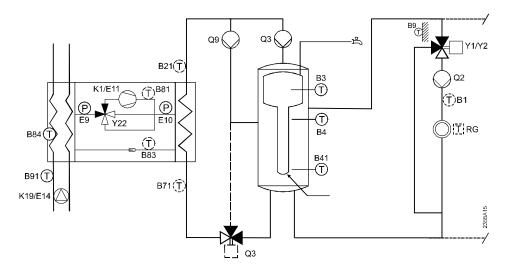
RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B84
QX1	Process revers valve Y22
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 (K19)
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Air-to-water heat pump with buffer storage tank, DHW storage tank with diverting valve Q3 and mixing or pump heating circuit.



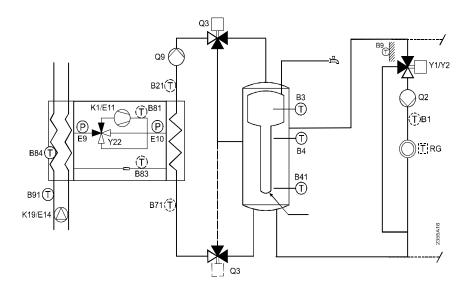
RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B84
QX1	Process revers valve Y22
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 (K19)
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Air-to-water heat pump with combi storage tank and DHW charging pump Q3, mixing or pump heating circuit.



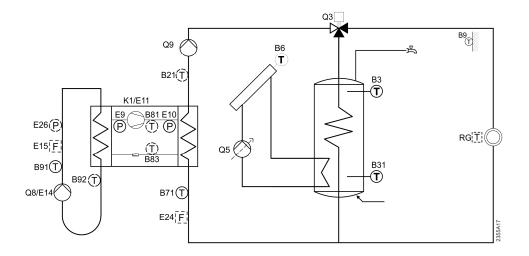
RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B84
QX1	Process revers valve Y22
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 (K19)
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Air-to-water heat pump with combi storage tank and DHW diverting valve Q3, mixing or pump heating circuit.



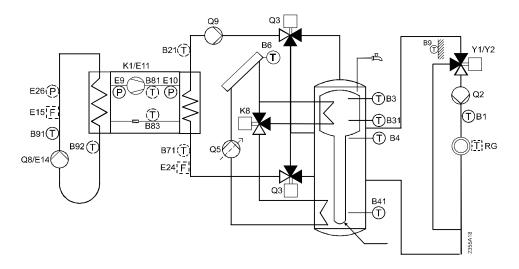
RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B84
QX1	Process revers valve Y22
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 (K19)
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Brine-to-water heat pump, DHW storage tank with DHW diverting valve Q3 and solar collector, pump heating circuit.



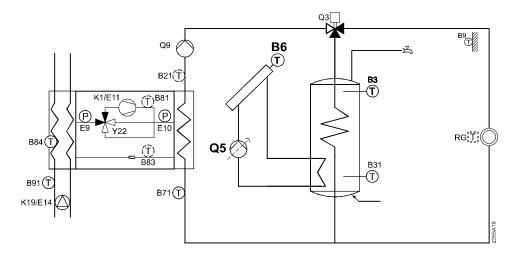
RVS61	
BX1	
BX2	
BX3	Collector sensor B6
BX4	DHW sensor B31
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B92
QX1	
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	Collector pump Q5
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	
QX10	
QX11	
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 Q8
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Brine-to-water heat pump, combi storage tank with DHW diverting valve Q3 and solar collector, mixing or pump heating circuit.



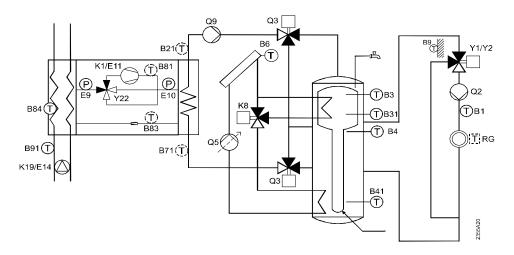
RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	Collector sensor B6
BX4	DHW sensor B31
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B92
QX1	
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	Collector pump Q5
QX6	Solar ctrl elem buffer K8
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 Q8
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Air-to-water heat pump, DHW storage tank with DHW diverting valve Q3 and solar collector, pump heating circuit.



