

# United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC)

Incentives to Corporate Integrity and Cooperation in accordance with the United Nations Convention Against Corruption (UNCAC)

## Quick facts for this project:

Project Partner Organizations:	International Anti-Corruption Academy (IACA), Austria
Country of implementation:	India, Mexico
Duration (in years):	3 years
Funding volume in US-Dollar (million):	1.12 M
Registered as:	International Organization, Austria

## Project Summary

The project aims to create systems of legal incentives to companies' integrity efforts, hence encouraging business to come forward and report internal incidents of corruption.

This project aims to promote States' implementation of articles 26 (Liability of legal persons), 32 (Protection of witnesses, experts and victims), 37 (Cooperation with law enforcement authorities) and 39 (Cooperation between national authorities and the private sector) of the United Nations Convention against Corruption and to facilitate private actors' compliance with the Tenth Principle of the UN Global Compact by:

- Reviewing, in the framework of high-level committees of public officials and private sector representatives, legislation on corporate liability and legal incentives for companies to voluntarily report on internal incidents of corruption and cooperate with public authorities, and recommending amendments to ensure full compliance with the Convention
- Designing and delivering joint training workshops for law enforcement, judicial authorities and companies' representatives on existing domestic laws governing corporate liability
- Organizing meetings of international experts to share existing knowledge and generate innovative approaches on how governments should best encourage and reward companies which report instances of corruption

## **Description of Integrity Partner**

UNODC is mandated to assist Member States in their efforts to fight illicit drugs, crime and terrorism through:

- Field-based technical cooperation projects to enhance the capacity of Member States
- Research and analytical work to increase knowledge and understanding of drugs and crime issues and expand the evidence base for policy and operational decisions; and
- Normative work to assist States in the ratification and implementation of the relevant international treaties, the development of domestic legislation on drugs, crime and terrorism, and the provision of secretariat and substantive services to the treaty-based and governing bodies

In its resolution 58/4 of October 31, 2003, the UN General Assembly adopted the UN Convention against Corruption. The Convention entered into force on December 14, 2005 and to date has been ratified by 150 Member States and the European Union. A Conference of the States Parties has been established by the Convention to promote and review its implementation. UNODC is the guardian of the Convention and the Secretariat of the Conference of the States Parties. The Convention is the legal instrument underlying the UN Global Compact's 10th Principle against Corruption.

UNODC (<http://www.unodc.org/>)

This project is supported by Siemens as part of the Siemens Integrity Initiative.

Source: Project profile provided by the Integrity Partner as at date of funding agreement. For updates kindly refer to the latest Siemens Integrity Initiative Annual Report.

## **Link to the website**

<https://www.siemens.com/global/en/home/company/sustainability/compliance/collective-action/status-of-the-first-funding-round/unodc-integrity.html>