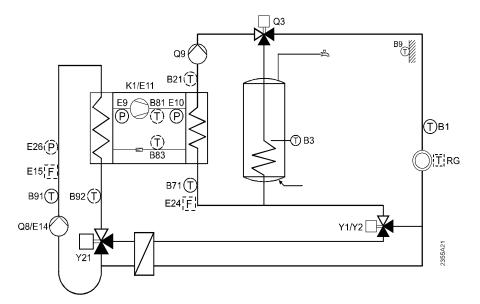
RVS61	
BX1	
BX2	
BX3	Collector sensor B6
BX4	DHW sensor B31
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B84
QX1	Process revers valve Y22
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	Collector pump Q5
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	
QX10	
QX11	
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 (K19)
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Air-to-water heat pump, combi storage tank with DHW diverting valve Q3 and solar collector, mixing or pump heating circuit.



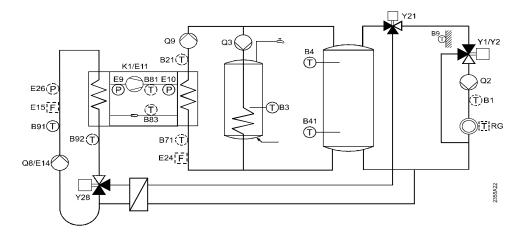
RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	Collector sensor B6
BX4	DHW sensor B31
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B84
QX1	Process revers valve Y22
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	Collector pump Q5
QX6	Solar ctrl elem buffer K8
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 (K19)
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Brine-to-water heat pump, DHW storage tank with DHW charging pump Q3, pump heating circuit, mixing cooling circuit for passive cooling.



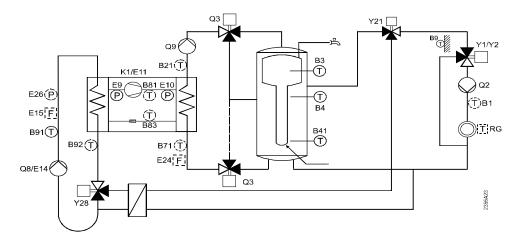
RVS61	
BX1	
BX2	
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B92
QX1	
QX2	
QX3	Div valve HC/CC1 Y21
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 Q8
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Brine-to-water heat pump, DHW storage tank with DHW charging pump Q3, buffer storage tank, mixing or pump heating circuit, mixing cooling circuit for passive cooling.



RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B92
QX1	
QX2	Div valve cool source Y28
QX3	Div valve HC/CC1 Y21
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 Q8
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

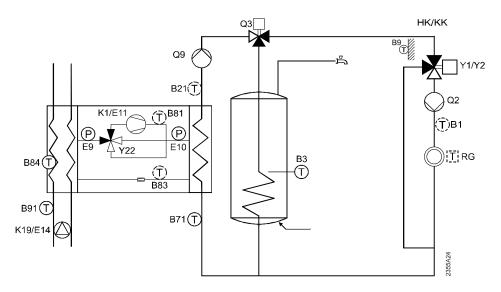
Brine-to-water heat pump, combi storage tank with DHW diverting valve Q3, mixing or pump heating circuit, mixing cooling circuit for passive cooling.



Multifunctional terminals

RVS61	
BX1	Buffer sensor B4
BX2	Buffer sensor B41
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B92
QX1	
QX2	Div valve cool source Y28
QX3	Div valve HC/CC1 Y21
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 Q8
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

Air-to-water heat pump, DHW storage tank with DHW diverting valve Q3, mixing or pump heating circuit, mixing cooling circuit for active cooling.



Multifunctional terminals

D) (0.0.4	
RVS61	
BX1	
BX2	
BX3	
BX4	
BX7	Hot-gas sensor B81
BX8	DHW sensor B3
BX9	Outside sensor B9
BX10	HP flow sensor B21
BX11	B1
BX12	HP return sensor B71
BX13	Source inlet sensor B91
BX14	Source outl sens B92/B84 B84
QX1	Process revers valve Y22
QX2	
QX3	
QX5	
QX6	
QX7	Compressor stage 1 K1
QX8	DHW ctrl elem Q3
QX9	Heat circuit pump HC1 Q2
QX10	Y1
QX11	Y2
QX12	Source pump Q8/fan K19 (K19)
QX13	Condenser pump Q9
EX9	Low-pressure switch E9
EX10	High-pressure switch E10
EX11	Overload compressor 1 E11

# 8 Technical data

## 8.1 Basic unit RVS61.843

Power supply	Rated voltage	AC 230 V (+10%/-15%)		
	Rated frequency	50/60 Hz		
	Power consumption	max. 12 VA		
	External supply line protection	Fuse slow max. 10 A		
		or		
		Circuit breaker max. 13 A		
		Characteristic B, C, D according to EN 60898		
Wiring of terminals	Power supply and outputs	solid or stranded wire (twisted or with		
		ferrule):		
		1 core: 0.52.5 mm <sup>2</sup>		
		2 cores: 0.51.5 mm <sup>2</sup>		
Formation data	0.6	3 cores: not allowed.		
Function data	Software class	A A D (see the see a see the see		
I	Mode of operation to EN 60730	1.B (automatic operation)		
Inputs	Mains inputs EX1EX4, EX9EX11	max. AC 230 V		
	Operating range	AC 0253 V		
	Low High	< AC 95 V		
	Internal resistance	> AC 115 V >100 kΩ		
	Mains inputs EX5, EX6, EX7	max. AC 230 V		
	Operating range	AC 0253 V		
	Low	< AC 160 V		
	High	> AC 180 V		
	Internal resistance	>100 kΩ		
	Sensor input BX1BX4, BX7BX14	NTC 1k (QAC34, outside sensor),		
	,	NTC 10k (QAZ36, QAD36), Pt1000 (optionally for collector and flue gas		
		sensor)		
		50539671 ohm (readjustment of room		
		temperature setpoint)		
	Perm. sensor cables (copper)			
	<ul> <li>Cross-sectional area</li> </ul>	0.25 0.5 0.75 1.0 1.5 (mm2)		
	_ Max. length	20 40 60 80 120 (m)		
	Digital inputs H1, H3	safety extra low-voltage for potentialfree		
		contacts, suitable for low-voltage:		
	Voltage when contact is open	DC 12 V		
	Current when contact is closed	DC 3 mA		
	Analog inputs H1, H3	safety extra low-voltage		
	Operating range	DC 010 V		
	Internal resistance	>100 kΩ		
	Pulse inputs H1, H3	safety extra low-voltage for potentialfree		
	Voltage when contact is open	contacts, suitable for low-voltage: DC 12 V		
	Current when contact is closed	DC 3 mA		
	Pulse duration	Min. 20 ms		
	i dise duration	WIIII. ZU III3		

	Frequency inputs H1, H3	safety extra low-voltage
	Operating range	DC 00.12 V
	Low	<1.7 V
	High	2.712 V
	Internal resistance	>100 kΩ
	Frequency	max. 500 Hz
Outputs	Relay outputs QX1QX13	
Catpato	Rated current range	AC 0.022 (2) A
	Switch-on current	max.15 A for ≤1 s
	Total current	max. AC 10 A (all AC 230 V outputs)
	External supply line protection	Refer to section "Power supply"
	Triac output ZX4	AO O OO OO OO A / / / // // / / // / / // / / // / / // /
	Rated current range	AC 0.022(2) A (on/off operation)
		AC 0.021.4 (1.4) A (speed control)
	Leakage current	2 mA
	Switch-on current	Imax =50 A/tp ≤ 20 ms
		Imax =4 A/tp ≤ 1 s
	Analog output UX1, UX2	safety extra low-voltage, output is short-
		circuit-proof
	Output voltage	$U_{out} = 010 \text{ V}$
	Current load	±2 mA RMS; ±2.7 mA peak
	Ripple	≤ 50 mVpp
	Accuracy of zero point	$< \pm 80 \text{ mV}$
	Error remaining range	≤ 130 mV
	PWM outputs UX1, UX2	safety extra low-voltage, output is short-
	•	circuit-proof
	Output voltage	high 10 V, low 0 V
	Current load	UX = min. 6 V @ 5 mA
	Frequency	3 kHz
	G+ power supply	safety extra low-voltage, output is short-
	or power suppry	circuit-proof
	Output voltage	11.313.2 V
	Current load	max. 88 mA
Interfaces	BSB	2-wire connection (noninterchangeable)
interraces	Cable length basic unit – peripheral	2-wire connection (nonlinterchangeable)
	device	max. 200 m
	Total cable length	max. 400 m (max. cable capacitance: 60 nF)
	Cross-sectional area	min. 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
	LPB	copper cable 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> ,
	With controller bus power supply (per	2-wire connection (noninterchangeable)
	controller)	250 m
	With central bus power supply	460 m
	Bus loading number	E = 3
	Modbus (optionally with	for details, refer to Technical Data of
	Modbus clip-in OCI350.01/OCI351.01	OCI350.01/OCI351.01
	at X60)	

Degree of protection	Protection class	If correctly installed, low-voltage live parts meet the requirements of class II according to EN 60730-1	
	Overvoltage category	3 according to EN 60730-1	
	Protection degree of housing	IP00 according to EN 60529	
	Degree of pollution	2 according to EN 60730-1	
Directives and	Product standard	EN 60730-1	
Standards		Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use	
	Electromagnetic compatibility	For use in residential, commerce, light-	
	(Applications)	industrial and industrial environments	
	EU Conformity (CE)	CE1T2355xx2	
	Environmental compatibility	The product environmental declaration CE1E2355de01 contains data on environmentally compatible product design and assessments (RoHS compliance, materials composition, packaging,	
<b>O</b> II (1 II)	01 - 1 - 51 00704 0 4	environmental benefit, disposal).	
Climatic conditions	Storage to EN 60721-3-1	class 1K3, -2065 °C	
	Transport to EN 60721-3-2	class 2K3, -2570 °C	
	Operation to EN 60721-3-3	class 3K5, -2050 °C (noncondensing)	
Weight	Excl. packaging	650 g	

## 8.2 Extension module AVS75.370

Power supply	Rated voltage	AC 230 V (+10%/-15%)				
	Rated frequency	50/60 Hz				
	Power consumption	max. 6.5 VA				
	External supply line protection	Fuse slow max. 10 A				
		or				
		Circuit breaker max. 13 A				
		Characteristic B, C, D according to				
		EN 60898				
Wiring of terminals	Power supply and outputs	solid or stranded wire (twisted or with ferrule):				
		1 core: 0.52.5 mm <sup>2</sup>				
		2 cores: 0.51.5 mm <sup>2</sup>				
		3 cores: not allowed.				
Function data	Software class	A				
Inputs	Digital inputs H21, H22	safety extra low-voltage for potentialfree				
		contacts, suitable for low-voltage:				
	Voltage when contact is open	DC 12 V				
	Current when contact is closed	DC 3 mA				
	Analog inputs H21, H22	safety extra low-voltage				
	Operating range	DC 010 V				
	Internal resistance	>100 kΩ				
	Pulse inputs H21, H22	safety extra low-voltage for potentialfree				
	Maltana whan andadia and	contacts, suitable for low-voltage:				
	Voltage when contact is open	DC 12 V DC 3 mA				
	Current when contact is closed Pulse duration	min. 20 ms				
	Frequency inputs H21, H22	safety extra low-voltage				
		•				
	Operating range Low	DC 00.12 V <1.7 V				
	High	<1.7 V 2.7 V12 V				
	Internal resistance	2.7 V12 V >100 kΩ				
	Frequency	max. 500 Hz				
	Mains input EX21	max. AC 230 V				
	Operating range	AC 0253 V				
	Low	<95 V				
	High	>115 V				
	Internal resistance	>100 kΩ				
	Sensor inputs BX21, BX22	NTC 10k (QAZ36, QAD36)				
	,	Pt1000 (for collector)				
		50539671 ohm (readjustment of room				
		temperature setpoint)				
	Perm. sensor cables (copper)					
	Cross-sectional area	0.25 0.5 0.75 1.0 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>				
	Max. length	20 40 60 80 120 m				
Outputs	Relay outputs					
•	Rated current range	AC 0.022 (2) A				
	Switch-on current	max. 15 A for ≤1 s				
	Total current	max. AC 6 A (all relays)				
	Rated voltage range	AC 24230 V (for potentialfree outputs)				
	External supply line protection	Refer to section "Power supply"				
		Total to acciton i owel supply				

	Analog outputs UX21, UX22	safety extra low-voltage, output is short-
		circuit-proof
	Output voltage	$U_{out} = 010 \text{ V}$
	Current load	±2 mA RMS; ±2.7 mA peak
	Ripple	≤ 50 mVpp
	Accuracy of zero point	< ± 80 mV
	Error remaining range	≤ 130 mV
	PWM outputs UX21, UX22	safety extra low-voltage, output is short-
	Output valtage	circuit-proof
	Output voltage Current load	high 10 V, low 0 V
		Ux = min. 6 V @ 5 mA
	Frequency OVO4 (with the LL)	3 kHz
	Power supply GX21 (switchable)	safety extra low-voltage, output is short- circuit-proof
	Output voltage 5 V	4.755.25 V
	Output voltage 12 V	11.412.6 V
	Current load	max. 20 mA
	WX21 electronic expansion valve	
	Type of stepper motor	unipolar
	Control	half-step
		full step (1 phase)
	Step rate	30300 steps/s
	Output voltage COM	11.313.2 V
	Current load COM	260 mA per phase, max. 2 phases
Interfaces	BSB	2-wire connection (noninterchangeable)
	Cable length	,
	basic unit – peripheral device	max. 200 m
	Total cable length	max. 400 m (max. cable capacitance: 60 nF)
	Cross-sectional area	min. 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Degree of protection	Protection class	If correctly installed, low-voltage live parts meet the requirements of safety class II according to EN 60730-1
	Protection degree of housing	IP00 according to EN 60529
	Degree of pollution	2 according to EN 60730-1
Directives and	Product standard	EN 60730-1
Standards	Floudet standard	Automatic electrical controls for household
Standards		and similar use
	Floatramagnatia aamnatihility	For use in residential, commerce, light-
	Electromagnetic compatibility	industrial and industrial environments
	(Applications)	CE1T2355xx11
	EU Conformity (CE)	
	Environmental compatibility	The product environmental declaration CE1E2357en06 contains data on
		environmentally compatible product design
		and assessments (RoHS compliance,
		materials composition, packaging,
<b>0</b> 11	01 1 5110070101	environmental benefit, disposal).
Climatic conditions	Storage to EN 60721-3-1	class 1K3, -2065 °C
	Transport to EN 60721-3-2	class 2K3, -2570 °C
	Operation to EN 60721-3-3	class 3K5, -2050 °C (noncondensing)
Weight	Excl. packaging	248 g

## 8.3 Extension module AVS75.390

Power supply	Rated voltage	AC 230 V (+10%/-15%)				
	Rated frequency	50/60 Hz				
	Power consumption	max. 4 VA				
	External supply line protection	Fuse slow max. 10 A				
		or				
		Circuit breaker max. 13 A				
		Characteristic B, C, D according to				
		EN 60898				
Wiring of terminals	Power supply and outputs	solid or stranded wire (twisted or with				
		ferrule):				
		1 core: 0.52.5 mm <sup>2</sup>				
		2 cores: 0.51.5 mm <sup>2</sup>				
		3 cores: not allowed.				
Function data	Software class	A				
Inputs	Digital input H2	safety extra low-voltage for potentialfree				
		contacts, suitable for low-voltage:				
	Voltage when contact is open	DC 12 V				
	Current when contact is closed	DC 3 mA				
	Analog input H2	safety extra low-voltage				
	Operating range	DC 010 V				
	Internal resistance	>100 kΩ				
	Sensor inputs BX21, BX22	NTC 10k (QAZ36, QAD36)				
		Pt1000 (for collector)				
		50539671 ohm (readjustment of room				
		temperature setpoint)				
	Perm. sensor cables (copper)					
	Cross-sectional area	0.25 0.5 0.75 1.0 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>				
	Max. length	20 40 60 80 120 m				
Outputs	Relay outputs					
	Rated current range	AC 0.022 (2) A				
	Switch-on current	max.15 A for $\leq$ 1 s				
	Total current	max. AC 6 A (all relays)				
	External supply line protection	Refer to section "Power supply"				
Interfaces	BSB	2-wire connection (noninterchangeable)				
	Cable length	max. 200 m				
	basic unit – peripheral device	max. 400 m (max. cable capacitance:				
	Total cable length	60 nF)				
	Cross-sectional area	min. 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>				

Degree of protection	Protection class	If correctly installed, low-voltage live parts meet the requirements of safety class II according to EN 60730-1	
	Protection degree of housing	IP00 according to EN 60529	
	Degree of pollution	2 according to EN 60730-1	
Directives and	Product standard	EN 60730-1	
Standards		Automatic electrical controls for household	
		and similar use	
	Electromagnetic compatibility	For use in residential, commerce, light-	
	(Applications)	industrial and industrial environments	
	EU Conformity (CE)	CE1T2357xx4	
	Environmental compatibility	The product environmental declaration	
		CE1E2357en06 contains data on	
		environmentally compatible product design	
		and assessments (RoHS compliance,	
		materials composition, packaging,	
		environmental benefit, disposal).	
Climatic conditions	Storage to EN 60721-3-1	class 1K3, -2065 °C	
	Transport to EN 60721-3-2	class 2K3, -2570 °C	
	Operation to EN 60721-3-3	class 3K5, -2050 °C (noncondensing)	
Weight	Excl. packaging	293 g	

# 8.4 Modbus clip-in OCI350.01/101

Power supply  Via basic unit RVS  Power consumption  Interfaces  Connection to basic unit RVS (X60) (power supply, communication)  Modbus  Via RS-485 (EIA-485): A+, B-, REF  Protocol  Mode  Mode  Mode  Mode  Mode  The triangle of the protocol  Mode  Mode  Mode  The triangle of the protocol  Mode  Mo
Connection to basic unit RVS (X60) 6-pole ribbon cable (enclosed) (power supply, communication) length 0.3 m  Modbus via RS-485 (EIA-485): A+, B-, REF noninterchangeable Protocol Modbus RTU mode Mode master or slave
(power supply, communication) length 0.3 m  Modbus  via RS-485 (EIA-485): A+, B-, REF noninterchangeable  Protocol Modbus RTU mode  Mode master or slave
Modbus via RS-485 (EIA-485): A+, B-, REF noninterchangeable Protocol Modbus RTU mode Mode master or slave
via RS-485 (EIA-485): A+, B-, REF noninterchangeable Protocol Modbus RTU mode Mode master or slave
Protocol Modbus RTU mode  Mode master or slave
Mode master or slave
Electrical connection galvanically separated
Cable 2-wire (twisted pair) with screening
Bus polarization 2 x 680 Ω
Bus termination 120 Ω and 1 nF
Baud rates 1200 / 2400 / 4800 / 9600 / 19200 /
38400 / 57600 / 76800 / 115200
Cable lengths and according to Modbus specification, e.g.
cross-sectional areas max. 1000 m at 9600 baud and 0.13 mm <sup>2</sup>
Degree of protection Protection class If correctly installed, low-voltage live parts
meet the requirements of safety class III
according to EN 60730-1
Protection degree of housing IP00 according to EN 60529
Degree of pollution 2 according to EN 60730-1
Directives and Product standard EN 60730-1
Standards Automatic electrical controls for household
and similar use
Electromagnetic compatibility For use in residential, commerce, light-
(Applications) industrial and industrial environments
EU Conformity (CE) CE1T2355xx12
Environmental compatibility The product environmental declaration
CE1E2357en12 contains data on
environmentally compatible product design
and assessments (RoHS compliance,
materials composition, packaging,
environmental benefit, disposal).
Climatic conditions Storage to EN 60721-3-1 class 1K3, -2065 °C
Transport to EN 60721-3-2 class 2K3, -2570 °C
Operation to EN 60721-3-3 class 3K5, temp2050 °C
(noncondensing)
Weight Excl. packaging 35 g

# 8.5 Modbus clip-in OCI351.01/101

_				
Power supply	Via basic unit RVS / LMS	DC 5 V		
	Power consumption	max. 0.3 VA		
Interfaces	Connection to basic unit RVS/LMS	6-pole ribbon cable (enclosed)		
	(X60) (power supply, communication)	length 0.3 m		
	Modbus			
	via RS-485 (EIA-485): A+, B-, REF	noninterchangeable		
	Protocol	Modbus RTU mode		
	Mode	master or slave		
	Electrical connection	galvanically separated		
	Cable	2-wire (twisted pair) with screening		
	Bus polarization	2 x 680 Ω		
	Bus termination	120 $\Omega$ and 1 nF		
	Baud rates	1200 / 2400 / 4800 / 9600 / 19200 /		
		38400 / 57600 / 76800 / 115200		
		LMS: max. 19200		
	Cable lengths and	according to Modbus specification, e.g.		
	cross-sectional areas	max. 1000 m at 9600 baud and 0.13 mm <sup>2</sup>		
Degree of protection	Protection class	If correctly installed, low-voltage live parts		
		meet the requirements of safety class III		
		according to EN 60730-1		
	Protection degree of housing	IP00 according to EN 60529		
	Degree of pollution	2 according to EN 60730-1		
Directives and	Product standard	EN 60730-1		
Standards		Automatic electrical controls for household		
		and similar use		
	Electromagnetic compatibility	For use in residential, commerce, light-		
	(Applications)	industrial and industrial environments		
	EU Conformity (CE)	CE1T2355xx12		
	Environmental compatibility	The product environmental declaration		
		CE1E2357en12 contains data on		
		environmentally compatible product design		
		and assessments (RoHS compliance,		
		materials composition, packaging,		
		environmental benefit, disposal).		
Climatic conditions	Storage to EN 60721-3-1	class 1K3, -2065 °C		
	Transport to EN 60721-3-2	class 2K3, -2570 °C		
	Operation to EN 60721-3-3	class 3K5, temp2050 °C		
		(noncondensing)		
Weight	Excl. packaging 35 g			
	With packaging • OCI351.01	· ·		
Davids a soul of		/109: 4 kg (72 devices)		
Device variants		/101: Devices individually packed in		
		<ul> <li>cardboard boxes, suitable for mounting on the plant.</li> <li>OCI351.01/109: Packed in groups of 72 devices,</li> </ul>		
		suitable for mounting at the OEM factory.		
	Sultable for mounting at the OEIN factory.			

## 8.6 Sensor characteristics

#### 8.6.1 NTC 1k

T [°C]	R[ohm]	T [°C]	R[ohm]	T [°C]	R[ohm]
-30.0	13,034	0.0	2,857	30.0	827
-29.0	12,324	1.0	2,730	31.0	796
-28.0	11,657	2.0	2,610	32.0	767
-27.0	11,031	3.0	2,496	33.0	740
-26.0	10,442	4.0	2,387	34.0	713
-25.0	9,889	5.0	2,284	35.0	687
-24.0	9,369	6.0	2,186	36.0	663
-23.0	8,880	7.0	2,093	37.0	640
-22.0	8,420	8.0	2,004	38.0	617
-21.0	7,986	9.0	1,920	39.0	595
-20.0	7,578	10.0	1,840	40.0	575
-19.0	7,193	11.0	1,763	41.0	555
-18.0	6,831	12.0	1,690	42.0	536
-17.0	6,489	13.0	1,621	43.0	517
-16.0	6,166	14.0	1,555	44.0	500
-15.0	5,861	15.0	1,492	45.0	483
-14.0	5,574	16.0	1,433	46.0	466
-13.0	5,303	17.0	1,375	47.0	451
-12.0	5,046	18.0	1,320	48.0	436
-11.0	4,804	19.0	1,268	49.0	421
-10.0	4,574	20.0	1,218	50.0	407
-9.0	4,358	21.0	1,170		
-8.0	4,152	22.0	1,125		
-7.0	3,958	23.0	1,081		
-6.0	3,774	24.0	1,040		
-5.0	3,600	25.0	1,000		
-4.0	3,435	26.0	962		
-3.0	3,279	27.0	926		
-2.0	3,131	28.0	892		
-1.0	2,990	29.0	859		

#### 8.6.2 NTC 5k

T [°C]	R [ohm]	T [°C]	R [ohm]	T [°C]	R [ohm]
-30.0	87,602	50.0	1,803	130.0	149
-25.0	64,645	55.0	1494	135.0	131
-20.0	48,180	60.0	1,245	140.0	116
-15.0	36,251	65.0	1,042	145.0	103
-10.0	27,524	70.0	877	150.0	91
-5.0	21,079	75.0	740		
0.0	16,277	80.0	628		
5.0	12,670	85.0	535		
10.0	9,936	90.0	458		
15.0	7,849	95.0	393		
20.0	6244	100.0	339		
25.0	5,000	105.0	293		
30.0	4,030	110.0	254		
35.0	3,267	115.0	221		
40.0	2,665	120.0	193		
45.0	2,186	125.0	169		

#### 8.6.3 NTC 10k

T [°C]	R[ohm]	T [°C]	R[ohm]	T [°C]	R[ohm]
-30.0	175203	50.0	3605	130.0	298
-25.0	129289	55.0	2989	135.0	262
-20.0	96360	60.0	2490	140.0	232
-15.0	72502	65.0	2084	145.0	206
-10.0	55047	70.0	1753	150.0	183
-5.0	42158	75.0	1481	155.0	163
0.0	32555	80.0	1256	160.0	145
5.0	25339	85.0	1070	165.0	130
10.0	19873	90.0	915	170.0	117
15.0	15699	95.0	786	175.0	105
20.0	12488	100.0	677	180.0	95
25.0	10000	105.0	586	185.0	85
30.0	8059	110.0	508	190.0	77
35.0	6535	115.0	443	195.0	70
40.0	5330	120.0	387	200.0	64
45.0	4372	125.0	339		

#### 8.6.4 Pt1000

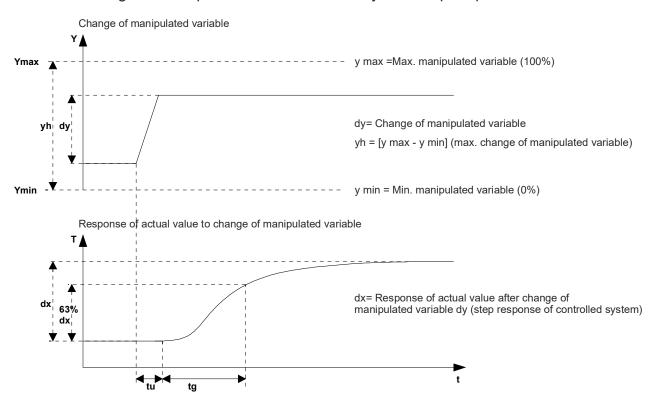
T [°C]	R[ohm]	T [°C]	R[ohm]	T [°C]	R[ohm]
-30	882.2	50	1194.0	130	1498.3
-25	901.9	55	1213.2	135	1517.1
-20	921.6	60	1232.4	140	1535.8
<b>–15</b>	941.2	65	1251.6	145	1554.6
-10	960.9	70	1270.8	150	1573.3
<b>-</b> 5	980.4	75	1289.9	155	1591.9
0	1000.0	80	1309.0	160	1610.5
5	1019.5	85	1328.0	165	1629.1
10	1039.0	90	1347.1	170	1647.7
15	1058.5	95	1366.1	175	1666.3
20	1077.9	100	1385.1	180	1684.8
25	1097.3	105	1404.0	185	1703.3
30	1116.7	110	1422.9	190	1721.7
35	1136.1	115	1441.8	195	1740.2
40	1155.4	120	1460.7	200	1758.6
45	1174.7	125	1479.5		

## 8.6.5 Room setpoint readjustment

T [°K]	R [ohm]
-3	5053
-2.5	5736
-2	6329
-1.5	6849
-1	7308
-0.5	7717
0	8083
0.5	8413
1	8712
1.5	8984
2	9233
2.5	9461
3	9671

## 8.7 Xp, Tn, Tv – Step response method

#### Setting rule for Xp Tn and Tv via control system step response



P-band Xp: Xp = 1.5 \* (tu/tg) \* yh \* dx / dy

Integral action time Tn: Tn = 1.5 \* tgDerivative action time Tv: Tv = tu / 2

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